Bleak outlook for Europe's job prospects, Page 2

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

Thursday September 25 1986

D 8523 B

Daniloff

World news

release talks stalled

The US and the Soviet Union appeared deadlocked yesterday in efforts to resolve the case of Mr Nicholas Daniloff, the US journalist charged with espionage in Moscow. However, White House spokes-man Larry Speakes said both sides "continued to work" towards a solu-

The US has found unacceptable a Soviet Union proposal that Mr Dan-iloff and an unnamed Soviet political dissident be exchanged for Mr Gennadi Zakharov, the Soviet citizen and United Nations employee arrested in New York on esp charges in August. Page 4.

Chinese-Soviet talks

China and the Soviet Union will hold a ninth round of talks on nor-matising their political relations in Peking next month.

Decision deferred

French President François Mitterrand deferred a decision on a con-troversialplan to change the country's electoral map by decree, avoiding a head-on clash with the rightwing government.

Police detain five

French police detained five people for questioning about bomb attacks in Paris in the past few weeks.

Shultz meeting

US Secretary of State George Shultz will hold talks in New York next week with foreign ministers of spearheading Africa's opposition to South Africa.

House bombed

A white South African government official, dubbed the Iron Lady of Soweto since her efforts to quell a LONDON: Announcement of a re-

13 killed in Togo

Togo government forces killed sevvilians in dawn attacks in the capiial Lome. Page 3.

Aguino returns

Philippine President Corazon Aquino flew back to Manila after a nineday visit to the US in which she called attention to her country's economic plight and sought help in handling its \$26bn foreign debt.

Missionary dies

American Lyle Hutson, one of three missionaries detained last week on security charges, died in Kenya's criminal investigation headquar-

Arrest revoked

pled in a bloodless coup last January, under house arrest.

Creek boycott

to take part in a four-week Nato ex-ercise, sticking to its threat to boy-cott Nato military manoeuvres be-cause of its rift with fellow-member take over Orbanco Financial Sercause of its rift with fellow-member

Flights maintained

Air France maintained all its longdistance flights and 90 per cent of its medium-distance schedule despite a 24-hour strike by ground and navigational staff.

Nuclear prediction

A report by senior researchers at an East-West research institute predicted a serious nuclear accident every three or four years and said this sales had risen 12 per cent to DM would accelerate the use of methane as a world energy source.

3.57bn (51.7bn) and "satisfactory" profits had been made. Page 29 thane as a world energy source.

OECD demands 'work for all'

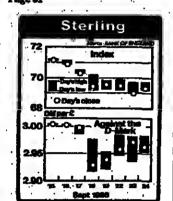
Business summary

No. 30,041

to main growth and combat the "scandal" of unemployment. It said that "work for all" had to be a clear objective. Page 18

CARLO DE BENEDETTI, Italian in dustrialist, is seeking to extend his publishing interests in France with a takeover bid for Presses de la Cité, France's second largest publishing group. Page 20

STERLING closed in New York at \$1.4470. It finished weaker in Lon-don at \$1.4465 (\$1.4490), DM 2.9825 (DM 2.9725), SFr 2.3975 (SFr 2.4050), FFr 9.7025 (FFr 9.72) and Y223.5 (Y224). Its index fell 0.3 to 69.4. Page 31



DOLLAR closed in New York at DM 2.0460, SFr 1.6565, FFr 6.7020 and Y154.15. It fell in London to DM 2.0475 (DM 2.0510), SFr 1.6580 (SFr 1.68) and Y154.50 (Y154.60), but was unchanged at FFr 6.7025. Its index was unchanged at 110.7. Page 31

GOLD rose \$1 in London to \$434. In New York the Comex December settlement was \$436.00. Page 30 WALL STREET: The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 5.48 at 1,803.29, Page 38

rent boycott, escaped undust in a cord £1.5tm (\$2.17tm) August trade bomb attack on her home in a deficit delivered a body blow to the whites-only Johannesburg suburi.

Miners mourn, Page 3.

13. killed in Toron.

Bank characteristics of the Trastee Savings.

Bank characteristics The KT ordinary. Bank share issues. The FT ordinary index closed 7.4 down at 1,2645.

which crossed into the West African state from Ghana and killed six ciing investment trust companies drove share prices sharply higher. The Nikkei market average ended 249.46 higher at 17,955.76. Page 38

FRANCE postponed decision on fu-ture of CGCT, state-owned telecommunications group. Page 18

TSB: Applications closed in flota-tion of British banking group with at least £5tm chazing £1.5tm (\$2.175m) of shares. Page 18; Editorial comment, Page 16

AMARI, independent metals and plastic distributor, is to join the London Metal Exchange, the first new member since last year's tin

Leartho's military rulers have re- NATIONAL Semiconductor. Califorvoked an order placing former pre-mier Chief Leebua Jonathan, top-and Thomson, French state-owned electronics group, are to develop to-gether the next generation of inte-grated circuits for telecommunica-

Greece turned down an invitation BANKAMKRICA . corporation, vices Corporation, a small bank in the state of Oregon. Page 29

WAH KWONG Shipping, Hong Kong ship-owning group that foun-dered in January with debts close to US\$850m, has called a meeting of its Japanese creditors for what may prove to be a last-ditch attempt to salvage a corporate reconstruction

PORSCHE, West German maker of sports cars, said the sharp fall in the dollar had worsened trading conditions after a year in which

Honeywell seeks worldwide venture with Bull, NEC

BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN NEW YORK AND DAVID MARSH IN PARIS

HONEYWELL, the third largest US manufacturer of mainframe compu-ters, is seeking to combine its \$2bn information systems busin NEC of Japan and Bull of France in what will be the first attempt at a worldwide joint venture between US, European and Japanese computer giants. Yesterday's announcement from Honeywell's headquarters in Minneapolis came after weeks of specu-lation about the future of the com-

pany's computer business in the wake of the merger between Burroughs and Sperry in May. Like these two other major US computer manufacturers, Honeywell has been struggling with great difficulty to maintain the profitability of its computer operations in a weakits computer operations in a wee ning market which is overwhel-

mingly dominated by IBM.

For Honeywell, the joint venture with NEC and Bull, no details of which have yet been worked out between the three companies, appears to be the logical culmination of a growing dependence on outside partners for computer manufactur-

ing and design.

NEC, the world's largest manufacturer of semiconductors, originally entered the computer business with the aid of a technology exchange agreement with Honeyressors for Honeywell's most important product, the DPS-90 top of the line mainframe computer, products in Europe.

TOP COMPUTER COMPANIES wide 50.06 7.03 5.53 5.04 6.56 4.32 9.90 3.68 6.51 18.57 20.92 3.07 2.43 8.73 8.62 1.75 34.91

TRW Inc.

which competes with IBM's Sierra ownership in 1982 by the Mitterrand Government, was originally a joint venture in which Honeywell held a 47 per cent stake and has continued to have close relation-ships with the US company since its

Bull produces the DPS-7 mid-

its of the joint venture, according to Honeywell, is the compatability of most of the computers produced by all three companies, since all of them are based originally on Honeywell computer architecture. The partners' intention appears to be that they will each continue to engage in some of the development and manufacturing for a combined product range which they will then attempt to sell in a truly worldwide

Honeywell, in particular, insisted yesterday that the joint venture did not indicate any intention to withdraw from computer manufactur-

Suspicions remain, however, that the move is actually a defensive response to the rapid consolidation in the industry and the sharp decline in Honeywell's profits. Last year in-formation systems provided 30 per cent of Honeywell's \$6.6hn revenues and:35 per cent of operating profits. This made the computer division the most important part of the company's operations, which al-so includes control systems, aero-space and military equipment, But Honeywell announced a 31 per cent decline in profits to \$36m in the second quarter of 1986 and said that the profits from information systems were "down sharply."

Honeywell said yesterday that,

Continued on Page 18 The inevitable merger, Page 19 .

Former IBM executive gets key Paris post

the French Industry Ministry.

marks a significant break with French government tradition. It is the first time a person from the private sector, with no previous civil service experience, has been appointed to one of the key jobs in the

French Administration.

Mr Maisonrouge replaces Mr Louis Gallois, who has close ties with the Ceres left wing faction of the Socialist Party. Mr Gallois, who held the post for four years, was expected to step down after the defeat of the Socialists in the partia-mentary elections last March. The appointment reflects the efforts of Mr Alain Madelin, the French Industry Minister, to underline his commitment to liberal and

MR Jacques Maisonrouge, the for-mer chairman of IBM Europe and the only Frenchman ever to have rouge would be in charge of a reor-in France between industry, the Adreached the board of the world's ganisation of the ministry, designed in France between industry, the Adlargest computer group, has been appointed as the top civil servant in meds of French industry.

with IBM, the appointment of Mr
Maisonriuge is also highly symbolic, and represents an undisguised tribute on the part of the Government in the part of the grant in the part of the His appointment yesterday as the new Director General of Industry ment to US business. It also indimake if more competitive. However, the appointment was

not unanimously applauded in France French industrial and business cir-IBM and US industry. Mr Maisonrouge acknowledged that both the Government and himself were tak-

He suggested that one of his pri-

As someone who spent 38 years the ministry and help enhance the

them to increase their profitability, cates the Government's resolve to he said. Other priorities include ininternationalise further French in- creasing French export perfordustry and business and try to mance, encouraging more French make if isore competitive.

The Government vesterday made cles because of his close links with a series of appointments of new IBM and US industry. Mr Maisonmembers to the boards of several state groups due to be privatised by the conservative administration. ing a risk. But he said he welcomed Reflecting the Government's entrethe challenge of his new task and preneurial emphasis, many of the the opportunity to serve his counnew appointments include promi-

Continued on Page 18

GrandMet tries to sell Liggett

BY CHARLES BATCHELOR IN LONDON

pected to be worth between \$100m

and \$150m. Grandmet was on the verge of selling the Liggett business to its Brands, the analysts added. US management for \$325m in May 1984 but the deal collapsed when market conditions in the cut-price and of the market, where Liggett specialises, suddenly became much

tougher.
The British group announced yesterday that it was negotiating the sale of Liggett but it said talks were unlikely to be concluded for several

GRAND METROPOLITAN, the ing analysts in London estimated conglomerate, to compete, and British brewing, leisure and hotels Liggett was worth \$100m to \$150m. prices were forced down.

Liggett's management may once Cigarettes contributed just \$6.4m British brewing, sensore under the property of tive to some of the other large US

Liggett makes the Chesterfield, L & M, Lark and Eve brands of ciga-rettes but made most impact on the US cigarette industry when it profits is expected in the current launched unbranded or "generic" year following two price increases and a declina in discovery cigarettes in plain packs a few

years ago.
Unbranded cigarettes now account for about 4.5 per cent of the 125bn packs of cigarettes sold ammally in the US. Liggett's success

of \$81m in the year ended Septemtobacco groups such as RJR Nabis-co, Philip Morris or American was the most profitable US division, making \$66.7m of the total \$151.8m of profit.

A slight improvement in cigarette year following two price increases and a decline in discounting by the large manufacturers.

GrandMet bought Liggett for \$590m in 1980 to establish a US base. It was mainly interested in Liggett's liquor distribution busi The company refused to disclose prompted other companies, notably ness which has contributed good the likely sale price or say with Brown and Williamson, a subsiduent whom it was talking but stockbroking the likely sale price or say with large of BAT Industries, the British set to sell off the tobacco side.

Dollar close to competitive level - Volcker

MR PAUL VOLCKER, Chairman of the U.S. Federal Reserve Board, said yesterday that the decline in the value of the dollar over the past 18 months had brought the currency "reasonably close" to a level which should allow US companies to compete effectively with other industrial countries.

But he warned that the pros for a continuation of the US ecobeyond "are heavily dependent on policy measures... by one country an improved trade balance... (of or another was tending to obscure which) there are still no clear the important main issues.

He again stressed that a combi-nation of complementary economic policies by the US and its main in-deficit which he hopes to see signs dustrial trading partners would be of in "the next quarter or two" needed to correct the imbalances in not be very vigorous without

the world economy.

"Exchange rate changes alone will not assure the lasting competi-tiveness of our industry or the large shift of resources necessary here and abroad to restore better balance to the world economy.* Mr Volcker's comments came am-

id public arguments between US cusing attention on what be sees as the fundamental issues that should be addressed in Washington later this week at the annual meetings of the World Bank in the International

bankers of the major industrial In his testimony to the House

The meetings will be attended by

Ways and Means committee yester-day Mr Volcker took the industrial nations to task over the public disputes. So much of the transatlantic in recent months "with its focus in nomic expansion through 1987 and the timing or wisdom of particular

> Mr Volcker has consistently not be very vigorous without "a pretty buoyant world economy."

Reagan Administration officials are making it clear that in their view US trading partners, in parti-cular West Germany, are not doing enough to ensure this buoyancy.

An Administration official yeste

day, asked if Washington still felt that not enough was being done to and, latterly, European officials boost demand in Japen and West over the dollar's exchange rate. Germany, described the recent Jap-They seemed aimed in part at foanese package of stimulatory fiscal measures as "a step in the right di-rection," although the US doubted Continued on Page 18

Details, Page 6; Lombard, Page 17; Money markets, Page 31

£ slides as British trade deficit soars

BY PHILIP STEPHENS IN LONDON

A RECORD British trade deficit England responded by selling for last month triggered a new slide in sterling's value yesterday, forcing further intervention by the Bank of England on currency markets and raising concern over the outlook for

The Department of Trade and Industry said that sluggish exports and booming imports led to a £1.49bn (\$2.16bn) deficit on Britain's trade in August, nearly three times the £588m shortfall recorded in July. The current account deficit, invisible trade transactions, also the year, and government statisti-reached a record £886m last month, cians believe the trend points to an-was formally launched yesterday compared with a small surplus of other deficit in September.

the second consecutive day what were described as modest amounts of dollars and D-Marks to steady

The central bank's intervention braked sterling's slide in the imme-diate aftermath of the figures, but foreign exchange dealers said there was still uncertainty over the out-

current account which had been which includes financial and other built up in the first seven months of

£12m in July. That has raised the possibility
The size of the twin deficits took that the current account could go financial markets by surprise into deficit this year for the first prompting a sharp fall for the time since 1979, before North Sea is not a new thing for the Euromarpound within minutes. The Bank of oil began to make an impact.

Deutsche Bank sets **Euro-equity** pace with Fiat deal

BY MIDNIGHT on Tuesday night, the deal was as good as done.

Executives of Deutsche Bank Capital Markets in London, after cracking a few cans of beer, could go home to sleep with reasonable assurance that in the morning a \$2bn stock market and currency risk would be adequately laid off. The London subsidiary of the West German bank, along with Ita-ly's Mediobanca, had bought twothirds of the package of Fiat shares being sold by Libya at 5pm London time on Tuesday, setting the stage for the largest secondary share

The deal was also a crucial test for the rapidly growing Euro-equity market, in which syndicate manag-ers accustomed to distributing Eurobonds apply their selling skills and techniques to cross-border eq-

placing the world's stock markets

uity placings.
There began an intensive round of telephone calls to the syndicate managers reckoned to have the largest placing power. Until late in the evening, the terms were a tight

secret to all but those being invited As well as the two lead managers, 10 co-lead managers were tapped: three Swiss, Swiss Bank Corporation, Union Bank of Switzerland, and Credit Suisse First Boston; two more German, Dresdner Bank and Shearson Lehman Brothers and Salomon Brothers; and Arab Bank-ing Corporation, Daiwa Europe and

Banque Paribas.

The idea was that each of these banks would place shares in its own country, with Mediobanca handling some \$500m worth in the domestic Italian market - in an additional comanagement group, there are ex-pected to be eight Italian and 13 international institutions. Perhaps most notable from a British point of view was the fact that even though the deal is being run from London, not a single British-based institu-tion is in the co-lead management

group.

There were no refusals and al-Last month's deficit practically wiped out the £954m surplus on the until yesterday morning for one or though Deutsche Bank had to wait two formal replies, it had been givmorning, it would be instantly un-That has raised the possibility derwritten. Meanwhile, it carried the risk overnight.

Placing of a transaction this size

Has stock market crash begun?

IN EARLY 1929, just before the Great Crash plunged the world into messive depression, confidence was as high as it was up till this April. Like today, the majority said a depression could not happen again. Like today the market was flooded it. with inexperienced investors believ-ing it could only go on up. In 1929 even the lift-boys were investing. The 1986 equivalent are starting with BT and TSB. Meanwhile the

with BT and TSB. Meanwhile the smart money is poised to jump.
And over the last three months it has jumped at least four times, each time climbing gingerly back. In early July the largest one-day loss ever recorded on the FT30 was followed in two weeks by one of the largest two-day falls ever.

Then two weeks later a new all-time record fall, followed a month later by the recent round-the world stampeds which included the largest ever two-day plunge on Wall Street

ever two-day plunge on Wall Street

and wiped £6 billion from London's share values. But none of this has been any

But none of this has been any surprise to the thousands of investors who follow the 'uncannily accurate' forecasts of analyst | Bob Beckman. They have continued to make money. Right hack in May Bob Beckman had broadcast live on LBC Radio the "one and only devastating forecast" which he had promised for some time. It was: "we are now in a bear market". He forecast it would probably last two or three years and could be expected to slash up to a massive 90% off share values.

But Beckman warned that bear markets are very deceptive. Usually quick sharp falls are followed by prolonged slow gains. So most days the market appears to be recovering, but each recovery is outweighed by the next sudden plunge — which commentators write off as 'temporary adjustments'.

Readymade business letters

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Interest mysteries solved

OTHERWISE INTELLIGENT businessmen and investors are usually completely at the mercy of financial institutions and advisers when it

comes to interest calculations.

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tor, and this book are all you need to do your own Discounted Cash Flow or leasing or depreciation calculations.
Or check your own mortgage, hire purchase or pension. Or de-mystify investing in bonds: from yields and ex-div calculations, to FRCDs, split coupons and Eurobonds.

And that is precisely what has been happening

In his book The Downwave Beckman firmly predicted a massive 1929-style crash and backed it with the overwhelming evidence of 200 years of economic history. But in 1983 when the book was published he could not forecast precisely when. Now, he warms, that 1929-style crash is actually beginning.

But is is not all gloom and doom.

The Downwave recommends what

The Downwave recommends what to expect and what to do now to we expect and what to do now to protect your assets during the crash. Fortunes were made in the 1930s, and fortunes will be made this time as well. This book could be the most important you will ever read. It could change your life. ge your life. The Downwever, £14.96, 215 pages, kardinak, 1963. Coupon belon.

Beckman latest

These who have already read The Downwave may wish to obtain the offical typescript of the 1986 Beckman Lecture The Downwave Revisited, delivered on 27 April. In this, Bob Beckman updated a packed audience of 800 investors on what has happened since The Downwave was published, and offered detailed what-to-doman admir. 1986 Lecture Transcript: £27.50, 52 page A4 report. Coupon belon.

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Jamaica: Manley takes World debt: the impact of Soviet Union: aiming for British Press: battle for the Management: Allied Lyons Lombard: why the EMS is

-calculator guide for non-experts. At first sight it looks like a book for top mathematicians only. But stop.

BY JONATHAN CARR IN FRANKFURT

LEADING West German bankers are advising the Bundesbank to be ready to cut key interest rates as part of a package deal to be thrashed out among Western indus-trial countries meeting shortly in

Mr Wolfgang Röller, head of the Dresdner Bank, the country's sec-ond-biggest commercial bank, said yesterday there was scope for a cut in rates and be was optimistic that accord could be reached in Wash-

ington.
He was speaking before today's meeting of the Bundesbank'a policymaking council, which will be chaired by the central bank's pesident, Mr Karl Otto Pohl, before he flies to Washington for the annual meeting of the International Mone-

tary Fund (IMF).

The council is unlikely to decide to cut its discount and Lombard rates right away. But it is believed it may give Mr Pohi the backing to promise cuts during talks among the Group of Five leading industria countries, meeting at the same time as the IMF gathering.

ners, especially the West Germans to make such cuts to help boost eco-nomic growth. The Bundesbank has publicly argued that such action might do little for growth but could stimulate inflation.

In his remarks at a press conference in Berlin, Mr Röller argued that interest cuts in themselves could not solve the US trade deficit

the number of willing parmers

"Equally, US-style deregula-

of 1992 for implementation of a policy drawn np through the

European Civil Aviation Con-ference that would include both EEC and non-Community

Air Transport in a Competi-tive European Market: Prob-lems, Prospects and Strategies: The Economist Intelligence Unit

Travel and Tourism Report No.

Europe's air transport 'in need of policy overhaul' BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

THE AIR transport situation in charter operators are waiting

Western Europe is in urgent eagerly for entry opportunities need of a radical overhaul, onto scheduled routes; many which can best be achieved by a Europe-wide liberalisation operating experience and comolicy. mercial ambition to represent On the eve of next week's a serious threat. meeting of European transport Although the new UK bils-teral initiatives have produced significant breakthroughs, says the study, there are limits, since

meeting of European transport ministers, called by Mr John Moore, the UK's Transport Sec-retary, to discuss liberalisation, a new study by the Economist Intelligence Unit argues that European airlines are now operating in a policy vacuum.

"The opportunities for new liberal bilateral agreements have run ont, consumer groups are bombarding the airlines with complaints about fares fixtion is not suitable for the European multi-stata situation. ing, and airlines and governments remain polarised in their views over the relaxation of control over market entry, supply and prices can be achieved and without destroying the controls on airline regulation,"

Written Rather, increased competition through phased relaxation of man propose a timetable for the phased introduction of libera-lisation, with the Council of Ministers adopting a target date

Written by two European air transport economists, Mr Stephen Wheatcroft and Mr Mr Geoffrey Lipman, tha study argues that the introduction of phased competition rules in phased competition rules in European air transport is vital, not only because the Treaty of Rome now requires it, but also because the relaxation of route entry and pricing restriction is essential for the sound financial development of many of Europe's flag sirknes.

Moreover, many European 3; £95.00.

eases oil import restrictions

By Paul Betts in Paris

terday further eased restrictions on crude oil and oil product imports for French-based oil refiners and independent distributors. The latest liberalisation of the French oil market includes suspending the obligation for inde-pendent distributors to buy at pendent distributors to buy at least 80 per cent of their oil prod-ucts from French or EEC refin-

THE FRENCH Government yes-

pended the obligation for the big oil companies operating in France to supply the French market with at least 90 per cent of products derived from either French or KEC refineries.

rench or ESC remornes.
These obligations were part of
the 1928 French oil legislation,
designed to safeguard the country's strategic energy needs and
interests and encourage the development of a French oil indus-

try.

The latest measures follow the deregulation of oil prices is France under the previous Socialist administration and are also simed at responding to pre-vailing conditions on the inter-national oil markets.

However, at this stage the con-servative Government is not susservative Government is not sus-pending all the provisions in the 1928 law. These include the con-troversial rule obliging oil com-panies operating in France to transport at least two thirds of their annual crude oil needs in France on tankers flying the

French flag.

This was designed to encourage the setting up of a French oil fleet but has become an increasingly costly burden for the troubled French refinery indus-

The Government's decision not to suspend the floot obligation reflects its preoccupation of not unsettling even further the loss-making French shipping sector, now in the threes of major restructuring.

Moreover, the Government has also retained the possibility of re-imposing the oil imports obligations for independent distributors and demestic refiners in the event of a new oil crisis.

Waldheim denies fresh claims

PRESIDENT KURT Waldheim of Austria rejects accusations by the World Jewish Congress that ganda leaflets during the Second World War, an aide said yesterday, AP reports from Vies The accusations, made on Tuesday by the World Jewish

Congress in New York, "are without any foundation," Mr Gerold Christian said World Jewish Congress investigators said they had found Nazi

propaganda pamphlets in US na-tional archives with slogaus such as: "Enough of the Jewish war, kill the Jews, come over."

Hurd to seek reform of UK extradition law

THE BRITISH Government will of the 12 EEC Interior and said.

shortly put before Parliament Justice Ministers to discuss proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals to combat international terrorism, Mr Douglas Hurd, the British Home Secretary said in Room parterior was a "vital tool" in the fight against terrorism as the UK to take part in the second of the 12 EEC Interior and said.

The Government was also considering the possibility of proposals torrorism, at which Mr Hurd said effective expands the proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism, at which Mr Hurd sidering the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism and terrorism at the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism and terrorism at the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism at the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism at the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism at the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism at the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism at the possibility of proposals for major reform of terrorism at the possibility of proposals for ma tary, said in Bonn yesterday.

The proposed law changes would include the abolition of Britain's requirement, in re-spect of Western Europe, for a requesting state to establish a prima facie case against n fugitive before extradition was granted. This and other reforms would make it possible for the UK to take part in the

European Convention on Extra-dition, Mr Hurd said.

He was speaking at the Konrad Adenauer Foundation in Bom, on the eve of today's emergency meeting in London

falls sharply By Sara Webb in Stockholm SWEDEN'S trade with South

SWEDEN'S trade with South Africa has fallen sharply in the last six months, according to a report from the Central Statistics Office.

The value of imports from South Africa dropped 73 per cent to SKr 72m (£7.16m) in tha first half of 1986, while exports fell 29 per cent to SKr 408m.

Unlike its Nordic neighbours, Denmark and Norway, Sweden did not come out with promises of a total trade boycott this summer, on the grounds that i unilateral trade sanctions would be a violation of international law.

The decision led to wides-spread criticism of the Social Democratic Government. In-stead, the Government appealed to Swedish companies to look elsewhere for new markets and suppliers, and introduced a licensing system for imports and exports with South Africa. South Africa is not an im

portant market for Sweden. Sweden's exports last year totalled \$30.198bn, of which \$107m or 0.35 per cent went to

Imports of agricultural products from South Africa have been banned since January. But South Africa is still the main source of iron alloys and nickel.

appeared to discount the pos-sibility of the UK pressing for sidering the possibility of proposing legislation that would enhance international coposing legislation that would example set by France. In his
the fight against terrorism as the UK to take part in the
European Convention on former in the context of combatting illegal immigration.
"I do not know quite how fast we will be able to move are prevented from bringing allaged terrorists to justice."
"I do not know quite how fast we will be able to take whether we will be able to take whether we will be able to take the considerations made it clear to me that we needed to potential benefits which could decrease the safety and security "Two considerations made it clear to me that we needed to make this reform and abolish the prima facie rule. The first was the fact that it got in the way of perfectly proper extradition requests. The second was that it was anachronistia and gave the impression that we in the UK mistrust foreign judicial standards," Mr Hurd UK's contribution to today's Europe or a thriving aconomic community closer if, at the same time, we were unwittingly to decrease the safety and security of our nations. If we are to operation which already exists between our two countries," apply at our internal frontiers which apply at our internal frontiers that the reduction of frontier that the reduction of frontier to today's crime and drugs," Mr Hurd said.

meeting in London. Mr Hurd



Mr Hurd: "vital tool" fight against terrorism.

EEC inflation rate declines Sweden's trade with S. Africa

Only Spain and France recorded any increase in inflation in July—of 1.0 and 0.1 per cent respectively — while the Netherlands led the rate of decline with a drop of 0.8 per cent.

whole recorded its first ever drop in July—of 0.1 per cent—as a senior Community official urged member states to take full advantage of the once-off drop in oil prices.

Only Spain and France recorded any increase in inflation in July—of 1.0 and 0.1 per cent—cent expectively—while the content of the community consumer of the Community consumer price index was 3.2 per cent in August, Over the same 12 month period, West Germany, the Netherlands and Luxembourg all enjoyed in oil prices.

"The effects of the oil price fall and the decline in the dollar will only be registered once," he warned. "Next year we can automatically, expect two points higher inflation."

West Germany, the Netherlands against pursuing austerity "with too much dogmatism" and negative inflation.

The annual rate of increase once," he warned. "Next year we can automatically, expect two points higher inflation."

He warned EEC governments and Luxembourg that such as a deciling in the dollar will only be registered once," he warned. "Next year we can automatically, expect two points higher inflation."

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He warned EEC governments and Luxembourg all enjoyed once," he warned. "Next year we can automatically, expect two points higher inflation."

egative minimum that such an advantage would not recur came from a senior Commission official, at a briefing in the wake The downward movement of last weekend's EEC finance was cancelled out in August, ministers' meeting, and in adwhen overall consumer prices vance of next week's annual in the Community rose by 0.1 gatherings of the IMF and per cent, but West Germany World Bank.

against pursuing austerity " with too much dogmatism and urged them to take full advan-tage of the current economic situation.

At the same time, he stressed that a faster growth rate in Europe and Japan — while necessary to boost the growth of world trade — would not in itself make very much impact on the U Strade deficit.

MBFR talks resume in Vienna

The Vienna negotiations on re-ducing conventional forces in central Europe — the Muhal and Balanced Force Reductions (MBFR) talks — resume today after their summer break with

after their summer break with a questionmark hanging over their future, Patrick Blum writes from Vicana.

The 13-year-old talks between Nato and the Warsaw Pact have been deadlocked for years pri-marily because of disagreements over the present troop strength of each side and over verifica-

Greece boycotts Nato exercises

Greece is sticking to its threat to boycott Nato manocuvres because of its rift with fellow member Turkey, alliance diplomats said yesterday, Henter reports from Brussels. They said Greece had turned down an institute to take part in Display vitation to take part in Display Determination, a four-week sea, air, amphibious and land exercise, involving Italian, US and Turkish forces, that began on September 19. They are taking Turkish forces, that began on September 19. They are taking place in the central and eastern Mediterranean, the Black Sea, northern Italy and Turkey.

N-weapons guidelines

Nato has drawn up new political guidelines to advise the Western allies on when and how to unlease nuclear weapons according to modern alliance strategy, Nato sources said yesterday. Reuter writes from Brussels.

Danish deficit narrows Denmark's trade deficit narrowed in August to DKr 640m (£57m) compared with DKr 2.4bn in July, the State Statistics Bureau said yesterday, AP reports from

Air France strike Air France planned to main-tain all its long-distance flights and 90 per cent of its medium-distance schedule despite a 24-hour strike yesterday by ground and navigational per-

Nuclear safety efforts dismissed because of their complexity and

NUCLEAR accidents with discuss the implications of the potentially severe consequences will continue to happen in spite of efforts to limit their occurrence, according to an international study released yesterday in Vienna by Greenpeace, the environmentalist organisation, Patrick Blum reports from Vienna.

The 650-pag report's release was designed to coincide with the special ministerial conference of the international Atomic

ence of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) also the report's mithors.

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German scientists and one of

the inherent danger posed by the materials used and pro-cessed for nuclear energy, the report angues.

"Accidents will happen because not all possibilities of system fahlures, human errors

anticipated, nor rendered ineffective by appropriate advance planning, the report says. Reactors are also vulnerable to acts of war, terrorism

Europe 'fastest growing optical fibre market'

BY DAVID THOMAS

THE EUROPEAN optical fibre growth, the report says, will be market is the fastest growing the use by most countries of in the world and will represent large amounts of optical fibre 34 per cent of the world market in their telephone networks. DOW.

This is one of the main find-ings of a new study of the Euro-pean market by Kessler Marketing Intelligence, a research group based in New-port, Rhode Island.

The report says that the European market will grow from \$304m (£209m) in 1985

that there has been further growth in the numbers of longer-term unemployed, especi-

ally those out of work for very long periods.

cent more than a year earlier.

ment employment measures tar-geted at these people are un-

influence on wage bargaining.

The latest projections from the OECD show further falls in

some of the Nordic countries

this year and into 1987, but

little chance of any significant

improvement in Europe. The

long-term jobless are expected

to number 1.5m in the UK and

1.1m in France next year, al-though there may be a further

slight fall towards 600,000 in West Germany.

The OECD says that govern-

Optical communications, military and video technologies will also contribute to the surge

West Germany will emerge as Europe's largest market, growing at an average annual rate of 40 per cent to 1991, accord-ing to the report. By 1991, West Germany will account for 30 per cent of the market, with from \$304m (£209m) in 1985
to \$1.46bn by 1991, an average
annual growth rate of 30 per
cent.

The main reason for this

France and the UK holding
23 per cent each,
Report from KMI, 31 Bridge
Street, Newport, Rhode Island
02480, \$2,850. France and the UK holding 23 per cent each.



sonnel, the company said, Reuter reports from Paris. European employment prospects fail to improve

George Graham in Paris on the OECD's jobless report

UNEMPLOYMENT in the in-dustrialised world may stabilise over the next year, but it is un likely to show any significant improvement, the Organisation for Economia Co-operation and Development has warned. Some 31m people may remain

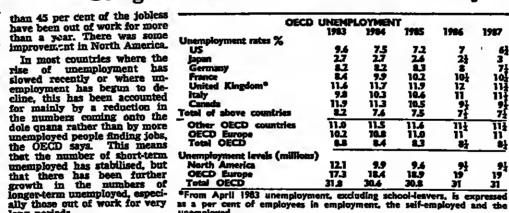
out of work in the OECD member countries over tha second half of this year — an unemployment rate of 81 per cent — and the number is unlikely to change in 1987, the organisation says in its latest annual Employment Outlook, published yesterday,

North America and Australia are likely to see unemployment remaining stable or evan declining, but the jobless rate may increase a little in

Europe's prospects are mixed, with West Germany's unemployment rate falling by around 2 of a percentage point over the next year and a half, but rises In the UK for exampla, virtually all the increase in long-term unemployment over the past year has been accounted for by people out of work for more than three years. In January 1986 they numbered 550,000, 16.3 per cent of the total unemployed and 22 per cent more than a year earlier. expected in Scandinavia, France, Italy, Austria, Greece and Turkey. Unemployment may decline slightly next year in the UK, the OECD says.

If unemployment is to fall to more acceptable levels, tha Paris-based organisation says, It is essential for the present recovery of economic activity to likely to push wage demands up, since the long-term unem-ployed are "ontsiders" in the labour market with little or no continue. The OECD area is already four years into the np-turn, but unemployment is still three times as high as it was in 1973 and 12m higher than in long-term unemployment in North America, Australia and

Youth unemployment remains a particularly serious problem, despite some improvement over tha past two years which is likely to continue over the coming year. In the 12 member countries for whish accurate statistics are available youth unemployment is likely to average 16 per cent, the group forecasts, almost 5 percentage points higher than in 1979.



OECD says in its report. Rejecting the conventional wisdom that youth unemployment is due to age factors, it suggests that the young may be suffer-ing from the effects of the baby boom, which brought a "bulge" of new applicants on to the job market at the same time as the economy was slackening.

The problem is "a moving target," the report concludes and governments need to direct their policies not just at the under 25s in general, but also under 25s in general, but also towards helping the baby boomers to overcome the initial difficulties they have experienced and to minimise the lemesterm scars caused by these cent—a small change for many open member countries—

does manage to catch up even-tually, the OECD indicates, but tha difficulties can last for several years. Governments need to take measures such as relaxing the age of entry into apprenticeships or expanding

youth unemployment, but in Europe relative youth wages either rose—as they did in Sweden or in the UK up to the mid 1970s—or remained con-stant. This may have caused youth unemployment rates to rise faster in relation to the rest of the population, the OECD says.

Governments could increase employment by cutting payroll taxes, such as employers' social security contributions, the orga-

ifficulties. OECD member countries —
A disadvantaged generation could reduce the unemployment rate by between a quarter and three quarters of a percentage point, the organisation says, and the gain could last for five to 10 years.
Non-wage labour costs, includ-

almost 5 percentage points higher than in 1979.

Long-term unemployment is the other main area of concern for the OECD. The position continued to deteriorata last year in Europe, where more slight fall towards 600,000 in apprenticeships or expanding adult education.

Non-wage labour costs, includation adult education.

Non-wage labour costs and includation adult education.

Non-wage labour costs and includation adult education.

Non-wage labour costs and includation adult education.

per cent of total labour costs. The gain in employment would result when the cut in payroll taxes was passed on to the consumer in the form of lower prices. This would allow demand to expand in the economy without raising infla-The best results would come, the OECD says, if the offsetting tax increase was in the form

of higher income taxes, since raising value added taxes would immediately increase prices. But officials suggested yester-day that there might be greater benefits if governments did not try to compensate by raising other taxes. Since several countries are planning to lower

tax cut on employment may be incentive to conceal this employ-small, since wages will tend to ment may be high," the report rise in response to the offsetting says. increase in personal taxes. In increase in personal taxes. In *OECD Employment Outlook, countries with centralised wage bargaining, pay might rise more sales agents. bargaining pay might rise more quickly and negate even the short term benefits.

Commenting on the black economy, the OECD says it is much smaller than is generally thought. Although up to a quarter of the working population may have some form of "concealed amployment," they do very little of it.

Overall, the black economy may account for no more than 2 to 4 per cent of total national output in the more indus-trialised countries, the report concludes, although a bigher figure cannot be ruled out for southern Europe.

Most of the bidden jobs go to those who already hava a more formal job, the report adds, so that the unemployed suffer the same inequalities in the concealed labour market

The unemployed, and especially the long-term unem ally the long-term unemployed, have relatively low levels of skills and training and impaired social contacts, the OECD says, and seem to be particularly badly placed in any attempt to find concealed employment.

employment.
The OECD recommends that governments should provide temporary subsidies to infant entrepreneurs, especially those entrepreneurs, especially those who are unemployed and cannot afford the cost of equipment. Unemployment benefit rules should also nvoid discouraging the unemployed from taking up small-scale declared jobs.

"In a situation of prolonged, access labour supply many tru-

countries are planning to lower their income taxes anyway, it might be more fruitful for employment if these cuts were to be concentrated on payroll taxes.

Over the long run, the OECD warns, the effect of the payroll lax cut on employment may be small, since wages will tend to excess labour supply, many un-

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Angry S. African miners mourn **Kinross dead**

BY ANTHONY ROBINSON IN EMBALENHLE

MR CYRIL RAMAPHOSA. general secretary of South Africa's black National Union Arms 1 wask National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) was carried aboutder high around the dusty stadium of this township ten miles from Kinross mine yesterday, as over 5,000 miners mourned the 177 who died in last week's under-ground fire.

Thousands of grim-faced miners, many of whom had walked off their shifts at neighbouring mines to attend the ceremony, applauded as speaker after speaker denounced Gencor, owner of the Kinross mine and mining management segmently for mytting appearance. generally for putting produc-tion and profits before the safety of the 90 per cent black

labour force.
They cheered as Mrs Winnie Mandela, wife of jailed African National Congress leader Mr Nelson Mandela told them "Yon hold the golden key for our liberation. The moment you stop digging gold and diamonds, that is the moment you will be free."
Allnding to the possibility of strike scion over the union's pay dispute with the Chamber of Mines she added: "The time may come when your leaders will demand greater sacrifices than the day of mourning stoppage on October 1, because you create the wealth which pays them (pointing at e line of belies approach to the company of the com armoured cars outside.

the stadium) to sit in their caspirs (armoured cars)". Conversations with the mainly migrant miners from Swaziland, Lesotho, Mozambique

Lome terror kills 14

BY PETER BLACKBURN IN ABIDIAN

A terror attack on Lome, the capital of Togo, on Tuesday night, in which 14 people were killed, is the latest in a series of attempts over the past year to destabilise the regime of General Gnassingbe Eyadema. It comes two months before a cheduled Franco-African summit in the West African city.

The attack has further tarnished Togo's peaceful image reflecting its political stability since General Eyadem a seized power in a coup in 1987.

MRS Del Kevan, controversial director of housing in Soweto, became the first target of a bomb affack on a South African white suburb yesterday when a limpet bomb explesion shattered the early morning silence of Craighal Park in northern Johannesburg.

Johannesburg.

Mrs Kevan, a former local councillor of the liberal Progressive Federal Party, became the object of fierce recrimination by blacks when she announced last month that tenants in Soweto who refused to pay rent would be evicted from their homes.

The evictions threat sparked a protest meeting in the White City-Jabavu section of Soweto which was broken up by police who fired into crowds of protesters killing at least 24. Since then, Mrs Kevan has received many death threats and has been death threats and has been

The explosion blew out the windows of her house and those of other houses in the area. Mrs Kevan, who was asleep, escaped injury and there were no other

and the South African black homelands revealed the strong sense of militancy and support for the union and its demand that its own safety stewards be allowed to monitor safety on the

The official Togolese radio described Tuesday's attackers as "an invading force of armed The Government has not identified the attackers which it said came from ecross the Ghanaian border, only 5 kms

from Lome. The seaside city was re-ported calm yesterday with telephones working, but the Ghanaian border was closed and

Australians sign pact on work practices

AUSTRALIA'S leading em ployer groups and the Austra-lian Council of Trade Unions (ACTU) yesterday declared support for changes in work practices to improve efficiency and enhance industrial produc-tivity.

The communique, which also included the Government as a signatory, was issued at the end of a day-long meeting in Melbourne convened by Primo Minister Bob Hawke to examino possible productivity improvements.

While the communique was not detailed, it was significant in that its wording indicated a willingness of employers and unions to concede ground over the issues involved.

The unprecedented agreement between the ACTU and the employers, represented by the Business Council of Australia and the Confederation of Australian Industry, also saw the Government take a step back from the industrial arena.

The Government's accord with the trades union movement has been the centreplece of its economic and industrial relations strategy since its election in 1983, but the possibility of a bi-partisan agreement hetween employers and unions is emerging as a potentially more flex-ible and co-operative future

arrangement.
Yesterday's agreement is a very small step in this direction, but the ettitude of both parties in acknowledging and accepting the views of the other has indi cated there is room for such a relationship to develop, particu-larly while there is widespread acceptance of the need for a major effort by all parties to overcome Australia's current economic difficulties.

The three-page joint com-

munique on productivity improvements agreed to by all parties did not question the need for change, but covered methods by which change could be achieved. It said: "The objective is to schieve change through co-operation and consultation, not confrontation, and to increase

the prospect of meaningful and satisfying work and the fuller realisation of human potential."

The parties agreed on the need for improved education, skills and retraining at all levels by the level of bids at the hard \$1.50n.

Andrew Whitley talks to Irish Unifil soldiers in south Lebanon

Peace and security still a dream

van, operations officer of the 651-strong Irish battalion serving with the United Nations' peacekeeping force, Unifil, in southern Lebanon, The Irish have been with

Unifil since the start. In early 1978 they were deployed, os part of an optimistically named interim force," to supervise the withdrawal of the Israeli army from one of its periodic incursions into its neighbour's

territory.

Over eight years later the Irish battalion is still there, patrolling a "pretty interesting" 80 square kilometre tract of rugged land, many of the soldiors now on their second, or third, six-month tour. A line of fortified hilltop positions along the distinctive

southern ridgo running through Irishbatt's sector serve as daily reminders of the cause of the Irishmen's discontent. Partly manned by the renegade South Lebanon Army, Israel's proxy force in the region, and partly by Israeli troops, they are the pockets left behind by the tide when the Israeli army withdress. then the Israell army withdrew from Lebanon last year.
Casualties have come at a steady rate among the Unfil soldiers, most of them volunteers like the Irish. Yesterday

a Nepalese soldier was shot in the head and killed in one of two attacks by Shia Moslem gummen on Nepalese positions, not a grave threat to the Irish Karna is technically within soldiers. But for the local vil-

BY OUR FOREIGN STAFF

ment is reported to have agreed last week on the introduction

economy severely hit by the oil price fall. Oil accounts for more than 90 per cent of export

carnings.

Nigeria names date for

NIGERIA'S MILITARY Government is reported to have agreed The hard currency will be

ment is reported to have agreed last week on the introduction of a two-tier foreign exchange grant which will set system with effect from next system with effect from next Monday.

The long-expected move is including the World Bank, seen as an important step in its efforts to rehabilitate an economy severely hit by the oil draw up its economic reforms the full of the country for the weekend Wr. Church weekend we contain the contains the contai

two-tier currency

Israeli Prime Minister Shimon Peres yesterday sharply criticised Wednesday's renewed UN Security Council call for Israel to withdraw to its international frontier with Lebanon. He said he hoped the Security Council would "come to terms with reality," adding that the UN peace-keeping force on its own was incapable of maintaining security either in Beirnt or

the domain of the neighbouring lagers the shelling is a constant Nepalese. But from there the reminder that the peace and SLA has been waging a daily security Unifil was meant to ne domain of the neighbouring Nepalese. But from there the SLA has been waging a daily ping-pong battle with what the Irish politely describe as "resistance elements" based in Haris village, a bottled of Shia militarys in their own second militancy in their own sector.

Virtually every day o few York but o real concern for activity in the region, the chose to build their new bomes the shadow of the key Irish checking of Rafra. An occasional lucky shell knocks another lump of masoury off Kafra's prominent minaret.

In recent weeks, the artillery shelling has risen to a new crescendo, blocking the main road to Naqura, Unifile coastal beadquarters for bours inficating at the UN in New Tork but o real concern for those to build their new bomes activity in the region, the number of weapons seized in the Irish sector has been low this month—only 10 so far. The likely explanation for this is said to be that the combatants have already got their stocks in place.

Often eccused by Israelis of being partisan, in favour of the locals, tho Irish have, however, frequently come under fire from the Arab side as woll in recent weeks. Heavy firing pass along with its weapons, bemilitancy in their own sector.

shelling has risen to a new crescendo, blocking the main road to Nagura, Unifil's coastal beadquarters for hours on end. It's a nuisance, though not a grave threat to the Irish

At the weekend Mr Chn Okongwu, Finance Minister, seld Nigeria had reached agree-

Yitzhak Rabin, the Israeli Defence Minister, said a change in the deployment of the UN force would not solve its current problems, which he claimed were caused by pro-Iranian guerrillas. He also rejected right-wing calls in Israel for the exension of its Security Zone in Lebanon, saying Israel would continue to rely on its ally, the South Lebanon Army.

"Peaco and security," a hack-neyed phrase in the mouths of politicians and diplomats pon-tificating at the UN in New

pass along with its weapons, be-fore getting within rango of the Israelis or their allies to have Chirac says Unitil may

On average 2,500 cars pass across the bridge each day. Most are waved through by Lieutenant Deck O'Brian's platoon. It would be impos-sible to search more than a fraction. But, regularly, a find is made — and e confrontation

What happens then? Under orders not to use their weapons except in self-defence, the UN soldiers resort to tactics of patience and diplomacy. The donble gates on both sides of the bridge alam shut, isolating the gunmen's car, and higher anthority from which ever group they belong to are sum-

moned.

These stand-offs can be "very, very hairy" said Commandant Canavan, recalling cases where enraged guerrillas threatened the Irish soldiers with grenades

Dospite the increased military activity in the region, the number of weapons seized in the Irish sector has been low this month—only 10 so far. The likely explanation for this is said to be thet the combatants have already got their stocks

Ghana exchange auction results in 30% devaluation

BY PETER BLACKBURN IN ABIDIAN

GHANA'S first weekly foreign the black market rate of about exchange anction resulted in a exchange rate of Cedis 128

There were 74 bidders, 29 of against the US dollar, according to the Bank of Chana (central allocation of \$2.5m at last Fri-

The new rate, established at Yaw Mano-Sarpong, chairman of Friday'e auction, represents a the Foreign Evchange Commit-devaluation of about 30 per cent tee.

against the former official rate

The weekly enctions are inagainst the former official rate of Cedis 90 to the dollar, and will apply to all transactions change rate and improve the except imports of oil and essential drugs, official debt service and cocoa dealings.

It is the 10th effective devaluation by the Government since it started an IMF/World black market.

certain government imports are creditors. Short-term trade bank, Other transactions will be paid for at the second-tier certain government will be paid for at the first tier being closely monitored by rato determined by the central bank, Other transactions will be paid for at the second-tier arrears amount to at least be paid for at the second-tier second-tier rate, which will be determined by the level of bids at the hard Bank-backed economis recovery programme in 1983.

day's auction, according to Mr

Further cuts in government arrears amount to at least programme in 1983.

\$4.80n (£3.50n) and medium and long-term debt stands at that the Cedi is still substance centives are expected to be tially overvalued compared with

Nakasone moves to clarify US speech

By Gordon Cramb in Tokyo

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT officials attempted yesterday to limit damage to US and Latin American relations from remarks on race attributed to Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone, the Prime Minister, which had evoked anger in Washington and elsewhere overnight.

Tokyo newspapers had quoted Mr Nakasone as telling a meeting of his Liberal Democratic Party supporters that "since there are black people, Puerto Ricans and Mexicans in the US," the national tevel of intelligence or knowledge there was lower than in Janua. lower than in Japan.

The Japanese Foreign Affairs Ministry was less than completely helpful in a state-ment yesterday which solemnly acknowledged the "great progress as a demo-cracy" the US had been making.

"The media are quoting the Prime Minister completely out of context," it said, "The Prime Minister said in effect that the United States was a multi-racial society and had been making great progress as a demo-cracy, overcoming educa-tional, social and other issues associated with such a

"In no sense has he ever implied that the level of intelligence is low in the United States," the ministry

Then Mr Nakasone rejoined the debate. Despite compli-mentary allusions to space missions and Star Wars, his latest comment is unlikely entirely to placate black and hispanie congressmen Mr Nakasone said in Tokyo:

"What I was saying there was that the US has made great achievements in Apolio programme and in SDI (the Strategic Defence Initiative) but there are things the Americans have not been able to reach because of multiple nationalities."

 Yesterday, Mr Gustavo
 Petricioli, Mexican Finance Minister, met Mr Nakasone and the Export-import Bank of Japan confirmed during the day an outline agreement to advance the Mexico \$1bm (£690m) in project loans.

TURKEY 11.6%

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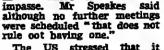
US rejects offer to swap Daniloff for Soviet spy

BY STEWART FLEMING, US EDITOR IN WASHINGTON

THE UNITED STATES and the Soviet Union were still dead-locked yesterday over the case of Mr Nicholas Daniloff, the US journalist charged with espionage in Moscow. White House spokesman Larry Speakes said both sides continued to work towards a solution.

In the wake of reports that the Soviet Union had proposed exchanging Mr Daniloff and an unnamed Soviet political dissident for Mr Gennadi Zakharov, the Soviet citizeo and United Nations employee arrested in New York on espionage charges in August, US officials said tha terms of this proposal were not

On Wednesday Mr George Shultz, the Secretary of State, and Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, the Soviet Foreign Minister, held two meetings in New York in an effort to break the impasse. Mr Speakes said although no further meetings





cannot accept a straight swap of Mr Daniloff, who it says is an innocent man being framed by Moscow, for a spy. The US says that such an arrangement would be tantamount to tacitly accepting that the Soviet Union can use the UN as a base for

Both sides have been holding Both sides have been holding back from actions which might aggravate the problem. Moscow has yet to retaliate against the US decision last week to order the expulsion of 25 diplomats from the Soviet UN mission. Meanwhile in the federal court in New York yesterday the US postponed a move to set an early trial date for Mr Zakharov. Patrick Cockburn in Mosco adds: A senior Soviet official yesterday strongly attacked President Reagan's speech to the UN saying that it threw in doubt the US desire to reach any agreement on disarmament.

of "routine stereotypes about He said the analysis pres by President Reagan to the UN raised the question: "Is the American leadership prepared or really willing to look for agreements that would lead to the termination of the arms race, to real disarmament?"

Mr Yuli Vorontsov, the first

Texas relaxes banking laws to allow out-of-state rescues

BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

TEXAS is to allow out-of-state main banking trade associations January 1. The new law will resent the move. A group of make it easier for US bank small bankers are thought to regulators to organise rescua be planning to test tha constituattempts for some of the tional validity of Texas's interweaker members of the destate banking law in the courts. pressed Texas banking industry. However, state officials do not
The coce high-flying Texas
banks are suffering because of
weak oil prices and the decline
in the real estate business and
US already allow interstate

Texas banking officials say the aim of the new law is to open up the state to healthier finan-cial institutions which will inject new capital. Covernor Mark White, who

buy Texas banks and supported the legislation, there institutions, from are still some small banks which

Over half of the states in the US already allow interstate banking, that is, activities within a state by out-of-state institutions, but until recently Texas bankers have steadfastly opposed the idea. However, the state's mounting economic problems and the growing financial difficulties facing several of its signed the new law yesterday, said many Texas institutions would face irreversible attrition if they did not take aggressive steps to provide more options for recovery.

Although the state's three lems and the growing financial backed a constitutional amendment which will allow statewide branch banking in Texas. This hanking in the wave of interestate banking officials appear less certain, whether it will be passed.

Interfirst of Dallas and Houston's First City Bancorporation, are two of the higgest and weakest Texas banks. There has been considerable speculation that they may be taken core. taken over.

Several east and west coast banks are known to be interested in moving into the state but are wary of taking over deeply troubled institutions. Bankers are also water the state of the sta to see whether Japanese finan-cial institutions will try to huy their way into what was until recently one of the most lucra-tive banking markets in the US. Governor White has also backed a constitutional amend-ment which will allow statemide

Shell halts oil and gas drilling off Nova Scotia

ROYAL DUTCH SHELL'S its 22-year oil and gas explora-tion programme off the coast of Nova Scotia in the latest setback in the development of Canada's energy resources.

Shell Canada said yesterday it would close its offices in Halifax when drilling on a final well was completed.

Mr Lorne Kingwell, general manager for frontier explora-tion, said the company had made several attractive offshore made several attractive offshore gas discoveries since drilling began in 1969, but none were large enough to be developed under current pricing projections. Mr Joel Matheson, Nova Scotia's Mines and Energy Minister, said an oil price of US\$20-25 a barrel was needed to justify offshore production.

Shell and its partners have spent C3730m (£385m) and drilled 83 wells off the Nova Scotia coast. Earlier this year, a consortium led by two a consortium led by two Canadian companies, Husky Oil and Bow Valley Resources, said it was pulling its last rig out of Nova Scotia.

The cutbacks in oil and gas exploration are a major blow to eastern Canada, where high energy prices earlier this decade raised hopes of a bright economic future. Far from the major markets of North America and with a limited resource base, the region depends heavily on Government (libsidies. It has a lower average income and a substantially higher unemployment stantially higher unemployment rate than tha rest of the

Mobil Oil Canada, which has advanced furthest in developing offshore gas deposits, said yes-terday that drilling activity near the venture field, about 150 miles south-east of Halifax, will end in the next few weeks. However, the company has begun negotiations on new exploration agreements.

The collapse in energy prices The collapse in energy prices and the phasing-out of generous government grants for frontier exploration has also dampened prospects for development of oil and gas deposits off Canada's arctic coast. Despite a promising commercial discovery in the Beautort Sea, Guif Canada and Coma Petroleum will suspend their Arctic drilling programmes later this year. Canute James in Kingston talks to Jamaica's Opposition leader

Manley takes guard for next innings'

"I AM now doing something which I find very enjoyable. I am writing a book on the evolu-tion of West Indian cricket, using it as a metaphor for Caribbean social history." This, along with efforts to secure another term as Prime Minister of Jamaica, is the current preoccupation of Mr Michael Manley, leader of the social democratic People's National

He has few doubts about the eventual success of either the eventual success or either the literary or political undertaking. In late July the PNP scored a landslide victory in municipal elections over the conservative Jamaican Labour Party led by Mr Edward Seaga, the Prime

But the early return of M Manley is likely to be frustrated. For, in rejecting Mr Manley's call for a general election, Mr

tional rule-book, and says be will not call a general election before one is due in two years. Mr Manley, whose party refused to contest a snap general election called by Mr Seaga in December 1983 amid a row over the state of the electoral register, is impatiently champing at the hit.

"We will not see 12 months pass without starting action towards getting Mr Seaga to call a general election," he says. The neture of the likely action concerns most Jamaicans, for politics on this island of 2.3m people is affected by

2.3m people is affected by religious and tribal passions. The rising expectations of Mr Manley's supporters, buoyed by the belief that the PNP is sure to win a general election and Mr Sezga's refusal to go to tha polls, provide an explosive

We do not intend to breach the constitution or the peace," explains Mr Manley, who will



62 in December. "Wa will pe of m becomper. We will be constitution allows peaceful protest, and we will be mindful of the effect of what we do

ful of the effect of what we do on sensitive economic interests such as tourism."

Eight years of PNP Government led by Mr Manley ended in 1980 in a humiliating defeat by Mr Seaga's Labour Party. Mr Manley had called an early election after rejecting economic austerity measures suggested by the International suggested by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) as condisupport. Mr Seaga recently criticised the IMF in words which sounded like Mr Manley's

script of six years ago.

Despite support from the Fund, Jamaica's economy, based on bauxite, tourism, sugar and bananas, has stagnated over the

which developed with the sector meant it was not pulling as it should.

"We were caught without the Jamaica's politics. Mr Seaga has "We were caught without the general recognition which now exists of how difficult the IMF is and how wrong its policies are. A rallying of sympathetic support for a Government in our circumstances just was not on the cards at that time."

To that list must be added Mr Manley's close relations with Cuba, which frightened local business and conservalocal business and conserva-tives, and infuriated Washington, and confusion over Govern-ment policy with conflicting ment policy with conflicting statements from the PNP's moderate and left factions. Not unlike Mr Neil Kinnock, in the British Labour Party, Mr Manley has done battle with the PNP's left, leaving it relatively silent.

He has promised that if he is re-elected he will restore diplomatic links with Cuba, which Mr Seaga severed in 1981. "But we will not repeat the high profile of the previous links," he says.

and successfully mending fences with Washington," ha adds. "I will never be regarded by Mr Reagan as fondly as Mr Seaga is but that is not to say that I am not mending fences. What

am not mending fences. What we are seeking is an amicable respectful relationship."

To deal with the chronic problems of the Jamaican economy, Mr Manley has left the door open for an IMF presence. "We have to be realistic," he says in explaining that any pact hetweet a PNP Government and between a PNP Government and the Fund would have to take inpast decade.

"A lot of things went wrong in 1979." tha PNP leader recalls, "Wa had a model that contemplated an active and dynamic place for the private sector, but the poor relations the Fund would have to take into account the Administration's priorities. "We would make into account the Administration's priorities." We would make no concessions to the IMF."

Tha opposition leader says be welcomes Mr Seaga's recognition that the IMF."

a sector, but the poor relations

promised that unless current talks with the Fund on a new credit package are successful he will implement a "continfaftive sals in

gency economic programme."

Mr Manley argues that this
programme cannot be effected
without the Jamaican people. through an election, being given the choice of deciding whether the Labour measures, or those of the PNP are the ones they

There are few details so fair of either plan. Mr Seaga has promised that he will give details only if he is forced to implement the plement the programme, but an indication of the PNPs proposals can be gleaned from Mr Manley's attacks on Mr Seaga's

"Uoder his restructuring pro-gramme Mr Sega has opened up the economy to a flood of imports, and is pushing exports willy-nilly. He has taken the economy back to the early 20th

economy back to the early 20th century pattern of total dependence on imports."

If he succeeds in his try for another term, Mr Manley will be faced with one of the problems which dogs Mr Seagamanaging the island's \$3.3ho foreign debt, which demands a 40 per cent service ratio. Mr 40 per cent service ratio. Mr Manley, a vice president of Socialist International, the confederation of social democratic parties, says he will adopt and implement tha organisation's proposal for a ceiling of 20 per cent on the debt service ratio. After 35 years in politics, Mr Manley refuses to be drawn on his plans after the next general election, and after possibly another term in office. "I am really enjoying this book on crickat," ha says.

Unifil may have to retrench, says Chirac

UNITED NATIONS troops in no indication that France fanaticism lebanon may have to retrench after the killing of several the largest in the UN force. The working chirac, the French Prime General, Mr Javier Perez de states that Minister, told the UN General Cuellar, said ba could not their eyes. He said the force was no longer just being caught in apporadic clashes between that conflicting elements it was suppossibility.

conflicting elements it was suppossibility.

posed to separate, but had become the target of assaults.

The situation had become intellegate, he said, but he gave rising tide of intolerance and

denounced.

The world comunity must tough mandatory penalties for condemn "the complicity of terrorist attacks." states that are willing to close their eyes to terrorist organisations' activities, or that do not hesitate to use them to their own advantage and even actually encourage them."

Calking for concrete measures by the UN to follow up its unanimous condemnation of terrorism, he said that, in particular, there was need to strengthen air and maritime

condemn "the complicity of terrorist attacks on air states that are willing to close travellers, including a life sentence if lives are taken, Renter reports from Montreal. reports from Montreal.

The Israeli proposals, presented to the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO) assembly, also called for air piracy agreements to be amended to allow states to prosecute terrorists whose



Born without fins or the ability to breathe under water, he acquired these during early adulthood. Now, as at home in the hostile waters of the North Sea, as out of them, Elf has a very significant interest in one of the country's major new oil and gas field developments - Alwyn North.

Elf is France's largest single industrial corporation. And hydrocarbon recovery, important as it is, is only part of its business; Elf is also a leading chemical company.

Vertical integration has led to Eif becoming a significant refiner, distributor and producer of plastics. Now Elf Aquitaine is a powerful force in

The ubiquitous Elf Aquitaine.

Britain's energy business. And growing ever more powerful every day.



RAND MINES LIMITED

VANSA VANADIUM S.A. LIMITED

In the event that Rand Mines and Vansa determine that the establishment of a platinum mine is economically viable, Rand Mines will be committed

to subscribe R52.5 million in cash, or the equivalent thereof in initial infrastructure and mining assets, for preference shares in Rhodium. The preference shares owned by Rand Mines and Vansa in Rhodium will be converted into fully paid ordinary shares and at that stage Rand Mines will hold 60 per cent and Vansa 40 per cent in the issued ordinary share capital of Rhodium. In addition, Rand Mines will have the right to appoint

esponsibility for project management of the new plathrum mine, and for management of the platinum mine once it comes into production will be undertaken by Rand Mines. The existing management contracts with Cyril Heever and Associates and Sussex Securities Limited will then be cancelled in so far as they relate to the platinum mine.

The compositon of the directorate in Vansa will be such that seven

directors (including the chairman and managing director) will be nominated by Erronovaal, with five directors being nominated by Rand

The transaction is not expected to have any immediate material effect on

It is estimated that the earnings of Vansa will improve by approximately 10 cents per share for the 1987 financial year as a result of the transaction. No estimate of the effect of the transaction on the net asset value of Vansa has

been made as such a measure is considered unrealistic as it involves the

Additional benefits are expected to be derived from the rationalisation of resources due to the close proximity of the Kennedy's Vale and Winterveld properties which are approximately 11 kilometres apart.

A circular, which is subject to approval by the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (TSET) providing full details of the proposals, and a notice convening a general meeting of members of Vansa, at which the special and ordinary resolutions necessary to approve the arrangements and to carry them into effect will be considered, will be issued by Vansa as soon

either the earnings or the net asset value of Rand Mines.

Acquisition by Rand Mines Limited of a substantial shareholding in Vansa Vanadium S.A. Limited

the majority of the directors of Rhodium.

mosition of directorate of Vansa.

ent of mining resources.

Financial effects of the tran

and possible development of mutual platinum interests

The boards of directors of Rand Mines Limited ("Rand Mines") and Vansa Vanadium S.A. Limited ("Vansa") announce the conclusion of agreements which will, subject to the fulfilment of certain suspensive conditions, have the fullowing effect viability of exploiting Rhodium's platinum rights. Not less than five boreholes, with such deflections as Rand Mines may consider necessary, will be drilled. The feesibility study will take into account all factors relevant to a decision to start a mine, including various funding proposals.

In exchange for: (a) the issue and allotment of 14.5 million fully paid ordinary shares of no (b) two million "A" options to acquire shares in Vansa at an exercise price of

Rand Mines will dispose of 122 500 shares in Winterveld Cinome Mines Limited ("Winterveld") to Vansa, with the remainder of the issued share capital—i.e. 100 shares being retained by Rand Mines for its own benefit. The new ordinary shares to be issued by Vansa will rank peri passu with

the existing ordinary shares in Vansa. Cinome mining operations are carried on by Winterveld near Steelpoort in the eastern Transvael. Management of Winterveld will continue to be provided by Rand Mines.

which will also have power to appoint the majority of the directors of At market prices of the shares and options in Vansa on 22 September 1986,

this transaction has a value of approximately R70 million. On completion of this transaction, Rand Mines will hold approximately 42 per cent of the issued ordinary share capital in Vansa.

Development of varietium mine
Development of the varietium mine
Development of the varietium mine proposed by Vansa in its prospectus
issued in March 1986 has commenced. The mine is being established on
the remaining extent of the ixm Kennedy's Vale No. 361 FT, measuring
1681.3309 hectures, in the eastern Transvant ("Kennedy's Vale"). It will be
managed by Sussex Securities Limited, but Rand Mines will be the sole
agent for the marketing of the mine's output.

Exploration and possible development of a platinum mine. The recommissance exploration drilling programme contemplated in the prospectus issued in March 1986 has been completed by Vansa. The results warrant that the next stage of exploration drilling should be embarked on. To this end the rights to platinum group metals, and certain other metals and minerals found in mineralogical association therewith, otly held by Vansa in respect of Kennedy's Vale, will be transferred to its wholly-owned subsidiary. Rhodium Reefs Limited ("Rhodium"), in exchange for preference shares in Rhodium. These rights apply to the Merensky reef, the UG2 reef and any other platinum horizon on the farm. The rights to chrome in the UGZ reef, will also he for the benefit of

All other rights to metals and minerals on Kennedy's Vale will be retained.

A 50 per cent interest will be acquired by Rand Mines in the ordinary issued capital of Rhodium in exchange for the completion by Rand Mines of a prospecting programme and feasibility study to determine the economic

Listing of new shares in Vance. An application will be made for the new ordinary shares to be issued and An apparation will be made like the new distinct yenters to be assumed that allotted by Vensa and, if required, the Vansa "A" options to be listed on the ISE.

General meeting of Van

Rand Mines Limited DT WATT, Chairman

15th Floor, The Corner House, 63 Fox Street, Johannesburg 2001 (P O Box 62370 Marshalltown 2107)

Vanca Vanadiam S.A. Limited DC MARSHALL, Chairman

1st Floor, Apex House, 58 Marshaft Street, Johannesburg 2001

JOHANNESBURG

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WORLD TRADE NEWS

Kraftwerk beats rivals in bid for Egypt's N-plant

KRAFTWERK UNION of West Germany is expected to receive mittee, relying in part on a resoon a letter of intent from Egypt opening the way for construction of a nuclear power plant, valued at about \$1.6bn (£1.08bn).

The choice of KWU as tha successful tenderer after a pro-tracted bidding phase does not, however, mean that Egypt is absolutely committed to pro-ceeding with the project. Egypt's financial difficulties may in the end force an

indefinite deferral. KWU emerged the winner in e final bidding session held earlier this week in Cairo. Its main challenger was a con-sortium led by Westinghouse of the US, which could not

match KWU's tild. The difference between tha KWU and Westinghouse offers was between \$100m and \$200m. A third contender, Framatoma of France, did not participata

in the final bidding session. KWU has, for more than a year, been tha front runner for the contract to build the Arab world's first functioning nuclear power plant. But a final decision has been repeatedly

A technical evaluation comport of the Swiss consultants Moto Columbus, last year recommended KWU for the 1,000 MW plant to be located 160 km west of Alexandria on the Mediterranean coast, but a ministerial committee was unable to make a final decision.

Hermes, the West Germa credit agency, supported KWU's bid, offering a DM 2bn credit facility. Exim Bank of the US provided \$300m backing for the Westinghouse bid.

Egypt says it has earmarked a special \$700m fund for con-struction of the El Dabaa plant, but doubts persist as to whether such funds are available.

Egypt is facing increasing problems servicing its \$38.5hn foreign debt. The IMF, in a recent report, noted a worrying build-up of arrears on debt service payments. vice payments.

Egypt's nuclear programme, which had envisaged the construction of eight units by the year 2005 at an estimated cost of \$36bn, was impossibly ambitious. Even if Egypt goes ahead with the El Dabba project, tha power station would not be in service before the mid 1990s.

Philippine nuclear plant to make way for coal power

plant at a cost of about \$300m (£204m) to replace e completed nuclear plant which the govern-tends to pursue in the next few ment of President Corazon years at e total cost of more Aquino has decided to dis-

Westinghouse of the US to provide 600 MW of electricity.

National Power said it has received offers from international companies to build the ernment of former President and the translational companies to build the ernment of former President and the translational companies to build the ernment of former President and the translational companies to build the ernment of former President and the translational companies are translational companies and the translational companies and the translational companies and the translational companies are translational companies and the translational companies and the translational companies and the translational companies are translational companies and translational companies are translational companies and translational companies are translational companies and translational companies are translational companies are translational companies and translational companies are translational companies and translational companies are tran coal thermal plant which will Ferdinand Marcos. The accusa-be located south of Manila. tion, which has been denied by Among those which offered to Westinghouse, has yet to be undertake the project on a turn-fully "substantiated.

THE state enterprise National key basis were Bechtel Corpor-Power Corporation is to build a ation, Mitsui and Mitsubishi. conventional coal-fired electric The planned generating plant is among six major energy pro-jects which National Power in-

The Aquino Government plans The nuclear power plant to sell key components of the which was completed last year at nuclear plant to raise financing a cost of about \$2.1bn was conto pay off an estimated \$1.7bn

Canada-US free trade talks under veto threat

By Bernard Simon in Toronto THE Canadian Provinces of Ontario and Quebec have edded a serious complication to US-Canada free-trade talks by asserting a right to veto any agreement between the two

governments.

The premiers of Canada's two most industrialised provinces made their demand as the two free-trade negotiating teams prepared to meet in Washington yesterday for the final three-day session in the first phase of the negotiations, which began last May.

The four meetings held so far have centred on subjects to be included in the negotiations and the identification of barriers to bilateral trade. An official of

bilateral trade. An official of the Canadian Trade Negotia-tions office in Ottawa said yesterday that some of the areas to be discussed will include customs procedures, govern-ment procurement policies, ment procurement policies, subsidies, trade in services end

Snorthes, trade in Schrift and Safeguards.

The demand by Ontario and Quebec for a veto follows several meetings between Prime Minister Brian Mulroney and premiers of Canada'e 10 provinces to clarify the provinces' role in the talks. Ottawa has so far promised only to consult the provinces throughout the provinces.

negotiations.

Although the federal government has an undisputed constitutional right to negotiate foreign treaties, many aspects of Canada's international trade fall within provincial jurisdiction. The provinces themselves

right, once negotiations are concluded, to make a final evaluation in light of our funda mental interests, and to grant or refuse our approval." His Ontario counterpart Mr David Peterson Bourassa's views.

Both Ontario and Quebec hava expressed reservations about free trade, reflecting fears that many industries in the two provinces will be unable to com-pete with lower-cost US manu-

Patrick Cockburn in Moscow on the shake-up of foreign trade

Soviet plan to boost joint ventures

decision to end the Foreign Trade Ministry's monopoly control over exports and imports, announce this week it is to make it easier to set up joint ventures with Western com-

In the biggest shake-up in the organisation of Soviet commerce since the 1920s, the new Exports decree gives some 21 ministries and 67 state enterprises the right from the beginning of 1987 to import and export on their own account ontside the control of the Ministry. Soviet foreign trade, worth a total of \$600n last year, consists largely of the export of raw materials such as oil, oil

products and gas and the import of machinery and grain. Soviet manufactured exports, apart from arms, are very limited. The weakness of the Soviet trading position has been underlined by the fall in tha price of oil and a steep decline in the Soviet terms of trade. Its exports are largely denominated in dollars and imports in West European currencies. It now takes five times the amount of Soviet circle to have one West Soviet crude to buy one West German machine tool as it did

Under the new decree it is hoped that manufactured exports by those industrial ministries considered to have export potential will be increased. These 21 ministries, out of a total of about 60, will be given priority in allocation of foreign exchange if the equipment purchased can be used to increase exports or used to increase exports or substitute for imports

when the price of oil was at its

fall within provincial jurisdiction. The provinces themselves The reorganisation will initiative a number of restrictive devices favouring local producers.

Quebec's premier Mr Robert
Bourassa said in Toronto that the province "reserves the right, once negotiations are continue to handle the import contended, to make a final of new plant requiring major. of new plant requiring major

EEC, Comecon talks break up

The EEC and the Soviet-led Comecon trading block e-ded secret talks yesterday on ways to establish formal relations. They are considering holding a facturers.

Mr Bourassa said while EEC statament, AP reports

Quebec supports free trade in from Geneva.

The three-day discussions the Gulf War began in 198 principle, it wants adjustment programmes, transition periods and provisions to protect domestic jobs against. a surge focussed on a draft joint in imports from tha US.

The three-day discussions Last year Turkish exports Tran were worth \$1,078m, which is the focus of the control of t

SOVIET FOREIGN TRADE PERFORMANCE January-June 1986 Trade turnover
All countries
Socialist (1st half) 34.2 21.5 12.7 14.5 22.4-22.6 10.2-11.4

* Plan Econ estimate based ee officially reported 4 per cent drop in total trade turnover to R67bn, a level of exports of R34bn as reported in the Soviet press, and official foreign trade performance during the first quarter 1984, as reported in * Foreign Trade."

foreign investment and the imports of Soviet ministries which only occasionally need to buy goods from abroad. Under a new organisation, called the State Foreign Economic Commission of the Council of Ministries will be able to establish direct links with foreign suppliers for imports of equipment.

They will be able to arrange compensation deals and use 90 per cent of their hard curreency export earnings to import equip-ment to increase production capacity for home or foreign markets. The Government will take 10 per cent of their hard currency earnings in tax. In the past Soviet enterprises, even where they produce a pro-

even where they produce a pro-duct with export potential, have seen little benefit in exporting since they received no benefits thtemselves and had to produce better quality goods. The Vaz car plant at Togliatti is one of the few Soviet enterprises to sell manufactured exports requiring major capital invest-

FURKEY has agreed to buy np

from Iran in an attempt to boost

trade between the two countries

Turkey has been one of tha chief suppliers of Iran since

the Gulf War began in 1980. Last year Turkish exports to Iran were worth \$1,078m, while Iran's exports to Turkey, mostly

to \$2.2bn his year.

directly in foreign markets.

The enterprises will still have

to receive authorisation from the Foreign Trade Bank (FTB), where hard currency deposits must be made, but the bank will open branches all over tha Soviet Union. Final say by the bank allows the state still to have final control over spend-ing and imports. Tha FTB is a powerful institution which should allow Moscow to avoid

in Poland in the 1970s and China in the 1980s.
Enterprises will have access to foreign currency which they have earned themselves or which will be advanced in the form of a four-war hard currency. form of a four-year hard cur-rency loan by the bank, to ba repaid out of export earnings. At the moment, the Foreign Trade Ministry exercises its monopoly over commerce through a large number of

minibuses and buses to Turkey are currently being studied by government firms. If the deal goes ahead, the Iranian buses

Turkey to increase trade with Iran

to \$500m of non-oil products Turkey earlier this year that as Benz, from Iran in an attempt to boost a resulto f the fall in crude oil Turkey earlier this year that as Benz, from Iran in an attempt to boost a resulto f the fall in crude oil

ministries already have import and export departments but in the past the final say was always with the organisations. The Soviet Union also intends to decentralise its external com-

merce to make it easier to set up joint ventures with Western companies, say Western diplomats in Moscow. This idea emerged earlier this year but wes never spelled out. It now appears that the Soviet Union wants to promote joint in-

vestment on a 51 per cent Soviet 49 per cent Western basis. These companies will be able to repatriate profits, control the prices of their own products and not be subject to any control by the state planning organisation

Joint venture companies will also allow the foreign partner to have a say in management and quality control. In the past the Soviet side refused Japa-nese companies the right to appoint their own quality con-trol manager in joint venture projects, which as a result did not get off the ground. not get off the ground. Soviet officials, aware of their

lack of marketing organisations, are clearly conscious that they need Western marketing net-

The new state committee will also try to promote Soviet and Western supply of plant to third countries. This may prove attractive to companies wanting at do business in countries such as Libya or Iraq which have close links to the Soviet Union. Foreign companies have so far proved cautious about the idea of joint ventures. But the decentralisation of the powers of the Ministry of Foreign Trade, combined with a campaign region of communication within paign against corruption within the foreign trade organisation is disrupting traditional links foreign trade organisations, between suppliers and clients, some of which will now be This will probably lead to split up and their different departments hived off to the translations and their different tive suppliers.

Turkey proposes to export

and pulp. Iran's non-oil products in

Finland gloomy on exports to Moscow

By OM V. Virtanen in Helsinki

FINLAND EXPECTS exports to the Soviet Union to decline by e fifth in 1987 because of the low value of oil imports in the barter trade between the two countries.

Trade with the West, however, is expected to grow by 5 per cent, leav-ing Finland with a decline of 0.5 per cent in visible exports, compared with 1986.

The estimates are contained in the Government's budget proposal presented to Parliament this week. Officials at the Ministry of Finance concede, however, that the 20 per cent decline in trade with the Soviet Union may be optimistic. Some estimates put the figure at around 40 per cent.

Finland's top export performer is expected to be the forest industry while metal, textiles and food indu tries are projected to lose ground in Western markets.

Overall, imports are expected to grow by 1.5 per cent with Finland's trade balance declining to FM 6.5bn (\$1.3bn). The balance of payment deficit, however, will grow from FM 1.2bn to FM 1.7bn next year.

Finnish trade officials are in Mosco this week where they face their

their Soviet counterparts. The reason for the bleak prospects is the effect of the declining between the two countries which stipulates that exports will be bal-

Westinghouse in French venture

enced by imports.

WESTINGHOUSE Electric Corp. has reached a deal with French computer firm Industrie et Technologie de la Machine Intelligente (ITMI) giving Westinghouse im-proved access to the French mar-ket, Mr Jean-Claude Latombe,

ITMI president, said yesterday. The financial, technical and commercial accord will co-ordinate research and sales activities and give Westinghouse a 16.8 per cent stake in ITMI and a 4.7 per cent stake in ITMI's US subsidiary Semiotics.

ITMI, based near Grenoble, was set up in 1962 and expects a turn-over this year of FFr 20m (\$3m).

Impala Platinum Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Registration No. 57/01979/06

				•
			1985/6	1984/5
			Rn	nillion
Consolidated	Profit for year		290.3	234.2
		e consideration	192.7	144.4
Dividends pai			77.8	77.8
	pershare		135 cents	135 cents

EXTRACTS FROM THE STATEMENT BY THE CHAIRMAN, Mr. C. R. NETSCHER

M.

World demand for platinum was maintained at the high level of the previous financial year. Industrial consumption grew in line with the economies of the major markets, but this improvement, together with increased demand for bullion coins and miniingots, was largely off-set by adjustments to dealer and industry inventories.

Consequently, the share of total platinum demand taken by the investment sector reduced,

while that accounted for by industrial consumption increased due mainly to growth in the requirements of the automobila and jewellery industries. The London dealer price for platinum improved dramatically, rising from US\$269 in July 1985 to US\$432 in June of this year. Whila the decline in the

value of the dollar with respect to other major currencies has contributed to the strengthening in the platinum price, it is significant that a more favourable perception of the metal's market fundamentals and strategic value has allowed a premium over the price of gold to develop. The platinum market in the USA firmed during

the year, due almost entirely to the higher level of purchases by the automobile industry. Consumption of metal in Japanese industry has remained strong and a decline in imports largely reflected destocking and liquidation of investment holdings which have been used to supply industrial needs.

World supplies of platinum rose marginally in spite of the nagative influence of the Impala strike in January 1986. The growth is chiefly attributable to an increase in secondary production from the refining of scrap.

OPERATIONS

The programme for shaft sinking and the elimination of process constraints to improve operating efficiencies continued. Capital expenditure at R110 million was lower than forecast, whilst for the current year, it is expected to be of the order of R130 to R140 million.

Remanning following the strike was successfully completed by mid February and mine production returned to pre-strike levels early in May.

SAFETY In the 1985 Chamber of Mines safety awards for platinum mines, Wildebeestfontein North Mine won the Lynne van den Bosch trophy for the lowest fatality rate for underground and surface employees. The Bafokeng North, Bafokeng South and Wildebeestfontein North mines retained their five-star ratings in the International Safety Rating Scheme for mines, as did Mineral Processes.

In the USA an economic slowdown appears likely and is expected to reduce consumer spending on durables, which could in turn adversely influence platinum consumption in the automobile and electronics industries.

The dramatic strengthening of the yen, against the dollar, is likely to inhibit export-led growth in Japan. In addition, the higher platinum price relative to gold will begin to work through to the retail level in the jewellery industry, and the volume of metal consumed is therefore likely to remain fairly constant.

When considering the probable platinum price trend, conflicting influences are apparent. The oil price appears set to remain low for soma months at least and this, together with low inflation levels in the major world economies, could well exert a restraining influence on the price as appears to have been the case with gold in the early months of

However, in the short-term at least, economic and political pressures on South Africa are likely to increase fears regarding the availability of metal. These considerations are therefore expected to strengthen the market price and encourage investment in platinum in the first half of the 1986/87

The long-term outlook for platinum demand, despite the current political and economic vagaries, remains encouraging for the automobile and jewellery sectors in which the company has a significant share of the markets.

Johannesburg, 9 September 1986

Copies of the Annual Report including the full Chairman's Statement may be obtained from the London Transfer Secretaries, 6 Greencoat Place, London SWIP 1PL



Iran is believed to have told local subsidiary of Mercedes

prices, Turkey would have to \$300m worth of plastics and buy substantial quantities of chemicals, \$215m of machinery non-oil products or products for and spare parts, \$200m of iron re-export.

re-export. and steel (conditional on some Proposals by Iran to sell re-exports), and \$30m of paper

government firms. If the deal clude \$83m of unspecified mingoes ahead, the Iranian buses ing products, \$67m of textiles, firm, probably Otomarsan, the \$114m for trucks and buses; and \$42m of leather goods.

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The ubiquitous Elf Aquitaine.

Austin Rover is still languishing in car market

BY KENNETH GOODING. MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT

Consumer groups seek

action on EEC rulings

MR GRAHAM DAY, chairman and formerly BL, today will announce who ran the car civision, the half-year results, knowing that David Andrews, responsible for commercial vehicles, have already sidiary, so far has made no recovery from its recent poor showing in the UK car market.

In the first 20 days of September, Austin Rover's share languished at 14.6 per cent, down from 16 per cent in August and well below the 18 per

Rover already has revealed to the mions, when pay talks started re-cently, that Austin Rover suffered an operating loss of about £60m in the first half of this year, compared with a £600,000 profit in the same months of 1985

Some observers estimate Austin Rover's full-year operating loss could be about £90m, and there is erable speculation about possible further management changes now that Mr Day, who joined from British Shipbuilders in May, has

BY LYNTON McLAIN

EUROPEAN consumer organisa-tions are to meet Mr Michael How-

ard, president of the council of min-

isters for consumer affairs, at the

European Community today to

press for action on common EEC

consumer policies. Mr Howard is

the UK minister for corporate and

In a letter setting out its objec-

nisations in member states of

tives, the consortium of consume

the European Community, told Mr Howard that it was "essential to es-

tablish what are the European con-

sumer protection measures neces-

sary to achieve the commission's

ambitious aim of a common without frontiers by 1992."

The two former Rover Group exchief executive of the Rover Group, ecutive directors, Mr Ray Horrocks,

> Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders statistics show that total car sales have fallen sharply this month following the record August. After 20 days of September regis-trations were 11 per cent below those for the same period last year

> Ford, which claimed that it was short of some popular models to Au-gust, continued to increase its mar-ket leadership with a 28.8 per cent in the first 20 days of September compared with 28.5 per cent for last

General Motors, the Vauxhall-Op-el group, has also suffered a sharp setback in market share this month and after 20 days accounted for 12.6 per cent of total car sales compared with 14.6 per cent in August and 16.6 per cent for 1985.

council meeting on October 29, un-der the presidency of Mr Howard,

to take decisions on protecting con-

sumers over credit issues. The con-

sumer organisations want the com-

mission to be given "a clear man-date and timetable to come forward

with a follow-up directive on the an-nual precentage rate." This would

allow consumers to compare differ-

ent credit offers and would discon-

rage indebtedness

Worries grow over removal of the oil revenue cushion

LAST MONTH'S dramatic rise in Britain's trade and current account Philip Stephens reports on deficits may prove to be one of bedevil all economic data, but there is no escaping the underlying deterioration in the trade position over

the last year.

Part of that is a straightforward reflection of the halving of the oil price which drastically reduced export revenues from the North Sea. The surplus on oil trade totalled £771m in the three months to August, down from just over £2bn in the same period in 1985.

There are also distinct signs, however, of more fundamental problems. One of the best guides to the underlying trend is found in the Department of Trade and Industry's volume indices for exports and imports, which strip out the distortions on the value of trade flows

caused by exchange-rate move-ments and price changes. The export index stood at an average of 118.5 in 1985 (1980=100). For the latest three months, June to August, the index averaged 121.5. That means the volume of exports has risen by around 2.5 per cent in the latest three months compared trends in trade behind Britain's worst balance of payment figures

with the average for last year. Given the sluggish pace of world trade, that in itself is not alarming. but the contrast with the trend in imports is startling. The import index averaged 125.8 (1980–100) in 1985. Between June and August this year the average was 135.3, show-ing the volume of imports rising by 7.5 per cent, three times faster than

The clear implication is that the rapid growth in the real incomes of those in work in Britain and the consequent strength of consumer spending is being capitalised on by overseas producers, not by British There are some more hopeful

signs for the future. The traditional lags before trade volumes adjust to exchange-rate changes suggest that British exporters have still to feel the benefit of sterling's sharp de-

trade in coming months should thus
put British exporters in a good position to capitalise on the increased
competitiveness resulting from
sterling's fall.

A lower exchange rate will also boost the sterling value of income from Britain's overseas assets, suggesting that the current official "guestimate" of a 2500m monthly surplus on invisible transaction may understate the real position. Simulations by the Treasury and Bank of England suggest that over time these factors will offset the im-

pact of declining oil revenues.

There is none the less consider able unease among economists that the removal of the cushion provided over the last five years by ever-ris ing oil export revenues could signal the return of the "external con-straint" which dogged British eco-nomic policy during most of the 1960s and 1970s.

The National Institute for Eco nomic and Social Research, among the most pessimistic of forecasters is suggesting that the £3bn curren account surpluses typical of the past few years could be translated into a £8bn deficit in 1987.

Max Wilkinson on a report urging efficiency

Call to ensure energy supplies

ordinated policy for ensuring its future energy supplies, says a report published yesterday by the Insti-tute of Energy, the professional body for engineers in the energy

The report, produced by a group led by Professor Ian Fells, professor of energy at Newcastle University, suggests in particular that more emphasis should be put on energy saving and increased efficiency.

It says that the latest technology could be applied to produce considerable savings. In domestic and institutional buildings, improved insulation could reduce fuel consumption by up to 50 per cent.

The group also advocates a change of policy to encourage more use of public transport in urban areas, by legislation or changes to The consumer organisations also have long-term aims including legislation on product safety, the protection of consumer interests against unfair commercial practices the tax system. In the longer term it and a request that consumer interests be taken into account in other suggests that town cars will need to run on batteries or hybrid small engine and battery systems.

Although the UK Energy Effica-cy Office at the Department of En-ergy tries to identify the most promising opportunities for sav-ings, regulations may be needed to set minimum energy-saving stan-dards for buildings and machinery, the report says.

The report also suggests the need for an overview of investment priorities in different energy sectors. Oil and gas exploration and recovery, coal mines, electricity generation plant, transport and transmission could all produce greater energy efficiency. It says that governments in most countries have intervened to promote and co-ordinate invest-ment in energy, and this should similarly be a feature of UK energy policy.

38 years.

Energy for the Future, 1986, from the Institute of Energy, 18 Devon-shire St. London, WIN 2AU, price

On a global scale the report says £25.

Mining and Manufacturing Output and Shipments

However, it says: "A policy to use energy more efficiently cannot rely better than they did in 1972, when solely on self-discipline, or the pressure of costs."

Although the UK Energy Effication of the produced its last report. In 1971 oil reserves were expected to last for between 18 and 18 pages. years, but present projects suggest a life of 30 to 32 years for conventional oil reserves. Taking all future reserves into account, oil could be expected to last for 116 years. This uld be extended to a maximum of 446 years if expensive oil from tar sand and shale rock was added.

The report says the world's known coal reserves will last for between 120 and 160 years at expected rates of consumption. However, if future reserves, including lignite or "brown coal," were included, the life of the reserves might be 2,500 years. Present reserves of uranium, however, would last for only about

Labour 'out of step' with tax proposals

CONSERVATIVES stepped up their attacks on Labour policies yesterday in the run-up to next week's Labour Party conference in Blackpool, John Hunt writes. Mr Nigel Lawson, Chancellor of

the Exchequer, singled out Labour's taxation proposals and repeated his claim that they would mean a 70 tax for well over 1m people.

The Government's policy was clear, he said. It wanted to see lowwas shared by governments in many other industrialised countries. Over the past few months the US, France and Germany had all announced plans to reduce income tax. In Britain, however, opposition parties "resolutely march in the opparties resonancy march in the op-posite direction vying with each other over who would increase taxes most, be said.

He said that, if Mr Roy Hatters-

ley, Labour's shadow Chancellor, was able to raise his projected £3.6bn, it would affect many families well below the top 5 per cent of taxpayers and would still cover only a small fraction of Labour's public

Liberal assembly report, Page 7 ☐ SIX charges of theft: totalling about €2,500 against a former assistant manager in the banking de-partment of Johnson Matthey Bankers, which collapsed in Octo-ber 1984, were only sample or hold-ing charges, Guildhall magistrates in the City of London were told. Mr Michael Flawa was remanded

ber 3. Reporting restrictions we ☐ SIR MICHAEL HAVERS, the Attorney-General (Government's se-nior legal offic er), announced that be would stand down as MP for the London constituency of Wimbledon at the next general election - a decision that immediately led to strong speculation that he would be the next Lord Chancellor, the legal minister who presides over the Hous

of Lords and senior courts. I MR NICHOLAS HORSLKY is to give up his post as chairman of Northern Foods and hand over the top seat on the board to Mr Christoph Haskins, group chief executive. Mr Horsley said health problems had affected his mobility and he also had an extra workload as a result of his appointment last April as chairman of the newspaper, News on

D BRITAIN'S 126,000 coal miner last week achieved a new productiv ity record by producing 3.34 tonnes per manshift, British Coal said. The new peak was achieved despite an overtime ban in the south Wales

☐ NEWS INTERNATIONAL is urging sacked printworkers to accept its package aimed at settling the eight-month-old dispute at Wapping, east London, and to "put the strike behind them."

☐ HALIFAX Building Society revealed plans to establish a national estate agency chain. Its first acquisition is the north of England firm

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Lower commodity prices the key to expansion of domestic demand

The Economic Planning Agency has announced its White Paper on Economy for Fiscal 1986 entitled "the Japa-nese Economy in Search of International Harmony," the 40th issue since the first White Paper came out in fiscal 1947. To start, the White Paper de-fines fiscal 1965 as a year that saw tundamental, optimistic changes in the world economie ment, in other words, an end to the era of the strong dollar, high interest rates, and expensive crude oil and primary products that have creat-ed distortions in the world

The White Paper predicts that these changes will most likely promote a transforma-tion of Japan's industrial structure dependent ou external de-mand and thus help reduce Japan's trade surplus. At the same time, the paper stresses the need to expand domestic mand to promote growth of

the Japanese economy.

The White Paper refers to the buildup of good-quality social stocks as main growth seg-ments of domestic demand. Specifically, it eites: 1) invest-ment in housing and infrastructure: 2) development of hu resources, such as technologi-cal knowledge and human abilities: and 31 incresse in external financial assets.

In conclusion, the paper says that, with the Japanese people's high level of lalent and Japan's greatly improved national power, the Japanese will be able to transform its structure althou must undergo the painful aspects of friction and burden. The White Paper thus welcomes the ongoing changes in the world economic environ-

ent — the dollar's decline, easing of interest rales and falling oil and primary products' prices. It adds that these changes will serve to promote Japan's structural changes and direct its economy toward new mony in the mechani and long

optimistic analysis, Japan has immediate problems to tackle — the "friction and burden" brought about by the yen's rise.

Ballooning trade surplus While the U.S. economy was cial discount rate was reduced unifaterally on July 11. Due to this situation, the yen has been under buying pressure and broke the ¥153 to the dollar

barrier on August 4.
Despite the yen's ascent, Japan's current-account halance showed a record surplus of \$33.8 billion in the first half of 1986, about 80 per cent larger than the \$20.1 billion surplus in corresponding period of

The tactors behind the bal-

looning surplus were: 1) the value of dollar-based exports grew 19.2 per cent during the first half due to the J-curve effect although the volume of exports declined; 2) the value exports decimed; 27 the value of dollar-based imports showed a limited increase of 8.8 per cent due to a fall in crude oil prices til the price of crude oil had been unchanged from a year earlier, imports would have been \$4.6 billion larger or would have posted a rise of 9.3 per cent); and 3; stepped-up investment in toreign securities served to reduce the deficit in the invisible trade balance by increasing interest and divi-dend income.

Japan is expected to keep running huge surpluses in its current-account balance for a while on the grounds that a sharp rebound in the crude-oil market is unlikely and that, with the yen still appreciating, the J-curve effect will continue in force. Furthermore, the yen's climb may gather further momentum due to these

Declining export volume While dollar-based exports are swelling, export volume ved a year-to-year drop of 0.7 per cent in the second marter of 1986 after leveling off During the first half of 1986, the sluggish U.S. economy as well as the impact of the soar-ing yen slackened exports to the U.S. in volume terms. Shipments to China also plummeted in volume because China im-plemented import restrictions to reduce its trade deficit and prevent its foreign-currency re-

serves from decreasing. By contrast, shipments to Europe, in particular the European Community, are still growing as the yen has not ap-preciated against European currencies as much as the dollar. There is a possibility that Japao's trade relations

Sluggish output The export slowdown has become a drag on mining and manufacturing output and ship-

output in the second quarter of 1986 slipped 0.6 per cent from a year earlier, a swing from a 1.3 per cent rise in the first quarter. This was the first time since the first quarter of 1983 that quarterly output tell below the year-earlier level. The decline in industrial output was also estimated at

ne 2 per cent for both July and August.
Producers' shipments in the second quarter also posted a year-to-year fall of 0.3 per cent after the first quarter's rise of

Export shipments shrank ost notably during the first half of the year. Meanwhile, domestic shipments became sluggish since the export slow down was believed to have todirectly discouraged exportoriented firms from incres capital investment. It can be said that the slower export growth had a great influence over Japan's mining and industrial production activities, both directly and indirectly.

Keys to growth

Domestic demand is expected to replace exports as the

Despite the White Paper's in the first quarter. London Branch: 4th & 5th Ficors, P&O Bidg., Leadenhall Street, London EC3V 4PA, England Tel. (11-283-0929 Subsidiery in London: Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited, Garden House, 18 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 78P, England Tel. 01-920-0181 Associated Companies in London: Associated

Japanese Bank (International) Ltd., European Brazilian Bank Ltd., International Mexican Bank Ltd. ecucho 1-chome Chyoda-ku, Tokyo 100, Japan Tel. (03) 596-1111 Bra Head Office: 1-5, Uchispeducin 1-chighe Uniyoda-ku, Johya 181, (03) 956-111 Brandone and Agency in: Now York, Los Angres, Chuago Parama, Discolácid, Tapes, Secul, Singdoche, Hong King Représentative Offices de Houston, San Francisco, Asanta, Torosto São Paulo, Natico Cay, Caracas, Buenos Aince, Frankfur, Para, Madrid, Stockholm, Milano, Bahrain, Jakeria, Nusle Lumpur, Bangkok, Beying Shanghai, Guangshou, Daken, Sydnoy, Melbourne Sebaldiaries in: Los Angeles, Torosto, Amsterdam, Zürich, Hong Kong, Sydnoy Associated Companies In: São Paulo, Hong Kong, Bangkok, Singapore, Kuala Lumpur, Jakarta, Brunei

Output Export shipments Domestic Shipmonts

major force behind Japan's economic growth. Let us ex-amine the growth of personal consumption, the main pillar of domestic demand.

Households' real consump tion expenditures inched up 8.3 per cent in April from a year earlier and another 1.5 per cent in May, a slight recovery from the 0.2 per cent decline in the first quarter of 1986. However, personal con-sumption seems to remain

weak. First, this year's spring wage negotiations resulted in a small pay hike of 4.6 per cent and summer bonuses produced a limited rise of 2.1 per cent, with overtime work decreasing. In addition, regular employment growth is declin-

is likely to remain slow, lowering of the general price level will be necessary to expand personal consumption in real

At present, prices are quite sale prices of imported goods are declining sharply due to cheaper crude oil and the rising yea, wholesale prices of domestic goods and consumer prices have yet to fall by that much. According to the report announced in July by the Economic Planning Agency, the manufacturing sector's input price index, a measure of materials costs, is plummeting, but the same sector's output price index, a barometer of

The report points out that the efits of the yen's rise have not yet been fully passed on to the economy partly because the market mechaoism does not work in some cases.

manufactured goods prices, is showing a relatively small de-

It should be concluded that Japan's most important task now is to encourage lower commodity prices, one of the great advantages of the strong yen and thereby boost personal consumption and other domestic demand segments, which will offset the negative impact of the mighty yen.

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Steel accelerates bid to repair split on defence

MER DAVID STEEL, the Libert ledder, yesterday won the backing of his MPs and parliamentary candferroe policy with the Social Demo-cratic Party (SDP). This followed the highly damaging rebuff to Mr. Steel on Tuesday when the Liberal assembly in Eastbourne narrowly soted against a possible British/ French nuclear deterrent after Po-

There was yesterday considerable backbiting at all levels of the Alliance as Liberal MPs and delegates realised the possibly serious impact of the vote electorally. They fear that it will provide consider-able summunition for the Tories and Labour by focusing on Alliance divi-sions which will be underlined again today when the Liberals take different view from the SDP on

civil nuclear power.

Mr Mike Thomas, the former SDP MP who is close to Dr David Owen, the party leader, yesterday annoyed many Liberals by describ-ing the assembly as "a ramshackle

Mr Steel himself immediately counter-attacked, starting at a heat-ed late night meeting of MPs when he urged greater self discipline. He made it plain in interviews yester-



day that, given a majority of only 27 votes out of 1,300 cast, he would caritiative with Dr Owen to explore the possibility of a joint European m-

Mr Steel has decided to rewrite his closing speech tomorrow to con-centrate on defence. He has already talked to Dr Owen ahead of a joint television interview tonight.
The two leaders are aware of the tight timetable ahead of a general election and want decisions to be accelerated if possible. After Mr Steel visits West Germany next week planned, and the two parties' policy committees will hold joint discussions.

would be put to a meeting of all per-liamentary candidates for approval in December or January, and last night, the Liberal Parliamentary

for London at the end of January. The main worry of Alliance lead-ers is over the presentation of Tuesday's vote since they believe that there are ambiguities in the amended motion which might allow entual agreement. They point out ain's contribution to Eu

Some Liberal MPs and promi-ment activists have criticised Mr Steel for rushing into the British/ French plan against advice and solving, is a long-standing differ-without adequate consultation. At a fringe meeting tonight Mr Steel is expected to be criticised for being out of touch as a result of having too limited a circle of advisors. ing too limited a circle of advisers.

SDP and Liberal leaders last night sought to limit the political damage. Mr Jim Wellace, the par-ty's defence spokesman, said that the Liberals remained opposed to unilateralism and were agreed on most defence policy with the SDP.

Alliance dream becomes a nightmare

THE ALLIANCES nightmare has occurred. The attempt by Mr David Steel and Dr David Owen to resolve erals and the Social Democrati Party (SDP) over nuclear defence through a British/French initiative

has been unravelled, but not neces-sarily irretrievably. dates, suggested a joint meeting of delegates discovered to their surpolicy could be ratified at a large rally of Alliance supporters planned for London at the end of January. There is no doubt about the im-MP's had already faced up to the implications at a heated late-night

In retrospect, there are plenty of obvious reasons why the Liberal as-sembly narrowly voted to insist up-on a non-nuclear future for Britthat both parties have accepted a fence. This reflected past mismderjoint commission report which leaves open the possible replacement of Polaris.

aris contribution to European defence. This reflected past mismderstandings, mistrust between leaders and the introspection of party
activists.

> will continue - to be aimed at replacement of Polaris, while the SDP believes that, unless there is a major change in international arms talks, Britain should remain a nuclear power and should be prepared to replace Polaris.

ences the two leaders set up in 1984 their interest in increasing nuclear a joint commission of politicians co-operation with Britain and experts to consider defence and Proposals were then floated for, and experts to consider defence and disarmament as a whole. In a care-inly balanced compromise the report recommended that Polaris and refitting of existing submarines and on targeting and, second, the need not be replaced now, and no decision on whether and, if so how, British nuclear weapons ahould be maintained beyond Polaris can properly be made except in the light of certain important criteria.

mise would be acceptable to both

Peter Riddell explains how party hopes of defence unity came unstuck

properly be made except in use ugas of certain important criteria."

These included the progress of arms talks, the balance of relations ed by the two leaders, was presented as an alternative to an independent of the progress of arms talks, the balance of relations ed as an alternative to an independent of the progress of the progre intain a minimum European de- er with Dr Owen's eventual en-

Liberal Party assembly

Initially, Dr Owen felt the word-ing was not sufficiently clear-cut, and he reacted to an accidental end partial leak by Mr Steel by distan-cing himself from the commission's

ing himself from the commission's duly backed the plan, both because sport.

This provoked bitter clashes not ance unity and because SDP delonly with the Liberals but also with- egates thought there had been no only with the Liberals but also within the SDP leadership. However, tempers cooled after the holidays with other Alliance leaders regarding Dr Owen as more reasonable.

The two leaders sought a solution through talks with European leaders. This led to the now famous visit that fewer than 1,300 out of over 1 200 vaccitated delegates world on

to Paris earlier this month when French politicians of all parties as-1,800 registered delegates voted on sured Mr Steel and Dr Owen of The as

about the SDP. Despite Dr Owen's conciliatory speech on Monday about disarmament, many activists resented the Alliance leaders pushing the British/French initiative without adequate consultation or

discussion. They also felt the plan itself was flawed.

Moreover, Liberal delegates tend to be introspective, and on Tuesday virtually no one mentioned the wider political impact of being seen to divide the Alliance and rebuff Mr Steel. That only sunk in to many yesterday. The debate was also swayed by emotional anti-nuclear speeches with generally poor per-formances on the leadership's side.

ed, can be seen as ambiguous and has been seen so since the vote by Mr Steel. He has argued that the proposers of the amendment did not preclude discussions with the French on current weapons while they also accepted that they could not get all of what they wanted in any joint Alliance programme. However, both the amendment and below the replacement of the present Polaris system even if they do not rule out short-term talks.

Hence, the net result of the speeches clear the recent low point of 25 per cent, thus negating the normal boost expected after the conferences.

The longer-term quantities.

ties. With a general election in sight doubt be agreed, but there are plenty of hurdles ahead to be overcome.

ALLIANCE DEFENCE AGREEMENT: membership of Nato, continuing US bases in the

UK, cancellation of Trident, inclusion of Polaris in arms control talks and reduction in battlefield nuclear weapons. DISAGREEMENT: majority believes Britain will probably have to remain a nuclear power be-

yond Polaris in foreseeable circumstances. Liberal assembly, though not leadership, believes Polaris should not be replaced whan obsolete and does not want a new European nuclear system.

The fear of Alliance strategists is the immediate result will be to push

o not rule out short-term talks.

The longer-term question, which thence, the net result of the two the other parties were not allowing conferences is to reaffirm the long-the Alliance to forget, is that there standing approaches of the two par-are two fundamentally different views about British nuclear weapsome form of compromise will no ons within the Alliance and that on-

Amari provides boost for metal exchange

BY STEFAN WAGSTYL

The Control of the

gen te

dr

Amari is buying the metal trad-ing business of Boustead group, an hit the LME in the wake of the tin ernational trader which owns an crisis. LME seat. Mr Michael Brown, LME chief executive, yesterday said: "We are absolutely thrilled that we can sicome a company of the stature of Amari at this difficult time."

to join the LME since Shearson. the American Express financial ser-pre-tax last year on turnover of vices group, started trading in July £160m. last year, a few months before the last year, a few momins before the tin crisis erupted bringing beays in a position to offer hedging ser-losses to many exchange members. vices to its considerable client list, Since then, six traders have either particularly in aluminium.

Boustead, which confirmed it was left or announced plans to leave the exchange floor, cutting the mem-

namance director, said yesterday sis. The disposal of Boustead Davis that the company was still negotiath has looked possible since the group stood the deal should be comleted by the beginning of next

Ms Brookes said the LME had a od future once it had sorted out vestments Board, the embryonic

AMARI, one of Europe's largest in-dependent metals and plastics dis-tributors, is to join the London Me-stead Davis, Boustead's metals subtal Exchange in a move which will sidary. Amari is not buying Bongive the beleaguered market a steed Davis outright to avoid asneeded confidence boost.

Amari, which has expanded rapmarket in 1964, is the UK's larges Amari will be the first company £10.5m in a rights issue to help fund a series of acquisitions in North man Brothers, a subsidiary of America. The group made £7.24m

£160m. Joining the LME would put Ama-

negotiating with Amari, has made losses in each of the past three Ms Nicola Brookes, Ameri'a fi- years, including losses in the tin cri-

by the beginning of next
The LME authorities condituture of the LME. The exchange is tionally approved Amari's applica- considering reforms which are making the market conform with the rules of the Securities and In-City of London regulatory body.

Transatlantic business travellers

I like it. Flying the Atlantic in TWA's Ambassador Class.

It makes flying on business a real pleasure. Just look at the business of getting on the plane. TWA makes it as effortless as possible. Boarding cards and seat reservations (smoking or non-smoking) settled before you even leave the office!

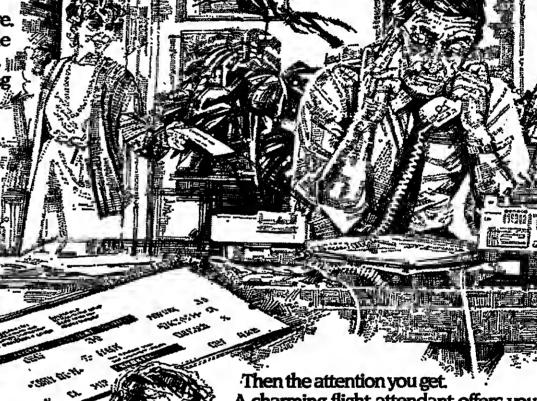
Think of the time and trouble that

Of course I enjoy it. Who couldn't. In that Ambassador Class cabin comiortis the thing. Ah, peace! It's wonderful.

There you are, sitting comfortably in the widest business class seat across Atlantic.

The TWA Business Lounger. Plenty of space around you. Plenty of space to stow

carry-on luggage. Room to stretch and wiggle your toes.



A charming flight attendant offers you a selection of drinks, when you want them. Brings you an interesting menu, with excellent cuisine to back it up. It's real, TWA American, friendly service.

Well, I say to myself, I'm on business. I deserve this sort of quiet comfort. All business travellers do.

Great thing is TWA flies to over 60 cities in the US. That makes it easy to get where you want to go. And to

enjoy the Ambassador Class comfort that makes business travel such a pleasure.

...deserve the quiet comfort of TWA's Ambassador Class.

Leading the way to the USA.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

DOW CHEMICAL **OVERSEAS CAPITAL**

KD\$,000,000 111% GUARANTEED NOTES DUE NOVEMBER 1, 1988 Redemption Date: 1st November, 1986 Redemption Price: 161% of Principal Amount Payment Date: 3rd November, 1986.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of the 111 per cent Guaranteed Notes due November 1, 1988 (the "Notes") of Dow Chemical Overseas Capital N.V. (the "Company") that pursuant to Condition 5.V. of the terms and conditions of the Notes the Company has elected to redeem all the outstanding Notes on November 1, 1986 (the "Redemption Date") at a redemption price of 101% of the principal amount thereof.

thereof.
Payment of the Redemption Price, together with the interest due on 1st November, 1986 will be made on or after 3rd November, 1986 (the "Payment Date") upon presentation and surrender of the Notes, together with all Coupons appertaining thereto maturing after the Redemption Date at the offices. of the Fiscal Agent or the Paying Agent set forth

The Notes will no longer be outstanding after the Redemption Date. The Redemption Price, together with the interest due on 1st November, 1986 will become due and payable on 3rd November, 1988. The interest on Notes shall cease to accrue from 1st November, 1986.

Fiscal Agent: Kuwait International Investment Co. S.A.K. Gates No. 1-8, Al Salbiya Commercial Complex 5th Floor, Block No. 1 P.O. Box 22792 Safat 13088 Kuwait

Paying Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Avenue des Aris 35
B-1940 Brussels, Belgium

Kuwait International Investment Co. s.a.k. (Fiscal Agent)

MANAGEMENT SPECIAL: The Battle for Allied-Lyons

Christopher Parkes traces the UK brewing and food group's efforts to win institutional support

DAY 8 Monday, Oct 28

THE AFTERNOON lobby group meeting started with a mild skirmish. Allied's men had been thinking over warnings about the list of people to be lohhied. "All hush-hush, don't

iet on we are lolbying for a reference. There's local authorities, the CBI, the world and his wife. How can we keep it quiet?" growied John Mills.

The Warburg steamroller trundled forward. "We are been to deeld with a result of them more, insisted Henderson. here to decide who are the main here to decide who are the main
people to do the lobbying in the
two-week programme and who is
going to rehearse them in what
to say," said Hugh Richardson.
Michael Dohbs—surprisingly
absent et the first session, given
Saatchi's links with the ConserThere's no use in our troops
guing to see these institutions
without guidance."

Longer term, the company
had to establish a series of
senior executive teams ready
to visit tha institutions in
person

vative Party — suggested tack-ling Leon Brittan's officials before going on to the Secretary himself. "He's only just got the job and is likely to need to

Richardson looked at his watch and chimed in: "We are

their rank and file management, looked hurt.

The mood was not improved by the news that, once again, Elliott had stoien a march on them. Prominent in Australia's conservative Liberal Party, he had taken advantage of his connections to visit Central Office.

Sir Derrick was promptly necessive particles and provided the process of the Sir Derrick was promptly pea-cilled in for e countering call on Norman Tebbit, Tory Party

Richardson tetchily reviewed the list of contacts as yet un-made. Someone in the company made. Someone in the company had to get in touch with about 100 constituency MPs who had Allied companies on their patch. There were a further 21 with ministerial responsibilities, iegal men, trade union MPs. Opposition spokesmen, Liberals, peers, select committees. The leabler would menhall have the peers, select committees. Inlobby would probably have to
last more than the two weeks
Warburgs had allowed. The
timetable was being disrupted.
The "knights of the shires"—

ment cover: burgundy, barley stalk in gold and a new slogan across the middle: "Allied-Lyons—an outstanding com-

Anyone got any better ideas?" he challenges. A sullen silence.
"I like the boring, classy approach." A back-hander from Tony Pratt.

Sir Derrick and Sir Alex-were going to be pushed for time. At 4 pm, Harry Henderson of stockhrokers Cazenove was sit-ting alone in the boardroom, grimacing at the full-page newsgranacing at the numbers developed paper advertisements placed by Allied and Elders. "Amazing, isn't it, that the company should spend so much on advertising to get at a coople of hundred

paper advertisements placed by Allied and Elders. "Amazing, introduced to the fly, be observed, clearly shocked: "You could do well out of this." The short should do well out of this." The short should do well out of this." The short should define what that means so we can't effute it properly." Pratt Exchange and the institutional functional managers who controlled the furty of Allied. He had been called into the first of the weekly shareholders policy meetings, chaired by Allied's finance director, John Clemes, to discuss what could uitimately the most vital campaign of he the most vital campaign of

"The key item is getting at the institutions," began the indefatigable Richardson. Henderson sbuffled his FT. He clearly did not think full page press ads were the way.

By contrast with the besitancy, ill-temper and nervousness which had characterised many meetings so far, there was a bullish atmosphere. Clemes, a geunt, clear-thinking man, was confident ebout offering the institutions a substantial set of

hit above the offer. Do we need to push it up?" asked Clemes. Henderson volunteered that turnover in Allied equity had

without a bid at about 275p. and get them thinking of £2 without a bid. I hope it will wetness.

he nudging 53 by Christmas,"

One divisional MD had re-

company to prepare Itself for The target had written saying a short, sharp verbal campaign "thank you for e nice lunch. intended to do. Everyone to follow immediately on the PS, I have just received a letter smiled. Putty in his hands,

Holding the front line

heels of the Elders offer docu-

ment. Unfazed, to be ready within hours of publication to brief Cazenove's men on the Allied response, and with answers to the most serious of Elliott's charges. Cazenove would then contact the main institutions to calm

Cazenove's pariners and salesmen would also need a visit from Sir Derrick to tell them more, insisted Henderson. "There's no use in our troops going to see these institutions without guidance."

person

For the moment, said

Henderson, the Allied board
needed to put down a substantial marker with the top men
in the institutions. "We need
a decision made by tha trustees
and directors of the funds and the job and is likely to need to take advice. There's one key man in there ..."

"He'e resigned," said Mills gloomily. "Sir Derrick and Sir Alex are going through tha list to see who they know in government and who they'll contact."

The property to be a state of the seed and directors of the funds and trusts. This is too big a decision to be made by fund trusts. This is too big a decision to be made by fund trusts. This is too big a decision to be made by fund trusts. This is too big a decision to be made by fund trusts. This is too big a decision to be made by fund trusts. This is too big a decision to be made by fund trusts. This is too big a decision to be made by fund trusts. This is too big a decision trusts at the trust trusts. This i

"And the process has to start early. There can be noth-ing worse or more unpredict-

"And the process has to start early. There can be nothing worse or more unpredictable than a fund manager who has made his mind up early and then gets stamped on by his board."

The process would be tricky, he warned. Direct phone calls were to be avoided... as were crowds. Sir Derrick, for example, hed to beware of hroaching the subject in the boardroom of the Midland Bank, of which he was a nonexecutive director. "Anything like this is bound to be talked about, particularly by nonexecutive directors," Henderson claimed, "Wherever there is a nonexec who might he as a continuous continuo son claimed, "Wherever there is a non-exec who might be a trustee of a pension fund you could be in trouble."

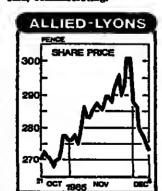
10 am Pratt Committee Tony Pratt repeated the Warburgs' demands. Where were data on market share, innovation and the effects of breaking np Allied on the nation's

balance of payments?

"I think we should all be given a full copy of all the information sent to Warburgs," protested Godfrey Linnett, corporete affairs manager. "If this goes on they'll end up knowing more ebout the company than we do."

They were struggling, finding

it difficult to come up with information detalled enough to



interim figures and an equally if not more impressive full-year forecast.

"It's all pretty good news," said Richardson, with an eye to levering the Allied share price gently upwards and increasingly away from Elliott's 255p offer.

"We have got the share price stahilised at the moment a little share and they responded truculently. "Let's get on. It'll only take 10 days," someone volunteered. "Well, get War. burgs to do it and it'll only take burgs to do it and it'll only take two," murmured John Mills.

Sir Derrick was still being difficult about direct contacts with the national unions, the argued.

It was Sir Derrick's turn to be on the defensive as tha Pratt Committee assembled, set on pleading with him to meet national union leaders.

"All I am doing is defending that ground I have been taught to defend for ever. I don't want the unions to think they have an Allied-Lyons debating ground," the argued. ing that in his own way and in

virtually dried up and there Development Council.
was little pressure at the Mills reported on the monopolies lobby with e list of "The next stage is to per- MPs who must not be suade them that it will trade approached under any circumstances on grounds of alleged incompetence, arrogance or

e said.

ported hack from e meeting
The first task was for the with his local parliamentarian.

ied-Lyons

gruntled murmur. Pratt, the politician/psychologist, had saved a piece of good news until last. Werburgs, be announced, had filed several complaints with the Takeover Panel about statements in press releases and advertisements made by Hill Samuel, Elliott's banker.

from Mr Elliott. I think he

makes a very good case for taking you over."

watch and chimed in: "We are talking about today week ... You know I'm the pushy sort."
But the peripheral programme was already under way and getting reactions. An initial letter to MPs from managers of Allied companies had resulted in a cheering measure of support. But Richardson was unhappy. "Some of these regional people are probably better at making cakes than lohbying MPs." Allied's men, striving to involve their rank and file management, looked hurt.

**A lawyer, who had sat blinking and string and stient during the ingumarole, passed on the intelligence that he thought 28 measure of support. But Richardson was unhappy. "That sounds disturbingly specific the afternoon meeting of the Communications Council. Sir Derrick said he had hz. complaints from shareholders who had been grilled over the phone about the company. Only at the end of the interview did the caller identify himself as an Elders representative. an Elders representative. "Another for the panel," grinned Hugh Richardson.

A poll among the group's publicans showed e large proportion liked Elliott'e idea that they should take an equity stake in their pubs. Richard Martin, hreweries hoss, blinked but resisted playing the heevy-handed brewer. Warburgs demanded direct action. The question in the next poll should be such that 90 ner cent would say no

that 90 per cent would say no.
said Michael Valentine.
"When the answer comes
hack right we can use it in ad--Opinion Poll."

defence publicity. Could friendly hrewers or customers be found who would sing Allied's praises to some journalist? "If we can get it into editorial first then we can pick it up ieter for use in ads without its appearing to be sent to the pepers. Hardly any reported it.

Takevve.

This, the company's first overtly aggressive move, had resulted in a slap on the wrist from the euthorities and a demand for a "clarification" sur Detrick seemed content. "We have achieved a basic understanding by the public and among the institutions of the quotable quotes to use in defence publicity. Could

one of the most ettractive tech-niques used in the early days of

Derrick got the message. "The institutions don't like us spending their money on ads," be said. "There will come a time when we can let you off the leash," Richardson promised with some condescension. "But the institutions don't like us fighting in the gutter." Dobbs shut up.

It was Sir Derrick's turn to be on the defensive as the Pratt

ing that in his own way and in his own time he would speak to those he knew personally from the food and drink Economic tell them the hid is unprecedented, the meeting is unprecedented. Do lt once. Do it

> Sir Derrick made a decision and presented it as a con-cession. "I can marshall the Neddy boys. They will look at it from the point of view of Great Britain Limited. How about that?"



DAY 10

The fly visits a brewery: The press, starved of news on the bid, had given a good spread to Warburgs ponderous press release attacking the banks hehind Elders. Reporters Opinion Poll."

Saatchis was also hunting for hanks' involvement. And the uotable quotes to use in Takeover Panel had swooped

hyped, Michael Dobbs
explained.

"When do you want us to organise it," asked Sir Derrick, artiessly. "It's not very difficult."

Valentine had the germ of an idee which was to prove one of the most ettractive tech-

something; it takes enough tax ont of the company. . What'd

ment has some lovely ads that are extremely hostile to Elders,"
he boasted.

The stockbroker sniffed. Sir Derrick got the message. "The

Brian Jarvis, Transport and General Workers convener on the site, faithfully reflected all Twe written there letters to all the leaves us alone," he blusters to see Elliott on November 20.

I've got go hang-ups provided he leaves us alone," he blusters to see Elliott on November 20.

I've got go hang-ups provided he leaves us alone," he blusters to average himself and finding warburgs rules.

Alled Lyons Sir Derrick Holden-Brown, chairma Sir Alex Alexander, vice-chairman John Clemes, finance director

Michael Jackanala, tasks board director, wines and spirits
Tony Pratt, group investment controller Malcolm Wright, beer division David Mitchell, J. Lyons Mick Gent, wines and spirits John Mills, bradousrters staff Godfrey Lionett, HD Michael Crofts, HD S. E. Windson

e little more: "The openness and frankness about the way Allied discusses its business is Allied discusses its business is extraordinary, and I can only applaud the gaffers for that."

He had talked himself out of his aggression, "Most of the men are very happy with their iot." But he still had his grevances. "This year's pay deal was dona in one day," he protested. "I can't get the buggers on this site to stop work over money issues."

DAY 12

among the institutions of the worth of Allied-Lyons. And I can detect that the pendulum of public opinion has swung more in our direction" A modest reward for two weeks

The company's sole show of aggression, the press release waging the big stick at the banks behind the bidder, had

"It was probably the point of finest judgment we had facing us alnce the start," be reflected, adding modestly: "There is possibly a marginal effect we

tered time to organise himself.

He thought for a moment.

"Underneath it all this company stinks. It's let its share of the beer market go in the past four years..." Ha thought more time to organise himself.

Allied could use the time as well, Sir Derrick claimed, "We dare not take the risk of pushing the case away from the MMC."

Harry Henderson
Santchi & Santchi
Michael Dobbs
Terry Dailey
Charles Barkar City
Jasper Archer, director
Government
Norman Tebbb, chairman, Conservative

DRAMATIS PERSONAE

think I'd have any problems about asking the fund manager

Henderson Directors or trustees, he admitted, might be primed to sak their fund managers to

Clemes had a list. He had heen lunching his way through it and finding the going hard. Warburgs ruled out a mass meeting of analysts and said they should be picked off one at a time. Valentine was par-ticularly keen that Colin Mitchell of Buckmaster & Moore should be "picked off." Not especially friendly to Allied, he had already appeared in a hrace of TV husiness pro-

DAY 16

"It could cost £100,000 or even treble that. Maybe it's too late and the money might be better spent elsewhere," he said apolo-

Sir Alex seemed cross. "I didn't even know the idea existed," he claimed, sitting bolt upright in the chair next to Jackaman which he occupied a week earlier when the idea was first discussed. "I don't like it much, It's a big policy decision." But he was about to be out! world.

But he was about to be outlevoted.

"It's a big opportunity to show the diversity and range of our companies," smiled Valentine, soothingly.

In the Pratt Committee later, Mills reported being swamped by offers of lobbying support from all quarters. Sir Derrick had arranged to eee four ministers and was at the moment preparing for lubch

moment preparing for lunch with trade union officials from the food and drink EDC.

The institutional campaign was already under way with Sir Derrick and Sir Alex work-

Elders.

Despute letters from the chair-Despite letters from the chairman and briefing notes for divisional management, senior men away from the centre were growing restless. Disgruntled food division managers had already told David Mitchell, the J. Lyons man on the Pratt-Committee, that they thought tha management conference would be e waste of time. "There is a general belief that Elliott is outstoring us

Judd. "It's too frightfully the management conference would be e waste of time.

The atmosphere chilled perceptibly as the video recorder was put away. Henderson plunged straight in: "The big institutions say clearly that you must not fight dirty whatever you do. They say he'a a better street fighter than we are."

He was furious about last week's spat with the Takeover Panel over the press release on tha hanks role.

"Was that fighting dirty?" asked Richardson.

"Verging on st," replied Henderson. "Wa don't want a six-month slanging match."

Valentine chumed in. "Well, what did the institutions say? Elders is trying to build up credibility from nothing at all. We've got to do something about it. There is a general conference that Elliott is outscoring us everywhere with better PR. That's going to be the general mood at the conference," warned Malcolm Wright, the beer man from Burton.

"We've got to get them going away from the conference in a very high state of morale. How about getting John Cleese to do a destruction joh on Elders press advertisement casting unpleasant aspersions on Allied's share price performance which had passed unanswered.

Saatchiis had prepared e counterling about it. There is a deneral bellef that Elliott is outscoring us everywhere with better PR. That's going to be the general mood at the conference," warned Malcolm Wright, the beer man from Burton.

"We've got to get them going away from the conference in a very high state of morale. How about getting John Cleese to do a destruction joh on Elders press advertisement casting unpleasant aspersions on Allied's share price performance which had passed unanswered.

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"We've got to get them going away from the conference in a very high state of morale. How about getting John Cleese to do a destruction joh on Elders press advertisement casting unpleasant aspersions on Allied's share, against other UK brewers, but it was judged undiplom

about it. There is a difference between huring and and getting our message across."
Henderson looked stung. "It would be OK if we could get them to make a retrection about some of their claims," he challenged the stern faces across tha table. In any case, he added, Elders had changed tack now, and was concentrating more to and was concentrating more on building its own image. "He hasn't attacked us lately." Richardson would not be mollified. "He'll probably start again when be gets hack from Australia. Wa can't s.- idly by

DAY 15

fust because he's out of the country." Warburgs was stready preparing a fresh assault.
"This week we'll want to put out a similar sort of staten out a similar sort of statement that wild puncture his claims about himself. . . an international company? It's not," he sniffed. "An international marketer. Hmph.
"If you say that's fighting dirty then we might as well all go home."
The committee was still

The committee was still

struggling with the task of tackling the institutional share-holders. Henderson was against overt lohbying among against overt lohbying among senior institutional men. "The fund manager must in no way feel that his mind is being made up for him. We can't have fund managers at loggerheads with trustees or boards of directors," he insisted.

Clemes could not see the point. "As a trustee of our pension fund and if I were faced with this situation, I don't about asking the runa manager to refer to us before taking action." Henderson agreed, pro-vided the request came in early rather than late in the bid pro-

keep them informed about their opinions "because of the public interest angle."

There were also other influential bodies in the City which had to be kept informed. General Workers convener on the site, faithfully reflected all the opinions offered. . . and offered several of his own.

"I've written three letters to a substantially increased cash offer . it might hit the point forum at which they could keep structure of the several of his own.

"I've written three letters to a which it was marginal if we structure of the several of his own.

getically.
Sir Alex seemed cross. "

ing their way through the upror ranks. Roy Mason, Labour MP for Barnsley, had asked Mills to draft him a motion attacking



Tony Pratt: headed a key

Pratt offered modest compen-sation. "Warlurgs are putting out another press release later this week attacking Elliott's claims about himself," he said. claims about himself," he said.

Devid Mitchell looked up from his manicure: "Shouldn't we put the retraction out first?"

Sir Detrick had had a good hunch with his six union colicagues, Mills reported later. His guests had said they were to call an emergency measing to call an emergency meeting of Little Neddy to discuss the bid, and all declared they intended to send a clear message to the OFT and DTI calling for a reference to the Monopolies Commission.

To end the day a report arrived that What a Nuisance, a rank outsider, had won Aus-tralia's premier horse race, the Cup.

DAY 17

Mark Seligman, supported by silver-topped cane, limped ususpecting into negotiations

on the defence document.

He had chosen a had day to be abrasive. Linnett almost leapt at him when he proclaimed that the end of the shareholders' video had to be changed to get Sir Derrick off the soft away from the level. the sofa, away from the lovely Ms Judd, and safe behind a desk. "No," grated Linnett. "That would be very un-

popular." Squinting through e trans-Squinting through e trans- Valentine sounded cross, and parency, proposed to illustrate while Clemes tried to rarange the defence document, Selig- an orderly summary of hust-man did it again. "Is it going ness to attend to, launched into to be interesting to look at?" he Henderson again.

front. "A Most Successful Com-pany?" he almost sneered. "I don't like it. It's arch and Victorian. What about a brace of nouns: "Strength and Success?"

Success '?"

Seligman was getting the message, but he was still in a lofty frame of mind. "I can understand where you are coming from," he said incongruously, "but compared with Elders you do run this company on Thatcherite, Victorian principles."

Pratt stabbed a finger at the front cover. "That's the one we want to go with."

"OK, I get the message," conceded Seligman, greatly miffed.

DAY 22

Sir Berrick, videostar "Wooden," said a voice from the dark. The team was venting a little of its frustration on the corporate video, and Sir Derrick'e personnance was

taking some etick.
"More hesitant than wooden," said another.
All eventually agreed that Sir sald another.

All eventually agreed that Sir Derrick was a deliberate speaker and there was no point trying to diagnise it. "But we can use a noddy on her," said the director, offering to insert shots of Leeley Judd nodding to camera to break up a particularly dong mast of Sir Derrick looking uncomfortable sain a glass of lager halfaloft.

Nor did they like the way Graham Kettle, sales director of Lyons Tefley, stooped during his interview. "He's six foot four or something. We've already got Leeley walking on a gang plank," protested the crew.

The director was getting the hang of it by now. The shot of a smart new Allied eatery had been taken at night, he emplained, because the tatty cars and motor bikes in the car park spoiled the daytime shot. He promised to correct Malcolm Wright's twitchy eyeballs with a few cuts to protect viewers from humonals.

Wright's twitchy eyeballs with a few cuts to protect viewers from hypnosis.

"He said daroned," complained a snotty voice. "He's e rough northerner," explained another. "OK?"

And yes, all agreed that the shot of Sir Derrick on the sofid it was too coay. "It's a matter of opinion, and it so happens that Warburgs are wrong," affirmed Pratt.

From the hlackness: "Who's going to tell. Warburgs?" Answer came there none."

2.15 pm Shareholders Policy Committee
Casenove's man Hamy Hen-derson was laying down the law on the formal approaches to the institutions, "Make about five institutions, "make about nive points, and don't go in too early, although the temptation is enormous," he warned. Two men from Allied at each session should be shepherded by one from Cazenove. They would have no more than an hour, "They want to know that you are going to be sitting on the

top of the pile for the next five But where to start? "We may s well get on with it now. Should we assume they have done more than glance at the newspapers?" asked Richardson blithely.

"They will all have done a high degree of homes."

high degree of homework," re-torted Henderson. always a danger that an un-friendly institution would play back everything to Elders, warned Henderson.

warned Henderson.

The mood changed. In tha first such offering in such a tone, Warburg'e Valentine commented darkly: "We might at the end of the day be looking at a bid which might succeed."

Henderson picked up the tone and warned Clemes that tha Allied men could expect a lot

and warned Clemes that the Allied men could expect a lot of pressure at the hands of the institutions. The deceptively fragile-looking finance director took the point and began to sound worried.

"We have to deal with three directors." There have all each of the point and the second of the secon divisions. They have all got different things to say," he said. In the time allowed the Allied men would be able to make only two key points about each branch of the business. "In spite of all we say about the one-ness of the group, the future and problems facing all three divisions are different,"

he stressed. Most of the questions remained open. But Valentine was not interested in the mechanics. "Are there any indications from the institutions on which way they are going to jump?" he

"Is anyone preparing to leave the sinking ship?" Heuderson: "Oh, noi" Valentine pressed on: "Are there any who said this is a thoroughly undesirable pro-

Henderson: "Quite a lot."
"Regardless of price?" "Oh,
you'll never get them to eay
that," replied the broker.

Mike Jackaman looked a little down-in-the-mouth at the Communications Council. Tagging the line "An Allied-Lyons product" on the end of Carlstmas TV edvertisements would be asked, looking at it. Faces fell.

"My people are a hard very from the institutions. Can we critical," he said. He did not rely on Cazenoves to put them like Charles Barker's latest through to us? We have a dummy for the front cover of the defence document.

Tony Pratt had had enough to the design with dust of the defence document.

Tony Pratt had had enough to the design with dust of the defence document.

the line "An Allied-Lyons product" on the end of Christmas
TV edvertisements would be expensive and tricky to manage, posed by Warburgs for the defence document.

Tony Pratt had had enough. want people ad-kibbing," he expensive and tricky to manage, posed by Warburgs for the son.

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to buy. (What doesn't increase in value, when demand last but not least your family and friends. exceeds supply?)

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TECHNOLOGY

STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG

Excitement is no longer part of the bargain

By Alan Cane

THE SUBDUED, almost clinical, tinguishes the trading floor of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong is disturbed every so often by a slice of drama which recalls vividly the hurly-burly of trading in pre-computerised

times.

The dealers, up to 3,000 of them, sit in rows of small carrels running parallel to all four walls, facing video screens conveying trading information. The central area, an expanse of red carpet, is bare except for a solitary microphone in the

A trader, notebook in hand and wearing the exchange's dis-tinctive red tabard inscribed with his firm's number in gold, walks up to the microphone and announces he has a large

parcel of shares for sale.

There is instant commotion as dealers rush out to take up the offer, noting details in their own books, much as they have done since the Hong Kong exchange opened 1860. The bargains completed, they return to their carrels and the floor calms down as the traders concentrate on ebsorbing the electronic information before them

where particularly large packages of shares are disposed of by face-to-face trading, seem to serve as a form of catharsis in the Hong Kong exchange, a welcome triumph of buman

welcome transpin or sampler cal-culation.

While there is nothing but praise for the efficiency of the investors.

The result is an idiosyncratic method of trading which seeks to replicate the manual method Exchange's prestigious new computerised trading system, it is also clear that the dealers

computerised trading system, it is also clear that the dealers feel the adrenalin flows less strongly these days.

Ms Jill Gallie, one of the five daughters (all dealers) of long established Hong Kong stockbrokers like Mr William The US over-the-counter marghillips, managing director of Baring Securities (Hong Kong) and Mr Christopher Mallows of the proposed system would be a have a 21st Century system she says. "We all think it is brilliant." She adds, however, "But we seem to have lost the human aspect. There is a loss of atmosphere, and the excitement is missing." Her sister, Carol, had forecast such a conclusion a year ago while the exchange was still being constructed:

"One fears a lack of excitement on the new stock exchange" she told a reporter doubtfully. Perhops to a greater aytent.

During its development it was answer to some of their seemingly intractable operational The US over-the-counter market, NASDAQ, for example, with brokers and market makers ocattered countrywide has no trading floor, and electronic links only connect the players. Its remarkable growth seemed generously accept they were worns and that the system—built by Jardine Logica Systems, a joint company formed a physical trading floor and person-to-person dealing was essential for a liquid central market in securities.

Mr Phillips says: "Having the problems of scattered countrywide has no trading floor, and electronic links only connect the players. Its remarkable operational answer to some of their seemingly intractable operational problems. on the new stock exchange" think we have she told a reporter doubtfully. promise bere."



Hong Kong—which opens its doors formally for trading on October 2—is still a paradigm of the kind of problems the use of technology poses for stock exchanges the world over, as they gear themselves up for trading in the 1990s.

First, it has to be accepted that for many exchanges, technology seems to hold the only answer to some of their seemingly intractable operational

Logica, the UK-based computing services company — is every-thing it was cracked up to be.

Mr Phillips says: "Having to develop its automated quotations system, SEAQ, and telephone trading to overcome the problem of physically distributed brokers and market makers, after Big Bang on October 27, will retain a market

As Mr J. Dundas Hamilton, a former deputy chairman of the London Stock Exchange, and one of the most informed observers of stock exchange automation points out: " In order to make markets in the traditional manner and to 'feel' the atmosphere of future price movement, there seems little

plays an important part." The foreign exchange and Eurobond markets, have, of course, always done without e central trading floor, but Mr Dundas Hamilton points out: It must be said that the telephone market of Eurobond deal-

doubt to me that the central floor of The Stock Exchange

cient, partly due to this factor."
The new Hong Kong exchange The new Hong Kong exchange was forced to automate because it was formed from four smaller exchanges—Hong Kong, Far development committee Dr Trading involved large "white-boards" around the walls of the trading hall, one to each stock, and carrying the price and columns of numbers indicating information transmitted to each

sable future. the firms willing to trade at a particular price.

A closed circuit television system carried trading informa-tion around the floor and to brokers' offices elsewhere in Hopg Kong. Trading was carried out face to-face in front of the boards. The thought of 3,000 dealers

trading by open ontery con-vinced the exchange anthorities that technology was the only answer.

But the Hong Kong broking community was split between those who wanted no part of electronic trading and those who argued that if antomation was to be adopted, it was best to go all the way—antomated dealing, antomated small order execution, automated settlement.



'The system is brilliant. But the atmosphere has gone? -Jill Gallie, dealer with F. R. Zimmern

dealer's desk. Trading would take place over the internal telephone system. And successful trades would be put into the system through keyboards on the dealing desks, where the information would be instantly processed and used to update the "whiteboard" images.

Technically, it was a tricky computing and telecommunica-tions problem which Jardine Logica solved in a neat and enterprising manner using a television-like system to broad-cast trading information to all dealers simultaneously, and a special keyboard to allow the traders to enter their bargains simply and entertheir bargains simply and quickly.

Commercially, the authorities saw such a system as an aid to building foreign confidence in Hong Kong as e place where trading was handled in an orderly and regulated fashion. But Mr Li and Dr Wong have

rejected antomatic matching and computerised settlement, at least for the time being.

Dr Wong says: "That would stoom have been too much of a change.

It would not have suited the 1986.

Oriental mind. There has to ba flexibility so that dealers can have a last minute change of would cut out the human ele-ment and that is an important factor in Hong Kong."

Dr Wong therefore, ensured ecceptance of the system by he exchange members by making as little change as possible to their trading

Since it went live in April this year, volumes traded on the exchange have reached new heights, but it is unclear how heights, but it is unclear how much of this is due to automation and how much to market factors. Unkind observers suggest that some part at least is due to an end to the practice of on-floor trades between dealers where the dealing slip was simply torn up and the information never passed through the exchange. "These days." Dr Wong smiles "There is no slip of paper to tear up."

But what of that missing excitement, the most important human factor of all?

There were plans at one stage to create artificially the right atmosphere by piping in recorded background noise, from the four original exchanges, over the public address system. That notion, fortunately,

manage, in fact, is an area of the dealer screens where unusually interesting bargains — the kind that would invoke a bubbub of noise in a conven-

within a few weeks, London will discover whether it, too, can survive and prosper without some of the adrenalin generated by face-to-face trading. Those apprenhensive about the future could take heart from the fact that not all Hong Kong brokers find the change from scrimmage to screen watching brokers find the change from scrimmage to screen watching uncongenial. Dr Wong recalls being button-holed by a dealer some weeks after the trading system went live: "Hey Philip" he said, paunch straining his shirt buttons "See what you've done. Because of your system, I've put on weight!"

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More power packed into Rodime disk

By Geoffrey Chartish RODIME, the Scottish com

RODIME, the Scottish com-pany, surprised the computer; world in 1983 by introducin; a "palm of the hand" 3.5 inch Winchester disk before the Japanese and US competition. Now it is introducing a 46-megabyte vern the RO 3000, to quadre the memory capacity of The new machines should help to restore Rodime's business position, which Dudson predicts "will be flat" for 1986-87. He says that the pioneering 3.5 inch products of 1982 were "leavingsayed" hy the competition and that Rodime intends to do the same thing in reverse. The new 2.5 inch models have an average access time of 28 milliseconds (thousandthe of a second) and can trans-fer data to and from: a computer at 5m bits a second. More from Gles on 0592 774704.

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FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

Thursday September 25 1986

Botswana

This rare African democracy has built a strong economy, but faces strains from drought, growing unemployment and the consequences of rising political tension in Southern Africa

An oasis of tolerance

WHEN BOTSWANA marks its tingencies ranging from further 20th anniversary of indepenon September 80 it will in its fifth year) to an authreak
celebrate a combination of of foot-and-mouth disease, which economic development and political tolerance without equal
in Africa.

Once little more than a Botswana is rare in Africa as a

sgrawling, dusty cattle ranch, Botswanz was saved from incor-poration into what was then the Union of South Africa by the determination and shrewdness of its leaders and the unattractiveness of its own

poverty.
Fortunately for Botswana the discovery of three major diamond bearing deposits came after independence. The mines have driven economic development in a way unmatched by any other non oil-producing country in Africa, averaging 13 per cent real growth in GDP

since then.
Proceeds of the diamond bonanza have been cautiously and wisely spent, building an and wisery spent, building an infrastructure which had barely existed before, providing health services which have reduced infant mortality to the lowest rate in Black Africa, and intro-ducing universal primary edu-

The Government's free enter-prise philosophy and prudent financial management has created an open business environment, maintained a hard domestic currency, and kept the debt service ratio to single Substantial foreign exchange reserves, currently sanctions againt South Africa standing at 23 months import led by some of Botswana's cover, are held in case of con-neighbours. It is also likely that

multi-party democracy. Opposi-tion leaders have no inhibitions about attacking government policies and Botswana has no

political prisoners: What then, could disturb this African anomaly? There issues in particular:

By Michael Holman

vulnerability to political upheaval in southern Africa, and the fact that the country's mineral production seems to have reached a plateau, when problems of growing unemployment, high population growth and a fragile agricultural system have yet to be resolved. As to the first, there is little Boiswana can do than walk a political tightrope. South Africa demands on the one hand that its neighbour live as a compliant, de facto homeland, a compliant, de facto homeland, willing to enter defence pacts and an economic hostage — 85 per cent of Botswana's imports come through or are from the

On the other side is growing pressure for tougher economic sanctions againt South Africa

(ANC) guerillas will make increasing use of the hundreds of miles of border between South Africa and Botswana. Botswana has so far managed to perform the difficult balanc-ing act as one of the initiators

of the nine-member Southern African Development Co-ordina-tion Conference (SADCC) prompted by Sir Serette Rhama, Botswana's founding president, it is quietly pursuing the aim of reducing trade and transport

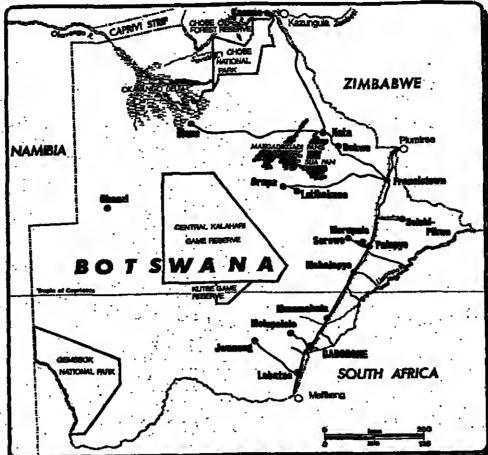
of reducing trade and transport links with South Africa.

The Government has also resisted Pretoria's efforts to get it to sign a formal non-aggression pact modelled on the Nkomati agreement with Mozambique, under which both countries agreed not to harbour guerrillas. Botswana says it has never provided the ANC with bases an ddoes not intend to so. bases an ddoes not intend to so.
Yet Pretoria has twice
attacked targets in Botswana,
on June 1985 and in May this

year providing scant evidence to back up the action.

On the other hand, President Quett Masire, who succeeded Sir Seretze in 1980, has made it clear that given Botswana's vulcembility to accommissaction by nerability to economic action by Pretoria, his government is in no position to impose or encourage sanctions. But he has also said that western governments should not use the release of Pretorians of vulnerability of Botswana or other southern African states as an excuse for not pursuing

The second challenge the country faces — the need to



GUIDE TO TERMS The people of Betswana are called the Batswana; an individual citizen is called a Motswana.

The language of the country is Setswans. The unit of currency is the puis, a word meaning rain, which is also the national

boost jobs and agricultural boost jobs and agricultural autput — may seem more susceptible to government efforts. But this is proving demanding. The drought has mado agricultural production targets and accompanying programmes impossible to achieve.

To the Government's credit, however, is the way a potential national catastrophe has been quietly and competently con-

quietly and competently con-tained and managed. Botswana can boast that there has not been a single drought-related death among its Im people, of whom around 55 per cent are assisted by government feed-

But the cost of the drought that been enormous. The market, a shortage of skill mannational cattle berd has been power and the high cost of reduced by a third, and last has been enormous. The national cattle berd has been reduced by a third, and last season the country grew only 10 per cent of its food. Jobs in a sector on which three quarters of the population depend for work have been reduced.

period. The results is growing unemployment, which ingether with housing shortages pro-vides electoral ammunition for the main opposition party, the Botswana National Front (BNF), led by Dr. Kenneth

The Government's attempts to increase investment and jobs through grants, tax holidays and job subsidies, have yet to overcome the obstacles posed by the

small domestic market, difficul-

Employment prospects look even bleaker when set against the fact that with a 3.4 per cent annual growth rate, the population is expected to double in the next 20 years.

Meanwhilo job creation in the next 20 years.

The Government still has time to find the answers, as its expenditure with the 20,000 school leavers coming on the market esch year. Some 7.600 new jobs a year are forecast over the 1985-1991 Development Plan Tourist potential—notably in the Olevanor Delta—is some Some plans and strategies at an early stage may bring results. Tourist potential—notably in the Okavango Delta—is considerable and has barely been tapped. Irrigated or rain-fed farming may succeed—great store is set by the Mpandamatenga scheme in the north-east). But unless significant progress on the job front is made, the elections — due to be beld by 1989 — may be more than the usual formality for returning the ruling Botswana Democratic Party to Dower

cratic Party to power.

President Quett Masire talks to Michael Holman and Victor Mallet about challenges facing his country

In the shadow of sanctions

Q. How have Botswana's relations with South African participations with South Africa been tion and South Africa itself as affected by the international the expert market. Does this campaign for sanctions against not run counter to the sanc-

African Defence Force against countries. They want our soda Botswana. In its argument ash, we want the resources the against the imposition of sanc-project will generate to develop tions, Pretoria points out that Botswana and tackle our prob-

against the imposition of sanctions, Pretoria points out that other countries, including Botswana, will be hurt, and has stated that as a reprisal it will impose its own sanctions against its neighbours.

South Africa's trading partners, including Britain, have also been saying they did not want to impose sanctions against South Africa because of their effects on black South Africa sounty which attacks mine, without provocation and yet expects to use us in its defence (against sanctions).

This is unacceptable. It is also unacceptable that friends of South Africa. We think they should stop being disingenuous. Q. Would Botswana allow South African companies to use this country as a staging post for sanctions busting?

A. No. Wo could not do it with a clear conscience. It would not

sanctions busting?

A. No. We could not do it with

including the call for a ban on lenge?
air links with Pretoria?

A. Our their circumstances.

Q. Would Botswana ent its air link with South Africa if the

Pretoria?

A. Relations have changed first A. It is a project that should as a result of the unprovoked be judged on its merits. It will acts of aggression by the South be to the advantage of both

A. No. We could not do it with playment bave been the most a clear conscience. It would not serious of our problems. Our benefit us and it would delay our industrialisation. Companies development will depend on the control of the c our industrialisation. Companies development will depend on should actually produce their our success in handling these

products in Botswana.
Q. Do you support the Commonwealth package of sanctions agreed in London last August, strength. Does this pose a chal-

A. Our democracy will benefit A. It may be that various countries can apply the measures in varying degrees. Others may find they cannot, because of more responsive to the needs

airport at Gaborone were to Q. Why do you think Botswana start direct councitions with has succeeded politically and Europe?

Q. There now seems a good chance that the Sua Pan seda ash project will get under way,

OISWEIL

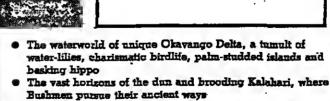
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Opposition gains strength

THE MOST remarkable feature of Botswana's domestic politics in the past few years has been the growth of a serious opposition to President Quett Masire and his ruling Botswana Democratic Party (RDR) the par cratic Party (BDP), the party which has led the country on a path of economic success and political moderation since independence in 1966.

Increasing unemployment, shortages of schools and beusing, disgruntled civil servants and dissatisfaction with what many see as the tired complacency of the Government have boosted the fortunes of the Rotsman National Front the Botswana National Front (BNF), a mere radical group led by left-wing intellectual Dr Kenneth Koma.

The BNF is hoping to capitalise on the grievances of the young and the urban poor to mount a majer challenge to the Government at the general election in 1989. Voting patterns at the last election in 1984 show a substantial swing to the BNF and a continuing anthus. BNF and a continuing enthus-iasm for multi-party democracy.

BDP's share of the vote fell to 88 per cent from 75 per cent and the BNF's rose to 20 per cent from 18 per cent. The BNF now has five ef the 34 elected seats in parliament with the Government holding 28 and the Botswana People's Party (BPP)

BNF leaders are confident that their popularity is growing steadily, but they fear thet the BDP's commitment to demo-cracy will weaken in the face ef a serious opposition chal-lenge. "Our strength is grow-ing, even in the smallest vil-lages in the remote areas," Dr Koma says.

"I am also sure that the Democratic Party is not very different from parties in the rest of Africa. When they are threatened they will not be quite so willing to hand over power to us. They will cheat." In the past, the Government bas branded the BNF as sub-versive and it withdrew the passports of 17 BNF members about to go to a youth festival in Cuba in 1978. But it denies

in Caba in 1978, But it denies wishing to hang on to power at any cost.

"If any party in Botswans wins elections, there will be no problem. We will hand over," says vice-president Peter Manual. Mr Manual in arrowly beat Dr. Koma in the Gaborone South constituency in 1984. But a

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parliament nominated by the Government.

Recognising the shortcomings in the BDP and the threat posed by the BNF, some leading members of the ruling party have formed an internal pressure group of "concerned citizens" to press for reforms. Their chief demands are for more consultation between government and voters and for an injection of new blood into the BDP leader-

"Our democracy will benefit from a stronger more respon from a stronger more respon-sible and enlightened opposi-tion," said President Masire.
"Government might be more responsive to the needs of people if a more lively but responsible debate on issues takes place. Opposition might generate interest in politics and policies that government should

There is no doubt that the BNF has correctly identified some of the problems facing BDPs share of the vote fell to 68 per cent from 75 per cent and the BNF's rose to 20 per cent from 13 per cent. The BNF now has five ef the 34 elected seats in parliament with the Government holding 28 and the corrected views.

generally agrees with the

BAST AFRICA

The urban influence of opposition parties was under-lined by their performance the town council elections held at the same time as the general election in 1984, when the BDP lost control of all the councils except that of Selebi-Phikwe. Gaborone's mayor is Mr Paul Rantso, who calls the BDP the petty bourgeoise who took over from the British colonialists.

He accuses the country'e rulers of ignoring the interests of workers, allowing the exploit-etion of the bushmen, and too much on South

"Almost everything we eat, almost everything we wear comes from South Africa," he says. Mr Rantao predicts that 14 of the 34 elected parita-mentary seats will ge to the BNF at the next general

"It is growing very fast," he says. "Until 1984 the BNF was almost non-existent. There was an upsurge in 1984 when more young chaps got interested in the politics of the BNF."

AFTER TWO decades during which Botswana achieved one an upsurge in 1984 when more young chaps got interested in the politics of the BNF."

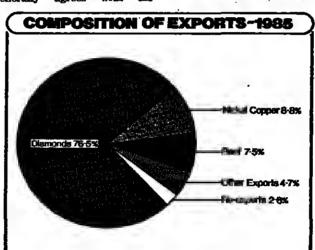
AFTER TWO decades during which Botswana achieved one are in Africa, its government is preparing, with characteristic caution, for the possibility of

Botswana, but its own policies are unclear, with different factions pursuing different ideals. Dr Koma himself, educated in Cape Town and in Moscow, says he has moderated his Marxistoriented views.

"The most active element in the party could be described as social democrats," he said. The BNF wants mere emphasis on agriculture and more intervention by the state to promote industrial development, but it generally agrees with the services of the BNF."

The possibility of an alliance between the BNF and the BPF, although remote at present, could further bolster the fortunes of the BDP's opponents. Mr John Mosojane, BPP secretary-general, does not seem enthusiastic about an alliance. "We are certainly socialistic oriented," be says. "But we are not Marxists. The BNF are mounted in the politics of the BNF."

The possibility of an alliance between the BNF and the BPF, although remote at present, could further bolster the fortunes of the BDP's opponents. Mr John Mosojane, BPP secretary-general, does not seem enthusiastic about an alliance. "We are certainly socialistic oriented," be says. "But we are not Marxists but they are trying to move away from that label."



Sanctions shadow

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1

which were free and fair. People must exercise self determination. There is nothing that will satisfy them if they cannet exercise a free choice.
Economically, I think the discipline developed as a result of meagre resources stood us in good stead. And in addition to frugal management, we were lncky to find diamends. Q. When you look back over 20 years, what is nppermost in

your thoughts? A. The ether day I saw the floodlights turned on in the new stadium in Gaborone. I remem-bered that in 1967 I flew to Kinshasa (Zaire) and saw streetlights and wondered if ever such lights would be seen in some towns in Botswana. We have come a long way since then. We have made pheno-menal progress.

Q. Do you feel on a tightrope in southern Africa -- a powerful, often hostile neigha powerful, often hostile neignbour, on the one hand and
mounting pressure fer sancetiens, with possible repercustiens, with possible repercustiens A. Look out of my office window and you see the (South some 23 months import cover African) boundary, and you at 1985 levels. realise that we are on the spot, as it were.

diamond prices remaining steady; and no drastic developments in South Africa which might disrupt supplies from Botswana's vital trading Botswars's vital trading pure. Outstanding agricultural partner.

Some calculations in the plan, ment Bank - (NDB) have published in December 1984, have not been borne out over to Pula 19m in 1983.

assumptions.
The projections massively The projections massively The consequences go beyond undercalculated diamond revenue, which has sourced. This grew only 10 per cent of its is in part because of firmer prices, but largely due to movements in the exchange rate. Thus Mr Mmusi was able to say in his budget earlier this year that estimated 1985-86 government revenue was Pula 1,015m, some Pula 307m higher

Botswana President Quett Masire **Economy**

> ket each year must find work in agriculture, for there are not enough places elsewhere.

> The rate at which jobs are being created in salaried employment, government, in-dustry and manufacturing is steadily falling behind demand.

The development plan expects that only 7,600 jobs e year will

become available in the period to 1991. Given the number of

school-leavers, it represents "a bleak picture," Mr Mmusi says.

There is little scope for new

business, in spite of government incentives ranging from tax

belidays to grants and job sub-sidies, set out in the financial

assistance policy (FAP). Mr Mmusi calculates that over five

years 6,600 jebs will be pro-vided by 182 medium-scale and

four large-scale projects re-ceiving government backing worth Pula 21.5m. A further 2,000 jobs should come from 740

What is not happening, bowever, is large scale domestic
or foreign investment, and Mr
Mmusi concedes that in spite
of the welcoming business
environment in Botswana there
are serious obstacles investors
have to overcome.

The domestic market is small, the cost of utilities high, skilled manpower is limited, and the housing shortage in Gaborone is ecute.

Above all, South Africa, linked with Botswana as part of the Southern Africa, Custome

with Botswana as part of the Southern African Customs Union which allows duty free traffic --- provides formidable competition to any manufac-turer in Botswana.

Related to the unemployment

ing factor of a population growth rate of 3.4 per cent a

year. This means that in 20 years the population will have

doubled, placing enormous strain on educational resources.

It is a formidable group of challenges, to which there is no

easy answer. The problem is not so much the shortage of

funds (although Mr Mmusi is determined to maintain substantial reserves, reminding questioners of Botswana's vul-

nerability to the weather, foreign exchange finctuations, regional instability, and the impact that an entbreak of

foot-and-mouth disease would have on beef exports) as finding

social services and housing.

Dist

small ventures.

have te overcome.

Caution follows boom food needs. They affect the second critical issue in Botswana—rising unemployment.
Most of the 20,000 school leavers who come onto the mar-

or the most remarkable growth rates in Africa, its government is preparing, with characteristic caution, for the possibility of more difficult times ahead.

"For the next two to three years," says Mr Peter Mmusl, the Minister of Finance, "the prospects are good, with balance of payments surpluses. But thereafter we expect to move into deficit, so the government is storing in the good years to prepare for the leaner years." Diamond windfalls conveni-ently spaced over the post-independence period seem to have come to an end, et least stances from recent years, and whether sooner or later than

for the time being, and produc-tion has reached a plateau. As the country's National Development Plan for 1985-91 says, none of the non-mineral sec-tors "has the clear potential to act as the locomotive of the

Botswana's beef industry has survived the five-year drought well, but its prospects for ex-pansion are limited. Manufac-turing will always face the ebstacles of a tiny domestic market and strong competition from South Africa, while tourist potential may be a long time maturing. There is no guarantee that

the growth rates to which Botswana has become accustomed during the 1970s and 1980s will continue into the 1990s, the plan says. It is probable that economic growth will be slow.

the past 21 months. One of the most alarming graphs in the plan shows government expen-diture overtaking grants and revenue by 1989-90 in the base case scenario, while a more gloomy forecast suggested that this could occur by the end of 1986. According to the fore-cast, grants and revenues in 1985 ranged from Pula 750m to Pula 710m, depending on the

The balance of payments, which enjoyed a surplus of —

some Pula 500m last year, the highest since independence, looks set for another cutstanding 12 months. In the six months to June 1986, exports were Pula 730m and imports at Pula 485m. External debt service ratio is

about 5 per cent, and although rising, is not expected to exceed 10 to 11 per cent in the early 1990s. It might then seem that Mr Mmusi's caution is unneces-sary and the development plan's prognosis a near irrelevancy.

The minister's caution, however, stems from the underlying realities of the economy stressed in the plan. The economy will be eperating in different circum-

the plan's forecast, spending will exceed revenue. Mr Mmusi The agricultural sector, from which at least 75 per cent of the country's 1m people must draw a living, is vulnerable.

Government programmes to boost output from the scrubland on which most peasant farmers

operate bave proved disappointing, largely because of the prolonged drought.

The tribal grazing land programme (TGLP), designed in part to improve the lot of small cattle owners is not meeting its targets. The skewed distribution of cattle ownership (nearly half

of the national herd is owned by 7 per cent of cattle ranchers) has been reinforced during the drought, as losses have been be slow.

The forecast is that GDP growth in real terms, which averaged 13 per cent a year between 1966 and 1964, will fall to an annual average of 4.8 per cent.

drought, as losses have been perportionately more scrious for owners of small herds.

The Arable Lands Develops: ment Project (Aldep), at the heart of efforts to increase the output of the 70,000 or so tradicent,

This is based on some critical assumptions: an end to the drought and a resumption of reasonable agricultural weather;

tional farmers, has been slow in producing results. It, too, has been hard hit by the drought, but it has also been affected by a shortage of skilled agricultural advisers and problems implementing a subsidised loan system designed to belp small farmers purchase essential in-

> The Accelerated Rainfed Arable Programme (Arap), introduced in 1985, which assists small farmers to clear land, hire draught power and receive seeds, fertiliser and fencing has also faced difficul-

Over the six years of the last development plan—1979 to 1985—agricultural GDP fell to 80 per cent of its real 1979-80 level.

the right projects on which to spend them. Michael Holman

Balance of Payments

	1983	m Pul 1984 revised	I985 preliminary
djusted balance of visible trade alance on services	+ 28 163 125 +187	+122 -241 -119 +122	+417 -310 +107 +159
alance on current account	+ 2 +105	+ 12 + 144	+266 +210
OVERALL BALANCE	+ 31 +138	+ 8 +165	+ 24 +500

PROFILE: BOTSWANA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

BY VICTOR MALLET

Drive to widen public share holding

TWICE the Botswana Development Corporation tried to expleit fishing in Lake Ngami. Twice bungry pelicans ate all 167m employed.

Corporation has grown at more panies. If declared a 10.1 per than twice the rate of the cent dividend in 1985, followed economy. By 1991 it wants Pula by a 15.7 per cent payout this year, and the shares increased Twice bungry pelicans ate all the fish. A brewery backed by the BDC falled and a hotel in the mining town of Selebiphin panies in a variety of sectors. Phikwe suffered problems in 1977, threatening the entire corporation.

167m employed.

The BDC bas more than 40 by more than 20 per cent.

Share issues in Botswana, such as the sale of 10 per cent agriculture, property and finanhave been oversubscribed, and a tiny Gabone stock exchange corporation.

thing nowadays."
Funds for the BDC, e gov-

projects.

BDC expertise is playing a ernment body charged with key role in offering shares to exchange. Industriel and commercial the public. In 1984 it set up the second about Pula 50m. The shares in several BDC comits offer open for two months

cial services.

"In the early days, some elemental mistakes were made," a lot of projects were started panies is on the drawing board, by us. The ideas came from us and we had to find partners," trader has to work through the company secretary involved.

says Mr Mike Molefane BDC's deputy general manager.

"There was no proper feasibility study for the Bosele Hotel. It was designed by an architect who had never done an hotel before, and in some of the shops and offices ended up with light fittings manufectured in some little village in Italy, which caused a lot of problems with replacements.

by us. The ideas came from us and we had to find partners," trader has to work through the company secretary involved.

"We did a study earlier this year to see if we could have a central plece to trade," Mr Kuiper says. "On such an exchange, probably operating once a month initially, you could not only sell and buy stal and loans with the aim of selling out to Botswana citi-looking for investment opporlooking for investment oppor-tunities, which could augur well

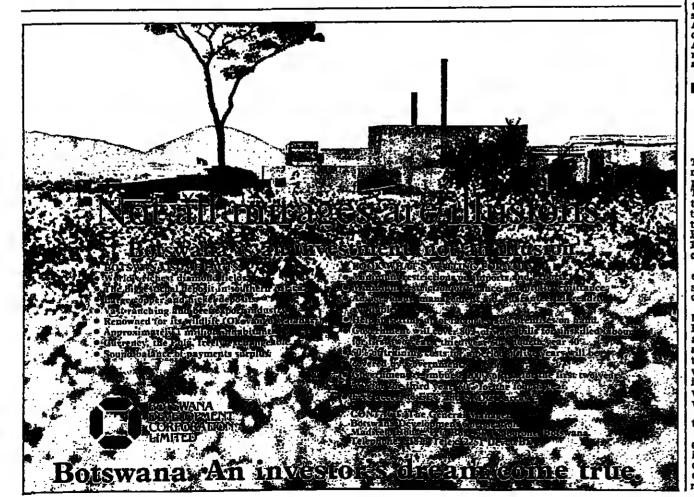
fer the long-term growth of an

and now has 1,300 shareholders. There were 750,000 shares on ofter at Pula 3, just below net asset value. Mr Kuiper sees the BDC as

a broker assisting local antre-preneurs and linking them to foreign investors (many of them South African). Funded by the Government, by its own cash flow and by overseas agencies, it plays a vital part in the development of Botters. the development of Botswis, where investment skills are in

Some critics accuse the BDC of not putting enough cash into tougher and perhaps less lucrative projects, although its "sub-commercial fund" consisting of 10 per cent of profits is set

10 per cent of profits is set aside for programmes unlikely to show quick returns.
With cheap money at its disposal, it can compete with other lenders, and one senior commercial banker called it "more of an investment corporation than a development corporation." Its prudent, cautious approach is characteristic of Botswana.



Long drought dries up production

AGRICULTURAL difficulties main Crops a country largely covered with sand and dotted with a few bushes. Add five years of drought and ah invasion of locasts and the problem be-comes dampting.

The national cattle berd-which still outnumbers people. My two to one—has declined to just over 2m from a peak of about 3m, and crop production has slumped to some 10 per cent

of the country's domestic needs.
"Five years without rain is
a long period," says Mr Daniel
Kwelagobe, the agriculture
minister. "Farmers' resources
were depleted and more and more of them moved away from the land and stayed in the villages hoping to get famine relief."

accuse it of not putting enough resources into agriculture in a country where three quarters of the population are still rural, but the drought makes it difficult to judge the success or failure of e series of agricul-tural programmes designed to help farmers and increase pro-

Pula, or rain, is the national motio and Botswana keeps on hoping for a plentiful supply. Beef, the traditional mainstay of the economy, has been superseded by diamonds but remains an important export. The stateowned Botswana Meat Commission (BMC) exports beef at four times the world prica to the European Community under the accord between the Community and developing countries, although it cannot fulfil its annual quota of about 19,000 tonnes because some areas of the country do not meet EEC requirements on the control of foot and mouth disease. The livestock industry will

be destroyed if we didn't have this accord," says Mr Lego Serema, BMC marketing man-

and BMC exports to Europe pass through South African ports, making the industry, along with making the industry, along with Botswana's entire economy, valuerable to retalization in the drought has also high-potential breathast of Botswana's maller stock. "The total of smaller stock. "The total of sheep and goats rose in 1985 particularly good in the season

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Production ('800 tonnes) ...
Area planted ('000 ha)
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in his Budget speech this year.
"This is a reflection both of
their hardiness and that their
natural food supplies are less

tenga in the north-east which Mr. Mmusi describes as the potential breadbasket of Bots-

Cattle have lost weight in to 1.3m, a growth of 28 per the drought, and others have cent," said vice-president and died on the way to the Finance Minister Peter Mmusi slaughterhouses in Lobatswe in his Budget speech this year. and Maun. The BMC kill is expected to fall below 200,000 this year after about 211,000 last year and 239,000 in 1984. If it rains, farmers will want If it rains, farmers will want to fatten their cattle and will self even less.

Revenue in pula terms has held up because of exchange rate fluctuations, and the Bank of Botswan puts beef export value at Puls 100 beef

in 1985 against Pula 95m in

The scope for major expansion of the cattle industry, which completely consumes each animal for beef and byproducts such as pet food and hides, is limited. Three million is thought to be close to the maximum herd Botswana can

Attention is now being paid to increasing the annual take to about 15 per cent from under South Africa is Botswana's 10 per cent, and to improving second most important market, the quality of the cattle. A new abattoir is planned for Francistown to increase pro-

predict what the future holds for the scheme. It is remote from major markets and could be plagued by poor soils, al-though the area has more reliable rainfall than the rest of

reliante realization than the rest or the country.

Other plans being investigated include a dam for irrigation south of the Okavango Delta and expansion of traigation projects in the Tuli Block. farms along the Limpopo river in the east, where citrus, cotton and vegetables are already grown. Rice-growing experi-ments continue in the Okagrown.

The Botswana Agricultural Marketing Board has increased its prices above those of imnorted grains in an effort to encourage local production, while permits are needed to im-port fresh milk and a range of vegetables, again to protect producers in Botswana. Agriculture in Botswana

abounds in acronyms for a range of schemes simed at promoting production. They include the Arable Lands Development Programme (Aldep), which helps small farmers with which needs and the Accelerated Rainfad Agriculture Programme (Arap), introduced last year with the sim of providing them with seeds, fertilizer and other inputs.

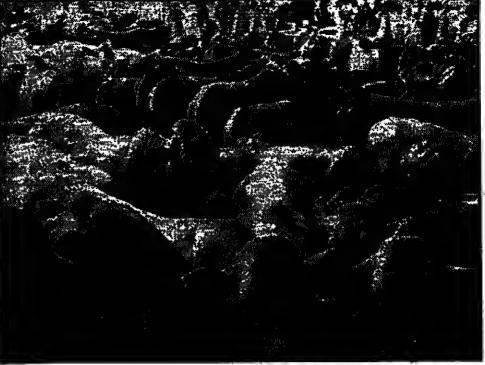
accessible to poorer people."

Looking back on successiva years of fallure for rainfed agriculture, the Government last year adopted a national food strategy which would allocate more resources to irrigation, promote the breeding of drought-tolerant and early-maturing seeds to minimise risk, and doubla the strategic grain reserve to about 30,000 tonnes by 1991. All the schemes have been affected by drought, which has forced farmers to default on their obligations and often obliterated any progress which might have been achieved under better conditions. The Government has also come under fire for poor planning of some of the grant systems. For Botswana, which faces

tonnes by 1991. Last year arable production growing unemployment and appears at least temporarily to was about 19,000 tonnes, compared with 54,000 tonnes in 1981 and only 7,000 in 1984. Preliminary estimates for this year put the harvest at about 30,000 tonnes, nearly a third from a rewrittens commercial appears at least temporarity to have reached a platean of mineral production, the deve-lopment of arable agriculture could be an important source. of jobs.

It does appear agriculture
would be the best reliable
source of employment in the from an ambitious commercial farming project at Mpandama-

country," says Mr Mmusi, "Wa do have the land, Unfortunately is not so good." Victor Mallet



Cattle outnumber people two to one but the herd has declined to almost 2m

Tourism

Paradise with an edge

THE Okavango Delta is advertised as the last Eden. It is a paradise with something of an edge to it, however. A huge casis of waterways and islands where the hippos grunting in the reeds might one day feel inclined to overturn your fragila wooden cance, and where the crocodiles and lions occasionally try to make meals out of tour-

This unique inland water system, where the Okavango River loses itself and evaporates in the sands of northern Botswana, is the heart of the country's fiedgling tourist industry, an industry increasingly being seen as ripe for exploitation.

"We think it could be our next wheel of development," says Mr Peter Mmusi, vice ident and finance minister. The Government has so far not devoted much attention to tourism, which is taking some Puls 20m a year in foreign exchange from an estimated 40,000 holidaymakers. Much of that money is spent on imported items such at petrol, but tour-ism ranks alongside textile exports as one of Botswana's main

In spite of sporadic efforts to sist and farmers.

encourage wealthy tourists "We still have room for express many customers pansion," she said. "But we do encourage wealthy tourists from overseas, many customers are relatively small spenders not want mass tourism in Botsfrom neighbouring South wana. We do not want to overAfrica, and many of the safari companies and lodges in the Botswana boasts eight companies and lodges in the Botswana boasts eight parks and gama Africa may cut off routes to Okavango are themselves Sonth African-controlled.

Botswana is kean to exploit the available cash more effec-tively for its own citizens, and to creata much needed jobs in rural areas. "Past strategy in this sector emphasised high cost, low volume tourism based mainly on Botswana'a major wildlife attractions," says tha Government's latest national

"This emphasis will contime to be appropriate, but the great improvements in internal com-munications, which will con-tinue, could create possibilities for significant expansion of the

Chawa Bogosi, director of the State Tourism Division and its star of 16, has the task of promoting the Okavango and other tourist attractions while

foreign exchange earners, after taking into account the needs diamonds, beef and coppernickel matte. taking into account the needs of local inhabitants, and the rival demands of conservation-

national parks and gama reserves covering 17 per cent of its land area, from the Gemsbok National Park in the south-west to Choba in the north. But there is little control

and businessmen have enviously eyed the water resources of the Okavango for many years. "It causes some concern," says Ms Bogosi, "because I as a Botswanan and a decision maker in the tourism industry may feel that I want the Okavango for tourism, But

at the same time if you look at who wants to benefit from the Okavango Delta if it is to be used for agricultural purposes, I would myself be split between the two . . . we are a cattle-keeping nation."

Conservationists are angry about what they see as the Government's failure to come to grips with tourism. They say that local authorities in the Okavango region have agreed to at least 15 new tourist camps last year in spite of a government moratorium.

Illegal tourist operations are ommon "It is a free-for-all migal fourist operations are common. "It is a free-for-all and the whole product is being spoilt," says Eleanor Warr of the Kalahari Conservation Society. "It is not that there are too many people, it is just that they are uncontrolled."

Aside from the money to be made by attracting visitors to look at remote rock paintings by bushmen, or to go fishing. hy bushmen, or to go fishing, bird watching and game viewing the Government is examin-ing plans to improve its management of wildlife for management of wildine for bunting and for food. A wild-life conservation policy paper published this year outlining ways to increase revenue from objes, skins and meat says that a fifth of Botswana'a land— over and above the existing

over and above the existing reserves—could be set aside as wildlifa management areas.

"Research indicates that Botswana could be deriving far Botswana could be userved and em-more economic value and em-ployment without depleting the ployment without depleting the "cave the paper." In resources" says the paper. fact, an efficient use of wildlife could be tha best way

of ensuring its protection As an international tourist destination, Botswana suffers from lack of publicity and distance from prospective custo-There are no direct mers flights from Europe to the capital, Gaborone, although

Johannesburg. But the country offers politi-cal stability and unmatched natural resources, and tourists

south-west to Choba in the north But there is little control over the industry as e whole.

"We lose lots of money through tour operators who are not resident," says Ms Bogosi.
"Payment is often done ontsida Botswana, so wa have to apply strict measures. There are lots of loopboles."

Water is a valuable commodity in arid Botswana, and it is no surprise that farmers and businessmen have enviously eyed the water

Tourism is already a growth Tourism is already a growth industry in Botswana but it is a somewhat hapbazard one. It remains to be seen if the coun-

try can make the most of the Victor Mallet

Minerals

Diamonds put sparkle in economy

BOTSWANA's diamond deposits, discovered shortly after independence 20 years ago, have transformed one of the world's poorest nations into an economically viable state. Last year diamonds worth Pula 1.05bn (US\$54im) made up more than three-quarters of its exports, and they will continue as the basis for Botswane's development.

De Beers found one of the world's largest kimberlite de-posits at Orapa in central Bots-wana in 1967. Smaller deposits nearby became the Letihakana

	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1.985
Production ('800 carats)	5,101	4,960	7,768	10,781	12,882	12,634
Sales value of production (P m)	213.4	202.1	407.1	538.2	874.4	894.9

jointly owned by Botswana and Resources and Water Affairs De Beers of South Africa. Minister. "When the market could increase production if permits wa will increase prothe world market continues to

mine. Jwaneng, in the south, began production in 1962.

Production at the three mines has reached a plateau, but the mining company Debswanz, Mr Archibald Mogwe, Mineral carats in 1985, compared with

BOTSWANA

BRANDS

permits wa will increase production.

.9m in 1984. This year's output is expected to remain above 12m, and deposits should last

Stones are sorted locally for export, but a small diamon cutting operation has not been

Debswana continues to pros-pect in the Kalahari, although Mr Louis Nchindo, resident director, says that no worthwhile new diamond pipes have been found. The company's stockpile has stopped growing. Botswana has other minerals

including copper, nickel and coal, and is looking for oil. The government is interested in developing huge deposits of soda ash, salt and other minerals in a lake of brine nder the crust of the Sua Pan potential investment of Pula 500m which would create hundreds of jobs. South Africa, facing economic embargos wants to reopen negotiations on used in the glass, paper and steel industries.

BP, the investor, is reinctant to go it alone on a project which would depend on South Africa as the principal cus-tomer, and is seeking partners.

The project is technically feasible and commercially feasible and commercially viable subject to tariff protection, says Mr Mogwe. "It is not expected to generate high earnings but it will have significant multiplier effects."

Gold Fields and Southern Prospecting, two South African rrospecting, two South Arrican companies, are prospecting for platinum in southern Botswana. Placid Oil of the U.S. has shown an interest in oil exploration, while various agencies are providing funds for detailed reconnaissance.

Proposals for exploitation of coal resources have been shelved together with plans for a trans-Kalahari rail line to Walvis Bay in Namibia, as the coal cannot be economically expected at current prices. cannot be economically ported at current prices.

After diamonds, copper-nickel matte mined at Selebi-Phikwe is Botswana's main mineral export. The complex, operated by BCL, started in 1974 and last year earned Pula 120m in ex-ports. But its future has been huge debt burden, requiring the principal shareholders, Anglo American, Amax and the Government to organise re-

This year Botswana RST, the holding company, reported an accumulated deficit of Pula 1.23bn. BCL has agreed to pay Amax US\$30m to terminate a sales contract and is sending most of its menta to Norway. most of its matte to Norway

Botswana, anxious to preserve the 4,000 jobs, is injecting funds into the mine and exploring

Victor Mallet

Cable and Wireless congratulates the

Government of Botswana

twenty years of independence and is proud to have been associated with the development of the nation's telecommunications



Cable and Wireless pic



OF INTEREST TO **OVERSEAS INVESTORS**



Botswana's strong currency is based on a persistent balance of payments surplus and is backed by foreign exchange reserves equivalent to more than 18 months' imports.

Botswana has one of the most liberal exchange control regimes in Africa

(a) Payments for imports of goods may be readily made on production of appropriate documents of importation

(b) Free remittance of dividends and interest provided only that the requirements of

the Income Tax Act have been met (c) Repatriation of foreign loan finance after two years

(d) Generous limits for local borrowing by non-resident controlled companies (e) Expatriate employees may remit 50% of their gross Pula salary plus 100% of the end of contract gratuity and funds originally brought into Botswana from abroad plus typically an additional terminal allowance of P10,000.

3. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE POLICY

Suitable investment projects can receive assitance from Government, e.g. capital grant, employment subsidy, tax relief, sales augmentation.

BANK OF BOTSWANA

P.O. BOX 712, GABORONE, BOTSWANA TELEX: 2448BD/2405BD

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Financial Management

... in a fast moving, acquisitive Group N.West: around £18k + car

The company, a Smulti million autonomous subsidiary of a large dynamic British Group, processes and markets a comprehensive range of quality food products. Organic expension and nationwide acquisition have created an impressive record of sustained growth. This thriving business environment offers successful managers significant career opportunities.

As a key member of the management team, you will be financial manager of a successful operation employing about 500 people. With a compact team in support, you will manage financial and management accounting functions and play a full role in the future development of

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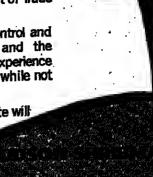
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Cork urges devolution of English theatre

theatre was proposed in a report published yesterday. Among the main recommendations made to the Arts Council by the Enquiry Into Professional Theatre in England is a plan for six regional-based national com-

Announcing the report. Sir Kanneth Cork, chairman of the enquiry, said that there were in the regions "six companies which, suitably uplifted by fund-ing, could do it." The companies would retain their independence but interchanges and co-produc-tions with other national com-panies would be encouraged and they would make international tours as well as tours of the regions and other national theatre auditoria.

This development, says the report, is needed "to balance, to challenge and to stimulate the Royal Shakespeare Company and the National Theatre, and bring to all the English people the very best of model desare." bring to all the English people, the very best of world drams."

The inquiry has also proposed that the BBC should pay 1 per cent of its licence fee to an Arts Council fund for the theatre in recognition of the benefits broadcasting receives from live theatre. A similar fund would be resid by the indefund would be paid by the independent television companies. Other funding would be obtained from a £5m Entrepreneurial Theatre Development Fund to support new projects which create more employment. The report also urges the government to exempt theatres from VAT and exclude local authority contributions to the arts from rate-capping rules. The inquiry warns that if their recommendations cannot be financed the conse-quences would be catastrophic for the national and inter-prestigo of our theatre and our country." The only way to fund their proposals within present resources would be to withdraw funding from one of the Arts Council's higgest theatre clients: the National Theatre and the Royal Shakespeare Company.

"There is the possibility that one might become a receiving Productions produced outside London would come into London; the reverse of the pre-sent process," said Sir Kenneth.

Rossini's Stabut mater, one of the most various, beautiful,

ably hard-edged and thickly clotted in full cry).

Perhaps the conductor, Richard Hickox, did not always

control the performance with this disadvantage at the front of his mind: he tended to push

of his mind: he tended to push forward passages, such as the final double fugue; where a slower, statelier approach might have answered the case more effectively. But his forces, both instrumental and vocal, had been well prepared (the LS Chorus is singing strongly these days). And the conductor's response to the music, even when it left a somewhat

even when it left a somewhat voletile impression, obviously sprang from intense admiration

4.1

Rossini/Barbican Hall

Max Loppert

A radical shake-up of the structure and finance of English theatre was proposed in a report Netional Trevor Nunn, joint artistic director of the Royal Shakespeare Company, had amassed personal fortunes from the commercial exploitation of their companies' productions, the inquiry recommends that subsidised theetres must earn at least 50 per cent of money earned from subse-

> Both Hall and Nunn bave strongly denied the allegations. Sir Kenneth said that the issue had been brought to his attention before the controversy became public:

quent exploitation of produc

For the effective administra-tion of English theatre the enquiry suggests that the Arts Council's advisory Drama Panel be reconstituted as the Execu-tive Drama Board empowered to allocate funding and formulate national policy.

Administration would also be devolved to Regional Arts Associations which would work closely with the Arts Council's Drama Board.

Summing up the report, Sir Kenneth said: "For too long the theatre in England has suffered theatre in England has suffered from a loony system where commercial, touring and publicly-funded theatre have each travelled in their own little carriage without helping one another. We bope that as a result of the recommendations in our report that every sector will work together to make live will work together to make live theatre movo healthily into the next decade."

Sir William Rees-Mogg, chairman of the Arts Council, said of the report: "It is a formidably thorough document which will certainly prove to be a milestone in the history of public funding of the theatre in Britism.

Other members of the enquire committee, an independent body which received the support of the Arts Council, were Hugh Hndson Davies, a management consultant; Michael Billington, theatre critic of The Guardian; Diana Rigg, octress; Peter Todd, administrator of the Alhamhra Theatre, Bradford; and Clare Venables, artistic director of the Crucible Theatre, Sheffield.

the tenor's "Cujus animam") touched off with such mastery.

Annalena McAfee

British Library/Patricia Morrison

Impressive pressed leaves

English manuscript are now on yiew to the public in the British Library. J. Paul Getty II bought the Becket Leaves at Sotheby's in Jime for £1.4m. The four leaves, with 12 drawings, are all that remains of the only known illustrated Life of St Thomas Becket. Previously they were in a Belgian private collection, and at one point were next of and at one point were part of the padding for another book. This kept the lesves in fine condition, and the delicate colours seem as fresh as ever. Their existence was unsuspected even by scholars, who knew this precious manuscript only from a reproduction of the last cen-

a reproduction of the last century.

Getty has lent the Becket Leaves to the British Library for a year or more, until his Oxford home is made ready to receive his treasures. But the Library has sold short both Getty and Becket, our premier English saint. The leaves are displayed in a dreary and sadly unknownative way; "they were even miscaptioned on the day

Illustrated leaves from a re-markable thirteenth-century Unfortunately, this is not the only recent British Library exhibition to combine understatement with scholarly loftiness, to such a point that exciting manuscripts fail to make their

I would have liked to see reproductions of the reverse of each folic; it is asking too much of the public to have to keep dropping in until it has caught both sides of tho pictures. It also seems sad not to have made more out of Matthew Paris, author of the Life of St Thomas. Matthew Paris, a monk of St Albans, was one of the liveliest and most important chroniclers of his time. He was also a fine of his time. He was also a fine artist, although it is now thought be did not illustrate the Becket Life, but made the trans-lation from Latin into French. We are shown his illustrated Lives of the Offus, with minimal explanation of what Matthew was up to in this historical whitewashing of two English kings. But bow could anyone resist reproducing his delicious

of an elephant; or show-

ing the manuscript of his History in which he is shown on his death-bed? Matthew Paris was a great enthusiast, for beraldry, history, maps (he made some extraordinary ones for the time), and fortune-telling. It would be nice to have treated him more generously.

The Becket Life was passed around at court as a good pious read for the aristocratic ladies. It is easy to imagine their sympathies caught by the drawings, with their scenes of power and brutality confronted by the strength of humility. As Becket comes back from exile in France in 1170, a father struggles through the waves holding up a sick child for the saint to hless. In another scene, Henry It's knights trample on e woman with e heby in swaddling hands. Gestures are always wonderfully vigorous—skinny fingers signal warning, derision, defiance or welcome. The unknown artist captures brilliantly the drama of one of the best-known political confrontations in western history.



Folio 2v from the Leaves show Becket parting from Henry II of England and Louis VIII of France after failing to reconcile them in 1169. The royal guards are shown laughing at Becket's expense

demy of St Martin-in-the-Fields
—is not part of the festival
and may well look like an impertinent intruder to the
arganisers; but for the small
audience who turned up (a bad
omen) it further broadened the
scope of what promises to be
a wide-ranging series.

To Timestic series a continual was a touch light, but drew her line with wonderful steadiness and purity of timbre. John Tomlinson was a base powerful without being effortful; the tenor, David Rendall, though suffering from a severe throat elizant carrie with next

arganisers; but for the small audience who turned up (a bad omen) it further broadened the scope of what promises to be a wide-tanging series.

In Tippett's case a continual reassessment is bound to yield rewards. However rooted in a particular time or culture each work may seem to be a rehearing invariably finds its relevance undiminished; and rebirth and renewal are themiselves central reference points in Tippett's philosophy. From the glorious dawn in the Midsummer Marriags to the physical rebirth in the Ics Break, those ideas recur, prompting some of his most glorious music.

Renewal closes A Child of our Time. Led by the soprano, the four solisits over the other soloists.

Unfortunately the rest of the Britten/Tippett Festival is tonight and will open with Tippett's Wolftrup Fanfare.

Short list for Britten/Tippett Festival is tonight and will open with Tippett's Wolftrup Fanfare.

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Short list for Britten/Tippett's Wolftrup Fanfare.

Short list for The novels shortlisted for this pear's Booker Prize for Fiction are:

The old Devils, by Kingsley Amis (Hutchinson, £9.95); The Handmaid's Tale, by Margaret Atwood (Cape, £9.95); What's Bred in the Bone, £9.95); What's Br ailment, sang out with pas-sionate abandon. And after a slightly pressurised start Ross-lind Plowright brought to the soprano line ber best vein of grandeur and sumptuousness—in this performance the "Inflammatus" was very far from the "spavined cheval de bataille of obsolete prima donnas" that Shaw once scorped Shaw once scorned.

The first half of the concert was affected more comprehensively by the acoustical bandi-cap. Kodaly's Psalmus hungaspring from intense admiration of the sheer compensation and film-musicky when soft; imagination as transferred to the concert hall, for the succession of serious moods (which surely includes the lyricism of ally—on this evidence anyhow.

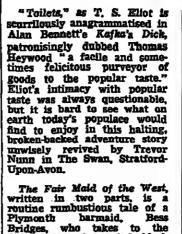
of the most various, beautiful, and impressive of 19th-century choral works, had a good performance in Tuesday's London mater, had been shrewdly supplicitly Character and Orchestica selected feature of any Stabet concert. The marbled quality Saxons, each combining the of the music marbled both in accurate musicianship that sculptural severity of outline Rossini requires with the suitably theatrical temperament that brings his lines to life, and in eloquent profuseness of decorative detail—could not be completely captured in this hall (whose acoustics, hospitall (whose acoustics, hospitall whose acoustics, hospitally captured in this able enough to small groups, hall (whose acoustics, hospitall whose acoustics, hospitally when the substance and purity of timbre, John was a touch light, but drew her shall who floated effectively and purity of timbre, John hardedged and thickly and purity of timbre, John

the beginning.

The Fantusia Concertante on a theme of Corelli opened this programme. The first of the Britten/Tippett Festival is tonight and will open with Tippett's Wolftrap Fanfare.

The Fair Maid of the West/Swan, Stratford

Michael Coveney



The Fair Maid of the West, written in two parts, is a routine rumbustious tale of a Plymonth barmaid, Bess Bridges, who takes to the Spanish Main in a pitch black vessel in order to track down the supposed corpse of her beloved Spencer, a wealthy nobleman who has defended her virtue and been killod in action in the Azores. Spencer, of virtue and been killed in action in the Azores. Spencer, of course, is not really dead. His nobility of spirit and English pluck have preserved him from the swarty infidel, although he is taken prisoner. Bess accidentally storms his imprisoning barque, but the reunited couple are promptly wrecked on the coasts of Barbary. Nearly raped and almost seduced by the King of Fez, Bess survives as her companions engineer a double bed trick; Spencer fights his way trick; Spencer fights his way ont of yet more captivity; and the marriage is renewed with a barbaric blessing inundated with happy wonder at noble Christian values.

Nunn's company have taken one look at this rather sickening fiasco and proceeded to send the whole thing up when they can. But great stretches of the evening are buried heneath off-putting bonhomous commotion, with foll pages (most of them grim folk songs (most of them sung by Bess and all composed by Shaun Davey) and the clattering of mechanical plot de-vices. Heywood wrote the two plays either side of Queen Elizabeth's death, and both were published in 1631. Nunn and the RSC keep moderate faith in Part One—which I believe would have been quite sufficient -filleting Part Two for the Barbary court high jinx and, probably mistakenly, dispensing



Imelda Staunton as Bess

One scarcely has the heart to One scarcely has the heart to defend any of Heywood's ingratiating and tedious blank verse and prose, but Nunn hacks away at it with surprising insensitivity.

Imelda Staunton, that delightful and talented spitfire actress, stom's around as the notorious Bess, a virtuous Moll Cutpurse who disguises herself as ber own brother to see off the rapa-cious assault of the loudmouth, Roughman. This latter role is related by Pete Postlethwaite to his Jonsonian Bobadill, but he only really exists as a character for half an hour in the first act. Another idiosyncratic per- as a prolific formance is provided by Joe contemporary Melia, as the King of Fez, a should he he pantomime turn with many a ploded? The strong stare at Togo Igawa's up its mind.

with the Italian episode where over-articulate Bashaw and an Bess, now a Florentine lady, is impertinent wind section in sednced by her own lover on the band. Paul Greenwood is the Duke's behalf. That scene is another of Bess'e originally about the best in the entire trescherous allies who is replay. The RSC thought other-formed by ber own example of frescherous allies who is re-formed by ber own example of ostentatious virtue and who proceeds, like Roughman, to give the heathen hell. Donald McBride is an indomitably jaunty pot-boy who plies his trade and sings his songs regardless of growing indifference

in the auditorium.

The RSC treatment bas not transformed this dross, as I'm sure was intended, into a glowsure was intended, into a glowing narrative pot-boller. The author of the Apology for Actors and the fine domestic tragedy once presented at the National, A Woman Killed With Kindness, bas posed a problem. Is be worth doing, in Fair Maid, for his reputation as a prollife and significant contemporary of Shakespeare or should he he irreverently exploded? The RSC cannot make up its mind.

Don Carlos, Jenufa/San Francisco Opera

Timothy Pfaff

One wonders whether Verdi, who left Paris in disgust the day after the Paris première of Don Carlos, would have suyed to the final curtain of the new production of his grand opera which opened San Francisco Court's full present arriers. cisco Opera's fall season earlier toward occurred as on March 11 1867, when Marie Sast, the Elisabeth de Valois, answered "no" instead of "yes" when asked if she would take Philippe's hand. But the San Francisco Production, by John Cox. with horrid designs by Stefanos Lazaridis, otherwise straved far from anything one

The most Verdian. nearly the last Verdian com-nonent of the production was its laudable—if, in the event. sometimes ill-advised—musical version, in five acts and sung in version, in five acts and sung in French. Restored to the preat score were the scene in which Elisabeth and Eboli exchange masks and mantillas, the Philippe - Carlon "Acrimosa" duet over the dead Posa, the haunting Elisabeth-Eboli duet in which Eboli confesses to odultery with Philippe) before "O don fatal," and the softer 1887 ending now familiar to 1867 ending now familiar to Covent Garden audiences.

The most significant music reinstated was the original preside and introduction, whose sombre chorus gives the work its epic expanse from the start

and immediately introduces the by extraneous business and important downtrodden masses. empty spectacle. Given the inclusion of all that one music, the small cuts from the Elisabeth-Carlos exchanges in the outer acts seemed

As the Fontainebleau act unfolded with its implausible staging and bideous set, one plastic drops, meant to suggest lee but looking more like old mattered (disguise is almost theme in this opera), they were shower curtains. And instead of making her admittedly problematic entrance on horse-back, Elisabeth appeared from henceth a giant relation than the control of the control beneath a giant plastic sheath, which flew up to reveal ber

Although there was much talk of "concept." this production seemed almost grudging in its refusal to reveal the thought behind it. The preference for a shaky, cantankerous Grand Inquisitor (a washer-ous Grand Inquisito ous Grand Inquisitor (a wobbly Joseph Rouleau) over e blind one, for example, hinted that its ideas were less good than Verdi's.

Unfortunately, this was not a Don Carlos at which one could close one's eyes and revel in the music. Its most un-Verdian aspect was the inert conducting of Sir John Pritchard, who in his first assignment as the company's first music director showed little feeling for the music's sweep nor for his cast, which he seemed disinclined either to lead or to follow. The playing seldom rose above the routine, and ensemble anywhere was rare.

The production so determined

the character of this Don Carlos that the singing didn't much matter. Rather miraculously, Robert Lloyd, in lustrous voice, sang a commanding, complex Philippe. After the touching scene in which her lady-in-waiting is banished (one of the high points of opening night), the Elisabeth, Pilar Lorengar, found ber dramatic focus, singing splendidly thereafter and building to a powerful, affecting last act. Neil Schicoff was an unusually intense, labile Carlos, producing some virile sounds, as well as many strained ones.

Alan Titus and Stefania work's searing core. To the last chorister and the smallest compriser and the small strong transfer and the smallest compriser and the smallest compriser and the smallest compri the character of this Don Carlos

as well as many strained ones.

Alan Titus and Stefania as ever, was heart-rending in her hushed, guilt-wracked befoli, mysteriously managed to remain unaffecting in two of Verdi's most compelling roles.

At least Titus could sing all of without a single note to sing. At least Titus could sing all of his music. Deborah Voight'e voice, was a compolling Laca; celestial voice was in every respect the saving graco of a humbering auto-da-fé, hobbled

empty spectacle.

The production showed the company's estimable creative forces at their worst. The normally exciting chorus seemed ill at ease and seldom produced more than muffled, disorganised sound. Thomas staging and hideous set, one began to wonder why the company bothered with it. The forest was represented by a straight copes far upstage, the plastic drops, meant to suggest the mattered (disguise is almost

were in ragged disarray, and the soft concluding bars sounded atanding on a square of astro-turf planted with garish plastic flowers. This was hardly a staging to clarify later develop-ments. given company director Teren

> A far more artistically satisfying "first" was the company's third production. A revival of Jenujo that marked the first live performances in Czech of Sir Charles Mackerras's edition of Janácek'e score, which expunges Kovarovic's "improvements" of the com-poser's orchestrations. Although the Don Carlos had demon-strated that the soundest edition can he undercut by a misguided performance, in San Francisco Sir Charles himself led o performance of tremendous impact. In almost rudely plain 1969 sets by Leni Bauer-Escy, Wolf-gang Weber staged a naturalistic, utterly helievable Jenuja that went straight to the work's searing core. To the last chorister and the smallest com-

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Arts Guide September 19-25

Exhibitions

Futurisms: Fiat opens its art centre on the Grand Canal with the largest exhibition to be devoted to the Futurist Movement, o movement born in Italy, and the first to exalt techin Italy, and the first to exalt technology, and to try to convey speed on canvas. More than 300 works have been lent. The pointings are mainly from 1909-18, but there are also sections devoted to literature, theatre, music, architecture, fashion and furniture, showing futurism's influence up to 1930. Ends Oct 12.

Venice: Palazzo Grassi: Futurism and

Mindrid, Prado Minseum. French, Spanish and Italian paintings of the 18th century. This exhibition from the Prado collection includes works not seen for 15-20 years as well as recent acquisitions. Tiepolo, Bayen, Maella, Paret, Juan Bantista, Mengs. Palacio de Villahermosa, Plaza de las Curtes 6, Ends Sept 38.

Lugano: Villa Favorita: Goya In Private Collections: 50 paintings by Goya, normally impossible to see and which have never travelled before. The archibition is organised by Baron. Thyssen and the Spanish Minister of Arts. Among them is the portrait of the Contessa di Chinchon, considered the best of Goya's paintings of women. Ends Oct 19.

What is Modern Sculpture?: Rather arbitrarily, the American art critic Margit Rowell answers by exclud-ing Rodin and Maillol from the 1900–1970 period. Her criterion is o

wire, plywood and string are next to sculptures in bronze and marble. There are some splendid works by Picasso and Matisse, Brancusi and Giacometti. The exhibition continuse from the 5th floor to the forum in the basement with Benys and Arte Povera and is unspeakably depressing. Centre Georges Pompidou, Closed Tue (42771112) Ends Oct 13.

NETHERLANDS

Single-even, Van Abbe Museum. Cur-rently drawing a record number of visitors to the 50th anniversary Eye level exhibition of its entire collec-tion. The 1,500 works read like a roll-call of modern art, from Cha-gall, Kandinsky, Braque and Picas-so to Klein, LeWitt, Baselitz and Klefer, Ends Nov 9. WEST GERMANY

famich, Lenbachhaus, Luisenstrusse 32: Hozmusge à Benyx 69 painters exhibit some 100 pictures with 150 late works by Joseph Benys (1921–1966). Ends Sept 25.

Cooper Hewitt Minneum: Hollywood, Legend and Reality celebrates the history of America's greatest popu-lar culture in all its excesses and incies through the various crafts like production, direction, editing and special effects, Ends Oct 25. CHICAGO

Chicago Historical Society: Louis Sul-livan, a seminal figure in American architecture, is celebrated in an exhibit in the city he made archit rally famous with newly made mod-els of his brildings along with draw-ings, sketches and hullding frag-ments emphasising his use of orna-

October concerts at the Wigmore Hall

These will be on October 10, 11

Chopin. He will also play Grieg, Association.

German baritone Herman Bernstein and adaptations of Prey is to return to the Wig- Bach, Strauss and Chaikovsky more Hall during October to in a Sunday morning coffee congive three Schubert recitals, cert on October 19.

These will be on October 10, 11 Franz Liszt's birthday on and 13.

October 22 is marked by pianist

Another highlight will be the visit of Russian planist Shura

Leslie Howard leunching a series of three Liszt recitals. On October 6 there will be a Harc Cherkassy, who on October 9 Keller memorial concert in aid plays Busoni, Beethoven and of the Motor-Neurone Disease

FINANCIAL TIMES

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4P 4BY Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Thursday September 25 1986

Weakness in US banking

years from the top to the bottom of everyone's estimate of what constitutes a well run bank, it is not altogether sur-prising if markets are confused. All the more so where, as in the case of BankAmerica Cor-poration, the management seems constantly surprised by the poor figures it unveils so

the poor figures it unveils so regularly.

Yet confusion is one thing; panic quite another. The rumonrs, hotly denied by the management, that afflicted BankAmerica's stock price last week probably tell us more ebout the curious psychology of today's market than about the bank. Certainly this California-based giant, with more than \$100bm of assets and \$4bm of capital, is a rather curious case on which to base assertions about some wider malaise in the US financial system.

system. Unlike Continental Illinois, which was rescued by the authorities in 1984, Bank-America is one of the least plausible candidates in the US plausible candidates in the Us for a liquidity crisis. For a start, it claims to be a net supplier of funds to the inter-national markets, which is where the trouble started at Continental. It is also one of the world's biggest retail banks, enjoying a huge and stable raft of deposits from private individuals in California, which are underpinned by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Adverse shifts

The real problems concern the poor quality of the loan book, where the bank has managed to spread its money across every troubled sector of the Californian economy, rang-ing from energy and agriculture to shipping and real estate, as well as Latin America. Non-performing loans as 6 percenperforming loans as a percen-tage of equity are so much higher than at other Californian banks such as First Interstate, Security Pacific and Wells Fergo as to suggest that credit control became a victim of BankAmerica's ambitious pur-suit of growth.

WHEN one of the world's has outstayed its welcome with largest bank holding companies investors. In this it contrasts moves in less than half a dozen with the countless other problems that prevent American bank supervisors from sleeping soundly et nights. In the oil states of the sunbelt, for example, the narrow concentration of bank loan books simply reflects an underlying lack of diversity in the business of the state itself. Other states of the union have seen adverse shifts in the terms of trade affecting the hasle commodities on which their economies depend, which

their economies depend, which in turn affects the quality of hank loan portfolios.

This bighlights a fundamental weakness of the American banking system, which is thet much of tha regulatory framework is potentially destabilising. On the deposit side of the balance sheet, restrictions on retail branching have contributed to the vulnerability of banks like Continental Illinois. On the asset side controls on interstate banking have tended to cut both ways: while they probably ensure thet the banking system is more sensitive to ing system is more sensitive to the needs of local business, they make it hard for banks to spread their risks beyond

Sober approach

When the pigeons come home to roost, those same restrictions on interstate banking make it harder to work bad loaons off the balance sheet. They also exacerbate the consequences of the inevitable temptation to seek highly speculative business that holds out the prespect of high profit ont the prospect of high profit margins in the ettempt to re-build capital ratios.

The regulatory boundaries

have, in recent years, been eroded by the courts. The eroded by the courts. The scope for future trouble has also been reduced as e more sober epproach to bank lending replaces the growth-at-any-cost school of any earlier era. And indeed the quality of bank loan books stands to gain from the recent devaluation of the dollar, which will permit large sectors of the American economy, including many of those that are consolicuously depressed in consolcuously depressed in BankAmerica's home state, to For the moment the crisis of reassert their competitiveness, confidence is about the credi- Not all the signals in banking billty of e management that point in the direction of panic.

Easy money for the TSB

the banks, applications in ficticious names and a final

In the case of the £1.5bn TSB share flotation for which epoll-cations closed yesterday, the success will be limited to those applicants fortunate enough to receive an allocation of shares. For the Government, the TSB and its edvisers, the issue is proving to be more of an embarrassment than a success.

The issue is leeding not only

to a misallocetion of capital hut also promoting individual share ownership in such an artificial way that few of the supposed benefits are likely to prove

long-lasting.
These problems can be traced back to the Government's impa-tience to proceed with the share flotation on the basis that the TSB belonged to no-one, with-out waiting for the judicial proscess to un its course. The sus-picion is that the Government prodded the TSB into going for a flotetion in advance of the British Gas privatisation in November, in the belief per-haps that it would act as an

It was thus unable to take into account the final ruling of the House of Lords' judicial committee in late July that the TSB was not ownerless but belonged to the Government. If it had followed the Lords' ruing, sold the TSB itself for a price close to the £900m of tangihle net assets, and kept the proceeds — or, more astutely, returned them to the public through a tax rebate — the out-come might have been more satisfactory. However, by the time of the ruling tha Government was elready committed and no doubt regarded the idea of claiming the assets for itself as politically out of the ques-

Nevertheless, by giving eway the £900m to those who sub-scribe for the £1.5bn share issue, the Government bas gueranteed a massive over subscription. More seriously, the TSB, which was over capitalised sven in advance of the flotation, has now become bloated with nearly three times as much capital as it needs for its nor-

the extra money before the pro-tective layers that have been in their present form do little erected egainst a hostile take-

LENGTHY QUEUES outside over bid are dismantled, the TSB will be forced into a spendfeticious names and a final ing spree over the next five scramble to submit the forms years. And that could lead to as the deadline approaches are further inflation in the prices all the ingredients of what is of insurance brokers and estate considered a successful chare agents, if those are to be the targets of the TSB's attentions, and may stretch too far the capacity of the incumbent management.

The other consequence of the £900m bonus which has been offered to share subscribers has been to make it almost certain that, when dealings start in the shares, a substantial premium to the offered share price will be struck immediately, regardless

of the general stock market and economic conditions.

It is that guarantee which has ensured the popularity of the flotation and made it possible for the TSB to claim that it has done as much, if not more, than the British Telecom sale in 1984 to widen individual share ownership. The BT share offer-ing, although seriously under-priced, was at least similar in many respects to conventional company flotetions.

But the circumstances of the TSB flotation are so atypical that they are unlikely to teach the lucky new shareholders much about the usual risks and rewards of chare ownership, let alone the methods of evaluating company shares or the workings of the UK financial system.

Indeed the windfall profits could even increase the general cynicism about the workings of the City and strengthen the belief that many of its practitioners consistently pocket larga sums without making any economically valuable contri-

Excessive bias

The Government is entirely jostified in seeking to use the privetisation programme as an opportunity to expand share ownership both emong employees and among the public st large, and this has been dona successfully in several cases. Their troubling aspect of the BT and TSB issues bas been the element of "bounty" involved, which may create a misleading impression of what share ownership is about. More fundamentally, the Government has not yet directly ettacked the tax distortions which over the past 20 years have given an excessive bias to pension fund and insti-Windfall profits

tutional investment. The tax

To make effective use of all concessions contained in the pro-

ETRACTORS would call Dit a post-mortem examina-tion, supporters a progress report. Either way round the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund which opens formally in

Washington next week is bound to stir fresh debate on the Baker Plan for easing the developing country debt crisis.

The meeting takes place egainst a backdrop of mounting unease over the direction of unease over the direction of the debt problem, which has threatened for four years to engulf the world financial system as developing countries struggle to service their \$710bn medium and long-term foreign debt. Faced with sluggish growth in the industrial world

growth in the industrial world this year, the demands male by the developing countries on their creditors have become increasingly strident.

Concrete results for the Baker Plan, lauched in Seoul a year ago by Mr James Baker, US Treasury Secretary, remain as tantalisingly clusive as the original plan was required. original plan was vague. Now, however, the IMF meeting coincides with its first major test in the form of the \$12bn rescue package being put together for Mexico to help it service its \$100bn foreign debt. At first glance the Baker Plan has achieved none of its

stated objective Mr Baker called on developing countries to adopt e new form of economic adjustment that would secure growth for their economies. In return creditors were to commit themselves to supplying extra finance, with commercial banks and multilateral development institutions such as the World institutions such as the World Bank each agreeing to provide a net \$20bn over three years to e specially selected group of 15 countries with a combined foreign debt of some \$450bn. They are Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Ivory Coast, Mexico, Morocco, Nigeria, Peru, Philippines, Uruguay, Venezuela and Yugoslavia.

So far there is no sign either of higher growth or of fresh money. According to the annual report of the World Bank pub-

report of the World Bank pub-lished this week growth in de-veloping countries alipped to 4.3 per cent last year from 5.4

the World Bank did rise by Now with the Mexican nack-some \$1.8bn to \$13.2bn in its age in its final stage of elebora-fiscal year which ended on June tion, there is no time left any 30. They are scheduled to rise more for philosophical and techfurther to between \$13.5bn and \$17bn this year, but disbursement of loans by the Bank actually fell last year as did the Mexican package will be current borrowers which stood action. On its success hinges at \$3.2bn in 1985-86 compared with almost \$5bn a year earlier.

more for philosophical and techincrease even if the new ticket rate for growth defined as 3 to form as till only costs the equivalent of 5p.

Yet many creditors feel that the most controversal aspects of the new ticket rate of growth defined as 3 to form as till only costs the equivalent of 5p.

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Yet many creditors feel that more for worse first quarter of 1987,

This is one of the most controversal aspects of the new ticket rate of growth oriented adjustment For better or for worse will be more needs to be done. "We the more for philosophical and techincrease even if the new ticket rate of growth oriented adjustment For better or for worse
the Mexican package will be more needs to be done. "We the many creditors feel that
the Mexican package will be more needs to be done." We the many creditors feel that
the Mexican package will be more needs to be done. "We the many creditors feel that
the Mexican package of 5p.

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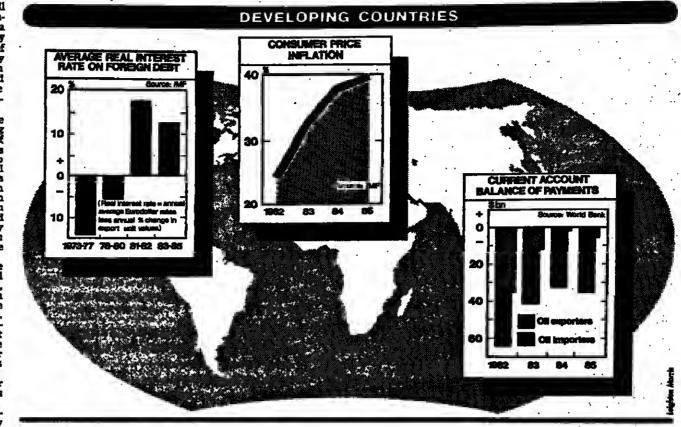
The correspondence of the package of 5p.

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DEBT AND THE BAKER PLAN

Mexico concentrates the mind

By Peter Montagnon, Euromarkets Correspondent



Yet, says Mr Thomas age is an SDR 1.4bn standby Labrecque, President of Chase credit from the International Manhattan Bank: "The Baker Monetary Fund incorporating a plan is not the failure people fresh affort at growth-orientated

say it is. It was a framework economic reform. It will form and we are testing that framework in Mexico. I would give the little longer."

One reason why creditors are clinging to the Plan is simply because there is nothing else

Even officials at the IMF

because there is nothing else around that offers hope of e viable long-term strategy for dealing with the problem. For debtors too the Plan is better than nothing at all.

For all its vagueness the Baker Plan is, in fact, deeply redical in its underlying philosophy. Before it was all aunched no one talked in terms of combining ansterity with growth. The very existence of the Plan thus raised a whole range of questions about that the deal carries a high degree of risk. Doubts that prescribing structural change for debtor countries is much easier than implementing it. "Structural change is politically bard to sell. You have to sell it to the vested interests up the political will to implement in the structural changes environment of combining ansterity with growth. The very existence of the Plan thus raised a whole range of questions about that the world stump up so much in fresh finance?

This was always likely to be

techniques to be employed.

This was always likely to be a long and complicated debate by the plunge in the oil price cent e year—has met a similar numbers of the Plan because the Esuk for International Settlements recorded a drop of first quarter of 1986 and there has been no sign of e pickup show to the world Bank of the low oil price.

New loan commitments by the plunge in the oil price by the plunge in fact oil-producting responses and political behaviour that most of us in technical institutions know very ment, Mexico circulated to its mall bank creditors a document, demand that Mexico cut its process the ment, Mexico circulated to its mall bank creditors a document, demand that Mexico cut its process the ment containing a long list of structural. Mexico circulated to its mall bank creditors a document, demand that Mexico cut its process the ment containing a long list of structural. Mexico circulated to its mall bank creditors a document, demand that Mexico cut its process the ment containing a long list of structural. Mexico circulated to its mall bank creditors a document, demand that Mexico cut its process the ment containing a long list of structural. Mexico circulated to its mall bank creditors a document containing a long list of structural. Mexico circulated to its mall bank creditors a document. Certainly political pressure was the main reason why the structural. Mexico circulated to its mall bank creditors a document, demand that Mexico cut its process the ment, Mexico circulated to its mall bank creditors a document, demand that Mexico cut its process the ment, Mexico circulated to its internation institutions know very in the tunical institutions know very in the tunical institutions know very in the continued.

Certainly political pressure in the main reason why the already undertaken to improve the main reason why the pared with 64 per cent continued.

Mr Baker's call for commitments by the plunge in the oil price that the continued.

The serving and complicated debate that the continued.

Th

to the sensitive area of foreign investment where Mexico could do more to open up its economy. Others are worried that in the run-up to the Presidential elec-tions of 1988 it may be politically very different to push radical changes through.

The IMF does not comment officially on such specific country situations. Privately, how-

with political forces, political responses and political behaviour that most of us in technical institutions know very little about," he continued.

Certainly political pressure was the main reason why the DMF decided to drop its original demand that Mexico cut its projected budget deficit this year by more than half to just 5 per cent of gross domestic product. Under its IMF programme the outturn is expected to be closer price of a ticket on the Mexico
City subway has even been 39 per barrel or if its economy
raised to Pesos 20, a twentifoid
increase even if the new ticket rate of growth defined as 3 to
still only costs the equivalent 4 per cent by the end of the

nounced its intention to seek a rescheduling deal linked to the price of its grain exportsbecause they feel it gives Mexico cart blanche to seek extra loans if its economic policiee turn out to be mis-

guided.

Already worry is growing that the IMF has been too generous with its errant client. News that Mr Jacques de Larosiere, its managing director, plans to announce his resignation during the annual meeting will only serve to intensify speculation of deep uncertainty within the IMF itself over the wisdom of letting the country's economic policy makers off the hook, In political terms this may have been inevitable because of the falling oil price, but inflation, falling oil price, but inflation; the bugbear of many Latin American countries, is on e steeply upward trend. Con-

sold to the country's 500 creditors world-wide is another

and some bankers et least are

Mr Franz Luctolf, general manager of Swiss Bank Corpo-ration, suggested earlier this month that banks should move to a system of capitalising interest payments. Instead of lending debtors fresh money to pay off their debts, they should simply add interest due to a country's existing debt. This would be "the fairest way of ensuring the participation of all banks with a relatively balanced division of the burden," he said.

Mr Luetolf is still in the minority. One aften-voiced argu-ment against such an idea is that it would weaken the bargaining power of banks vis-a-vis their developing country clients. Instead other approaches such as swapping debt for equity and a still greater link-up with the World Bank are coming under general scrutiny. Chile has managed to reduce

slbn with debt-equity swaps and its success has prompted other countries ranging from Mexico and Brazil to the Philippines to

examine its potential.

Yet the help that such swaps can provide is still exepected to be marginal at best. No one expects that it will generate in-flows of capital of e size that developing countries now developing countries now require. For that, bankers are looking to official sources. Their greatest hope at pre-ent lies in linking their lend-

ing in to the new sector adjust-ment lending programmes beig undertaken by the World Bank. These are loans designed to finance structural reform in individual economic sectors such as agriculture, banking and foreign trade. Because they are released only as reform actually occurs they hold out some comfort to commercial lenders looking to see that their own loans are used to imple-ment mnch-needed reform. In-sofar as sector lending by the World Bank would boost over-all flows of finance to the debtor countries, it has the added advantage of showing clearly that the official sector is willing to pick up some of the hurden Bankers say it would also help if the main industrial

countries were to agree to in-crease the capital of the World Bank so that it can finance, extra lending of its own. skith an increase is unlikely to be high on the agenda of the forthcoming annual meeting, however, and falling an immediate and sharp increase in the World Bank's own lending activities, bankers are having to pin their hopes on the greatest uncertainty of all.

This is that the fall in oil prices will sooner or later lead.

prices will sooner or later lead to e revival of growth in the industrial economies and an increase in the volume of world trade. That would do more in the short term than the Baker Plan ever could to revive economic growth in developing

matter.

For Mr Baker has signally countries too.

For Mr Baker has signally countries too.

With a fresh scent of growth in the air, politicians in developing to developing countries.

Yearse loans have become to push through structural change—and their bankers tural change—and their bankers might not be quite so loathe to loosen their purse strings.

and tra

IBM veteran for French industry

The French government's appointment yesterday of Jacques Maisonrouge, 62-year-old former head of IBM Europe, as director general of industry marks a revolution in the closed world of French public admin-istration.

An engineer who spent 38 years with IBM, becoming the first Frenchman ever to make it to the board of Big Bine, Maisonrouge is the first manager from the private sector to be picked for a key civil service

His appointment, he con-fessed yesterday, could be a risky move by the government and France'e liberal industry minister, Alain Madelin.

But Maisonrouge, who re-cently wrote a book about man-agement and has been working with L'Air Liquide since leaving IBM two years ago, wasted no time in spelling out his entrepreneurial message. He wants to reorganise the industry ministry to provide better service to the competitive interests of French industry.



Garner, Richards, now Boyentt. looks like Militant Tendency has re-selection

Men and Matters

His appointment is also an unusually open tribute to the virtues of American business ment. Despite France'e tradi tional craze for all things American, IBM has long been regarded with mixed feelings by successive Franch govern-

when Maisonrouge Even when Maisonrouge banded its European operations respect for the biggest com-puter group in the country with more than 20,000 employees (and one that projected itself as more French than the French) was always tinged with

suspicion. Maisonrouge sought to reassure all and sundry yesterday of his deep-rooted commitment to his country. "Everyone must serve his country," he said.
"When I was living in the US, I had a constant ambition to give France a hetter image and make foreigners understand what French industry and

what French industry and science is ell ebout."

His aim now is to turn his department into "the ministry of international competitiveness." To that end, he is likely to dig deep into his long asso-ciation with one of America's biggest business successes.

Market day

Traders in the City's new giltdged market would be well advised to get e good night's sleep tomorrow. The Bank of England is taking the practice run for the new market oo Saturday morning very seriously

The Old Lady has circulated an emhaustive economic briefing among the 27 prospective market-makers as the hack ground to a barrage of figures management ranks as the oew it will be issuing to test their Reed International finance direcit will be issuing to test their mettle ahead of Big Bang. At 9.15 am, the Bank will be

cast over the tapes, and 15 minutes later money supply figures for banking September. At 9.45 traders will have to react to a revised money market forecast, before coping with both retail price figures and public borrowing statistics at 10.15. Finally, to catch the in-

ternational flavour, the tapes will carry a flash forecast of US GNP growth in the third quarter, 15 minutes afterwards. All the data, of course, will be imaginary. But the Bank has gone to the trouble of providing summaries of market expecta-tions for each set of statistics. What my source is wondering though, is whather the Bank will dare to publish figures for the money supply that are as had es they usually

are in reality. And since everyone is expecting a surprise base rate change during the morning, whether the Bank will risk announcing the rise in bor-rowing costs that increasingly looks possible in the real world.

Reed growth TO BE YOUNG and to have ex-

perieoce of the north American market is double bliss if you are an aspiring manager in Reed International.

The company is making a determined effort to place youth firmly at the helm, while reshaping the business to earn half its profits in North America—a target which will probably be echleved within the next year. next year.

All of which means that Nigel Stapleton, currently vice-presi-dent of finance for Unilever United State in New York, fits like a glove in the Reed senior

tor.
Although e seasoned Unisending its money market fore- lever man, Stapleton is still only

39. He became commercial adviser to Michael Angus (now the Unilever chairman) in 1980 when Angus was the group regional director for North America. Since 1983 Stapleton has been vice president finance for the Unilever US businesses with sales of more than \$3.5br

The Reed youth cult is run-ning strong. Leslie Carpenter, aged 58, chairman and chief executive, is to move upstairs by early next year so that Peter Devsi (formerly assistant man-aging director of Sainsbury), aged 44, can take the chief executive post.

Peter Williams, aged 44, has been on the Reed board for two years in charge of North American paper and packaging operations.

Peter Burns, and Ronald Segel, both in their early 50s have recently joined the Reed

No time

When will the time be ripe for sterling to join the European Monetary System?

There were those who once would have bet heavily on it doing so when it dropped to e rate of DM 3.40. But now the pound languishes below DM3—and still no sign of a move.

Jacques Delors, president of the European Commission and, by definition, an enthusiast for the long-swalted event, says it reminds bim only too well of e pre-war French pop song by saxophonist, Alex Campbell: "C'est trop haut, c'est trop

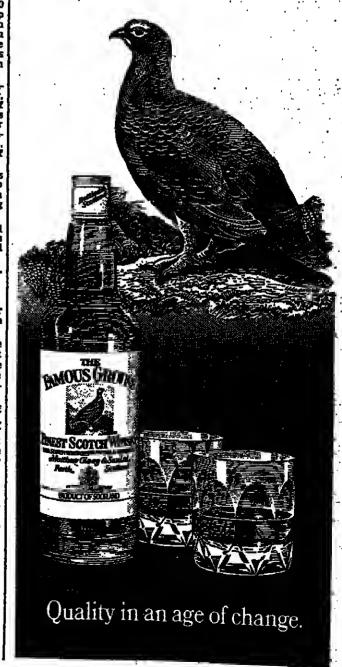
C'est trop bas, ca ne va pas."

End piece

Framed sign over e senior equity dealer's desk in Morgan Grenfell Securities:

"Two ways to slit your throat after the Rig Bang: 1—Don't do the trade; 2-Do the trade."

Observer



THE INDEPENDENT, the new British national newspaper, confronts with admirable honesty and clarity the question aimed at its heart.

"Is there room for another quality daily?" the slick advertising produced by Sastchi & Saatchi inquires. "Forty-eight of Britain's top journalists think so," comes the half

The list of signatures and by-lines that follow certainly impresses—were it not for the fact

presses—were it not for the fact that journalists are probably the last people to answer such a hard-nosed question.

For the story of The Independent reads like a newspaper romance which in earlier days could have turned up as a green eye-shade "B" movie. It is the story of how three Dally Telegraph journalists put up £1,000 of their own money, yent to the City of London and raised £18m to start producing the politically independent newspaper of their dreams far from the reach of paternalistic or despotic proprietors.

The first real sign whether such an incredible story could possibly have a happy ending will come on Tuesday. October 7 when, what is claimed to be Britain's first new quality daily newspaper in 131 years "hits the streets"

To succeed it will have to To succeed it will have to take on the financial muscle of the Mr Rupert Murdoch's Times, the weight of the Daily Telegraph and its loyal if ageing readership, be more independent than The Guardian and then persuade a host of people who now do not regularly buy a resultance of the succession.

a newspaper to subscribe.

The Independent is the latest manifestation of the changes sweeping the British national newspaper industry. With Mr Eddie Shah's paper Today ecting es catalyst the union barriers to new technology have crumbled and with them the osts of launching national

The Independent will be produced by a total of 355 people, of whom 182—the majority—will be journalists. Traditional newspapers have employed more than ten times that number. They will enter their copy directly into terminals in an electronic newsroom and the pages, with the exception of the

pictures, will be made up on When they are complete they will be shot down the lines to presses in Portsmouth, Peter-borough, Bradford and Sitting-

bourne, where The Independent will be printed under contract.

Apart from heralding the coming newspaper revolution Mr Shah was also indirectly responsible for the spark of an idea that led to The Independent idea that led to The Independent. Its origins lie in a teleThe Independent



Independent, A Business Week journalist asked for his view of Today's prospects.

"It can't work" was the instant reply. As soon as he put the phone down Mr Whittam Smith thought "perhaps it can—if Shah can do it why not me?"

Since Taken's disputered. The drive for the Yuppie gap

By Raymond Snoddy

The Daily Telegraph sold an average 1,156,304 copies, a drop of 5.3 per cent over the same peried last year;
The Guardian was at 524,264, e rise of 7.7 per cent;
The Times sold 471,483, a decline of 1.7 per cent.
The Financial Times sold 251,554, a rise of 9.6 per cent.
Predictions of how The Independent's unabowy premises in London's 100 City Road everything seems on schedule for the launch and perfectly respectable 32-page dummy newspapers, are being printed virtually every day.

The news coverage already looks sound, there are five strong pages of City and business news, an interesting arts page and a comprehensive two-page section of listings.

The Independent launches with The Financial Times sold a print run of 670,000 and an initial £2.5m burst of advertis
Predictions of how The Independent will cope in such a tough market vary greatly.
"Rupert Murdoch will strangle it in its cot before it

gets a chance to wave its rattle," says one world-weary citizen of Fleet Street who does not want to ettach his name to "I think it has a better than

even chance of success, but there is also e better than even chance of its investors being asked for more money," said Mr Eric de Bellaigue, publishing analyst of stockbrokers Grenfell and Colegrave.

"There is no market. They've

ident. Its origins lie in a teleofficial circulation figures for got to make one," warned Mr
phone call in March 1985 to Mr
The Independent's main rivals Mike Constable, media director
Andreas Whittam Smith,
show little growth in the six of Brunnings, the advertising
founder and editor of The months ended June 1986:

Andreas Whittam Smith,
show little growth in the six of Brunnings, the advertising
founder and editor of The

not yet revealed its presence.
Mr Whittam Smith takes comfort from a detailed study of the birth pangs of six recent British media launches, both print and broadcasting—London Broadcasting Company (LBC), Channel 4, TV-am, Now magazine, Mail on Sunday and Mr Eddie Shah'a Today.

All pan into apply differentials

All ran into early difficulties or criticism yet all but Now survived, although Today is still in intensive care. It is unlikely at least thet

The Independent will be ill-But what is its market and bow well does The Independ-

ent understand it? Neither the basic hypothesis nor the strategy has changed much since the first back-of-theanvelope days.

Andreas Whittam Smith believes in The Gap — one big enough to squeeze a new quality newspaper through. It is a gap formed by the up-market ABC1 social groups aged between 20 and 45.

In the US they have become famous as the Yupples — the young upwardly mobile.

"There is e market there

which is obviously at the younger end — the Yuppie busi-ness market. But it's only when The Independent hits the street that the truth will out," says Mr Nigel Sharrock, media director of J. Walter Thompson. All The Independent's marhet research has consistently shown the ABC 1 "gap" in the market. The first week's re-search with 320 readers of the dummy editions came out with

a surprisingly high degree of support, with 7 per cent say-ing they were certain to buy the paper and a further 22 per cent saying they were very likely to buy it.

The Independent's executives believe the research at least suggests that their basic strategy is not hopelessly wrong. The main alarm bell that rang was the criticism of the lack of humour in the paper, so the burnour is rapidly being turned

The advertising target for the first year is between £14m and £15m.

The rapid changes in Fleet Street that have allowed The Independent to happen have also helped to improve the competitive position of its established rivals. The more than £50m a year Mr Murdoch is saving because of the move to Wapping would enable him to cut the cover price or the advertising rates of The Times

Recently, Mr Murdoch said of The Independent: "We are taking it very seriously but it is going to be very, very hard for them and they are going to need much deeper pockets than they have."

The Independent is also going to walk straight into the start of the Daily Telegraph's long march back to prosperity.

The Monday, one week before The Independent launch, the Telegraph begins printing its southern editions on its new presses, starts its new prize game Passport and embarks on an E8m promotional comparison to with back its lost embarks on an Ekm promotional campaign to win back its lost younger readers. Mr Andrew Knight, chief executive of the Telegraph, says he is more concerned about the effect of Guardian and Times counterattscks against The Independent and the noise they will produce in the marketplace than any direct threat from the Independent itself.

Even Mr Robert Maxwell, publisher of Mirror Group Newspapers, has entered the scene at the last minnte by an-nouncing last week that his planned new paper, the London Daily News, would be launched in February as a 24-hour-a-day

ndent itself.

In the end, The Independent is an act of faith — that the right words aimed at the right people can overcome harsh numbers. To Mr Douglas Long, who bad planned to retire instead of run another newspaper, and who at 61 is certainly no Yuppie, it is a very simple mat-ter. As a newspaper reader, be has made do with The Guardian because he likes neither The Times nor the Telegraph, "Like British Caledonian, Tve never

Lombard

Why the EMS is not enough

By Jonathan Carr in Frankfurt

the US tried to cajole the Bun-desbank into cutting its dis-count rate, the West Germans let slip they were nearly ready to drop their remaining restric-tions on the private use of the European Currency Unit (Ecu).
Optimists might conclude thet
American pressure was having
the useful side effect of forcing progress towards European monetary integration.

Alas, the truth is less en-couraging. The West Germans look set to move on the Ecu at last, not because they think it has a glowing future as "Europe's currency," but because they feel that on the whole it can cause little damage. Certainly, it is said, it will offer the serious challenge to the no serious challenge to the hnoyant Deutsche Mark, now reemerging in its familiar role as uncomfortable champion with-

in the European Monetary System. The Bundesbank has also chosen this moment to stress publicly that it is independent not just of the Boun Govern-ment (a fact of which few observers can be unaware) but also of the Americans. The latter point is suspect, to say the least. True, the central bank can refuse to cut its discount rate on grounds the economy is bouyant grounds the economy is bouyant (although perhaps the Bundesbank is a little too positive here) and that the money supply target is being exceeded (although maybe the wrong indicator is being used to measure). But it only needs a few well chosen public words from the US Treasury Secretary (who can claim afterwards be was mismuoted) and the dollar

was misquoted) and the dollar plunges below DM 2. What the Americans cannot get through an interest rate cut and more economic growth from their partners, they will try to haul in (despite the dangers) from e lower exchange rate. For the West Germans that means another blow to their

exports which are already stag-nating in real terms. That will probably not become widely evident in West Germany for a few months yet — but then the groans will hegin.

Bundesbank is aggravated. Some of the pressure from the US Government and its representatives abroad has been pretty crude. But even the most "independent" central bank of the strongest economy in France. in Europe cannot win a row with the US. The lesson of the last month (with a discount cut on and off again as the dollar moved like a yo-yo) is that, if European countries are to defend their interests adequately vis-a-vis the US, they have to provide a counterweight through greater monetary integration and development of the Ecu as a reserve asset.

That is far from a new lesson—but regrettably it needs restating. A key reason for the birth of the EMS in 1979 was the belief of French and West German leaders that the dellar was saving down the drain and was going down the drain and that Europeans had to "hang together or be hung separately.

The creation of the EMS came against the background of US current account deficits in 1977 and 1978 of about \$15bn and \$16bn respectively. For 1984 and 1985 the figures were \$107bn and \$118bn respectively (along with a federal budget deficit whose financing may force high interest rates although low ones would be needed to stave off economic recession). In principle the Europeans face a monetary and economic up despite their relative success in the meantime in creating a zone of currency stability among

No donbt a package will be No donbt a package will be cobbled together in Washington shortly between Europeans and the US, to get both sides over the present "hump." But Europe urgently needs progress on all that unfinished business of the EMS, including development of the EMS, arctablishment ment of the Ecu, establishment of a European Monetary Fund worthy of the name and so on. As long as this is not done, even the "strongest" Euro-peans must not be surprised if, from time to time, they are clobbered from across the

Calculations on bonds

From Mr C. de Liste

Sir -Now that the London Stock Exchange and Isro have joined forces under the banner of ISE, would not it be nice if this new organisation could now follow the lead of the Association of International Bond Dealers and lay down some rules as bow yields to maturity and prices of bonds should be calculated?

The prices and yields of any Eurobond are calculated the same way the world over; comsame way the world over; com-parisons, therefore, of like with like present no difficulties. Not so with other bonds. Apart from the fact that the US and Japan, to take just two markets, have their own ways of deter-mining such values, different again from Eurobonds, in London, as most statisticians know, there is a variety of ways of calculating our own

Whereas the basic discounting formula is universally employed, the peripheral calculations can sometimes affect yields and prices substantially. Is the accrued interest rounded to two, three or more places of decimals—or left unrounded? Is the interest determined by the number of "actual days" between settlement day and the immediate prior payment data, Whereas the basic discountimmediate prior payment date, or by the 1-k method? Or is the quasi-coupon period method of caiculation to be employed? Are "five years and under" shorts to be calculated or, as

Letters to the Editor

one elegant jobber does, scheduled—and, if calculated, is the discounting at simple or compound interest? And if compounding, will stock with less than six months to run be discounted at simple interest?

One could continue outlining One could continue outlining differences of approach, also in the field of net calculations, but perhaps there is sufficient to suggest that "rules," comparable but not necessarily the same as those of the AIBD, would have considerable advantages.

Perhaps when making comparisons and contemplating switches between different classes of stock investment managers are able to negotiate their way through the mine-field now they have a variety

Since Today's disastrous launch in March control has passed to Lonrho, Mr Shah has returned to his newspaper roots in the north of England and circulation is still only marginally above 300,000.

Mr Shah recently called Mr Whitten Smith with heart-felt

Whittam Smith with heart-felt advice for those trying to follow

along the trail he blazed. Above all else do not launch before

the product is ready, he empha-

ing and promotion it will at least be ready in the way that

But after the initial publicity

and curiosity have begun to fade The Independent faces one in-

tractable number 375,000—the stable circulation it needs to

reach by sometime next year to meet its financial projections.

And there is not much leeway.
"If we bottom out at much less

than 300,000 then we are in trouble," concedes Mr Douglas Long, The Independent's man-aging director and former chief

executive of Mirror Group

All the signs are that when

the time to get some con-formity?

Risks, benefits and trade-offs

From Dr S. Blow

Open University points out electricity from Sweden, 40 per (September 16) various errors cent of which is of course of fact in letters you have generated from nuclear capacity. recently received from Prof Cassels, Mr Taylor and others. These concern the precise date of the Three Mile Island acci-dent, the location of that wife and an extended Danish family in-law of which I am very fond.) nuclear power station, whether
Lord Marshall did or did not
admit that a Chernobyl accident could occur in the UK,
the curtailment of the nuclear

However, people can make errors of omission as well as commission, and Mr Lowry is guilty of the former. When he points out that the "safety conscious" Danes are currently urging sweden to close its Barseback so thoroughly "Machiavellian." However it was all unplanned, across the water from Copenhagen, he emits to quote the reply of their fellow Scandinavians. "Certainly," said the Swedes, "if you will shut down mis-management (there is a repliced stations which your coal-fired stations which are pollnting our rivers and lakes with acid deposits and killing our fish. The reply demonstrates that there are no absolutes in the benefits/risks 2, Woodlands, scene—only trade-offs.

Actually the Danes were Kidlington, Oxford

From Dr S. Bloso being very hypocritical in making this request since they import substantial amounts of

the curtailment of the nuclear programme in the Western industrialised nations, while the Russians continue to expand their civil nuclear espability as they have stoutly declared they intend. Prince Machiavelli could vulgar term for it) and not by

Stephen Blow.

In-house business training

From Mr E. Verbeek Sir.—David Thomas in his article on "Where a DIY-MBA would fit the bill" (September 12) reinforces the following misconceptions regarding Mas-ters of Business Administration and management development, 1—Only an MBA programme offers proper formal business training. If Shell UK's Mr Bowden thinks so, then he impli-citly recognises that his own company's in-house training and development efforts have failed to identify and produce the next generation of senior managers. Moreover, various training justi-tutes and business schools already offer short courses aimed at junior, middle and senior managers covering both specialised and general management disciplines. This type of out-house module offers continual development without long-term absence from the

2-If Mr Bowden succeeds with his CNAA recognised in-bouse/out-house MBA plans, then Shell UK will become a victim of his success. The training programme will be so high-profile that it becomes an end in itself for people who

apply, to work for Shell UK. Their only objective will be to join Shell UK, complete the Shell MRA programme and, armed with this outstanding visiting card, desert the Shell Centre for financially more ettractive pastures.

two-page section of listings.

Journalists who have seen
the dummies have et least been

sufficiently impressed to joke:
"Maybe we should have epplied for a joh after all." Yet Mr

Whittam Smith, who until nine

whitam Smith, who until time months ago was City editor of the Daily Telegraph, still ends almost every conversation with a note of caution.

"In terms of quality I'm driving a Rolls-Royce, but it's only just going down the drive at the moment and its possible to put e Rolls-Royce into the ditch. There is no guarantee,"

He worries in an almost

superstitious way about "the X factor" the problem that has

3-Many 28 to 33 year olds also feel committed to their company; i.e. they want to have their cake and eat it. They want to be on equal par with those who have decided to forgo around \$30,000 in earnings and invest another \$30,000 in fees and living expenses while pur-suing an MBA. But they also want the security of their exist-ing job as well as a high-speed ticket to the upper echelons of the corporate stratosphere. Mr Bowden and his follow experts in human resources are simply giving in to the aspirations of those who are drowning in self-pity and should therefore represent the last category to be considered as future senior

management potential.

4—Business schools hardly relish the prospect of a totally in-house MBA. On the contrary, most advanced busi-ness schools already expect their teaching staff to move in this direction by allowing them to spend around 25 per cent of their time in a consulting capacity to corporate clients. In nine out of 10 cases, this translates into the setting up and execution of in-house training courses aimed at offering formal business training.

Case for mortgage tax relief

From Mr R. B. Aisher.

Sir, — There currently seems to be a great deal of criticism of the principle of giving tax relief on mortgage interest pay-ments for house purchase. It seems to be forgotten that expenditure on a house has considerable benefits for the community, particularly in the long term, unlike expenditure on other forms of consumption. If I spend money on most forms If I spend money on most forms of consumption then, except for providing employment for others and paying some tax, to the state, there is no benefit to anyone other than myself. However, if I spend the same money on a house, that is an asset which will outlast me and remain as part of the general wealth of the community. To some extent its value may pass some extent its value may pass to my heirs but the operation of inheritance tax will provide a more than sdequate return to the Exchequer.

I thus consider that there other forms of consumption.
While new construction is exempt from VAT, most of the value does come from Received and the planning system. are very good reasons why the labour and materials and is R. B. Aisher therefore of more benefit to the Redleaf. economy than, say, expenditure Penshurst, Kent,

Two points need to be closely watched. First, the quality of construction should be of a standard thet will endure. Second, the monopoly site value created by planning controls should not represent too large a proportion of the selling price of the bouse. From my experience in the Home Counties, the cost of construction some-times amounts to no more than 40 per cent of the selling price and this cannot be healthy. I accept there is no easy answer to the latter problem. which is certainly not helped by the negative attitude of so many local councillors in refus-ing to recognise existing zoning

and other planning require-ments until forced to do so by the planning appeals Because planning permission is so difficult to obtain, the rewards of success are high Some people consider that mortgage tax relief contributes

MISTALLIAN TO

As his name implies, French Elf is home grown. He works for France's largest single corporation. which also happens to be the eleventh largest oil company in the world.

Elf Aquitaine discovers and produces oil and gas. It refines and distributes petroleum - supplying approx 21% of the French market through nearly 7000 outlets. It produces basic and speciality chemicals as well as plastics. It is a major supplier of sulphur, phosphates and soda ash. And a significant producer of pharmaceuticals and cosmetics.

French Elf is a very profitable creature indeed.



The ubiquitous Elf Aquitaine.



FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday September 25 1986



CONTINUED GROWTH NEEDED TO COMBAT UNEMPLOYMENT

OECD demands 'work for all'

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

has been made by the Organ for Economic Co-operation and De-

The Paris-based group sees little prospect of a fall in unemployment over the next year and a half. If any progress is to be made it is essential for the economic recovery to continue, it says in its latest annual Emnent Outlook, published yes-

OECD officials yesterday called for a clear policy objective of "work for all" in a bid to tackle the problem of unemployment, with its cor- 31m in the 24 mainly industrialised rosive impact" on families and com-

or that many of the unemployed are engaged in the black economy or in

In fact, the OECD says, people re-ceive only a low proportion of their previous incomes in the form of unemployment benefits, while the black economy probably accounts for only 2 to 4 per cent of gross do-mestic product – and most of that is carried out by people with jobs, not the unemployed.

member-countries of the OECD. three times as many as in 1973. Al-

make a dent in this, the OECD says, and it is important that nominal wage growth remains moderate if the recovery is not to be stifled. With low inflation, this need not mean that real wages have to be

kind of growth that promotes employment, the organisation says.

Over the decade from 1973, gross national product grew by 18 per cent in Europe and by 22 per cent in

A STRONG CALL for economic policies to maintain growth and combat the "scandal" of memployment standards of previous generations that we shaded to grow in almost all these the US. The US, however, created countries next year, so is the size of nearly 16m new jobs in the process, while employment stagnated in En-

The OECD calls for policies that would help to spread capital more widely both to the employed and to those who would otherwise have re-mained unemployed. In Europe, it says, capital has overwhelmingly been used to increase the capital in-tensity of production, not the labour

The report also suggests mea-sures have to be taken to help the still running at a rate of 16 per cent, te some recent improve

Details, Page 2

France postpones decision on CGCT

on the future of Compagnie Genèrale de Constructions Telepho-nique (CGCT), the troubled state-owned telecommunications manufacturer which is at the heart of a major reorganisation of the country's public telephone switching

Government officials said yesterday that the decision was being delayed because of the need to prepare the privatisation of ITTs for-mer French subsidiary which was ationalised by the previous Social-

They said that the delay would give the current foreign bidders seeking to take over CGCT's public switching business, in order to gain a 16 per cent share of the French market, an opportunity to improve

In spite of persistent reports that In space or persistent reports that DGT favours AT&T on technical grounds, officials say no clear preference has emerged. "It's an open game," according to one official. France is seeking price concessions from AT&T on the graph of some factors. from AT&T on the supply of switch-

ing equipment. clear Other bidders include Siemens of link West Germany and Ericsson of with the telecomm Sweden as well as two more recent ger between CGE and ITT entrants - Italy's Italtel and Brit-

French officials said that the Government's new privatisation commission would have to analyse the means of selling CGCT. This would be in extricably linked with would be in extricably linked with second supplier of digital telephone the choice of the foreign group selected to tie up with France's sec-Bundespost.

FRANCE has postponed a decision DGT, the state telecommunications and largest maker of public teleauthority. The delay is likely to phone switching equipment after take several more weeks.

Alcatel, subsidiary of the state-Compagnie Générale de Electricité (CGE).

rate is, therefore, likely to remain

at around 8% per cent, the organisa-

Growth is not enough, however. There must also be a shift to the

The West German Government cause of its increased pressure behind Siemens' bid to take over CGCT. The Bonn Government has clearly irritated Paris by trying to link Siemens' entry into France

The deal will give the CGE group a significant presence in the West German public switching sector through the Stuttgart-based Stan-dard Elektrik Lorenz (SEL), the present ITT subsidiary which is the

Mr Christian Schwarz-Schilling West German Posts and Telecom munications Minister, met Mr Alain Madelin, the French Industry Minister, in Paris on September 11 CGE/ITT issues should be linked to allow a "European solution" to the

Officials deny that the Germans have threatened to stop passing Bundespost contracts to SEL if the French Government fails to allow Siemens to take over CGCT. There has been a lot of effort to force the

ficial.

But the high-profile manner in which the Bonn Government has

UK minister invited to visit Chernobyl

BY DAVID FISHLOCK, SCIENCE EDITOR, IN VIENNA

\$ close to competitive

level, Volcker says

BRITAIN'S Energy Secretary yes-terday called on the International Atomic Energy Authority to produce agreements, understandings, practices and collaboration to guarantee that the world could reap nu-

cident there in April bad frightened the world. But, be said, the Soviet Union's ruthless analysis of what went wrong at Chernobyl had enhanced the prospects for safer nu-

Mr Walker was addressing a special session of the IAEA's general viet report on Chernobyl. The ex- byl's le

antee that the world could reap miclear benefits safely.

Mr Peter Walker, who later revealed that be hoped to accept a private invitation from Moscow to visit

The world walk a regulatory regimes to a supported by the Soviet

and US delegations. Any serious acceptage international accreditation from Moscow to visit

The world walk a regulatory regimes to a support would be regime. support a binding international regime to provide compensation for nuclear accidents. Mr Walker made five "essential"

proposals which Britain hoped could be implemented in the conference devoted to nuclear safe-ty, which formally accepted the ex-pert analysis it organised of the So-clear accident, based on Cherno-

follest support to the agency in devising a regime for broad interna-

ed to the IAEA. Britain would also Agree a convention on mutual stance in the event of a nuclear

> that the world could manage with-out nuclear power. "Cast aside this option and the pressures upon other energy sources would be such as to cause considerable economic upbeaval." he said.

perts summarised the report as being "thorough and professional."

He told ministers from more than 60 countries that Britain offered Chernobyl post-morten and analymaged reactors would be opera-tional again within a few weeks. He hoped to take up the invitation

> Mr Shcherbina had blamed the complacency of engineers" who. things never going wrong, began to believe that they never could go wrong, Mr Walker said.

have International safety experts examine Britain's reactors, but less happy to have inspection by the four non-nuclear countries of the EEC, which between them account-Interviewed later, Mr Walker ed for only 5 per cent of the EECs said he had received a private invi- energy consu

Deutsche Bank sets pace with Fiat deal

Continued from Page 1

He praised the Japanese Government for responding to US con-cerns. They have appreciated there

The Germans," be added, "appear to regard every suggestion as an invitation to future inflation. The US was also anxious not to take this sort of risk. "Our concern is whether or not German growth is sustainable in 1987, he remarked, adding that both the IMF and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) shared fears on this score.

The official was also sharply critical of the failure of Western European governments, including Britain, to pay sufficient attention to their unemployment problems.
think the UK would do extreme well to have a major tax reform and to attack in a more comprehensive the US official said.

In his comments on Capitol Hill Mr Voicker left no doubt that like

that it would do enough to boost the Mr James Baker, the US Treasury Secretary, he is worried that the US's industrial country trading partners may not be responding for cefully enough to the need he sees ners) do their part on economic

It "remains to be seen" whether West Germany was doing enough to and. As for Japan, "looking back" it was clear that it had not done enough.

But Mr Voicker also stressed that despite the progress he acknowledged Congress had made in beginning to tackle the US budget deficit

Asked about the problems the IMF's economic austerity policies create for developing countries, be said: "I'd like to see a little austerity in our budget too."

He sharply rejected suggestions that the US could carry on living on

World Weather

Continued from Page 1

ple, the UK's 54bn floating-rate note issue was snapped up without diffi-culty. Yet different factors come into play when syndicate managers turn to equities. The syndicators need to be sure that end-investors will hold on to the shares, at least for a time, and will not sell them back for a quick profit into the dofects on the company's share price.

Mr Michael Altenburg, a managing director of Deutsche Bank Capital Markets in London, says that in the bond market - despite the heightened volatility seen this year - traders usually have a fair idea of where an issue should trade.

contracts; half-year earnings sub-lished on Tuesday were better than

by taking up the remainder of the 15.2 per cent Libyan stake. Global distribution of shares is handled the \$1.5bn placing of 10 per reckoned to be beneficial to issuers cent of Daimler-Benz which it purbecause it broadens the sharehol- chased from the Flick group in Deder base and thereby, at least in cember last year. As the Euro-equitheory, aids the share price. It also ty market develops, Deutsche apavoids the indigestion which could pears to have won another large occur for such a large issue in a rel-feather in its cap.

atively small and illiquid market such as Italy's. The Fiat deal is novel for the international equity market in one important respect the shares are being offered in dollars rather than in the home currency of the compa-

sons. The Libyans appear to have wanted dollars, and the lead manwanted donard, and the read man-agers had some concern about whether such a large deal could have been done in lire. Investors are thus being invited to take a view not only on Fiat's share price

but also on exchange rates.

Deutsche Bank is not discussing the method at which the offering In the share market, there are price was arrived at. However, the greater uncertainties. On the positive side – and among the selling points used by Deutsche Bank – cent discount to the closing share were the withdrawal of the Libyans as shareholders could boost the potential for Fish to win US defence of Ll.414 to the dollar.

Deutsche Bank is also reticent about how it won the deal. Rumours expected; and the Agnelli group was of the Libyan sale had circulated increasing its commitment to Fiat for several months. Deutsche may have had the edge not only because

Honeywell in venture bid

Continued from Page 1

while it intended "to continue in- systems business because of the volvement in the computer business fragile as a partner of Bull and NEC, it finance would also continue to focus on its core businesses of automation and control and aerospace and defence,

where it is a market leader." Bull officials said last night that fragile state of the French group's

tions had yet taken place with Hon-

the French Government would have Honeywell and NEC would be logito fund any operation to take a cal in view of the group's existing stake in Honeywell's information technical 'I marketing ties.

chases a quick quid on TSB "GOD'S OFFER to the public never

At least

£5bn

closes, read a hastily scrawled pos-ter outside the Church of St Ed-mund the King in London yesterday morning.

Mammon's, however, closed at 10

am, and investors who poured through the doors of the Trustee Savings Bank next door with lastminute applications for shares in its £1.5bn (\$2.17bn) flotation were not in the mood for preaching.

"Tm in it for the money, like everyone else," said a young compu-ter programmer applying for £3,000 worth. Twe never bought any shares before and I don't expect to keep them. I think most people are

This was certainly true of the de-livery man applying for shares worth 22,500. "Ill sell them as soon as I get them," be said. "I'm only doing it to raise the money to buy a

An advertising manager said she was applying for £1,000 worth in the hope of making a quick killing, though she was not optimistic about receiving many, and a man in the property market said he was out to aske a quick turn: "I don't plan to day."

After all the hullabaloo leading

up to the deadline, the atmosphere in the City, London's financial district, seemed strangely calm, yes-terday morning. Television crews roamed the streets in vain looking for hysterical mobs being herded into line by armies of mounted po-The seven London banks received

ing applications opened their doors soon after investors began to arrive at about 7.30 am, and dealt with apar about 7.30 am, and dear with ap-plicants so swiftly that the fast-moving queues rarely stretched for more than a few yards. However, the issue has certainly

een heavily oversubscribed. The number of applications received is probably twice British Telecom's 2.3m and guesses at the weight of money chasing the issue begin at

Sir John Read, TSB's chairman said be was delighted by the response and was not particularly worried about the number of sellers who might emerge when dealings

began.
The investors who join the queues in the City are not typical of the rest of the applicants, be said. "The desire to make a fast buck is not nearly as strong in our tradi-tional heartlands in the north of the

country."

Sir John suggested that the maximum number of shareholders it would be practical to have on the register might be around 3m, so if more than 4m applications have been received, some form of across-the-board balloting now seems in-

The disappointment of unsue-cessful investors might, however, be mitigated by yesterday's news that TSB's share price was falling in the grey (unofficial) market be-ing made ahead of dealings. It shed about 11p on the day to close at around 81p, largely because of press comment suggesting that buyers would be few at higher levels.

Editorial comment, Page 16

French state postings

Continued from Page 1 cant French busines

group, Mr Ambroise Roux, former chairman of CGE, and Mr Michael Pecqueur, chairman of EK-Aqui-

Suard, new chairman of CGE, and Mr Pierre Bellon, vice president of the French employers' confeders

chairman of the Cap Gemini Soget data software group, and Mr Jacques Fayard, head of Thomson's

Saint-Gobain: Mr Jean-Martin Floz, chairman of the Jeumont Schneider telecommunications and engineering company, and Mr Jean-Jacques Delort, chairman of

Printemps department stores.
Pechiney: Mr Bruno Roger, of Lazard Freres, Mr Antoine Riboud, of the BSN food group, and Mr Didies Pineau-Valencienne, chairman c the Schoeider Group; Rhone Poulenc: Mr Alan Meri

eux, of the Merieux health institute

and Mr Jean-Marc Vernes, chair man of the Beghin-Say sugar group;
Bull: Mr Gerard Worms, of Suez,
and Mr Vincenz Bollore, chairman THE LEX COLUMN

Viyella lining for Coats

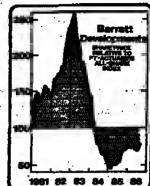
Whatever foreign exchange trad-ers may claim, it is hard to believe that sterling weakness was caused by any kind of guess at yesterday's dreadful trade figures. After the fact, if the authorities are still hop-ters to exclude the property of the control of t ing to avoid jacking up base rates, the gilt-edged market no longer seems prepared to bet on it.

Coats Vivella

The merger of Coats Patons with Vantona was a match that the mar-ket found warming when it oc-curred in the depths of last Febru-ary, the shares shot to 560p within weeks, but have rather lost their way since that early finsh of enthusiasm. At 490p the price is halanced somewhere between full belief in the merger strategy and doubts whether a company that is so large-ly composed of Coats Patons deserves quite such a premium rating.

This balance in the market was probably not greatly changed by the contents of yesterday's half-year announcement. On the positive side, the Vantona manage is getting to grips with the enlarged and much more complex company, removing layers of Scottish buresurracy from the Costs operating companies and introducing the di-verse parts of the business to working with each other. If it all goes according to plan, Coats Viyella will emerge over the next few years as a group with a core of UK earnings and technology which is substantially insulated from currency swings by the ability to link markets with low cost production — of intermediate and finished goods from China to Brazil.

Less enticing than this vision of Coats Viyella, is the relatively pro-saic start to its trading as a merged company. Currency is still a potent and so far unhelpful factor, though the translation penalties should un-wind in the second half. But even the merger accounting basis, de-pressing the 1985 comparative fig-ures by charging interest on the cash element in the acquisition, ing growth; after currency, earnings per share have risen by less than 13 counting - that £14.8m would be provided below the line to give the group a kick-start into next year. With that benefit, bowever, 1987



profits should be close to £200m before tax; and that should just about keep the shares on track.

Rerratt

Barratt's has worked wonders in the past 18 months to adjust to the collapse in its sales of starter houses. A cost structure gearing up for 20,000 completions has been completely overhauled to support 8,000, net debt has been reduced by a factor of 20 and the product repackaged for richer people in richer parts of the country.

Barratt's share price has been refurbished, but remains a dwelling hred in by an uncovered dividend in 1985. Yesterday's 12p rise, to 158p, lagged a 9 per cent increase in the final dividend for the year to June and leaves Barratt yielding a couple of points more than the industrial average on this payout

Volumes are pretty slow in UK householding, but margins may have almost doubled half on half as much from the attention to overheads as the greater concentration on more expensive houses in the south of England. In the US, the run-off of Californian development properties has converted a huge dollar debt burden into a small post-interest profit in the housebuilding that Barratt understands.

But Barratt will no longer be pullcomes more difficult to achieve, Barratt is being driven back out in-

to the market for high-price land with planning permission. While Barratt has clearly learned its less-on about volume housing, a target of 10,000 completions is quite a burden for a capital base that is smaller than in 1983. For the next couple of years, Barratt will probably be offering an inflation-proof dividend: on forecast profits before tax of £40m, Barrett probably yields more than 8 per cent a year out.

Logica

Logica's return from near insolvency to prosperity has been too rapid for the market to absorb. Apart from lingering suspicion, it is hard to explain why the share price remained immobile at 218p in the wake of a 36 per cent rise in profits that was well ahead of market pre-dictions. In what is not a seasonal business, three-quarters of the profits were earned in the second half, which gives a good idea of the growth rate. Better still, the tax charge has come down from 54 per cent to 38 per cent, reflecting the el-imination of US losses which Logi-ca had not been able to offset against UK profits.

The company must have more depth in management than its detractors imagined, to have brought round the US business, closed down the office equipment operations, boosted staff in continuing businesses by 30 per cent, and genera ed positive cash flow of over £5m. Stripping out the discontinued hardware operations from the fig. ures, the damage is neverthelessivisible below the water-line. Because of the emergency injection of new equity last Decer were vesterday offered a sixfold crease in post tax profits of 84 per rise in pre-tax profits, to £25.4m. cent fed through to only a 45 per cent rise in earnings per share.

Though the dilution is permanent, it is of no relevance to any have stock with the stock through share recover to the position relative to the All Share which it held before its balance sheet was buried under a heap of unwanted word processors. It does not need any ar-tificial intelligence to work out that proportion of sales: as each extra point in housebuilding margin be-below 16. Hardly demanding, either

RETURI

Traded options are the fastest growing markets in commodity and financial futures for good reason. They offer high profit potential yet risk is limited.

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FIRST IN FUTURES



CNILID., WITH OFFICES IN LONDON AND JERSEY, IS A SUBSIDIARY OF GERRARD AND NATIONAL FLC, THE U.K.; LARGEST DISCOUNT HOUSE.

One of the longest established commodity. trading houses has recently opened a new office to trade in cereals and grain.

A key member of the small team will be the Financial Controller who will create the monitoring and control function. Reporting to the Group Finance Director and working closely with the Treasury department in London you will set up basic accounting routines that will eventually be enhanced to provide sophisticated management

Ideally in your early 30s, you should have obtained commercial experience since qualifying and have a good working knowledge of either international banking or commodities.

The package offered will be flexible and fully negotiable for the right candidate. Further expansion is envisaged in both Switzerland and abroad which will provide continuing career opportunities.

Please write with full career details and daytime telephone number to John P Sleigh FCCA quoting reference J/496/GF.

Lloud Management 25 High Helborn London WC1V6OA Selection Consultants 61-405 349

New Federal Accounting Standards Board head

MR DENNIS R. BERESFORD is from Mr Donald J. Rirk, chairto be chairman of the US
Federal Standards Accounting of the Board since it was set up
Board from January 1. Mr
Bereaford, who takes on a fiveyear term a the head of the
private sector body which lays
down standards of financial
reporting for businesses and
Accounting Foundation, the
non-profit overnisations is board of which do reporting to the private sectory begins and properly the financial
reporting for businesses and
Accounting Foundation, the
Board five US
In Mr Donald J. Rirk, chairthe and local government
bodies.

Members of FASB serve on a
full-time basis, and must cut
their earlier connections while
on the board.

Mr Beresford is a former
chairman of the Accounting
Standards executive committee

Restructuring at Credit Suisse

CREDIT SUISSE, of Zurich, one of the Big Three Swiss banks, is to expand its executive board by the appointment of six new general managers as of January 1. After the retirement of Dr Hans R. Frey on March 26 the top management will consist of 13 general managers compared with eight at present.

at present.

The appointment of the additional general managers takes place at the same time as the completion of a manage-ment restructuring programme launched in 1983. The main changes on January 1 will be

year term a tithe head of the private sector body which lays down standards of financial reporting for businesses and non-profit organisations, is national director of accounting for the appointment of members of FASB and of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and a member of the Board's advisory task force on accountants.

Mr Beresford is to take over

the linking of the domestic and foreign credit departments and the formation of a finance/investment banking department. Mr Rainer Gut, the board chairman, says this will bring the bank's structure in line with current business patterns and improve the bank's effectiveness, at the same time dividing the load of additional management responsibility.

Of the new members, Dr Rudolf W. Hug and Dr Klaus W. Jenny will join the management of the commercial bank-ing division.

Another two of the newly-

Allstate Insurance elects chief

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF SEARS ROEBUCK and Company, the diversified Chicago-based retailing, insurance and financial services concern, has appointed Mr Richard J. Haayen, 62, chairman and chief executive of its Allstate Insurance Group offshoot, with effect from October 8.

Mr Haayen succeeds Mr Donald F. Craib, Jr, 61, who is to retire. Mr Wayen E. Hedien, 52, is to succeed Mr Haayen as president and share operating duties. Mr Hedieu, has been Allstate's vice-chairman, treasurer and chief financial officer.

Mr Haayen joined Allstate SEARS ROEBUCK and Com-

Mr Hayen joined Allstate in 1951 as an underwriter, becoming a vice president in the home office in 1969, and president and chief operating officer in 1969.

Banco Zaragozano recruits former top central banker

BANCO ZARAGOZANO, the Aragon-based bank, has elected Mr Jose Ramon Alvarez Rendueles as chairman. Mr



Mr Jose Ramon Alvarez Renducies, whose appointment ends speculation on the private banking future of the former central bank governor

Alvarez Rendueles was governor of the Bank of Spain, the country's central bank, during the series of bank collapses of

equipment concern.

Banco Zaragozano—interests of which include Miami National Bank in the US—is one of the few smaller banks to have survived the banking crisis in Spain, but has been through a period of flat profits. Mr Alvarez Rendueles succeeds Mr Moises Calvo Pardo, who held the job for 21 years, and is retiring at the age of 86. Last year the bank took on Mr Sergio Garcia-Orcoyen from Algemene Bank Nederland as managing director.

quipment concern.

the late seventies and early eighties.

Accountancy Appointments

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANT

Salary neg to c£26,000 + benefits North West

Girobank pic is an established UK Clearing Bank with a substantial growth record in both the corporate and personal banking markets. The bank has an annual income of £300m and employs over 6000 staff.

We are seeking to appoint a Financial Accountant to be responsible for the day to day financial accounting activities of the bank, both within its main processing centre at Bootle, Merseyside and its London besed benking/treasury operation. Reporting to the Chief Accountant major reaponsibilities include the production of monthly and statutory financial accounts, Bank of England returns and project evaluations. Candidates for this position will be able to demonstrate strong skills and experience in senior financia services sector. You will be a qualified accountant

(ACCA/ACA) preferably aged in your 30's. You will be used to working in a demanding environment and have had experience of working with sophisticated computer systems. A good workingknowledge of taxation matters would be an advantage. Commencing salary is negotiable to £26,000: further performance related salary progression is possible. Benefits are in keeping with the importance of this position and with the practice of leading commercial organisations. Assistance with relocation to within reasonable daily commuting distance of the Bootlebase will be provided where necessary. The position requires frequent travel to London.

Please reply in writing outlining career, salary progression and how your skills and experience match the requirements of the job to: Peter Farrer, Head of Management Development, Girobank plc, Bridle Road, BOOTLE, Merseyside GIR 0AA,

NATIONAL

ACCOUNTANTS FOR INTERNATIONAL MANAGEMENT CONSULTANCY

LONDON BASED

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co., 1 Puddle Dock, Blackfriars, London EC4V 3PD.

We are one of the leading international management consultancies; we are now looking for further first class consultants and analysts for our financial management practice in the UK and overseas. The rapid expansion of our consultancy practice means that there are opportunities for consultants and analysts to be based in London to do some work in the UK but to work predominantly overseas. These overseas opportunities arise both in the Middle East and in other parts of the world on infrastructure projects funded by the World Bank and other international agencies.

For consultant positions, candidates will be accountants, aged over 28, with an honours degree, who can demonstrate proven achievement in industry or commerce. Experience must include responsibility for systems development as well as line management in the finance function. Personal qualities will include the ability to communicate clearly both orally and in

writing. Previous overseas experience would be an advantage but is not essential.

For analyst positions we are interested in hearing from less experienced people over 26 who otherwise meet the profile indicated above.

We offer outstanding opportunities to broaden your experience in a wide variety of industries and to work with stimulating colleagues from a number of disciplines. The salary and benefits package is generous and the additional allowances granted on longer overseas assignments provide considerable opportunities for saving. There are also excellent promotion opportunities within Peat Marwick for those who wish to pursue a career in consultancy.

If you are interested in joining our consultancy practice, please write in confidence, enclosing a brief summary of your qualifications and experience and quoting reference FM/SEP6 to M. J. H. Coney.

CONTROLLER FINANCIAL SERVICES, CITY

Not less than £35,000 + Car + Bonuses

Our client is a leading Euroband House, an autonomous part of an international financial services group. Internal reorganisation has created the new post of Controller, for which a qualified Accountant with relevant financial institutions experience is sought.

Reporting to New York and leading a small accounting and administration team, the successful candidate will be responsible for the financial and management accounting of the company and will supervise various day to day administrative and operational functions. In addition, there will be an immediate accountability for improvements to the computerised management information system.

This is a high profile position with real scope for the appointed persion to become operational head of the London Office. It will appeal to an ambitious financial manager with superior technical and organisational skills and the energy, commitment and enthusiasm necessary to succeed in this challenging and dynamic working

interested persons should write to Don Leslie, adviser to the company, at the address below enclosing a career history. Alternatively, he may be contacted on (01) 831 2288 (day) or (01) 354 5229 (evenings and weekends). Naturally, all responses will be treated in strictest confidence.

Gabriel Duffy Consultancy, Financial Selection and Search, 31 Southampton Row, London WC1B 5HJ

Operational

A Significant Challenge

то £18,000 plus car

Auditor

Age 24-28

Our client is Europe's largest independent Ford distributor (£100m tumover) and as a result of its continued profitable expansion and decentralisation of management and systems is creating an operational audit function. The Group provides services in all aspects of automotive distribution and is well known for its high performance cars.

Based in the South East you would report directly to the Group Chairman and be responsible for reviewing the operational procedures and efficiency of the business operating units in the South East and North West England. The role will call for penetrating analyses to be carried out of operational performance in an environment of highly computerised systems and for constructive recommendations to be formulated to improve both efficiency and preferability.

This is a first class opportunity for a commercially minded accountant to contribute to this fast moving market orientated business and would be an ideal career move towards general management or consultancy.

Candidates should be qualified accountants from a professional or commercial background with experience of well managed groups of companies and of computerised systems. A high level of personal skills will be required to ensure that recommendations are implemented.

Interested applicants for this challenging position should send concise details including current salary and daytime telephone number, quoting reference S2019 to W S Gillland, Executive Selection Division,

Grant Thornton

Fairfax House, Fulwood Place, London WC1V 6DW.

Financial Director Luxury Consumer Goods

c£20,000, Car

North Manchester A unique opportunity has arisen in this expanding USM company, the market leader in this fast moving and fashion conscious sector. The Financial Director will report to the Managing Director and be responsible for the full Financial duties required by a PLC. Equally important will be the ability to play an effective part in the management team particularly by significant expansion of computarised MIS.

Candidates should be chartered accountants, presenably ACA, and have several years experience in a senior accountancy role in a manufacturing environment with hands on experience of computer operation and development. Knowledge of retail and import and expert procedures would be an advantage.

Excellent benefits including relocation will be offered to the right candidate. S.A. Lievens, Ref: 25518/FT. Male or female candidates should telephone in confidence for a Personal History Rorm, 061-832 3500, Hoggett Bowers plc, St. John's Court. 78 Gartside Street, MANCHESTER, M3 3EL.

Unique opportunity for two young accountants ACA/FCA One of the fastest-growing international tax, investment and general financial advisory groups urgently requires to fill the following vacancies:

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT The successful candidate will have D.P. knowledge and sound experience in corporate accounting including consolidations.

TAX CONSULTANT

The successful candidate will have a number of years' experience in handling personal tax affairs, enjoy writing client reports, and dealing with and advising clients.

Applicants should be aged 25-30, enjoy travel overseas, be hardworking and keen to build a very prosperous long-term career. Both appointments offer eventual Board membership prospects. Write at once giving full C.V. and present salary to: Box A0278, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London ECAP 48Y

FASHION CONTROLLER RETAIL FASHION

Dynamic retail fashion chain requires a self-motivated Financial Controller to work closely with the Managing Director and General Manager. The position is a senior appointment within the Company and responsibilities will involve the installation of improved computer applications, supervision of the account and stock control departments plus the production of timely management information.

The successful applicant will be aged between 28-40. Salary package is commensurate with experience but it is unlikely that any applicant now earning less than £20,000 p.a. would have the relevant qualities. Previous retail experience is a distinct advantage.

Write Box A0281, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

BIMIC

EUROPEAN FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Surrey

BMC Software Inc. is a young but rapidly expanding company which develops and markets IBM mainframe system software enhancement products. Sales have doubled annually in recent years and this growth is planned to continue. Clients include many multinational corporations, leading banks and financial institutions.

In recent years, BMC Software has established subsidiaries in Germany, UK and Italy. A qualified accountant, preferably chartered, is now required for the position of European Financial Controller who will assume responsibility for all aspects of the finance and accounting functions of the current European subsidiaries and c.£27,000 + car

for future planned locations. Candidates should have previous exposure in an international headquarters environment and have experience in foreign currency management, budget planning and taxation. Excellent communication skills and energy and enthusiasm are essential in order to adapt successfully to this rapidly expanding, marketing orientated environment.

The remuneration package, which is negotiable, includes particularly attractive benefits.

Please write in confidence enclosing career details and quoting reference B7218/L to Valerie Fairbank, Executive Selection Division.

Deputy Chief Internal Auditor

c. £30,000 + Car + Benefits London

internal Audit within British Telecom plays a major role in reviewing and reporting on adherence to company

policies, plans and procedures.

Reflecting the business environment in which the company operates following liberalisation and privatisation, internal audit is a corporate function privatisation, internal audit is a corporate function responsible to the Deputy Chairman and Chief Finance Officer, with a current staff of nearly 200 people based in London and 6 provincial locations. All business units with the Group are subject to regular internal audit review. Future developments are likely to feature audit reviews of overseas activities, newly created subsidiary companies and joint ventures, a widening of the audit role into operational auditing; and the application of CAAIs on a wide scale.

Following a recent promotion, we invite applications for the post of Deputy Chief Internal Auditor, who will be required to help formulate Audit's role, organisation and methodologies to meet the demands of

the next decade. He or she will have specific responsibility for the preparation and subsequent monitoring of the Annual Audit Plan and for quality control.

Candidates must have considerable experience at senior level in internal audit. Strengths in organisational and management skills are essential. In depth experience of data processing and/or computer auditing is highly desirable. There will be considerable travel to all ports of the UK and occasional visits overseas:

Ta apply please send a comprehensive CV to-lan Hallett, Management Recruitment Unit, British Telecom, Room 26/48, Euston Tower, 286 Euston Road, London NW13DG.

Initial interviews are likely to be held in week commencing, 27 October 1986.
Further information can be obtained if desired from the Chief Internal Auditor, Allan Legg, on 01-356 4862 (office) or 0276 23864 (home).

TELECOM

APPOINTMENTS appear every THURSDAY

GENERAL

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WEDNESDAY

ACCOUNTANCY

Rates £41 per single column centimetre

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co., 165 Queen Victoria Street, Blackfriars, London EC4V 3PD.

Chief Management Accountant South London to £25,000 + car

Our client is a highly successful, c£200m turnover subsidiary of a major acquisitive group, operating in compentive fineg sectors. Manufacturing a range of household name products, the company is a major supplier within its markets and employs a substantial workforce throughout the UK.

As Chief Management Accountant, reporting to the Finance Director you will have responsibility for a sizeable accounting team. The role will encompass the co-ordination and control of all aspects of the management accounting function including statutory responsibilities, with particular emphasis on sound financial input to the commercial decision-making process. Liaising closely with Directors and senior managers, your duties will include advising on the financial implications of capital investment and product development; planning and forecasting; and the

development of management information systems. Aged 30-35, you will be a qualified accountant probably a graduate, and have gained at least 4 years' p.q.e., in. commerce, preferably in an fracg environment.

Previous exposure to sophisticated computer based systems in a progressive multi-site organisation is important. In addition to familiarity with strategic planning and business analysis techniques, your leadership skills and commercial acumen must be self evident. Above all, you will be expected to make a significant contribution to the strategic, commercial and operational management of the business. There are real prospects for career development within this major group. Interested applicants should write to Barry Offier ACA, Executive Division, enclosing a c.v. and daytime telephone number, at 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH, quoting ref. 349.

Michael Page Partnership

Amember of Addison Consultancy Group PLC

FAMILY ASSURANCE SOCIETY FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Brighton

c £22,500 + car

Family Assurance Society has enjoyed spectacular growth in the past seven years and is now a market leader in the provision of tax-exempt savings plans with over £150m under

management.

The job offers a first class opportunity to be in the forefront of the financial services revolution. As a senior member of the management team, reporting to the Treasurer, you will be expected to work to high standards and exacting timetables and contribute fully to our ambitious future plans.

You will be supported by a Department of 12 people and one of the most sophisticated and up-to-date mainframe computer systems available. Your responsibilities will range over the complete financial function of our business, including planning and control, systems development, project appraisal and management reporting

You will need to be a highly motivated, qualified accountant with at least two to three years' post-qualification experience in the insurance or financial service industries.

We can promise you hard work, stimulating tasks and as much coffee as you can drink,

Please reply, with full career details, to:

Mr. J. R. Reeve, Treasurer FAMILY ASSURANCE SOCRETY 19 New Road, Brighton, East Sussex BN1 1WF

Lancashire

£22,500 + Car

Financial Director Designate

Our clients are substantial, long-established and successful. UK gas distribution, civil engineering and building contractors who also export their specialist technology extensively overseas. Growth is accelerating and they now need a Financial Director Designate, who will maintain tight control over the operation and take responsibility for the financial and administrative aspects of the organisation's expansion.

The successful candidate will be at least 30 years old and e well-qualified accountant. Experience must include the creation of financial strategy, a period in the contracting industry, and the organisation, installation and development of computerised management information and control

We seek a persuasive, practical performer who is especially able to contribute to the needs of e growing organisation, and there will be ample room to grow with the company. Assistance will be given with relocation expenses to one of the pleasanter parts of the country.

Letters of application, together with CV, salary progression and any other relevant data should be sent without delay to the Managing Director, Performance Management Limited, 8th Floor, Peter House, St. Peter's Square, Manchester, M1 5BH, quoting ref. P117.

Performance Management Limited MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

MANAGEMENT **CONSULTANTS**

Are you eager for success? Are you available now?

As a result of our continued growth we require several MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS to maintain our development. Could you be one of them? You must be highly motivated with an appetite for achievement. Your successful track record will show that you are thoroughly experienced in the business to business area and capable of problem solving for small and medium sized companies, be they financial, commercial or manufacturing.

You will receive comprehensive training and the back-up necessary. A first rate remuneration package commensurate with effort is offered. If this is your sort of challenge and you would like to join our expanding team, please send complete career details to Mark Quinery, Ref: F.T. Independent Consulting and Management Company Ltd., Rawplug House, 147 London Road, Kingston-upon-Thames, Surrey KT2 6NR.

Financial Accountant

North London

This is a challenging opportunity to make a positive contribution to the improvement in the financial reporting of an autonomous unit of a major UK Group.

The company has a turnover in excess of £15 million, and supplies consumables to both the industrial and FMCG markets.

A qualified accountant is required to manage a busy accounts department (all ledgers and payrolls) and be responsible for the timely production of financial reports and forecasts, which will include monthly balance sheets, profit and loss accounts and cash-flow state

Candidates should have previous experience of managing staff and will also be required to make a positive contribution to the improvement and development of computerised accounting systems. Reporting direct to the Financial Director, the successful applicant, who is unlikely to be currently earning less than £14,500, can expect the usual benefits of working for a subsidiary of an international

Please write with a full CV, including details of current remuneration. These will be forwarded direct to our client. List separately those companies to whom your details should not be sent. Matthew Payne

HAY-MSL Selection and Advertising Limited, 52 Grosvenor Gardens, London SW1W QAW.

CONFIDENTIAL ADVERTISING

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FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

BELFAST

c£20,000 + CAR

Excellent career opportunities exist for an individual able to demonstrate his/her mastery of financial controls both in technique and application. Already successful in the current job, with at least five years in industry, The individual must now be looking for a bigger "stage" to develop their career. The job is located in the Dungurry area of Belfast and An aggressive qualified Accountant aged around 35 is required to squeeze improved results out of a two-site organisation. RFD Limited is one of the foremost companies in the design and construction of inflatable survival equipment, its equipment being used worldwide on aircraft and ships. All manufacturing is currently being concentrated in Belfast, leaving technical and sales in the London area. This £10 million turnover company the Dunmurry area of Belfast and reasonabla relocation costs will be met. Initial salary negotiable around £20,000 pa. Two-litre car is part of Wardle Storeys PLC, itself regarded by the City as growth orientated.

Please write in confidence, marked "Private and Confidential," to: The Managing Director, Mr. J. West RFD LIMITED

> 66 Catteshall Lane, Godalming, Surrey GU7 1LH or telephone: Godalming (04868) 4122

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER (& Company Secretary) £22,000 package Hertfordshire

The company is a successful full service creative advertising

agency providing a comprehensive service to well-known high profile clients. They employ 35 people and turnover is 62.75 million with good profits.

An opportunity has arisen, following the restructuring of the Board, for a Financial Controller/Company Secretary. This is a new appointment and the successful candidate will report directly to the Managing Director. The challenge here is to develop effective financial controls and procedures and establish the company secretarial function. The appointse will also be responsible for the personnel and general office functions. Existing procedures have grown up with the company and this appointment will, for the first time, ensure co-ordination and development of them under a sole full-time financial executive.

The successful candidate will probably be aged 30 to 40 years. with demonstrable achievements in establishing and developing the finance function virtually from scratch. Experience in controlling the personnel and general office functions is also desired. The ideal qualification will be F.C.A.

The post carries e salary of circa £20,000, a 2 litre car, four weeks annual holiday and the usual company benefits. There are excellent prospects for promotion to the Board and an equity share in due course.

For further information please telephone Don MacLean on 0908 678114 during office hours or at home on **0494 782042.** Alternatively send your CV to him at Role Management Umited, Midsummer House, 435 Midsummer Boulevard, Central Milton Keynes MK9 3BN.

Role Management

Jonathan Wren HONG KONG

MERCHANT BANKING ACCOUNTANTS -**NEWLY QUALIFIED** TO £18,000

Two of our clients, both major British merchant banks, are seeking recently qualified, graduate ACA's from the 'big 8', aged 25 to 27.

The first position is in the audit department and our client requires audit experience. The post will lead on to operational banking in 2/3 years time, in corporate finance or lending.

The second is for a management accountant in the treasury area, researching on foreign exchange exposure and liquidity exposure, and developing internal management reporting procedures. The very competitive salary would be enhanced by a borus scheme and other normal banking benefits, including mortgage. Both positions offer an excellent route into banking with well known organisations. Contact Mark Forrester or Karyn flutherford.

Ionathan Wren

OFFINA

WANAGE! ACCOUNT

Glenging F

ANAGE

Exiet Surrey

Plant Financial Controllers (2)

Engineering

Bedfordshire and Avon £19,000 + car

Our client, the British subsidiary of a multi-national operation, manufacture and market motor vehicle parts which are distributed throughout Europe and has a turnover in excess of £50m in the UK.

Opportunities have occurred for Financial Controllers in two of their manufacturing plants, one in Bedfordshire and one in Avon, Both positions form part of the plant management team providing a total management accounting service to the size with emphasis on cost control and improvement.

The successful candidates will be aged 30 to 40 years, ACMA, with at least 8 years experience at a senior level in the engineering industry and with a thorough understanding of engineering manufacturing processes.

Attractive remuneration packages are offered with pension, life assurance, car and relocation expenses.

Please telephone for an application form or send C.V. to John Cole.

Helrick Matthews 17D, Cathedral House, 5 Reacon Street, LICHFIELD,

Executive Selection & Search Personnel Consultants Telephone: (0343) 254454

Capital Expenditure Controller

Berks

£18,000 + Substantial Bonus + Car

Our client is a £330m major subsidiary of a diverse energy group operating in the UK through a regional/national network. This newly created position reports to the Financial Controller within the central finance function.

The role involves evaluating and . controlling all capital investment projects with a strong emphasis on presenting proposals that are cost effective and beneficial.

The successful candidate must have a strong personality and good nication skills together with a numerate and logical mind.

include non-contributory pension, fully expensed car and relocation expenses where appropriate. Please write enclosing full resume quoting Ref 113 to: Nigel Hopkins, FCA, 97 Jermyn Street,

The benefits are excellent and

Cartwright **HOPKINS**

FINANCIAL SELECTION AND SEARCH

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER WARRINGTON

Our client is a rapidly growing business with established and profitable high street outlets selling and renting consumer electronic equipment. Recent expansion has involved moving into both the office equipment and business communications markets.

Their current success has created a need for a dynamic, progressive and experienced person who can run the finance function and take an important role in future growth. The successful candidate, aged

between 30 and 40, will be a self starter. capable of hard work and progressive by nature. Membership of an accountancy body is required, along with experience of a fast growing business, ideally in either the retail, electronics or telecommunications industries.

Salary and benefits are excellent for the right person who can look forward to promotion to the board of directors. If you think you can meet the challenge of this exciting, new opportunity then write in confidence to: John Calvert, Executive Selection Division.

Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co., Century House, 7 Tib Lane, Manchester M2 6DS.

BBG APPOINTMENTS

HEAD OF FINANCE North East Region

The BBC's North East Region has recently been established to bring together and develop BBC Broadcasting and production resources for both television and radio within an area which extends east of the Pennines, from the Scottish Border to The Wash. The newly-created post of Head of Finance will be a key appointment to the Regional Management Team, based in Leeds. As the financial procedures for the new Region have yet to be established, this is an opportunity for a dynamic, ambitious accountant to join a new operation at its formation.

You will advise on, and monitor, the financial implications of all proposals and development plans. The development of financial control systems, budget forecasting and allocation and the provision of an effective management accounting service will all be important aspects of your responsibilities.

accounting service will all be important aspects of your responsibilities.

A professional accountancy qualification will need to be complemented by broad experience, at a senior level, in the key areas of responsibility of this

challenging role.

An informed interest in broadcasting would be a distinct advantage.

Salary will be in a range £15,716—£20,406.

MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT Central London

The world of the BBC is large and varied. As a member of one of our multi-discipline activity review teams, you would play a vital role in the assessment of the effective and efficient use of resources. Additionally, you will be involved in a range of special

A young, qualified (Ideally ACMA) accountant, probably aged around 30, you should have the ability to contribute towards the achievement of these objectives. Salary: £13,194—£16,796. (Ref. 2627) (Ref. 2527/F)

We are an equal opportunities employer

Relocation expenses considered.

Contact us immediately for application form and further details (quoting appropriate rel.), BBC Appointments, London W1A 1AA. Tel. 01-927 5799.

A Strategic Management Role in Treasury and Planning

Thames Valley

Our client is one of the largest distributors of computer equipment and support services in the U.K. The company has experienced a period of restructure and reorganisation and is committed to long term profitability and market

An exciting opportunity has arisen for a treasury specialist to join the newly appointed senior management team. Particular emphasis will be placed on funding and cash management. Candidates will be graduates, aged mid 30's with an accountancy qualification and/or MBA. Strong planning skills gained in an International environment together with high intellectual ability will enable you to recognise business opportunities and to

c£28,000 + Car develop strategic long term plans in this pro-active commercial environment. Recent exposure to acquisition analysis in a fast moving business sector would be

advantageous. This is a unique and challenging position demanding a high level of commitment and personal presence. The remuneration package will include a high starting salary and attractive fringe benefits with the possibility of future share options.

Interested applicants should write to Andrew Sales FCCA. Executive Division, enclosing a comprehensive C.V., and daytime telephone number, at 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH quoting ref: 347.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants London Windsor Bristol Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow & Worldwide Amember of Addison Consultancy Group PLC

Challenging New Appointment With Successful & Rapidly **Expanding 'Hi-Tech' Group**

Camberley, Surrey. c £22,000 + car + generous stock purchase scheme

In only 4 years, this dynamic US company has successfully developed an outstanding range of high-performance computer-based products, regarded as the world laaders in their field. The Company's placing of shares on the US market partier this year marks the start of the next phase in its corporate development.

With plana for a substantial growth in UK turnover, they now wish to strengthen the financial management team by the appointment of en experienced young accountant as Manager - Financial Accounting.

Based in their modern headquarters and reporting directly to the UK Financial Controller you will be fully responsible for the development, control and operations of the Company's financial accounting function, the quality and accuracy of

and the development and direction of an expanding accounting team.

Your brief will also include the development of enhanced mputer-based accounting systems to meet the demands of this growing company, and therefore candidates, who will be qualified accountants, probably aged 25-36, will have had experience of sophisticated computer systems, together with evidence of excellent people-management and technical accounting skills, gained in a progressive, fast-moving, and possibly International business environment.

This important appointment commands a top salary and

the supportant appointment comments of salety and benefits package, and offers significant career prospects with the Company's UK or European operations. For a detailed and confidential discussion cell Neil Wax on 01-387 5400 (out of hours 0923 43033) or write to him at:

FINANCIAL SELECTION SERVICES

DRAYTON HOUSE, GORDON STREET, BLOOMSBURY, LONDON WOLH OAN TELEPHONE: 01-387 5400

Profitable & Progressive f.m.c.g. Group Seek An Accomplished Professional As

Essex, close to M11 to £25,000 + executive car + substantial benefits

Our client is the U.K. sales and marketing operation of a major f.m.c.g. group and emongst the market leaders in this highly

competitive field. They are committed to a polloy of continued growth through both acquisition and the introduction of further brands to complament their existing range of quality
"household name products".

Strong financial management is a key factor underpinning

the Company's success and particular emphasis is placed upon financial planning and control. As the Financial Planning Manager you will perform a key role providing input to strategic decision making for the sales end marketing end Head Office functions, and, as a mamber of the management committee it is expected that you will make a substantial impact towards improving operational performance.
Your primary responsibilities will be to co-ordinate the

planning function involving the preparation of financial and corporate plans, the development of an integrated financial information system for the sales and marketing functions and

tha presentation of meaningful financial reports.
We would welcome applications from ambitious commercially minded accountants (likely to be aged 30-35) who can demonstrate a lively manner together with tha commitment to succeed in a demanding and stimulating A generous benefit package will be available including

ocation where necessary.

For a detailed and confidential discussion call Paul Goodman, consultant to the company, on 01-387 5400 (out of flours on 01-954 5242) or write with full career

FINANCIAL SELECTION SERVICES

DRAYTON HOUSE, GORDON STREET, BLOOMSBURY, LONDON WC1H OAN TELEPHONE: 01-387 5400

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

The INTERKILN Group, an International Organisation The INTERKILN Group, an International Organisation specialising in ceramic projects mainly in developing countries, is seeking to strengthen its financial management team by the appointment of a Financial Cootroller to take responsibility for the Financial and Company Secretarial affairs of the Group.

Duties will include the preparation of statutory and management accounts and the development of financial cootrol systems in the U.K. and Overseas Companies.

Candidates should be qualified accountants (CMA/CCA) in their 30s and should have relevant practical commercial experience.

experience.
We seek a tough character with the sbillty and initiative to make an impact io a rapidly expanding business.
The position is based in Loodon but will require regular travel to the Group's overseas locations.
Remuneration £20% to £25% plus a company car and the usual beneals.

Interkiln is a progressive group and is uniquely poised to offer excellent career development prospects to the right

> Apply in confidence with detailed C.V. to: INTERKILN ENGINEERING LIMITED 13-17 Long Lane, London EC1A 9PN

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1.

COMPUTER AUDITOR c 220,000
The Merchant Banking arm of a major international banking group jocated in the City teaks a Qualified Accountant to join their computer Audit Department. Ref: RC/850.

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Qualified Accountant to join this
dynamic manufacturing and
services group located East of
Barkehire. Duties will include
Finencial and Operational Account
review throughput their Funence.

Ref: CA/346 ACCOUNTANCY ASSOCIATES LIMITED For further details phone or temp./perm. recruitment consultants
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Young Group Financial Accountant

Develop your career within this international group of companies

£ negotiable

London - West End

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Our client can rightly claim to be one of the world's leading international companies in its spheres of operation, with a turnover in excess of £400 million and over 20,000 employees in more than 100 locations worldwide.

Promotion has created this need for a young (mid/late 20's) qualified accountant to join a small team at Group Head Office. Your initial appointment as Group Financial Accountant will include financial reporting involving contact with overseas subsidiaries, enhancement of computer systems and ad hoc projects for the Board.

You will need to display well rounded professional and personal qualities in working to tight deadlines within an informal environment.

Career prospects within this growth orientated and forward-looking organisation are exceptionally good. Starting salary is negotiable and will not be a problem for the right candidate. The benefit

package includes pension, free lunches and BUPA. If you are interested in this worthwhile opportunity, please write-in confidence-to Philip Bainbridge, Selection Consultant, ref. B.35028.

HAY-MSL Selection and Advertising Limited, 52 Grosvenor Gardens, London SW1W 0AW.

Offices in Europe, the Americas, Australesia and Asia Pacific.

FINANCIAL SERVICES

Finance Specialists looking for a career in international banking

... key development opportunities with a sector leader

With a reputation for being innovative and forward thinking our client is recognised as being a key player within the rapidly changing and intensely competitive financial services sector.

Their mission is to recruit a small number of high calibre finance professionals who would undertake a familiarisation programme covering all financial management areas within the banking operations and to be based at their prestige Head Office on the south coast.

These positions are seen as development roles and the successful candidates should demonstrate the potential and ability for promotion into more senior positions within the finance function or other areas of the bank either in the UK or overseas within 18 months to 2 years.

Make no mistake these are rare, first class career opportunities and will appeal to ambitious, commercially aware qualified accountants. Package c.£20k including normal banking perks.

Please write in confidence with full career details to Philip Beinbridge, Selection Consultant, ref. B. 35024.

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FINANCIAL SERVICES

Neg. around £25,000 plus car and benefits

Our client, a U.K. owned company based in S.W. England with an unrivalled reputation in high technology capital equipment, is seeking a man or woman to join the small central staff, initially to head up the Internal Audit function, prior to taking up a senior line finance job.

In addition to a first class background in and recent experience of operational audit, candidates must have had sound experience of financial control in a demanding manufacturing environment. It is unlikely therefore that those under 30 will have had sufficient experience to be

A professional accounting qualification is essential. As part of the attractive salary and benefits package, assistance with relocation will be offered where appropriate.

Applications including brief CV and details of current salary should be sent to Max Emmons quoting CRS 453, Lockyer, Bradshaw & Wilson Limited, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

List separately any companies who should not receive your application.



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As part of your decision-making process, we can help you to identify and capitalize on your strengths, whilst fully utilising your professional

We are specialists in the field of merchant and international banking and in these areas we can offer you the choice of a wide range of stimulating opportunities, such as the following:-

 Risk Management — **Investment Banking**

to £18,000

● Corporate Finance — U.K. Merchant Banking c. £18.500

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to £18.000

 New Products Accounting — Swaps, Bonds & Treasury to £19,000

For further information or for general career advice, please contact

Felicity Hother on 01-606 1706

Anderson, Squires Ltd., Bank Recruitment Specialists,

Bank Recruitment Specialists, 127 Cheapside, London EC2V 6BU Anderson, Squires

General **Appointments**

Appear every WEDNESDAY

Accountancy **Appointments**

> Appear every THURSDAY

Louise Hunter 01-248 4864

Jane Liversidge 01-248 5205

Daniel Berry 01-248 4782

Financial Planning Manager

Commercially Minded Accountant/MBA



Age 28-33

Our client is the UK operation of a 'household name' consumer service company and a medici leader in its industry The Company has a reputation for namesclue and successful 'financially driven' gement, its linance function playing a more icant role in the overall business manageme

An energeuc and commercacy-minded many is sought to manage and further develop the finar planning and analysis function. Reporting to the Financial Director, and supported by a small team within a highly computerised department, this individual will form a key part of the senior

to c.£30,000 + Bonus + Car

This is a highly visible and 'operational' finance tole and provides for high exposure to operations management, requiring a strong presence not only at headquarters but also in the field. Promotion to a more senior management appointment, either within the UK, one of the European operations or at Group level (based in the UK), is a strong possibility in 2 to 3 years. Candidates will be qualified accountants or MBAs with experience of financial planning or analysis gained in a disciplined environment; previous man-management and systems development experience

for a strong and persuasive personality combined with good communication skills. The post is based in West London and, if required, a relocation package is

Financial Management Selection

FINANCIAL MANAGERS

c£18,000 + 2L Car

Our Client, a major international company, has several manufacturing units throughout the UK and as a result of recent and further planned expansion is strengthening its finance team at a number of locations.

The units are profit centres and each Financial Manager will report to a Managing Director and will have responsibility for the overall management and control of the company's financial resources.

Ideally aged 28—32 years, qualified candidates must be commercially orientated and able to demonstrate 2—3 years experience of financial management within a manufacturing environment. A sound knowledge of

computer systems is required.

Salary will be as indicated and a company car will be provided together with pension, BUPA and other benefits associated with a major organisation. Career development opportunities are substantial.

Interested candidates should contact Adrian Taylor, advisor to the client, in strict confidence, quoting Ref. No. 5203 at: The Jackson Taylor Partnership Limited, Hibel House, 2 Hibel Road, Macclesfield, Cheshire SK10 2AB, Tel: 0625 618327 (24 hours).

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Venture Capital Newly qualified, commercially aware ACA to work in a small and very

successful team of entrepreneurs. Corporate Finance

High calibre ACAs to join a mergers and acquisitions department of a major UK Merchant Bank. "Special" work experience and a legal background a bonus. Swiss corporate looking for deal orientated accountant. Must be self reliant and

Group Financial Control Major UK Merchant Bank requires enthusiastic accountant willing to become involved in the Bank's business. The job will include advisory work and accounting for new instruments.

capable of working under pressure. Preferably with experience in industry.

For juriner acials please write or telephone in strictest confluence quoting ref: SM1560 to:-

Rochester Recruitment Limited Limited



Executive Search and Selection Consultants

Costing Manager

Major British based Public Company

North London c\$20,000, Fully Expensed Quality Car This major consumer electronics company has recently undergone a successful major restructuring and investment programme. This has created an excellent opportunity for an able qualified professional to join the finance department at a senior management level.

Together with significant man-management responsibility the key tasks will include the effective day to day management and future development of a fully computerised costing and stock control system,

cost reporting and estimating. A role of critical importance to the future success of the company which will demand the highest of standards and business ability. Candidates aged 28-40 must be qualified accountants who ideally will have already had man-management experience

Big company benefits are offered together with excellent career prospects. Male and female candidates should submit in confidence a comprehensive c.v. or telephone for a Personal History Form to M. Gould, Hoggett Bowers plc, 1/2 Hanover Street, LONDON, W1R 9WB, 01-734 6852, quoting Ref: 21064/FT.

Binder Dijkar Otte & Co., international accountants, have vacancies for permanent and temporary audit staff in their New York City office.

These positions will interest candidates with one to two years' post-qualification experience and who are able to transfer by December 1, 1986. Temporary positions must be for a minimum of two years.

Assistance will be given with visa procedures. For further details please write with a full CV and daytima telephone number to:

Miss J Cook, BDO. 8 St Bride Street, London, EC4A 4DA.

Binder Dijker Otte & Co.



Following its sustained growth over the past five years, BPCC is now seeking to recruit several outstanding young Financial Executives to play an active part in the continuing expansion of its operations. Vacancies exist in London, the Home Counties and

other locations in the UK. Able, ambitious, well qualified accountants aged 26-32, who can meet the demanding standards required, are invited to apply. You must possess strong communication and leadership skills, a well developed commercial aptitude, sound experience in the

development of computer systems and above all the capacity to enjoy a pressurised but stimulating environment. An attractive starting salary will be offered to suitable candidates. If you are sure that you have the qualities

necessary to succeed with EPCC write to D.E. SHRIBMAN as advisor to the company stating how you meet the requirements and enclosing a curriculum vitae, details of current earnings and daytime telephone number.





Planned Maintenance Financia Controller (FINANCIAL DIRECTOR DESIGNATE)

PLANNED MAINTENANCE with a £12 million turnover, is the country's largest independent mechanical and electrical maintenance company, and is recognised as a leader in its field

Due to continued growth and the need for greater management information, it has been decided to appoint a Financial Controller Based at the group Head Office in South West London, the successful applicant will work closely with the board and divisional management, in the production of regular forecasts and reports and the development and implementation of new management information systems.

The role will sult a young dynamic accountant with considerable previous commercial experience, who wishes to develop his/her skills in a progressive and

An excellent remuneration package is offered including a company car. But more importantly, this position offers the opportunity to work in a professional and demanding environment.

For further information please contact **Darrell Smith**, consultant to the organisation for this assignment on **(01) 831 2288** day or **(01) 444 3559** (evenings & weekends) or write in strictest confidence to:

Gabriel Duffy Consultancy, Financial Search and Selection, 31 Southampton Row, London WC1B 5HJ

Unblinkered

c. £20,000 + bonus and car.

The Company, a property subsidiary of a British international group, is responsible for one of London's newest and largest commercial/residential developments with profit forecasts in the millions.

The appointment title is Chief Accountant ~ reporting

Accountant

directly to the Chairman, and with control of a team of sir. But your activities will range far beyond what this normally

implies.

More accurately, the role is line management. You will be expected to organise your department virtually to run itself, leaving you time not only for financial reports, but also for effective liaison with directors, forward planning unblinkered by stutifying convention and full participation in board meetings.

All this demands, in addition to your A.C.A. property

experience, computer know-how, open-mindedness, adaptability, a bright and lively personality and a career commitment which includes ready and willing

involvement in social functions.
The appointment offers a pleasant location in London, first class offices, and invigorating working environment and an unlimited future. To apply, please telephone or write to:

on 01-734 7282

Mary Overton Recreitment Ltd., 35 Piccadilly, London, WIV 9PB.

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Accountancy Appointments

Finance Director with M.D. potential

c. £30,000 + car + share option

Central England

This is a rare opportunity for an experienced Finance Manager/Director to eventually take responsibility for a well established factory manufacturing a range of components mainly for the automotive industry. The company is part of an International Group, and has considerable potential for

continued rapid growth and development Candidates, aged under 45 years, should be committed, enthusiastic, Finance professionals, who have either already moved into general management, or are eagerly seeking such an opportunity. You should possess proven leadership qualities, and

want to become involved in every detail of this successful business. You must be a practical 'hands on' manager who is capable of novel solutions to commercial/business problems. The ability to speak French is also essential. The benefits are particularly attractive, and the total

remuneration includes individual performance related bonus, share option scheme, quality car, and assistance with relocation where appropriate. Please write or telephone for an application form or sens detailed CV to P. R. Guy at the address below, quoting reference AAC2/1049/FT. shone for an application form or send.

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6 Highfield Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham B15 3DJ Tel: 021-454 5791

F.D. Designate: House Building

South West

Our client is the rapidly expanding and highly profitable house building arm of one of Britain's premier groups.

An aggressive, commercially minded career ·professional is required to head up the finance team. Aged in your late 20's/early 30's and a qualified accountant, your post qualification experience should have been gained at controller level. You must have a sound house building background and a hands-on approach to strategic problem-solving. Fully conversant with the latest computer systems, your technical skills must be self evident. The ability to report effectively to the

 $c \le 25,000 + car + bens.$

Board and liaise closely at operational level is essential. Career prospects within the group are outstanding and promotion to the Board will only be limited by your own personal performance. The remuneration package includes a company car and attractive large company benefits.

If you are seeking the opportunity to become involved in the broader commercial aspects of a fastmoving organisation contact Adrian Wheale ACMA, ACIS on 0272 276509 or write, enclosing a comprehensive c.v., to Michael Page

Partnership, 29 St. Augustine's Parade, Bristol BS1 4UL, quoting ref. 8063.

Michael Page Partnership

London Windsor Bristol Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow & Worldwide

A member of Addison Consultancy Group PLC

Financial **C**ontroller

c £20,000 + Car

This is an exceptional opportunity for a young qualified accountant to become a key member of a highly profitable, small, but fast growing property investment company. With its strong commitment to rapid growth the position offers a rewarding future.

The Financial Controller will be responsible to the Directors for the day to day control of the financial planning and accounting function, development of the accounting systems and financial administration of property acquisitions and income.

Candidates for the position, ideally in the accounting

Candidetes for the position, ideally in the age range 26-30, should have sound experience of computerise financial systems and spreadsheet techniques. Knowledge of the property business and relevant taxation and law is preferred.

The personal qualities of candidates include self-motivation, an assertive but diplomatic approach and the ability to contribute to the overall development of

Applications, giving full personal and career details, should be submitted quoting reference SHA 829 to Ruth Tanner at: Stoy Hayward Associates, Management Consultants, Executive Recruitment Division, 8 Baker Street, London W1M 1DA.

Stoy Hayward Associates MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS:

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

(Computers & Electronics). to £30,000 + Benefits

This opportunity comes at a time when our client is consolidating on a major period of growth and diversification — prior to the launch of a new range of acchnology products.

Formed in 1978, the company turns over in excess of \$15 million and is acknowledged, even by their most ardent competitors, as a technology leader in the design and manufacture of computer based products.

Reporting to the Managing Director, this role provides you with the opportunity to make a lasting personal impact on the business strategy and evolution of a young company with enormous potential.

Part of the senior management team, you will certainly need the commercial sensitivity to react to the fickle demands of technology markets. However, no less important will be your ability to read the road ahead and take the initiative.

A qualified ACA or ACMA, you should have had at least 3 years as a department head, ideally, but not essentially, in an electronics manufacturing environment. This will have furnished you with a firm grasp of MRP systems and an in depth appreciation of the finer points of product costing.

As a first step, please forward your curriculum vitae, in confidence, to Ref. PK/TMX at the address below: KHM Associates,

fi



ASSOCIATES 1 New Boad Street London W1Y 9PE

GROUP FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANT

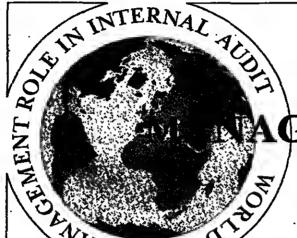
Package c£22,000

We are the UK arm of the world's largest publicly We are the UK arm of the world's largest publicly quoted insurance group. Due to recent expansion, we now have a vacancy for a Financial Accountant. Reporting to the Chief Accountant, you will be responsible for ensuring compliance with all UK statutory reporting requirements, in particular the preparation of Companies Act accounts and Department of Trade returns for some fifteen companies. The environment is young, motivated, highly computerised and rapidly changing.

If you are under 35, ACA/ACCA qualified, have an insurance background gained either in the industry or the profession and are looking for a new challenge then reply in confidence to:

Wayne Page, Chief Accountant AEtna Life Insurance Co. Ltd. 401 St. John Street, London EC1V

Ætna



C. London & The World

c.£22,500 + Car + Benefits

When a high technology organisation doubles its turnover in two years, you can be sure there are enormous challenges to be met, today and in the future. Especially in the case of our client, who can now boast operations in 49 locations worldwide and a turnover exceeding £900 million.

Expansion creates the need for a well qualified accountant, probably aged 30-35, with sound audit experience gained within both a large commercial concern and a major professional firm. As one of two managers working within a highly skilled audit management team, you will be responsible for contributing to the continuing development of the function to meet the increasing demands of the corresponsion. of the organisation.

This is an excellent opportunity to exercise your commercial judgements on a world stage, providing you with an international stepping stone to realising your long term career ambitions, within an outstandingly successful group. Where appropriate, relocation expenses will be payable.

The Finance Index Financial Recruitment Consultants 11 Palmer Street London SW1H 0AB Tel: 01-222 5169/1181

Write with full CV and daytime Tel. No. quoting ref: FT/117, to Patrick Donnelly.

HILVIVI

French Speaker

Thames Valley

c.£33,000, car, +Substantial Financial Benefits

for a prestigious UK fmcg organisation, possessing a unique record of achievement in meeting the changing market needs and trends in a highly competitive and

Reporting to the board the appointee will take up full responsibility for managing. controlling and expanding the systems and administration functions, thus making a significant contribution to the profitability of the organisation by the adoption and implementation of sound consistent and cost effective plans to meet the needs of the users and the Company as a whole.

The successful, French speaking, candidate will preferably possess a recognised accounting qualification and will already be competently versed in planning and implementing automated systems. The individual must be a self-starter, whose enthusiastic and straightforward personality will ensure successful innovation with

Written applications from either sex are invited by applying in full and total confidence to the Director, Executive Search and Selection Division quoting ref. GF1423 at the address below.

Applied Systems

BIS Applied Systems Limited, 20 Upper Ground, London SE1 9PN. Tel: 01-633 0866.

EUROPEAN TROUBLESHOOTERS

ACA/CA/MBA's or equivalent

Based in READING, Berkshire, our client is a major U.S. COMPUTER MANUFACTURER whose EUROPEAN turnover exceeds £200m. A number of opportunities arise for well qualified HIGH ACHIEVERS aged 25-30 who wish to travel extensively in EUROPE. Being able to communicate in another European language would therefore be an advantage but is not a sine qua non.

Successful candidates will not only encounter a friendly, dynamic working environment but can also look forward to RAPID PROMOTION to line management positions in the near future.

If you have a GOOD RELEVANT DEGREE, are qualified ACA/CA/ACCA or equivalent and willing to undertake assignments with ENTHUSIASM AND PANACHE please call in the first instance and send your c.v. to:

TIM WINGHAM ACA Accountancy Appointments Europe 1-3 Mortimer Street London WIN 7RH Tel: 01-580 7695/7739 (direct) 01-837 5277 ext. 281/282

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SYSTEMS AUDIT

to c.£22,500 + benefits

Our client is a major US banking group with a global network, experiencing significant growth in the Investment Banking field. Having recently established a small, highly skilled and mobile Systems Audit unit incv now seek a top-flight Chartered Acc join at senior level, providing immediate managerial support in this area.

The team is engaged in the review of new and existing computer systems and sites worldwide, including the development of new computer audit techniques. In this respect the rôle offers a particularly exciting challenge at the present time, as the bank is implementing an advanced 'state of the art' online relational database for bank accounting and associated

We should therefore like to hear from Chartered Accountants aged in their twenties who have about two years' computer aodit experience, either within the profession or in international banking. Self-motivation, effective communication skills and willingness to travel extensively overseas are all important factors.

For the successful candidate, future prospects are diverse as our client has a proven track record of promoting such individuals out of Audit into other areas of the bank. In addition, they offer a generous salary/benefits package which, for an exceptional candidate, may be significantly in excess of the above indicator.

Interested candidates should contact Jonathan Holmes or Kevin Byrne on 01-606 1706 (lines open until 7,15pm on Thursday 25th September) or write enclosing a detailed curriculum vitae to the address below. All applications treated in strictest confidence.

Anderson, Squires Ltd., Bank Recruitment Specialists 127 Cheapside, London EC2

Anderson, Squires

Young Financial Controller Aged 25-30

South East London

To £25,000, Car, Benefits

The demands of Direct Marketing services have outstripped the capacity of the direct mail packing and fulfilment industry and the gap is widening. This is providing major growth potential for our client. The company is young but well astablished with a turnover of around £8m and a prestigious clientele. Past and future expansion, combined with plans for a public flotation in around 18 months has created an urgent need for this appointment. The successful candidate will take full control of the small finance denantment and key initial objectives will be control of the small finance department and key initial objectives will be to design and implement budgetary control, costing and management information systems. Applicants must be qualified accountants with well developed management accounting experience who can demonstrate the commercial intelligence to assimilate the business quickly and produce fast results. Vital personal qualities include strong leadership skills, a good intellect, a high level of commitment and the potential to grow quickly with a very ambitious organisation.

Please send full details of career to date to: Rupert Terry, Hoggett Bowers plc, Moorgate Hall, 153/157 Moorgate, LONDON, EC2M 6MB. Tel: 01 588 4306. Ref: 20328/FT.

Group **Finance** Director

Equity Opportunity

MID ESSEX

c£35,000

Successful management buyouts probably differ today's most exciting career prospects. Our client gained its Independence earlier this year and is working towards a Stock Exchange listing within the next 2 to 3

They are a highly successful group of companies in the packaging industry, with a record of sustained growth and profitability, and boast many top name clients in their £30m turnover.

They are now seeking to appoint a high calibre Group Finance Director as a key member of the Main Board. The main responsibilities will be to ensure the Group continues to operate on a sound financial basis and to prepare it for an early listing. This will entail close involvement in the day-to-day control of the business and in the strategic planning of its activities, as well as establishing close links with the City.

Candidates must be Qualified Accountants, aged around 35-40, with several years wide ranging experience in a manufacturing environment, ideally in packaging or a related industry. They must be able to demonstrate keen commercial awareness and have the entrepreneurial flair to maximise the Group's considerable potential.

A fully competitive remuneration package is offered, including an attractive directors incentive scheme, and there will be the opportunity to acquire equity. Career prospects are unusually good. Please send concise details, including current selary and daytime telephone number, quoting reference C2004, to W S Gilliand, Executive Selection Division,



Fairfax House, Futwood Place, London WC1V 6DW.

SCHERING

International Operational Audit

Young Accountant based in Cambridge

Schering AG, West Germany, is a major force in the chemical industry worldwide. Within the UK our interests include pharmaceuticals, industrial chemicals, electroplating, and chemicals for agriculture, and we employ over 2,000 people in a wide range of disciplines.

A number of functions are centralised within Schering Holdings Limited and these comprise finance, including taxation, treasury, banking and audit as well as legal and secretarial. Operational Audit is one of these central functions and is based in Carriorldge.

Operational Audit provides a service to the Schering Group worldwide by ensuring that controls and targets are properly established and by recommending and introducing improvements to performance. International travel is, therefore, an integral part

We are seeking an additional accountant to join the professional team. Ideally, you should be a graduate with either ACMA or ACA and at: least two years' post-qualification experience, and be able to show a practical appreciation of business needs. Experience of working at senior management level and good interpersonal and communication skills are

In return, we can offer a highly competitive salary and a wide range of additional benefits, which will include generous relocation assistance when appropriate. Career prospects within the Schering Group are significant.

Please write or telephone for an application form or send a full cx including salary details, to Neil Foliett, Manpower Resources Manager, Schering Holdings Limited, Hauston, Cambridge CB2 5HU. Tel: Cambridge (0223) 870024 (24-hour answering service).

AUDIT MANAGER
PACKAGE £20,000+ plus Car ACCOUNTANTS WITH SYSTEMS EXPERIENCE An exceptional opportunity to manage consultancy projects

Chartered Trust plc., one of the country's foremost finance houses, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Standard Chartered Bank, one of Britain's major international banks with assets exceeding £28,000 million.

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- the accuracy and completeness of accounting records
- the efficiency of operational procedures the security of assets and investments
- adherence to policies and procedures The postholder will be expected to contribute to Group profitability by manual and computer systems in either

operational or development environments. Computer interrogations are used in the audit of ICL and IBM computers.

The ideal candidate will be a graduate qualified accountant with at least three/ four years' post qualification experience. Knowledge of project management and data processing concepts are required, together with well-developed communication skills. Practical computer audit experience is essential.

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FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Our client is a small public company manufacturing and marketing advanced CAD products for a specialist market: two CAD products for a specialist market two years intensive R & D has facilitated a phase of substantial growth. A Financial Controller is required to upgrada all financial information, control an accounts function of ten staff and implement new systems throughout that company. This is an excellent first controllarship for a top flight qualified accountant, 26-30, possessing the ability to manage rapid change. Ref: GR.

c.£18.000+Car

FIRST MOVE

N.W. LONDON

A diverse manufacturing group, part of a UK multinational, seeks an ambitious accountant for this Head Office role. The Assistant Croup Accountent will be re-sponsible for financial and management sponsible for financial and management accounting, various projects and soma tax and treasury work. This position will ideally suita newly qualified ACA seeking their first move from the profession into a progressive environment offering real prospects, Ref. CM.

C. LONDON

PROJECT ROLE

This bighly diversified international This bighly diversified International trading group with an outstanding record of profitability and development, requires a qualified accountant, 25-35 for a Head Office role, Enjoying Involvement in statutory and management accounting the role also embraces troubleshooting for subsidiary companies, involvement in acquisitions and systems development. This is a high profile rola offering considerable commercial involvement and excellent prospects. Ref. LMS.

£22,000+

£18.000+Car

CONTROLLER

A young, rapidly growing Lloyd's brokerage seeks an ambitious newiy/recentiy qualified Chartered Accountant to take full charge of the finance function. Reporting to the Chief Executive the position is seen as a career development role offering broad experience of financial and management accounting, staff management and high level project work. The successful candidate will offer excellent communications skills and the ablity to develop computerised systems. Ref. PAB. develop computerised systems. Ref: PAB.

C, LONDON

Robert Half Personnel, Freepost, Roman House, Wood Street, London EC2B 2JQ. 01-638 \$191.



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FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

c.£25.000 + Car + Benefits

Chaussures Ravel is a leading national high street retailer selling shoes to a fashion conscious market, operating around about 125 units. It is part of the C. & J. Clark Ltd group of companies.

We want to appoint a Financial Controller responsible to the Managing Director for financial control, management occounting, data processing and general Head Office administration. The major rask is to redesign the accounting and DP functions to match the changing commercial activities. You must be a qualified accountant with several years experience of managing or working closely with DP departments. You should have

warked in a commercial environment, preferably in distribution, and must have a keen business sense. Age between 27 and 35. The position is currently based in London, however, we are intending to relocate to the West of London early 1987. Salary will be negotiable with a profit sharing bonus, company car and usual benefits.

Please apply by sending a curriculum vitae or telephone Rosemary Johnson, Personnei Manager for an application form.

Chaussures Ravel Ltd., 60 Neasden Lane, London NW10. Tel: 01-450 3181.



Management Accountant

c.£17,500 plus car

Unger Foods Ltd., a successful subsidiary of the international Campbells Food Group, require an experienced and yet ambitious Management Accountant to become a crucial

Reporting to the Financial Director, the appointee will be required to fulfil the total management accounting function, encompassing monthly performance reviews, forecasting and planning, project evaluation and the design of systems specifications for upgraded business management/control applications.

The successful applicant must demonstrate a clear understanding of management and financial accounting concepts (preferably including U.S. reporting requirements), and must be capable of expressing his/her analytical skills clearly, consisely and

For someone with relevant qualifications and experience, this is an excellent career move into an expanding multinational organisation. The compensation package is excellent and includes company car, a full range of insured benefits and relocation

assistance where necessary.

Suitable people should apply in writing to Mrs. P. Capstick, Personnel Manager,

Unger Foods Limited, Derby Street, Manchester, M8 SHE, enclosing a detailed C.V.



Financial director

To £18,500

Essex, c £25,000+car



For an expanding private housebuilding company; the principal operating company within a specialist property development and housebuilding group which puts great emphasis on quality products. Turnover this year will be around £9m and the Group expects to seek a flotation shortly.

A new appointment, yours will be a key role in a recently strengthened top management team. Reporting to the Managing Director you will have responsibility for the entire financial function and will be expected to make a major contribution to the preparations for the forthcoming flotation. You will also be responsible for implementing further enhancements to the company's computerised accounting and management reporting system.

A qualified accountant in your early thirties, with a minimum of three years commercial experience, you will already have reached financial controller or similar level within the housebuilding or construction industries. You should be enthusiastic and accustomed to working to the highest standards.

Résumés including a daytime telephone number to Torrance Smith, Executive Selection Division, Ref. S566.

Coopers &Lybrand associates Coopers & Lybrand Associates Limited management consultants

Shelley House 3 Noble Street London EC2V 7DQ

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Site Accountant

(Part-Qualified) North London

Excellent Salary, Benefits

An excellent opportunity to gain big company exposure and first line management experience. The company is a major multinational specialising in the manufacture and marketing of

Responsibility will be for the management and control of the total financial accounting function of a £5 million autonomous unit of the company, coupled with the provision of financial support on an ad-hoc basis to the senior management team. Controlling a staff of eight the role will best suit a qualified or part qualified accountant wanting hands-on experience in a demanding financial environment.

Male and female candidates should submit in confidence a comprehensive c.v. or telephone for a Personal History Form to M. Gould, Hoggett Bowers plc, 1/2 Hanover Street, LONDON, W1R 9WB, 01-734 6852, quoting Ref: 21066/FT.

Financial Controller for Financial Services Company

Medium-sized Licensed Deposit Taker, part of a large group, specialising in:— Property Finance

Requires:

A Young Qualified Accountant

To assist in the development of the next phase of growth, building on the base of our recent rapid expansion. The A/FCA, A/FCCA will have sound technical expertise preferably, but not essentially, in banking and the commercial aptitude and enthusiasm necessary to work as part of a small and young professional team. We expect to pay a realistic salary. Please send your written ev to: The Managing Director, Consolidated Credits and Discounts Limited, Chelsea House, West Gate, London W5 1DR.

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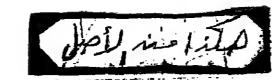
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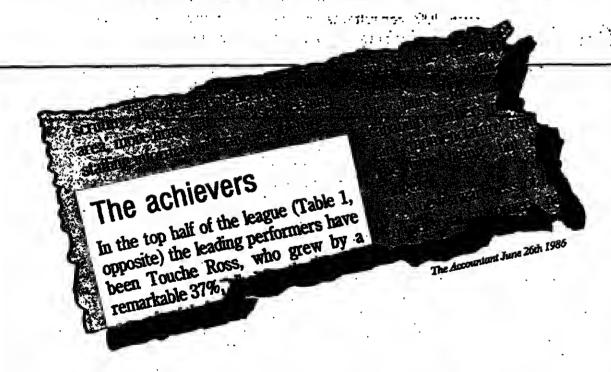
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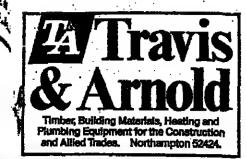
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SECTION II – COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIALTIMES

Thursday September 25 1986



Norton

US group's planned link with NEC and Bull seen as confirmation of the inevitable

Honeywell gives way to computer market pressures

HONEYWELL'S amnouncement with Control Data and NCR, are that it was discussing proposals to know as the "Bunch." Their common problems the difficulty of sursiness in a joint venture with SEC of Japan and Bull of France experts as a confirmation of the in-evitable.

The lack of surprise was only partly a result of the fact that rumours of such a move first surfaced on Wall Street about two weeks ago - though they were vigorously de-nied by Honeywell at the time.

Honeywell's own future in the computer business has been in question since the merger earlier this year between Burroughs and Sperry, two of its main rivals. That amalgamation was widely inter-preted as only the first stage in a much wider industry restructuring

The three companies, together sustain, particularly as none of

viving in the mainframe compute WEC of Japan and Bull of France business against the dominant posi-was greeted by many US industry tion of IBM, which accounts for more than two thirds of sales of

large machines. Though sales of mainframes form a dwindling proportion of the total computer market, they are a vital element in all the companies' commercial strategies. Many major customers tend to design their dataprocessing systems around the specifications of the large machines, and if the manufacturers are to keep customers loyal, they must continue to update their mainframe ranges.

The soaring research and development costs have, however, become increasingly difficult for most of the non-IBM manufacturers to

Guy de Jonquieres in London examines the background to a possible link-up by members of the 'Bunch' in the face of competition from IBM

them has had much success in expanding mainframe sales beyond traditional customer bases.

Their difficulties have been compounded during the past 16 months by the severe weakness of the US mputer market, expected to continue for some time. Even IBM has suffered a sharp drop in profits and has responded by more aggressive marketing of its mainframes and other products.

Honeywell, which staged a moderately strong recovery last year af-ter taking action to overhaul its computer business, has suffered a profits reverse this year. It recently

amounced plans to lay off 4,000 of its 93,000 staff.

Burroughs hopes that, by taking over Sperry, it can acquire the econ-omies of scale which will enable it to compete effectively against IBM. However, to succeed, Burroughs must achieve the difficult task of economising on development co while continuing to support for some time to come two different and technically incompatible prod-

On this score, Honeywell starts out with an advantage. It has close links with Bull and NEC stretching

many of the three companies' products is similar. This means software designed for one product can, with minor adaptation, be used on the

Until the early 1970s, Honeywell provided much of the equipment sold by NEC in Japan. But in the past few years, the relationship has been reversed: the largest computers sold by Honeywell and Bull are supplied by NEC, which also recent-ly formed a joint venture with Hon-eywell to sell its latest "supercomputer in the US.

Honeywell was also the largest shareholder in Bull until 1982, when back more than 20 years, and the shareholder in Bull until 1982, when architecture, or basic design, of the French company was national-

cent stake in Bull, and the two com-panies co-operate extensively on product development.

on where to reduce capacity and shed labour. In the case of Bull, these decisions will almost certain-

Against that, however, the idea of creating a joint venture spanning most of the world's major markets, under the direction of compan from the US, Western Europe and Japan is totally new to the compu-ter industry. Some industry analysts believe it may prove difficult to put into effect.

"The people at Burroughs and Sperry share the same kind of in-dustry background," says Mr Ulric Weil, a Washington-based industry consultant. But the proposed Hon-eywell venture involves different languages, different cultures and different management approaches."

He, like some other industry analysts, believe that these disparities could slow down decision-making ly have to take into account the political sensitivities of the French

If a link-up between the three companies is agreed, NEC is expected to emerge as the dominant partner in the supply of technology and new-product development, while the main contributions of Honeywell and Bull are likely to be in

marketing and distribution. But whether or not a deal is struck, it seems unlikely to be the last chapter in the re-organisation of the US industry. The competitive positions of NCR, one of the Bunch's healthier members, and of Control Data, which is struggling with major difficulties, seem certain to be the subject of renewed

Opax cleared for bid

By David Goodhart in London

NORTON OPAX, the acquisitive printing and packaging group, has been cleared by the UK's Monopohes and Mergers Commission to re-new its contested bid for the significantly larger printing group Mc-

It is expected to do so today and was last night arranging the under-writing for the new bid. One Norton Opax adviser said yesterday that a fresh bid was "likely but not cer-

Assuming the company does bid it will have to improve on its previous offer of 210p per McCorquodale share which valued the whole company at £110m (\$158.4m). It is also likely to put a strict time limit on any new bid.

The Norton Opax management was surprised by the reference to the commission made on April 21 having, it believed, received a clear indication from the Office of Fair Trading that no reference would be made. In view of the time and expense involved. Norton Opex is unlikely to let a new bid run the full 60 days allowed.

McCorquodale in the year to Sep-tember 30 recorded profits of £10.2m on turnover of £160.2m compared with Norton Opax's pre-tax profit of £5.17m on turnover of £72.1m to March 31 1936.

The commission's investigation centred on the market share of over 40 per cent that a merged company would have in the personalised cheque market. It concluded thet the immediate effect of a merger would be to reduce the number of suppliers from 11 to 10 but that there would still remain enough suppliers with spare capacity to en-able banks to continue to diversify their sources of supply. McCorquodale closed 13p up at

258p. Norton Opax was unchanged

Moving closer to Gaullist ambition **Opportunity to expand**

FOR NEC, one of Japan's leading in making "plug-compatible" mainframe computers designed to use IBM software. Instead, NEC has stuck doggedly to its own technical

electronics companies with sales last year of Y2,335bn (\$15.1bn), a deal with Honeywell and Bull could provide a valuable leg-up in world computer markets at a time when its profits are under severe pressure, writes Guy de Jonquieres in Fujitsu and Hitachi have relied London.

The company, the world's biggest supplier of semiconductors and also a major supplier of telecommunica-NEC tions and consumer electronics equipment, has been pursuing an

aggressive strategy of international ension for several years. NEC is a major force on the Japanese computer market, where it vies for leadership with Fujitsu and IBM. However, in contrast to its strong international position in microchips and telecommunications equipment, it has failed so far to make much impact on computer

The main reason has been its re-fusal to follow Fujitsu and Hitachi

specifications, which have much in common with those of Honeywell

extensively on foreign companies, including National Advanced Sys-

tems of the US, Siemens of West Germany and Olivetti of Italy to

distribute and support their compupotential market for NECs big com-

puters has made it difficult for the company to reach similar arrange ments, while the cost of setting up a large international sales and support network of its own would have been prohibitive.

THE POSSIBILITY that Bull could

acquire a major stake in the information systems business of Honeywell has come to the surface at an important and intriguing turning int in the complex history of the French state-owned computer group, write David Marsh and Paul Betts in Paris.

Bull, which moved into profits last year after years of losses and torthous restructuring, is the prod-uct of more than two decades of costly government support for the French computer industry. President de Gaulle launched the

drive for home grown computers after the US in 1963 brutally exposed French weakness by refusing to de-However, the limited size of the liver a Control Data machine otential market for NEC's big comis programme. Although the idea is only at a

> acquiring about 40 per cent of the Honeywell computer business.

Bull

If the deal went through - Bull last night stressed that no negotiations had yet taken place - it would be ironic for two reasons.

It would fulfil the Gaullist ambi-

over the last few years under a management duo of Mr Jacques

Stern, the chairman, and Mr Fran-

tion of developing a fully international competitive computer indus-try, albeit under very different conditions, with IBM in the driving seat worldwide, from those which the General might have liked. A purchase by Bull of a stake in

Honeywell's computer business would also require some tricky decision-making by the new right-wing French Government, committed to economic liberalism and a running down of the state hold over indus Boll has achieved its turnround very preliminary stage, industry of-ficials in Paris are talking of Bull

cis Lorentz, managing director, But its improvement to net profits of FFr 110m (\$16.4m) last year still a mark of extreme fragility by international standards - from losses of FFr 1.35bn in 1982 has been achieved only with the aid of nearly FFr 4hn of state capital injections since 1982.

Because Bull has clearly no funds of its own with which to finance any Honeywell stake, the Governme would be called upon to put up the money. This poses a problem not only of principle but also of operational significance for Mr Alain Madelin, the liberal Industry Minister who will be in cleare of delictions. ter, who will he in charge of deliberations on the Bull/Honeywell dos-

Bull, after all, is on the list of companies to be denationalised over the next five years because the Government wants it to be a source, not a further consumer, of state

Profitability 'possible'

business of making and designing computers has been in question within the industry at least since 1982, when Dr James Renier, the company's tough vice-chairman and at that time head of the control systems business, was sent in to reor-ganise Honeywell Information Sysems (His), writes Anatole Kaletsky

in New York. "Honeywell has long been a packager of other peoples' computers and it is really better off getting out of computers and building up in aerospace and control," one compu ter specialist said when he heard sion of Burroughs-Sperry.

After years of rapid growth,

After years or rapar grown, largely by acquiring the computer operations of General Electric and Xerox, by 1980 Honeywell possessed the second-largest number d the second largest mu of mainframe computer installations in the world.

well's information division was failing to keep up with the growth of its customer base - or with the higher returns on capital being made in the company's highly successful control, automation and defence businesses. By 1982, the profits of His collapsed. The Honeywell board sent in Dr

Honeywell Renier to impose an austere strate-

gy on the computer divisions. Dr Renier showed that the com puter businesses profitability could last week of Honeywell's possible be turned round quite quickly by acquisition of the aerospace divi-NEC and Bull which laid the foundation for the present restructur-ing. By 1984 Honeywell's profits from computers had more than doubled to \$179m and last year, it

generated 34 per cent of the company's total operating profits of

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to subscribe for shares of common stock of Kansai Paint Co., Ltd. The Notes will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

The Sanwa Bank, Limited

Issue Price 100 per cent.

Nomura International Limited

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited Fuji International Finance Limited

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Sanwa International Limited

Société Générale

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Daiwa Europe Limited Goldman Sachs International Corp. Kuwait Foreign Trading Contracting & Investment Co. (S.A.K.) Kuwait Investment Company (S.A.K.) **Shearson Lehman Brothers International** Wood Gundy Inc.

NEW ISSUE

17th September, 1986



YAMAHA MOTOR CO.,LTD.

U.S.\$100,000,000

31/8 per cent. Guaranteed Notes due 1991

Warrants

to subscribe for shares of common stock of Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. The Notes will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

The Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Limited

Issue Price 100 per cent.

Nomura International Limited

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited **Bankers Trust International Limited Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited KOKUSAI Europe Limited** Sanyo International Limited

Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited

Bank of Tokyo International Limited Crédit Lyonnais Fuji International Finance Limited **Manufacturers Hanover Limited** Sumitomo Finance International

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

De Benedetti in bid for French publisher

BY DAVID HOUSEGO IN PARIS

extend his publishing interests in came from France-Loisirs, the sub-France with a takeover bid for Presses de la Citè, France's second

largest publishing group.
Cerus, the holding company for Mr De Benedetti's interests in Olivetti, also owns Mondadori, the France, confirmed yesterday that large Italian publishing house.

Mr De Benedetti had acquired 13.8 Through Cerus and the French per cent of the French publishing company's shares on the bourse on Tuesday and that he was seeking management control A takeover bid involving other French partners is to be launched today. Mr De Benedetti, who recently

took management control of Valeo, group, believes that Presses de la Cité could yield higher profits under tighter management and with additional financial resources.

Because de la Cité, best known as management control in

a publisher of leisure books, thrillers and popular titles, made consolidated profits last year of FFr 140m shares. lated profits last year of FFr 140m

MR CARLO DE BENEDETTI, the (\$21m) on a turnover of FFr 3.2hn. Italian industrialist, is seeking to Some 90 per cent of the profits sidiary in which Bertelsmann, the German publisher, has just under 50 per cent of the shares.

Mr De Benedetti, who controls Groupe Worms, he has also been extending his interests in France in the food sector.

Trading in Presses de la Cité shares was suspended yesterday. Mr De Benedetti and his partners bought 115,000 shares at FFr 2420 as compared with a price of FFr 1980 in July. Mr Claude Nielsen, group chair-

Porsche warns of dollar impact

BY ANDREW FISHER IN FRANKFURT

ny has warned that the dollar's rapid sales and earnings expansion. been fully utilised.

Through currency hedging and Profits were "sati

It will announce net profit figures having an effect, though competities. In 1934-85, they rose 30 per tors were faced with the same problem. But the compations were faced with the same problem. But despite currency move mained confident of meeting the lem. But, despite currency move-ments and their inhibiting influ-D-Mark terms after several years of sales had risen and capacity had

PORSCHE, the West German mak-price rises, Forsche has sought to "suitable" dividend would be paid. continue investing heavily from its

challenges of 1986-87 with success. downturn would inhibit growth in ence on exports, turnover and unit It cited the strength of the motor industry, its own model range, and its been fully utilised. solid financial situation.

Profits were "satisfactory" and a The company said it intended to

PORSCHE, the West German maker of sleek, low-slung sports cars half of which are sold in the US, said yesterday that the sharp fall in the dollar had worsened trading conditions after a year in which sales had risen 12 per cent to DM 3.57bn (51.7bn) and "satisfactory" profits had been made.

The dividend would be paid.

"suitable" dividend would be paid.

"suitable" dividend would be paid.

The dividend would be paid.

The dividend would be paid.

"suitable" dividend would be paid.

The dividend for the previous year.

The 75 to 79 per cent. The US share of total sales was 54 per cent against

50 per cent.

The company took on 540 more people to almost 8,500. Car output was 6 per cent higher at 53,625. To-

Nedlloyd begins merger talks with Netherlines

NEDLLOYD, the Dutch shipping and transport group, has started merger talks with Netherlines Holding, the airline that began operations in January 1985.

Netherlines has given and to Gatwick in the UK, Strass Holding, the airline that began operations in January 1985.

Netherlines has given and to Gatwick in the UK, Strass hours
Netherlines has six 18-sest air- the company had a balance sheet rent merger talks are simed at ob-

ropean airline industry ahead of the liberalisation of West European Earlier this year Nedlloyd report-ed lower 1985 profits

Bank America drops plans for takeover

BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

BANKAMERICA, the struggling West Coast US banking giant hit by heavy loan losses, has dropped plans to take over Orbanco Financial Services Corporation, a small

Oregon bank sooner than mid-1987, which is when our purchase agree-ment was scheduled to expire."

owns Seafirst Corporation which it rescued in 1983.

Mr Francis J. O'Connor, chief ex-

While the termination of the agreement to buy Orbanco is a small item, it is another sign of BankAmerica's efforts to slim down bank in the state of Oregon. the size of its organisation. Because Mr Sam Armacost, BankAmeriof its recent losses its capital ratios ca's chief executive, said vesterday are weaker than most of its rivals that "BankAmerica has higher pri- and one way the group can ority demands on its resources at strengthen its capital position is by the present time, and Orbanco reducing the size of its business rewould like to find a buyer for the reducing the size of its business rel-

Over the last few weeks as group has confirmed plans nor a proceed with a retail banking oper-BankAmerica announced plans ation in Australia, the proposed to buy Orbanco for \$58m in April sale of some of its Argentine en its retail banking position on the West Coast, outside its main Californian market. The group already the subsidiary.

The proceed with a retail banking of plants ation in Australia, the proposed to branches, the closure of its Danish branch and the possible sale of its West Coast, outside its main Californian market. The group already which its possible sale of its banking subsidiary.

BankAmerica officials stressed yesterday that the decision to drop the planned takeover of Orbanco Fiecutive of Orbanco, described the nancial Services was not done at parting with BankAmerica as "amithe behest of the regulators and cable" and said that the bank was an independent decision. Banktill up for sale and the group's in-America's shares were unchanged restment bankers had been asked at \$11% in early trading yesterday.

Highlights from the chairman's reviews for the vear ended 30 June 1986

By K W Maxwell

The dollar price of gold increased from \$316 per ounce at the beginning of July 1985 to \$346 per ounce at the end of June this year. It is noteworthy that this increase in price took place at the same time that inflation declined to the lowest levels seen in the developed economics of the Western world for 14 years and the oil price dropped by more than two thirds. It is also significant that the price increased despite the ban imposed on the sale of Krugerands in the USA together with a reduction in the sale of Krugerands in the USA together with a reduction in the sale of these coins elsewhere in the world. That action amongst others was taken to demonstrate opposition to the policies of the South African Government, Indeed, the mounting political antigonism towards this country and the resultant debt monaction caused the mad to weaken from 51.0 to 40.5 US cents during the year and consequently the rand price of gold increased by 37.9% to R22 467 per kilogram at June 30.

Mechanised mining

The most alguificant development at the two opening mines has been the introduction of trackless mechanised mining methods. This innovation in mining techniques uses mechanised equipment and a more highly skilled labour force and will enable the companies to mine considerably larger areas of multiple and wide-body reefs at lower paylimits than would otherwise have been the case. A refunction in waste development requirements will allow for the greater utilisation of hoisting capacity for one to be brought to surface. Furthermore, the improved productivity that can be obtained by mining narrow stope widths as a result of these mining hanovations that incorporate the use of mibber-wheeled units has brought about an extended use of this method.

wheeled units has brought about an extended use of this method. Sciented areas of Randfontein and Western Areas have been chosen for the introduction of trackless mining equipment. Unfortunately, there has been a delay in the availability of the mechanised equipment relative to plans that management prepared some months ago. In some cases this has given rise to a shortfall to the labour required to mine by conventional methods the balance of total planned production. As a result, planned tonnages from underground were not achieved to the last quarter of the 1966 financial year and will not be fully achieved in the first quarter of the current year. Furthermore, costs per tomse milled during this financial year will be affected adversely by the costs of retructment that will have to be incurred as the less inhometherastic mechanised equipment is introduced. Overall unit costs for the year as a whole are, however, planned to be contained within the expected rate of inflation.

The Joel mine has been planned entirely on the use of trackl

Industrial relations

Labour unirest occurred on both of the operating mines of the Group in December 1985, and I very much regret having to report that altogether thitteen lives were lost. These events have heightened the awareness of all as to the need for sound industrial relations programmes. There is, of course, a strong tendency towards polarisation of the parties as and when incidents arise. It is impensive under these circumstances that good channels of communication are maintained so as to circumstance rumours and misinformation. Security has to be maintained fairly and to the minimum execut necessary and disciplinary and givenace procedures have to be strictly adhered to in the interests of maintaining fair labour practices.

fair inhour practices.

All of this involves training and educational courses for every employee on the mine from management to workers at the stope face. It also calls for open communication between management, unions, employees and Government. The State of Emergency has unfortunately and inevitably hampered the fire flow of communications between these groups and this is to be regretted. Security and stability are, of course, very necessary, but the means of schieving and maintaining these in the long term must lie not in fonce but in mutual understanding between the union leaders and their members, between managements and the union leaders, between management and Government and the worldorce and between management and Government. To this end we would urge Government to recognise the importance of enabling these parties to communicate freely with one another.

The Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs stated in May 1965 and

freely with one another.

The Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs stated in May 1965 and again in February 1966 that removal of the definition of "acheduled person" from the Mines and Works Act would take place this year. In anticipation of this, the Chamber of Mines negotiated a Security of Employment Agreement with most of the white unions and associations to avoid reverse discrimination. Two of the eleven white unions and essociations, however, dissented from this Agreement, and the Government reacted by drafting legislation that would give the Minister the right to set selection criteria for candidates to be trained for certificates of competency in the mining industry. Accordingly the industry indicated that its Security of Employment Agreement was contingent upon the Government removing the definition without interfering in the areas which are properly the domain of manages: "at and the unions. In the event, Parliament has been procedured and consequently the proposed bill has been defined.

Randfontein Estates

The C2,5% increase in the revenue received per kilogram of gold by Randfentein during the year ended June 1986 more than offset a 5.9% full in the production of gold and the company's profit after tax increased by 8,1% to R376,1 million.

	July 1985 to June 1986	July 1984 to June 1985
Tonnes treated	6 426 000	5 627 000
Fine gold. kilograms	29 549	31 390
Recovery grade: g/t	4.6	5.6
Revenue: Rm	610.8	555.9
Working cost. Rm	308,9	234.1
Tax. Rm	61.9	97.7
Profit after tax. Rm	276.1	255.4
Capital expenditure: Rm	195.4	171.1
Earnings per share after tax: cents	4 516	4 177
Earnings per share after tax: cents Dividends per share: centa	1 700	1 400

The decline in recovered gaste is of concern although it should be noted that while the ore reserve estimates as at the end of March 1986 show a fall of inaku gaste from 7.6 to 6.6 grams per tonne over the year, the stoping width has increased thereby giving an overall 1 280 centimetre grams per tonne compared with last year's figure of 1 377. Recovered grades during the first quarter of this year have falled to around 4.0 grams per tonne, from last year's 4.6 grams per tonne. The decline in grade is partly explained by the expanding rate of production from Cooke No. 3 section where the gode is lower than for the rest of the mine. In addition, the lower grade is due to the higher gold price and the replanning of mining operations as a result of the introduction of nucchamised mining.

Unit working costs increased by 15,6% which was less than the general rate of inflation. This satisfactory result was primarily due to the increase in tonnes milled during the year both from underground and surface sources which more than offset the adverse effects of the labour



The Randfontein Estates Gold Mining Company, With the With the Willes

Western Areas Gold Mining Company Limited

Hildoel Gold Mining Company Limited

coloraded mining

-	eft si	
The	etak	ing of
Doc	unkog	Section

The staking of a production shaft and two ventilation shafts at the Doomkop Section and a ventilation shaft in the Cooke No. 3 shaft area has progressed well. It is anticipated that the Doomkop shaft will be commissioned early to the 1987/88 financial year. The two handsens on the 106 level from Cooke No. 1 shaft were connected through to Doomkop No. 1 shaft duting July 1986. These handsees will facilitate an earlier tomage; build-up at the Doomkop metallurgical plant then would otherwise have been the case.

Mining operations		
Production of reef from the various and plans for this year are:	shafts during the pa	st financial yes
	1985/86	1986/

	1985/86	1986/87
Cooke 2	1 980 000 tonnes 2 025 000 tonnes 1 739 000 tonnes	2 012 000 tonner 2 105 000 tonner 2 137 000 tonner
Doomkop	_	_
Total	5 694 000 tompes	6 361 000 tormer
In addition to the above some underground sladge were miller	89 000 tonnes of viduring 1985/6.	waste washings and

Treatment pleases				
Pigures relating to treatment of the ore for financial year 1986 and plan for financial year 1987 are:				
	1985/86	1986/3		
Millette Cooke plant – gold	1 868 000 tounes 3 506 000 tounes 3 336 000 tounes 1 058 000 tounes	1 805 000 tonne 3 603 000 tonne 3 494 000 tonne 1 434 000 tonne		
A revision of the mining pla Sections has led to a decision plant from 100 000 to 200 00 for this will be of the order of completed by the end of this fin	to double the capac tounes per month. R80 million, and the	ty of the Doornko		

As the thrust of mining operations moves towards the South and East, the average grade of gold available is declining. The increase in unit costs should be curtailed to some extent as the trackless mining techniques become established and this will enable the company to mine lower in-sim grades profitably. The expansion of the Doomkop metallurgical plant together with the mininglation of the mining programme at Cooke 1 and Doomkop Sections will provide a stimulus to earnings from the 1968 financial year onwards. It is expected that capital expenditure for the year will amount to R235

Of course, the gold price will be the final arbiter in determining the level of carnings for the future and in terms of rand that is ewfully difficult to predict given the multiplicity of factors that impings both on the dollar price and the rand-dollar exchange rate. At the current level of rand prices it is anticipated that the recovered grades will continue to be

Western Areas

Western Areas

11 to 20 October 1986.

The mine increased its production of gold by just over 3% chains the year and this together with a 38% increase in the revenue received per knogam of gold enabled your company to increase its profit after tax by 137% to R93,4 million.

	July 1985 to June 1986	July 1984 in June 1985
Counes treated	3 972 000	3 654 000
Recovered grade: s/t	4.25	5.48
Revenue from gold: Rm	399.8	280,6
NOTHING COSt: Rm	834.4	271,1
ax Ka	3.8	
TOUR BUCT LAX: Km	93.4	39.4
apital concuditure: Rm	. 77,3	42.8
arnings per share after tax: cents	232	98
Avidendo per share: cents	40	40

Unit working costs increased by 13,5% which was less than the general rate of inflation. This satisfactory result was primarily due to the increase in touries milled during the year which more than offset the adverse effects of the labour unrest on production.

Maderaland window

By the last quarter of the year, i.e. April — June 1987, some 70% of the mine's total output will be mined by this new technique. The capital cost of introducing the mechaniced equipment during the current financial year will be of the order of EES million.

Dewatering

A very significant development during the year was the granting of permission by the Department of Water Affairs for the mine to dewater the Gemboldentein Geomotwater Compartment and dewatering commenced in June 1986. Shareholders are aware of the fact that to order to allow its mining operations to continue, the mine has for many years now had to pump encommons quantities of water from underground to surface and has been required by the Department of Water Affairs simultaneously to recharge this dolomitic compartment with that same water so as to maintain ground stability. During the 1986 financial year no less than R80 million was spent on this task — equivalent to H5,24 per underground tome milled.

Now, as a result of the permission to dewater which was given after exhaustive work on stabilising all critical sones on surface, the mine will be able to discharge the water pumped from underground into the Rich Elein Eletsputit which flows into the Vaal River. It is expected that it will take approximately two years before additional wable reads become available for mining. Nonscheless, at last it is possible for the mine to look forward to a significant reduction to the considerable burden that this water problem has created both technically and fanancially. The capital cost incurred chaing the past year in stabilising various areas and acquiring properties that could possibly be affected by the dewatering programme, was R20,5 million of capital will be spent on the dewatering programme, was R20,5 million of capital will be spent on the dewatering programme.

Mining operations

During the financial year 1966 tomage milled at the mine totalled 3 972 000. The planned production for the current financial year calls for a 5% increase in total bonasse; but thus far results have not sustched up to this plan for several neasons — not the least of which is the delay in obtaining full suites of mechanised mining equipment.

Exploration

Further explanation drilling and development has taken place south of the lease boundary at the South Shall. The results continue to look encouraging but it will require at least another 18 months' work to acquire sufficient knowledge for any proposal to be formulated for mixing the area. Shareholders will recall that a syndicate holds 71% of the neral rights in this area and Western Areas hold the remaining 29%.
ploration work is being carried out on the basis of a joint venture argement.

At the prevaling higher level to the mad price of gold and with the potential for reduced unit working costs, the extent to which the policy of hedging a portion of the mine's gold sales forward remains necessary, is being and will be continually reviewed.

As will be noticed from the estimates of ore reserves at the end of March As will be noticed from the estimates of our reserves at the end of March 1986 compared with the previous year's estimates, the in-situ guade has declined from 8.2 to 7.4 games per towne. However, the stoping widths have increased very significantly thereby giving an overall 2050 certimetre grams per towne compared with the previous year's figure of 1418. This reflects the benefits of being able to mine wide and multiple costs with the trackless mining equipment. Shareholders can therefore look forward to considerable benefits as this method of mining is introduced. At the current level of rand prices it is anticipated that the recovered guades will show a marginal decline relative to last year. Capital expenditure for the year is expected to amount to at least R80 m.

The shares of this company were listed to Johannesburg and Loudon to July following the successful offer of 13 585 673 linked units to JCI and Anglo American Corporation as well as to the shareholders of Randforders Gold Mining Company.

Each of these units consisted of five shares to the H J Joel Gold Mining Company, which were offered at R6,00 each, as well as one Class A option to subscribe for one share at R6,00 in Joel during December 1967 and one Class B option to subscribe for one Joel share at R6,00 during December 1968. This means that the company has mised R419 million inclusive of the previously existing expital of R11 million and that x stands to raise e further R81,5 million at the end of 1987 and again at the end of 1988. Assuming that the 1967 and 1968 options are fully examined, the total share expital raised by the end of 1988 will be R683 million.

Development of the mine

The development of the mine will take place in two phases. The first involves sinking two vertical shafts in the south western portion of the lease area just beyond the sub-outcrop of the reef. These shafts, which will be sunk to a depth of 1 000 metres, have been designed to support a mine production rate of 80 000 tourses per month by mid-1988. The second phase will commence in 1988 with the striking of two additional vertical shafts that will be expebte of hoisting 130 000 mones of ore per month from a depth of 1 600 metres. This hoisting capacity of 120 000 tourses per month will satisfy the mine's meanman planned milling capacity. Sinking and equipping of these latter two shafts is expected to be completed in 1991.

The capital cost of Phase 1, which incorporates the infrastructure and a metallurgical plant to treat 80 000 tornes per month, is estimated to be R880 million and that of Phase 2 is forecast to be R195 million (both estimates to Jamusry 1986 terms). This latter capital will be required over the period 1988 to 1997 and is planned to be funded from the revenue generated by the mine during that time.

The mine has been designed for a trackless mechanised mining and unit working costs are expected to be lower than would a conventional South African gold mining methods were utilised. The first two shafts have reached depths of more than 600 metres below the surface and mid-shaft loading iscilities are being established on 60 level. Development on this level towards the reof will start soon and the reof should be intersected by April 1987. All going well, both of these shafts should be commissioned in May 1988.

The Annual General Meetings of the Gold Mining Companies of the Group will be held to Johannesburg on Monday 20 October 1986. 09h30 Randfortein Estates 10h30

10h00 HJ Joel sfir books and registers of members will be closed from The attention of members is drawn to the items of special business set out in the notices of meeting mailed to them with the companies' Annual Financial Statements.

Mr G Y Nisbet rethed as Chairman of Randfortein Estates and Western Areas on June 80 1986. During his four and a half years in office these companies grew very significantly and the foundations for future growth were hid. The impact of his guidance and many innovations will be felt for many years to come and in thanking him for his valuable contribution we also wish him well to his retirement. The boards Jein me in thanking Mr G H S Bamford, Consulting Englister, Dr F J P Rous, General Manager of the Gold Division of JCl, their staff and the General Managers, Managers and staff of the mines for their hard work during a difficult year.

22 September 1986 **US-French chips deal**

California-based microchip mamines already have.
facturer, and Thomson, the French
state-owned electronics group, are tions product director at National to develop together the next genera-tion of integrated circuits for telec-business sense to pool our talent

components for standardised digi-cal communication on public net-works, known as ISDN.

is the key area for technology co-op-eration.

National Semiconductor said that

er's telecommunications integrated circuits, so that customers of each company will be able to obtain identical components from the oth-

NATIONAL Semiconductor, the components which the two compa

mmunications.

and engineering resources jointly
the two groups are to work on to develop telecom products. ISDN

The two companies have also agreed to second source each other's telecommunications integrated market, forming an increasing

da announced that they were carry This arrangement follows a more ing out joint research on ISDN limited deal on second sourcing of chips.



Consolidated Meta largical Industries Limited Registration No. 75/66236/06 (" CMI ")

Registration No. 01/00429/06

("JCI") (Both companies incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

PROPOSED RIGHTS OFFER OF 7 373 300 ORDINARY SHARES IN CMI TO ORDINARY MEMBERS OF JCI

It was announced on 11 September 1986 thet CMI was applying for a listing on The Johannesburg Stock Exchange by means of a rights offer to ordinary members of JCI (other than those whose addresses appearing in the share registers of JCI are within the United States of America or Canada) who are registered at the close of business on Friday 26 September 1986.

Agreement has been reached that 7 549 800 ordinary shares in CMI will be converted into redeemable preference shares and sabsequently redeemed out of the proceeds of the rights offer of 7 373 300 shares to JCI shereholders and an offer of 176 500 shares to JCI option scheme participants. Agreement in principle has elso been reached with Allegheny Internetional Incorporated for its 1 657 895 shares to be part of thet redemption end for its rights to market and distribute CMI's product within the United States of America to be terminated. The finalisation of the agreement has, however, taken longer than enticipated and it is therefore now necessary to delay the listing programme by two weeks to allow that formelly to happen.

Consequently ordinary members now registered at the close of business on Thurday 9 October 1986, and not et the close of basiness on 26 September 1986 as previously announced, will be entitled to participate in the rights offer. In this cunnection the share registers of JCI will be closed from 10 October to 17 October 1986, both days inclasive.

The rights offer circular which will include the renounceable (nil paid) letter of allocation and the CMI pre-listing statement will, sabject to the rules, requirements and procedures of the JSE, now be posted to ordinary members of JCI by the middle of October 1986.

2. 10 g v · 2 18 g z

Johannesbarg 24 September 1986



Santa Barbara Savings

(Incorporated under the laws of the State of California) U.S. \$400,000,000 **Collateralized Floating Rate Notes**

Due September 1996 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 61% p.a. and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, December 24, 1986 against Coupon No. 1 in respect of U.S.\$100,000 nominal of the Notes will be U.S.\$1,564-06.

September 25, 1986, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank CTTBANG

and Loan Association

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS and COMPANIES

Spanish railway launches \$500m floating-rate note

a d

RENEWED CONFIDENCE in mixed response in the market. the US credit markets yesterday helped to unleash some of the borrowing demand which has been building up in the Euro-dollar sector in its recent

Six bonds totalling \$1.27bn were issued, including a \$500m floating rate note issue for Renfe, the Spanish national railway, guaranteed by the kingdom. Three of the fixed rate issues also represented sovereign risks and another was a supra-national. This underlined the market's caution and its likely preference for sovereign names in such uncer-

tain market conditions. Renfe's 12-year FRN, led by Salomon Brothers International, came on fairly aggressiva terms with an interest rate set at six-month London interbank bid rstes flat with no margin. It was priced above par at 100.1. The lead manager was bidding at discounts just less than the

Prices of fixed-rate bonds fluctuated during the day, losing some of their initial gains but recovering later on a prediction from Salomon's Mr. Henry Kaufman of further US discount rate cuts. This helped for making aggressively priced new deals which partly due to issue met requirement for making aggressively priced new deals which partly due to issue met requirement for making aggressively priced for making aggressively priced new deals which partly due to issue met requirements. Led by Sumitomo Treasuries. Led by Sumitomo Tre

The largest new straight was Belgium at \$250m. The five-year deal, led by Morgan Guaranty, was also seen as tight with a 7½ per cent coupon and a price of 100%. This gave a yield over US Transpirie at lawyth as \$250m. or 1004. This gave a yield over US Treasuries at launch of 70 basis points, net of fees. As usual for Belgian issues, it is in registered, unlisted ferm with denominations ef \$250,000. The deal was trading at discounts wider than its total fees.

The market was more welcoming to the Metropolis of Tokyo, which issued a \$200m bond with the guarantee of Japan. The 10-year issue, lead

INTERNATIONAL

BONDS managed by Banque Paribas Capital Markets, was launched with a net spread of 66 basis points over Treasuries, based on a 84 per cent coupon and 1011 price. It was lead managed by Banque Paribas Capital Mar-

total fees.

Though the terms were seen as tight, Spain's credit rating has been improving recently as it has been repaying substantial amounts of debt. The latest deal is to refinance existing bank debt.

fixed-rate bonds

A. Hong Kong substanting in the part of the pa

new deals which, partly due to issues, met an unenthusiastic Enskilde Securities. It traded at their number, were meeting o response for \$150m of five year discounts equal to the total fees.

7: per cent bonds carrying war-rants to buy 10-year 7; per cent bonds. Warburg Securities priced the issue at 101; and though the warrants appeared to be fairly popular, the bonds were quoted well outside the

Late in the day, Finland made a \$70m issue, brought by IBJ International, and clearly tailored for and targeted t; Japanese investors, especially as it followed the fashion for high coupon issues seen recently in the yen market. The 10-year deal was priced at 104 with an 82 per cent coupon.

In the French franc market, Sweden made a cosplex FFr 800m issue combining the stepped coupon with tha bull and bear formula. Led by Credit Commercial da France, the issue is divided into two equal tranches each of which have a 34 per cent coupon for the first year and 8 per cent for the first year and 8 per cent for the remaining four.

Redemption value of tha Swedish issue will depend on the difference between the French CAC stock market index now and in eoe year's time. Maximum redemption amount is 140 per cent and minimum 60 In the French franc market.

per cant in sach case. The bear bonds appeared more popular than the buil tranche.

Another Swedish borrower, Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken, tapped the Danish kroner market with a DKr 300m five-year issue with e 104 per cent coupon and par pricing, led by Enskilde Securities. It traded at

SecPac sells mortgage operation

Financial's chairman, said that additional \$1bn of mortgages panding rapidly in the mortgage the purchase will increase nnder its builder bond probanking business at a time when Fleet's \$14.5bn mortgage sergramme. It bas 17 offices in some of the country's biggest vicing portfolio by \$2.5bn to Colorade, Texas, Arizona, Callbanks have been withdrawing

FLEET FINANCIAL, the fast growing Rhode Island banking group, has agreed in take over security Pacific's assets and group, has agreed in take over servicing portfolio for an unsecurity Pacific's mortgage banking operation in a move which will make it the third biggest mortgage banking firm in the US.

Mr J. Terrence Murray, Fleet Financial has been expected in Denver, mortgage banking business will give it a presence in the large markets of the western US reliable to the progression of the western US provides master servicing for an enditingual Silve of mortgages and provides master servicing for an enditingual Silve of mortgages and provides master servicing for an enditingual Silve of mortgages and provides master servicing for an enditingual Silve of mortgages and provides master servicing for an enditingual Silve of mortgages and provides master servicing for an enditingual Silve of mortgages and provides master servicing for an endition of Security Pacific's assets and Alaska, Hawaii and Minnesota. Flaet Financial has 90 mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security Pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security Pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security Pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security Pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security Pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security Pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security Pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security Pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security Pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security pacific's mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security pacific Mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security pacific Mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security pacific Mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security pacific Mortgage banking offices and the acquisition of Security pacific Mortgage

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the 200 latest international bonds for which there is an adequate accordary market.

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† Only one market maker supplied a price. ight Sander The yield is the yield to redesigntion of the mid-cer the amount lessed is in militiens of currency units micest for 1 bonds where 8 is in hillions. Change on Weele-Change over 12 2 week curfler.

Finaling State Mother Denominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated. Cooper shows is minimum. C. dix—Date ment coupen becomes effective. Sprand—Maryin above six-month offered rate († three-month; § above means rate) for US dollars. C.cps:—The

indicated. Chp. day—Change on day. Cnp. date—First date for conversion into staires. Cnp. pylop—Hamistal amount of bond per staire expressed in currency of staire at conversion rate fluid at lease. Press—Percentage premium of the current effective price of majoring staires fits the bond over the mest recent price of the

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\$300m package for Credit **National**

By Peter Montagnon, Euromarkets Correspo

CREDIT NATIONAL, the French state financing agency, yesterday unveiled its long-awaited \$300m 10-year loan package in the Euro-

markets.

The deal carries an annual facility fee of 4 basis points for the first five years rising to 5 points thereafter. It has been mandated to a group of four banks: Bank of America, Bank of Tokyo, Orion Royal and Societe Generale. The terms are slightly les

aggressive than many pro-spective lenders had feared. Credit National had been Credit National had been expected to seek o 4 basis point facility fee throughout the 10-year life of the deal. The package provides for Credit National to raise funds in the form of dollar or Ecn Euronotes or short-term cash advances for which banks will bid through a tender namel.

Arrangements have been made for Credit National to appoint specialised dealers in its short-term paper at a later its short-term paper at a interstage if it wants to. So far, however, Credit National has been one of the relatively few international borrowers to display a clear preference for the tender panel route.

This deal will replace a

previous Ecu 160m tender panel arrangement under the agency of Banque Paribas. Drawings on the accompanying standby credit will bear interest at the Lendon interbank rate for Eurocurrency deposits (Liber) but there will also be e utilisation fee depending on how much is taken up.

An unusual feature here is that a fee of 2 baris points.

that a fee of 2 basis points will apply on drawings up to 25 per cent of the total, though only in the case of non-dollar currencies, which involve higher funding costs for participating banks. Dollar drawings up to 25 per cent will carry no fee.

Thereafter a uniform fee structure applies with a 5 basis point utilisation fee applied on drawings up to 60 per cent and a 10 basis point fee on drawings of

O Toyo Trust and Banking Company has become the latest Japanese institution to establish a certificate of deposit programme in the Euromarkets, It has appointed Chase Manhaitan, Citicorp, Morgan Stanley, Salomon Brothers and Shear-son Lehman to act as dealers in a \$1bn programme.

The programme follows a succession of similar trust banks seeking te diversify the investar demand for their certificates of deposit and improve the rates obtained.

Credito Italiano profits soar

CREDITO ITALIANO, Italy's CREDITO ITALIANO, Italy's fourth largest bank in terms of total assets, yesterday reported a 47.5 per cent jump in net profits for the first half of this year, to L47.2bn (\$33.5m).

The bank, which is controlled by the IRI state holding group, made a L89bn net profit for the whole of last year.

year.

The gross operating profit in the first half of 1986 was 81 per cent higher at L297on. But the net profit level was struck after deducting L249.6bn for provisions and transfers to reserves. The provisions in the same period of 1985 totalled L131.6bn. Italian banks de not break out bad debt provisions in terms of general or specific provisions as is the custom in the UK. in the UK.

in the UK.

Credito Italiano, which has
a staff of 16,751, has 472
branches in Italy plus five
overseas branches and 12
foreign representative offices.

Wagons-Lits sees gain

By Tim Dickson in Brussel WAGONS-LITS, the Belgian WAGONS-LITS, the Belgian company best known for incompany best known for incompany that net profits for 1986 should reach BFr 800m (\$18.5m), compared with BFr 650m in 1985.

Turnover for the first six months ended June rose to BFr 52.5bn from BFr 49.5bn.

The company said the rail-way division's turnover was roughly the same as the equivalent period last year

MRT privatisation singapore has taken a further step towards eventual privatisation of its government-owned Mass Rapid Transit Corporation, writes Our Financial Staff. It has appointed Singapore International Merchant Bankers, a 49 per cent owned associate of Schroders, to advise on the privatisation process once the MRT, now under construction, becomes operational at the end of next

Malaysia tries to win back foreign investors

THE MALAYSIAN Cabinet yes—
terday approved a substantial and cutting down red tape, par—
package of incentives for ticularly on menufacturing redistribution of wealth in the country which has been the intention is to decide on the country which has been the intention is to decide on the country which has been the intention is to decide on the country which has been the intention is to decide on the country which has been the intention is to decide on the country less attractive than the cou to revive the investment climate six munths to two years, and of the country which has been the intention is to decide on beset by a bost of political and economic problems and bureancratic bottlenecks in recent

yeers.
Dr Mabathir Mebemad, the
Prime Minister, who described
the measures es "e radical departura of the new economic
policy," will announce details
ef the incentives when he
addresses e meating of
American businessmen in New
York next Tuasiay. York next Tuasday.

The incentives ere believed to include increasing the tax-free holiday period for new investments from 5 te 10 years, further liberalising the foreign capity when the property of the propert nonday period for new investments from 5 to 10 years, further liberalising the foreign equity rules, dismantling cumbersome requirement of that they were intended to create incentives, Malaysia say, apart from the say apart of their aquity restructions.

Dr Mahethir said although the actual investments.

Dr Mahethir said although the actual investments.

Foreign companies already in their equity above 50 per cent, as part of their aquity restructions.

such approvals within a month.

Tha fact that the Cabinet opproved the investment package so soon after last wack's foreignars to hold 100 per cent fiery annual meeting of the ruling United Malays Netional Organisation, at which delegates voted to extend the centroversial new economic policy beyond its expiry date in 1990, reflects the pragmatism of the Malaysian Gevernment, which is well aware that it had little room to manoeuvre in these recessinnary times.

equity is ilmited to 30 per cent. Last year, the Government relaxed this requirement that iow foreignars to hold 100 per cent equity if their ventures export more than 80 per cent of their products, and 51 per cent equity if they export more than 50 per cent.

Accurding to officials of the Malaysian Industrial Development Authority (Mids) there has been a good number of overseas inquiries about setting up plants in Malaysia, but little

cessinnary times.

Under the NEP, foreign equity is ilmited to 30 per cent. Last year, the Government relaxed this requirement in allow foreignars to hold 100 per cent equity if their ventures export more than 80 per cent of their results.

up plants in Malaysia, but little

The fifth Malaysia Plan (1986-1990) is projecting a 5 per cent annual growth for the country. based on an annual increase of 7 per cent in private invest-ments, the main engine of economic growth, between 1981-1985, private investments grew by an average of 1.8 per cent, well below the Government's target of 10.7 per cent.

So far, three major foreign companies Nestle, Rothmans of Pall Mall, and Imperial Chemical Industries—have won

NORTH AMERICAN NEWS

Denver group to take \$75m charge

write down the value of its Fort St.
Vrain nuclear generating station.
The company also declared a regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share on common stock, payable November 1 to holders of record on October 10, as well as regular quarterly dividends on all cumulative preferred issues. There had been speculation that the common was not in the best interests of Allied Stores or its share-holders.

Allied recommends to its share-holders that they do not tender their shares to the Campeau offer.

ports from Denver.

The company said its board had much as 30 per cent of the common approved a tentative settlement shares outstanding. agreement to end litigation involving Fort St Vrain with the Colorado agreed yesterday to purchase costs.

a pre-tax loss of \$128.7m, which included o \$500,000 extraordinary concerned Citizens Congress of shares from Goldman Sachs at ported earnings of \$131m or \$1.33 a gain.

PUBLIC SERVICE Company of Concrete lorado, the Denver-based utility, is to take o charge of \$75m to \$100m against third quarter results to Allied Stores said its board desired under the

write down the value of its Fort St cided that the offer, by o subsidiary

been speculation that the common Earlier this month, Campeau bedividend would be cut, Reuter regan a \$58-a share tender offer for 64 per cent of Allied stock.

The company said it would study "numerous alternatives" on the finance of Fort St Vrain, and dividend policy would depend in part on the outcome.

The company said it would study study study said in a filing to the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that he planned to boost his stake in Kaiser Cement to as work at 20 was a series of the common study.

Murdock said in a filing that he

ter, compared with net profit in the tails.

ume, o reduction in Life inventory benefits, a decline in currency ex-

chare on sales of \$1.8bn. The purchase is subject to the ex- Trans World Airlines (TWA) said piration of the required waiting pe-riod under the Hart-Scott-Rodino operating profit of about \$100m and antitrust act. pre-tax net profit of about \$70m, when Murdoch buys the additional shares from Goldman Sachs, he tax fourth quarter profit.

at snares from Goldman Sachs, he tax tourth quarter profit.

The company said the fourth quarter profit would be the largest in its history, following a previous record in 1966.

Twa also said it was developing a telemarketing company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the company and a cable travel network but did not give determined to the

year-ago period.

In an earlier outlook statement

TWA had en operating profit of

In an earlier outlook statement

\$51.1m but a pre-tax loss of \$13.5m

released in mid-July, the company said profit in the second half of the year would be lower than in the first half because of lower sales volting the said proposed merger with Teras Air Corp.

In last year's fourth quarter, TWA change gains and higher labour had an operating loss of \$91.5m and a pre-tax loss of \$126.7m, which in-

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



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U.S. \$25,000,000 **Revolving Underwriting Facility**

for the Issuance of Negotiable Bearer Euro-Certificates of Deposit

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September, 1986

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GERMANY & AUSTRIA

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SmithKline Beckman Corporation is a technology-intensive health care company which markets world-wide a broad line of prescription and proprietary products for human and animal health care as well as diagnostic and analytical products and services that facilitate the detection and treatment of disease and the advancement of biomedical research.

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83,441,042

Particulars relating to SmithKline Beckman Corporation are available in the statistical service of Extel Statistical Services Limited. Copies of the Listing Particulars may be obtained during normal business hours (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) up to and including 29th September 1986 from the Company Announcements Office, The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London EC2 and up to and including 9th October 1986 from:

> **Kleinwort Benson Limited** 20 Fenchurch Street London EC3P 3DB

Kleinwort Grieveson and Co. 20 Fenchurch Street London EC3P3DB

Greenwell Montagu & Co. **Bow Bells House Bread Street** London EC4M 9EL

25th September 1986

T-H&R

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61/2% Deutsche Mark Bearer Bonds of 1986/1991

Issue Price: 100 1/4% Interest: 6 1/4% p. a., payable annually in arrears on October 1 - Redemption: on October 1, 1991 at par - Denominations: DM 1,000 and DM 5,000 · Listing: Frankfurt Stock Exchange

COMMERZBANK

BANQUE BRUXELLES LAMBERT S.A.

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US. \$100,000,000



Floating Rate Notes Due 1995 of which U.S. \$75,000,000 is being issued as the Initial Tranche

Interest Rate

61/4% per annum

Interest Period

25th September 1986 25th March 1987

Interest Amount per

U.S. \$10,000 Note due

U.S. \$314.24 25th March 1987

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank

Weekly net asset value

Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V. on 22nd Sept., 1986 U.S. \$ 130.32

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

rtion: Piereon, Heldring & Piereon N.X., Herengracht 214, 1016 BG Amsterdem.

AIBD BOND INDICES AIBD BOND INDICES

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YAMAICHI SECURITIES

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

COMPANY, LIMITED

Warrants to Subscribe Shares of Common Stock of Yamalchi Securities Company, Limited Issued in Conjunction with an Issue

U.S. \$40,000,000 4 per cent, Bonds due 1996

Pursuant to Giause 3 of the instrument dated 30th June. 1966 under which the above warrants were issued, notice is hereby given as follows:

follows:

1. On 12th September, 1986 the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to make a free distribution of shares of its common stock to shareholders of record as of 30th September, 1985, Japan time, at the rate of 0.03 now shares for each share held. The date of issue of such new shares is 14th November, 1985.

As a result of such free distribution the subscription price will be adjusted from Yen 1,150 per share to Yen 1,125.20 per share effective as from 1st October, 1988, Japan YAMAKCHI SECURITIES

COMPANY, LIMITED

By: The Bank of Tokyo Trust

Last try at Wah Kwong in earnings Shipping reconstruction

BY DAVID DODWELL IN HONG KONG

at Hopewell floundered since January with debts close to U\$\$850m, has called a meeting of its Japanese creditors today for what may prove to be a last-ditch attempt ot salvage a corporate reconstruction plan.

The group's restruction as reconstruction of the group's 46 creditors expired, was known been operating with the group's 46 creditors expired, was known been operating with the group's 46 creditors expired, was known been operating the group's 46 creditors expired, was known been operating the group's 46 creditors expired, was known been operating the group's restruction. HOPEWELL HOLDINGS, a Hong Kong property group with substantial commitments inside mainland China, yes-

terday reported a pre-tax wront for the year ending profit for the year Efforts to rescue the group, which is Hong Kong's third largest ship-owner with 65 vessels, have been put in jeopardy by moves by a major creditor—Chase Manhattan Bank—to arrest vessels held as security. It is also threatened by major delays by a large group of Wah Kwong's Japanese creditors account for about 40 per cent of Wah Kwong's total debt. June 39 of HR\$126m (US\$16.lm), up 24 per cent on the HK\$101m of 1984-85. The increase was based on an 84 per cent jump in turn-over, from HK\$662m to The group also revealed details of a rights issue intended to raise HK\$1.2bm. This would eliminate a substantial proportion of group debt, which stood at about HK\$960m at the end of the

Sharp rise

and sales

By Our Hong Kong Correspondent

HK\$1.22bn.

ticipating preferred shares,

plus two warrants, for every four shares held, at a price of HK\$1.60 per share. Directors of the company,

who control 48 per cent of the issued share capital, have made commitments to take np their rigths in full, while the remaining 52 per cent has been underwritten by

Citicorp International.
This fundraising effort fol-

This fundraising effort for-lows the arrangement of a HK\$3.3bn loan earlier this year for o thermal power station at Shajiao in China. It will boost the group's net asset value from HK\$1.87bn to HK\$3.64bn

to HK\$3.04hn

Mr Gordon Wu, the bluff chairman of Hopewell, is among e small group of Hong Kong entrepreneurs who four years ago committed themselves to major development projects inside China.

In a rare interview last year, he commented: "I ex-pect to keep on building in China until the day I die. I've found I like socialism with

Chinese characteristics. What I particularly like is the Chinese characteristics—an enthusiasm about profits and

One of these projects—fhe five-star China Hotel in Guangziou (Canton)—has proved to be one of a tiny minority of projects inside China that have generated handsome profits for its share-

Other projects have either been delayed or have pro-vided. Hopewell with more than its share of headaches.

Plans for a \$8bn superhigh-way sweeping around the Pearl river delta linking Shenzhen, the special eco-nomic zone on Hong Kong's border, with Canton and them

border, with Canton and then on to Zhuhal, the zone adjacent to the Portuguese-administered territory of Macao, have been delayed because of questions over how earnings can be generated to pay for the project.

A HE348bn thermal power station at Shajiao on the road between Canton and Hong Kong in power-starved Guangdong is nearing completion and is likely to generate a steady stream of profits once it is commissioned in 1988. But at present, this project, in which Hopewell has a 50 percent inferest, represents a

cent interest, represents a substantial commitment for a group capitalised at less than HK\$lbn.

HK\$lbu.

Hopewell has been on most stockbrokers' "avoid" lists for the past year, partly because many think its liabilities are too substantial for a company of its size, partly because of wariness over the fate of projects inside China and partly because he is about to commit fresh funds to hotel building in Hong Kong.

Mr. Wu. an engineering

in Hong Kong.

Mr Wu, an engineering graduate from Princeton University in the US brushes off such scepticism, "Pm used to sceptics," he noted: "There is no doubt that Pm going to finish these projects. I know where the hell Pm going, and the costs are caluculated and containable."

For shareholders who have

For shareholders who have stayed loyal to his vision over the past year, Mr Wu is offering a cash bonus of 5 cents in addition to a final dividend of

4 cents.

results."

project.

financial year, and will fund capital projects in the com-ing two years. Hopewell is offering five par-

group of Wah Kwong's Japanese creditors account for about 40 per cent of Wah Kwong's total debt.

In a statement issued yesterday, advisers to Wah Kwong said: "While the group remains hopeful of the execution by all of its creditors of the debt restructuring agreement, it has become clear over the past creditors. The Bank of Tokyo and Sumitomo Bank remain about the only major Japanese creditors that have yet signed in support of the plan.

In a clear effort to exert pressure on Japanese creditors that have yet signed in support of the plan.

In a clear effort to exert pressure on Japanese creditors. The Bank of Tokyo and Sumitomo Bank remain about the only major Japanese creditors that have yet signed in support of the plan.

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In a clear effort to exert pressure on Japanese signed in support of the plan.

without any income. The group has talked of this week as "a make or break week" concerning rescue efforts.

Mr Frank Chao, Wah Kwong's founder chairman, will address Japanese creditors in Tokyo, along with members of the advisory committee of bank creditors. The Bank of Tokyo

WAH RWONG SHIPPING, the three weeks that the prompt said the meeting was "in Hong Rong ship owner, that has execution by Japanese creditors recognition of the historical importance to the success of the control of the control of the success of the control of th restructuring Wah Kwong of this major group of creditors—and of its importance to the viability of the

> Most Japanese creditors are understod to have given verbal support for the plan, but seem reluctant to make formal and binding commitments until they are sure others will move in the same way. Most Japanese creditors are poorly secured of totally unsecured, and a col-lapse of the rescue plan would leave them with virtually nothing.

Wah Kwong is one of two leading Hong Kong shipowning groups to find itself in difficulties. C. H. Tung, which has a fleet of more than 110 vessels, collapsed late last year with debts of more than US\$2.6bn outstanding to more than 100 creditors. An attempt to rescue C. H. Tung is also underway. C. H. Tung is also underway.

Genting suffers marginal fall in first-half profits

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

Malaysian economic recession. cent, from 2.5 per cent.

It is the first profit fail for the

The weakness in tin prices It is the first profit fall for the group in more than 10 years.

Turnover was 7.5 per cent lower at 197m ringgit. However, because of lower taxation and minorities, net profits were marginally higher at 57.4m ringgit and Genting is maintaining o 9 per cent interim dividend, absorbing 12.44m ringgit.

The company's publicly listed plantation subsidiary, Asiatic Development, reported e sharp fall in pre-tax profit of 44 per cent to 4.67m ringgit for the six months.

Development, reported e sharp fall in pre-tax profit of 44 per the latest period dropped to cent to 4.67m ringgit for the six 121,000 kg from 181,000 kg and the average price received fell to 12.77 ringitt per kg from 20.54 ringgit.

GENTING, the Malaysian badly affected by the drastic fall casino, plantation and property in the price of palm oil. Net group, has reported o 3.2 per profit after tax was 2.49m cent decline in pre-tax profits to ringgit compared with 4.63m 94.3m ringgit (US\$36.2m) for ringgit previously and the six months to June blaming the Malaysian economic recession, cent. from 2.5 per cent.

following the collapse of the International Tin Agreement has resulted in Tronoh Mines Malaysia suffering e group loss of 43,000 ringgit (£11,027 or \$7,700) in the half-year to June 100 commend with a profit of 30 compared with a profit of 2.13m ringgit in the same period of last year. No interim divi-dend is being paid.

Setback for **Toyota Motor**

By Yoko Shihata in Tokyo

TOYOTA MOTOR, Japan's largest manufacturer of cars, suffered a 15 per cent fall in consolidated net profits to Y345.53bn (\$2.25bn) in the year to June 30 1986

Pre-tax profits were down 22 per cent to Y646.17bn, and turnover was Y6,646.24bn down 2 per cent from the previous year. Net profits per share fell to Y129.61, from Y159.82.

The profit decline is the first The profit decline is the first since 1982 when the company was formed through the merger of Toyota Motor and Toyota

Sales.
Consolidated results cover
Toyota Motor's five domestic
and 11 overseas subsidiaries as
well as 10 affiliates.

The company said there would be a further drop in consolidated pre-tax profits in the current business year, on sales of some Y6,200bn, if the strength of the yen continued.

Notice of Redemption

AMOCO COMPANY **Guaranteed by Amoco Corporation** (Formerly STANDARD OIL COMPANY)

> (an Indiana corporation) 81/2% Debentures Due 1988

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to Section 3.01 of the Indenture dates of August 16, 1973, as amended (the indenture), between Amoco Company (the Company), Amoco Corporation (formerly Standard Oil Company (an Indiana corporation)) and Chemical Bank, as Trustee (the Trustee), the Company has elected to redeem and will redeem on October 28, 1986 (the Redemption Date), all of its 8½ % Debentures Due 1988 (the Debentures), at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof public accrued interests (equal to \$17.24 per \$1,000 principal amount of Debentures) to the Redemption Date.

On and after the Redemption Date the Debentures will become due and payable upon presentation and surrender thereof, with the August 15, 1987 and subsequent coupons attached, either at the Corporate Trust Tellers of the paying agent, Chemical Bank, 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041 or at the main offices of Chemical Bank in London, Paris, Frankfurt am Main and Zurich, or at the main offices of Citibank, N.A. (formerly First National City Bank) in Amsterdam, Milan, Rome and Tokyo, or at the main office of Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise in Luxembourg.

Interest on the Debentures shall cease to accrue from and after the Redemption Date and all coupons maturing on and after August 15, 1987 shall be void.

AMOCO COMPANY By: Chemical Bank, Trustee

Dated: September 25, 1986

Holders of the Debentures presenting Debentures for redemption to the New York paying agent will be required to comply with the Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983 on or before the date of such presentation.

Reference to the second
The WCRS Group plc

has acquired

Della Femina, Travisano & Partners, Inc.

> The undersigned acted as financial advisor to The WCRS Group plc

Morgan Grenfell Incorporated New York

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A few tips on staying in the black



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Viyella

Barratt ahead of forecast with £25m

BY JOAN GRAY, CONSTRUCTION CORRESPONDENT

Barratt Bevelopments, one of in its core business of house and following year."

the UK's top three house building in the UK.

Barratt's Premier Collection,

Barratt's Premier Collection,

Barratt's Collection,

Barratt's chairman now feels

with produce year the many feel parage of houses designed to

The increased profit—up on a starter-home business which first fuelled its growth.

The number of houses Barratt built has fallen from 12 700.

The number of houses Barratt built has fallen from 12 700.

The shares rose sharply esterday to close 12p higher et

The company's debt has been cut from £59m to £8.5m. The final dividend has been increased to 5.81p, making a total of 8.12p (7.62p) a 6.6 per cent in 1986 and is on target to fall to 30 per cent by the end of the year.

"But our UK housing business is still in a transitional stage," said Sir Lawrie Barratt, chairman, that last year saw its the introduction of ur Premier.

The turnround—from a company that last year saw its profits plungs from £35.6m to \$4.1m—has been achieved by moving the company up-market where not yet completed between £300,000 and £500,000 and £500

with pre-tax profits for the year ended June 30, 1986, up from \$4.1m to \$25.4m.

built has fallen from 13,700 in 1984 to 10,300 last year and to 8,100 in 1986; the proportion of homes built for first-time buyers has fallen from 70 per cent in 1983 to 45 per

Margaret Thatcher has bought one of the most expensive for her home in Dulwich) accounted for only 40 per cent of houses sold to Juna 1986, but will account for 96 per cent of Barratt's bomes by the end of the current year.

The group's performance has also been helped by increasing the profitability and cutting the debt of its US housing operation.

US housing completions have hear cut from 1.750 to 1.975.

the current year.

Sales in the south-east now account for 25 per cent of the houses sold and 40 per cent of the UK housing turnover, largely as a result of the bigher price of land in the south, where plots outside London cost between £300,000 and £500,000 an acre.

In the rights issue Brent will release 10.46m new ordinary shares for 120p a share. The company's share price fell by 7p to 139p on the announcement yesterday.

e range of houses designed to offer more space and more luxurious finishes (the name is entirely coincidental with that fact that Prime Minister Mrs Margarat Thatcher has bought

US housing completions have been cut from 1,750 to 1,215— the level which Sir Lawrie now hopes to sustain—and debt has been reduced from £50m to

"Our objective in the US is now to increase profitability on reduced turnover," he said. "We have already achieved a US profit of £2m this year com-pared to a loss of £3m the pre-vious year."



Sir Lawrie Barrett.

Brent Chemicals goes on bid trail after £12m rights issue

Brent Chemicals International, the industrial chemicals producer, is asking and is also negotiating the acquisition of a French company, in a similar field, for around one for four rights issue in order to fund acquisitions. Brent yesterday announced e 23 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £3.2m for the first half of 1986.

The company has already identified its first two acquisitions to £3.2m for the first half of 1986.

The company has already identified its first two acquisitions will concentrate on Brent's core marpackaging industry, offering special edhesives and sealants, the elleptic dehmicals. Brent expects te snap up barchase Joachim Dyes, a privately owned West German producer areas," said Mr Steve Cuthbert, the chief executive. "Joachim Dyes will give us a foothold in the West German procedular to the elleptic dehmicals. Brent expects te snap up barchase Joachim Dyes, a privately owned West German producer.

We have a very clearly defined acquisition policy in national markets and product areas," said Mr Steve Cuthbert, the chief executive. "Joachim Dyes will give us a foothold in the West German procedular to the elleptic dehmicals. Brent expects te snap up barchase Joachim Dyes, a privately owned West German producer.

"In the rights issue Brent will release 10.46m new ordinary shares for 120p a share. The company's share for 120p a share. The company's share price fell by 7p to 139p on the amnounce-ment yesterday.

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

accounted for half the rise of 23 per cent. Earnings per share increased to 4.9p (4.2p) and the board proposes to pay an interim dividend of Lop. The food and packaging division emerged as the best performer. Ardrox fared well in the US but was held back by the UK subsidiary's exposure to Middle Eastern exports, which suffered from the fall in the oil price.

Land Investors 0.9
Logica 1
McLaughlin Harvey int 12
Moss Bros int 1.85
Norish int #1
RAMCO Oil int 18
James Wilkes iet 3
Vold int 10.75 Nov 28 0.75 Dividends shown in pence per share not except where otherwis plvidends snown in pence per share not except where otherwise stated. "Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/er acquisitien issues. ‡ USM stock. Unqueted stock. § Gross throughout. § Irish pence throughout. **Increase to reduce disparity.

Nov 6 Oct 31 Nov 20 Nov 27 Nov 14

Nov 28 Jan 2

Petranol US acquisition and £6m cash call

BY RICHARD TOMKINS

company's share price fell by 7p to 139p on the amouncement yesterday.

In the six months to June 30 Brent's turnover rose by 5 per cent to £27.89m (£25.93m). Most of the growth cama from recent acquisitions rather than from erganic development. But improved margins fuelled a faster increase in pre-tax profits, where organic growth accounted for half the rise of 23 per cent. Earnings per share increased to 4.9p (4.2p) and the board proposes to pay an interim dividend of 1.0p. The food and packaging division emerged as the best is a share and is underwritten by Barings, the merchant bank of the fem to be raised, about £5m will be used to repay Apollo's outstanding debt and the rest will be used for working capital. The rights issue is conditional upon the acquisition going through.

Petranol said Apollo had pure the next year and that this should substantially increase in the said to repay Apollo's outstanding chet at the best with the potential for longer-term exploitation."

Earlier this month, Petranol in itstrategy of building an asset base with the potential for longer-term exploitation."

Earlier this month, Petranol in itstrategy of building an asset base with the potential for longer-term exploitation."

Earlier this month, Petranol in profits for the half-year to June 1986 was divisity profits, where organic growth accounted for half the rise of 20-mile radius of its head-quarters in Hobbs, New Mexico, and operating them at low cost. the figures were "satisfactory given the lower ell and gas of the figures were exchange of the next year and that this about the next pear and the substantially increase in chant bank. Of the £6m to be about substantially increase trains should substantially increase traincrease in profits for profits for Pervanol in instrated of base with the potential for longer-term exploitation."

Earlier this month, Petranol "Koppers" and operating them at low cost, the figures were "satisfactory given the lower ell and gas so the best base with the potential for longer-term exploitati

Petranel, the small UK oil company which has its production base in the US, yesterday said it had agreed to buy Apello Energy, a private oil and gas company operating in Texas and New Mexico, and amounced a one-for-one rights issue to raise £8m net.

Apollo is to be bought for 2.6m shares and \$228,000 (£158,000) in cash. At Petranel's closing price of 32p yesterday, down 8p, the values on the deal is £989,000.

The one-for-one rights issue is at 25p a share and is underwritten by Barings, the merchant bank. Of the £6m to be raised, about £5m will be used

Hill Samuel in £6m purchase

oil price.

Given that the remaining proceeds of the rights issue will eradicate borrowings — gearing now stands at 40 per cent cash surplus of £4m and analysts have upgraded profit forecasts for the full year to between £7.1m and £7.6m.

Hill Samuel Group, through serves all parts of the UK Irom its wholly owned subsidiary the Shetlands to the south west Lambert Brothers, has acquired of England through its offices the Escemble Group for £6.3m at 27 ports. The company operates as the UK agent to a significant number of worldwide forecasts for the full year to between £7.1m and £7.6m. Hill Samuel Group, through serves all parts of the UK from

around £11m.
This would represent a fourfold increase on the £2.5m which

Further Coats Viyella rises expansion 11% after £15m in US by reorganisation costs Redland By Joan Gray,

ONE OF Britain's largest materials companies, Redland, has increased its expansion in the US with a £24m (\$35m) joint venture with Pittsburghcombined Coats announced yesterday. annumced yesterday.

Although pre-tax profits rose
11 per cent from £58.3m (for the
two separate companies) in the
first half of 1985 to £65m for tha
combined group in the same
months of this year, the company also had to take into
account reorganisation costs of
£14.9m.

On two of this, the results

t 50 per cent shareholding in a new jointly owned company,

a new jointly owned company, Western-Mohile.
This will acquire the operations of the independently owned MPM, an aggregate company operating in Colorado and New Mexico, and former Koppera' subsidiary Western Paving, which supplies construction aggregates in Colorado, Kansas, and Wyoming, and is also a road surfacing. ing, and is also a road surfacing

contractor,
"The acquisition will give quarries, gravel pits, and ready mix plants to form a complete back-top road surfacing opera-tion," said Mr Robert Napier, Redland's financial director. Rediand's financial director.

The company chose MPM and Western Paving because "the key to an aggregate business is the ownership of resources closs to a market, because atone, sand and gravel are hard to transport," he added.

Western-Mobile will give Redland a new subsidiary with three stone quarries and 19 sand and gravel pits, with combined aggregate reserves of 200m tons.

Very small."

What is hanging over the company, though, is the action by Dawson International to recover for incurred in its bid for over £6m incurred in its bid for the Coats Viyella merger. Coats Patons which directly led to the Coats Viyella merger. Coats Patons abandoned Dawson after agreeing to the bid and opted for a merger with vantous Viyella, leaving an aggrieved Dawson te pursue a claim through the courts. This claim is still being discussed by

200m tons.

The new business is centred in Colorado, a growth state where highway expenditure of more than \$500m in 1985 is due to increase substantially

this year.

Redland chose to go into partnership with Koppers as an experienced US quarrying company whose Western Paving subsidiary has been consistently profetable.

· A downturn in the combined Paving from \$17.6m in 1985 to \$15.3m in the year ending June 1986 was due to the comparatively poor performance of MPM said Mr Napier.

"Koppers management of Western Paving is now going to be the management of the Western-Mobile joint venture so we are confident there is scope for improving the per-formance of MPM, where we will be able to cut back the loss-making operations."

Redland's Western-Mobile

Redland's Western-Mobile venture follows an earlier move into aggregates in the US with its purchase of an 80 per cent stake in the Texas quarrying business now known as Redland-Worth for. \$72m. in 1983. Profits from the Texas quar-ries have risen from \$6m a year to "more than tripla that in the current year," said Mr Napier.

"Now we know how to in-It is intended to merge the businesses of Escomb with those of Lambert Brothers Ship Agencies.

We will be looking for further possibilities, wherever there are good reserves near to a buoyant market."

in Manchester Ship now 5.3%

claim through the courts. This claim is still being discussed by the two sides' lawyers.

The currency movements also helped to depress the external turnover of the group, which dropped slightly from £831.1m in 1985 to £827.3m this year.

However, Coats Viyella has produced its figures not merely on a straight-comparison basis but also taking the currency movements into account and on this basis the notional turn-

Carroll Group, the privately-owned investment and property company, has increased its stake in the Manchester Ship Canal Company (MSCC) from 3.6 to 5.3 per cent. Carroll is backing MSCC against a hostile 537m takeover bid from Highams, a private textila company.

Highams has 55 per cent of the MSCC's shares, but the tapered voting structure, giving proportionately more votes to small shareholders, means it has only 38 per cent of tha

Carroli saw its bolding in MSCC as "e long-term invest-ment in a strong company," he

THE FULL effects of last over would have been 2 per February's merger between cent higher at £847.6m. Mr Vantona Viyella and Coats Alliance forecast that turnover Patons can be seen from the up on 1985's £1.696bn.

Most of the sectors have been showing good advances en 1985 but the group total has been held back by a slowing down in demand around the world for spring in Britain which held back demand for garments and a reorganisation in the carpets division.

GIA9m.

On top of this, the results were depressed by adverse currency movements, which cost the group £3.8m.

Most of the reorganisation costs have now been apportioned. Mr David Alliance, chief executive, said in London yesterday "there will be some further charges in the second half of the year but they will be some further charges in the second half of the year but they will be yety small."

What is hanging over the company, though, is the action by the selection of the property of the selection of the property of the selection of the property of t

Much of the success of Coats depends on Marks and Spencer, which accounts for some \$200m ing its ratio of sales income to space, Coats, as the second largest supplier after Courtaulds. is in e particularly good posi-tion to take advantage of the upturn in High Street shop-

ping.
"The merger has created the most broadly-based textile group in the world," Mr Alliance claimed.

An interim dividend of 4.5p (4p) is to be paid. Coats shares moved up 2p yesterday to close at 490p.

'e 200

Carroll's stake

It has said, however, that it will split up its holding inte smaller parcels if this is re-quired to gain voting control. The bid is currently in a state of limbo. The Takeover Panel Ryman finalises plans and ruled earlier this month that the Higham's document, setting a closing date of September 22, was invalid but ne alternative date has yet been set.

Carroll is keen to acquire more MSCC shares, but Mr Anthony Clarke, finance director, said it was not his company's intention to make a bid for MSCC should the Higham's offer fail.

Glen steps up its stake in IFICO

By Charles Batchelor

Glen International, investment company headed by Mr Terry Marsden Rameden, has increased its stake in Industrial Finance and Investment Cor-poration (IFICO) from 10.38 to 18.82 per cont

18.82 per cent.
Mr Ramsden said: "Wa are currently the largest single shareholder in IFICO and eur policy has always been to make the most of our shareholder position."

August 22 that it had bought a 10.83 per cent stake in IFICO. News of the increased Glen holding came one day before IFICO shareholders will be structuring which could lead to control of the company passing to Unity Corporation, the Austo Unity Corporation, the Australian investment group beaded by Mr Garry Carter.
Shares of IFICO have been suspended since July et 89a t after the board said it expected to make a loss in the year ended June and fresh finance was needed.
In the event IFICO announced

its pre-tax profits were halved from £1.05m to £528,000. COUNTRY AND New Town Properties has ecquired 39.6 per cent of Bay Financial Corpora-tion, e US property company quoted on the New York Stock Exchange. Consideration pay-able is \$47m (£32.4m) cash.

and around the London area selling office equipment and stationery to both comparate customers and to the public. The company's reputation is roted in its introduction of bright colours and colour coordination to the hitherto fold increase on the £2.5m which Ryman's present ewners, headed by the chairman, Ms Jennifer D'Abo, paid for the company's reputation is D'Abo, paid for the company when they bought it from the Burton Group in 1981. Ryman will be the first company to ge public through an offer for sale by tender since the merchant bank, Morgan Grenfell, in June. It has opted for the tender since the merchant bank, Morgan Grenfell, in June. It has opted for the tender since the Burton Group deal, Ryman operated et a loss. But in recent years, as there opening costs have diminished, it has broken into profit producing £554.000 in the GRANVILLE Granville & Co. Limited 8 Lovat Lane Lendon EC3R 88P profit producing £554,000 in the last financial year to May 31, on 380 260 100 88 62 32 38 28 117 65 370 320 70 25 102 47 226 190

Public Works Loan Board rates

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To HAT Group Shareholders

The BET offer for your shares expires at 10.30am today.
IT WILL NOT BE EXTENDED.*

To be effective, your form of acceptance must be with BET's Registrars, Hill Samuel Registrars Limited, at 6 Greencoat Place, London SW1P1PL by that time.

> Value of BET Increased and **Final Share Offer:**

HAT Share Price:

Value of Offer is based on share price of BET at 3.30 p.m. on 24th September, 1986.

HAT share price and HAT share price before offer are prices at 3.30 p.m. on 24th September and 21st July, 1986 respectively.



L. Messel, consider that Ryman profit producing £554 has no ebvious peer en the last financial year to stock market and its shares turnover of £17.1m.

Marlborough Technical offer

heads for USM flotation

Ryman, tha office equipment would therefore be difficult to and stationery company, has price. finalised plans for its flotation. In the offer Ryman proposes on the Unlisted Securities Martor raise about 54m. Existing

and stationery company, has finalised plans for its flotation en the Unlisted Securities Market early next month.

The company plans to join D'Abo, will retain around £2.5m being for sale by tender which is expected to value Ryman at around £1.5m the Ryman operates 53 shops in and around £1.5m the Ryman operates 53 shops in a country of the respective tender which is around £1.5m the Ryman operates 53 shops in a country of the respective tender area.

price the company will be
Turnover last year was £18m
valoed at £40.2m. Stockbrokers and the prospectus will carry
te the issue will be de Zoete a profits forecast of £3.8m for
and Bevan and the prospectus
will be published tomorrow.

THE STOCK MARKET'S chemicals sector is about to gain its first new recruit for many years with the flotation of mariborough Technical Management, a Teesside-based speciality chemicals company, through an offer for sale.

Hill Samuel, the merchant phank, will be offering 6.51m shares at 110p each, at which price the commany will be

BOARD MEETINGS

The following companien have notified desse of board meetings to the Stock Exchangs. Such meetings are onusily held for the purpose of considering dividends. Offseis indications are set available as to whether the dividends are interims or finals and the antiquisions shows below my based melniy on lest year's timetable.

TODAY

Interines: Abardoen Construction, Asset Truet, Asthony and Madeley, Bentalla, Brown Severi Kent, Centroway ladustrian, Combined English Stores, Eucalyptun Pulip Mills, F&C Pacific Investment Trust, Martin Carie Peoilfo Trust, Newarthill, Noble and Land, Offsoe and Seutrenie Machines, PFC Intermetional

FUTURE DATES

E ...

COMI

polies and Mergers Commission to allow a new bid by Norton

Opex for McCorquodale — despite combined market share in personalised cheques of over 40 per cent — hinged on the

power of the banks as cus-

tomers to exploit spare capacity in cheque printing.

The largest four clearing banks — Barclays, Lloyds, Mid-land and National Westminster

buy 80 per cent of all per-sonalised cheques and the Commission's report concluded:

"The banks' dominance of

the cheque market is such that they would be able to counter-

act any concentration following a merger by switching a pro-

portion of their business et

little or no cost from the

enlarged company to other pro-ducers who have the available

The report also looked at the

But the £45m personalised

cheque market was more cen-

It is a market which has grown rapidly over recent years with the UK banks now process-

ing an average of 12m cheques a day or over 3bn in 1985.

Growth prospects are now slowing with the wider availability of credit cards but it will remain a significant sub-

tral to the argument.

Mr Ron Brierley, the New Zealand entrepreneur, yester-day attempted to winkle cut support for his £258m each bid for Ocean Transport &

In a formal offer document. Mr Brierley continued to east doubt on OT & T's future investment strategy. OT & T has considerable surplus liquidity arising from the sale of its interest in Ocean Con-

or its interest in Ocean Containers (OCL).

OT & T dismissed Mr

Brierley's arguments as "a

blatant attempt to anatch
control of the business on the

Mr Brierley, holding 10.55 per cent of OT&T through a

newly created company, IEP (UE), said his offer of 225p a share represented an increase in capital value of

These figures are based on a market price of 201p a share, the day before it was reported that IEP was about to disclose a stake in OT&T. Yesterday, OT&T shares closed at 231p, up 2p, and comfortably above the IEP each effer. each offer. eash affer.

Hr Brierley, advised by Schroders, said the issue turned os whether OT&T sharehelders wanted the cer"whether the anticipated future benefit from the pressure on Ocean to invest in new activities justifies a

The document said OT&T, dvised by S G Warburg. navised by S G Warburg, had a poor record without the beneat of the OCL stake; the majority of Ocean's protux profits had come from OCL in three of the past five years. Even with OCL, earnings per share had grown at a compound growth rate of any S per cent per annum. acily 6 per cent per annum.

Moreover, shareholders funds had fallen from £317m in 1981 to £212m in 1985, a decline of one third, the document added.

TKM surges to £7m midway

Tener Kemsley and Milibourn, cumulative preference shares. the motor trader and property These were issued in November developer, yesterday announced 1985 to raise £12.6m to reduce sharply increased pre-tax profits bank borrowings. sharply increased pre-tax proms of £7.1m for the six months to June 1986, writes Lionel Barber.

The strong performance confirmed that TKM laden with amounted to £48.2m in June debt just 18 monbs ago, is 1995. The profit was realised at the end of last February. preneur Mr Ron Brieley took control of the group via a £12.7m cash injection. TKM's drastic

Miller and Santhouse

USM placing

MHIer and Santhouse, a Livenpool-based optician, is join-ing the Unlisted Securities

Market through a placing which will value the company at £5.1m.

The company was formed in 1977 and has since established a chain of 22 opticians in the north of England, Wales and Scotland. Miller and Stanthouse conducts eye examinations and selis contact lenses, speciacles and eye care products.

new shops to be opened by the

end of the year, including soma in the south Midlands. The capital raised by the flotation will help us with our plans." The company has operated at a profit for the last five years producing present as a profit of the last five years

producing pre-tax profits of £362,000 on humover of £2.96m in the year to June 30. It expects to pay a net dividend of 2.25p a share for the current

Profit was £7.08m pre-tax on \$270.5m tunover, a profit tunover, a profit tunover the corresponding period in 1985.

Trading profit amounted to £10m (£6.97m).

Trading tunover the profit tunover the corresponding period in 1985.

Trading profit amounted to £10m (£6.97m). TKM's drastic slimming cure increase of £4.7m over the corresponding period in 1985.
Trading profit amounted to 510m (£6.97m).

TKM is not paying an interim dividend to ordinary share-holders but a dividend 0.8989p franchise to the Yupples in the per share will be paid to holders of 8.5 per cent convertible sustain margins; more eye-

other profitable activity—selling
Japanese cars—does not appear
to have been affected by a strengthening yen. The benefits of the Kenning acquisition— which will double TKM's turnwhich will double TKM's turn-over—has yet to come fully through into the profit figures, contributing only £0.9m at the interim stage. The other major move this year—picking up the Alfa Romeo concession—is a more long-term prospect. For the full year, remembering the traditional August UK car sales

will remain a significant subsector of the printing industry
for the forsecable future.

Technological development
and competitive tendering by
the banks has led to a concentration of supply and following
the acquisition of Bradbury
Wilkinson by De La Rue last
March it was estimated (by MoCorquedale) that the three
market leaders McCorquedale
(34 per cent), Norton Opax (15
per cent)—now beld 65 per
cent of the market (excluding
the banks in-house production).

Morton also admitted that
following a merger—and in the
light of the recent De La Rue
light of the recent

per cent.

Mr Richard Hanwell, chief

There are four other signifi-cant—if small scale—pro-ducers but McCorquodale argued that the long-term participation of any supplier outside the "big three" was 24m a year market in lottery tickets which would also give Norton Opax (31 per cent) and McCorquodala (14 per cent) a joint market share of over 40

outside the "big three" was "open to conjecture."
Norton pointed out that if the banks in-house production was included the joint market share with McCorquodale was only 43 per cent and that if a merger did take place the hanks would continue to split their requirements for cheque books between a number of suppliers "np to five in the case of the np to five in the case of the larger customers."
Norton also admitted that

Norton Opax 1985

David Goodhart reviews the Commission's verdict on Norton's bid for McCorquodale

Cheque point—the banks hold all the power

McCorquodale concluded that if a merged company did not retain its market share Norton Open would be forced to close down one of the merged group's production lines.

production lines.

The company also claimed that over a few years prices might rise 10 per cent above what they would have been in the absence of a merger, and important technological committee the lost petition would be lost.

through the use of tendering and short-term contracts the banks had greatly reduced the cost of cheques and there was no reason to believe that could be stopped by a merger.

The company also underlined the relative openness of the market by citing Kenrick and Jefferson which entered the market in 1981 and was now one of the eight largest arising from e market share suppliers.

For an existing printing the merger was an inevitable operation Norton calculated response to recent market pres-



however and said capacity was that the cost of entry might be in general fully utilised. What as low as £200,000. appeared to be spare capacity McCorquodale put the figure at in some companies was in fact film to £1.4m. film to fl.4m.

Most of the banks opposed

Most of the banks opposed that merger but said they had sufficient power to ensure their interests were not hit.

Barclays said it "did not welcome the merger . . but did not believe that its interests would be materially damaged by it."

Lloyds and Midland Bank expressed similar views but National Westminster said a merger would cause it no concern.

Among competitors, Bemrose was most opposed saying that the present highly competitive market encouraged technical expectage of the property Among competitors, Bemrose
was most opposed saying that
the present highly competitive
market encouraged technical excellence as well as competitive
pricing and doubted whether naw entrants could achieve any

significant share. The British Printing and Communication Corporation said adjustment of market share

companies or future employment prospects the Commission said: "Its enthusiasm for expanding its business overseas expanding its business overseas does not suggest to us a company beut on asset stripping or large scala redundancies."

Norton Opax PLG and McCorquodale PLG: A Report on the Proposed Merger. HMSO, 26.50.

extra 1bn cheques a year—some 30 per cent of current supply.

The ralativaly good margins on personalised cheques would

also attract other security prin-ters if there was an opening. "At least one producer has told us that it considers chaque pro-

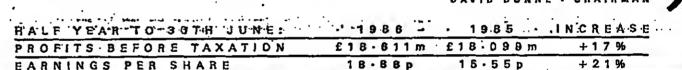
duction to be among the most lucrative work in the security

printing business."
Norton Opax's margins on per-

sonalised cheques was 21.7 per cent in thelast financial year: McCorquodale refused to reveal

the banks' growing in-house production facilities and the potential arrival of new entrants. The two main printing unions
the National Graphical Association and Sogat '82—both opposed the merger. The commission concluded that: Following the proposed merger thare would still be suppliers in the market with spare capacity to enable the banks to switch suppliers as they have done in the past." The report also estimated that there is currently sufficient spare capacity to produce an

UR MAIN objectives in recent years, those of improved competitiveness coupled with a programme of investments in new products, have combined to produce another set of excellent figures





STEETLEY . PLC . GATEFORD HILL, WORKSOP, NOTTINGHAMSHIRE S81 8AF .

Rainbow's Babcock stake raised to over 5%

Rainbow Corporation, the New Zealand leisure group which recently acquired a stake in Babcock International, has increased its holding in the UK engineering group to just over

5 per cent. The New Zealand company indicated last month that it had built up a shareholding of about 4.8 per cent in Babcock, and the latest acquisitions give it a total of 6.7m shares in the

During the period in which Rainbow has been purchasing the stock Babcock shares have been quite volatile, but it is believed that the New Zealand speciacies and eye care par-ducts.

"We have expanded fairly rapidly in the last few years and are now keen to move further into the south," said Mr Maurice Miler, the chairman and joint managing director. "We have earmarked nine group has paid an average of about 180p a share for its bolding, at a total cost of

In talks with Rainbow three weeks ago, Babcock executives were assured that the New Zealand company had acquired its holding for long-term invest-ment purposes. The British company indicated last night that it had no reason to believe that Rainbow's intentions had

Rainbow is a two-year-old company run by Mr Craig Heat-ley, a 30-year-old businessman involved in amusement parks and minigolf, and Mr Gary Lane, an accountant formerly with Coopers and Lybrand, the audit firm.

The two men were recently engaged in un unsuccessful takeover hattle in New Zealand for Rothmans Industries, a

City and Westminster/Bremner

BY CHARLES BATCHELOR

around £12m.

City and Westminster days later said it had increased finance, a small corporate its option holding to 29.9 per finance company, yesterday exercised options to buy a 24.8 per cent stake in Bremner, the property and cash shell property and cash sh

In the placing, by the stock-brokars, Capel-Cure Myers, Mil-ler and Santhouse intends to release 1.43m shares, or 29.4 per cent of its enlarged share capi-tal at 105p a share. Soma £600,000 of the capital raised by the placing will be chan-nelled into the company in order to finance its ongoing

This could herald a takeover bid for Bremner but Mr Andrew Greystoke, who heads city and Westminster disclosed on September 8 that it had begun buying options on Bremner's shares and a few which has been at the centre of an unusual public struggle for power between its clogate for power between its recent man Mr James Rowland-Jones and two of its former directors in recent months.

Mr Greystoke earlier said that any full offer would not be significantly above tha 60p price agreed under the option purchase.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

based housebuilder, swung half, which had started back with profits of £156,210 last year's good figures. in the half-year to June 30 1986 in the half-year to June 30 1986 compared with pre-tax losses of £140,175 in the corresponding period last year. An interim dividend of 0.15p (nil) is being paid—last year's final payment was 0.2p net. Turnover improved from £4.55m to £5.8m. The sale of land and other assets totalled £47,000 (£177,055) and rental income was lower at £22,922 (£28,401). Stated aarnings per 10p share were 0.39p (0.35p losses).

WILLIAM MORRIS Fine Arts, USM quoted wallcovering maker and sculpture caster, made pre-tax profits of £194,000 (£192,000) for first half of £15.47m). Earnings per 20p share were 0.62p (0.38p) before extraordinary debits of £73,000 (£575,000) or 0.39p (1.46p loss) return to dividend list. HAMES WILLES, manufacturer

nominal capital to facilitate an early return to dividend list.

DAVENPORT KNITWEAR saw turnover rise from 2.75m to £3.26m in the half yaar ended. June 30 1936. Operating profit was up to £387,000 (£231,000) and investment income to £188,000 (£170,000), giving pre-tax profit of £493,000 (£343,000). Earnings were 17.67p per share RAMCO OIL SERVICES incurred pre-tax loss of £607,000 (£101,000) in the six months to June 30 1936. Mr Stephen E. Remp, the chairman, said the heavy losses had been caused by continued repercusions of the upprecedented collapse in world oil prices which occurred at the beginning of the year. He added that the months follows in had seen brutal cost entiting by all companies. No interim dividend is being paid and the directors did not expect to pay a first large part share was 1220 (11.5p) total. An early return to dividend is a first profits of turnover to £5.2m turnover to £5.2m turnover to £5.2m (£1.5m) in first half of 1936, (£1.5m) in first half of 19 directors did not expect to pay a final. The loss per share was 2.9p (0.35p).

CAKEBREAD ROBEY & CO., builders' and timber merchant, increased pre-tax profits to £382,000 (£240,000) for the first half of 1986, on turnover of £11.2m (£10.52m). Exemings per 10p share were 3.2p (2.3p) and it was in acquisition discussions the interim dividend is with a private cleaning group,

RESULTS

unchanged at 0.8p net. The company said the rate of profits increase was not expected to be maintained in the second half, which had started below WILLIAM MORRIS Pine Arts.

nnchanged pre-tax profits of s2.67m (£2.65m) for the year to June 30 1986. Earnings per 25p share were 15.25p (16.14p) and the final dividend is 8p for a 12p (11.5p) total. An extraordinary debit of £219.000 (£77,000 credit) was the cost of the abortive merger with Winthe abortive merger with Wingate Property Investments.

BIDS AND DEALS

but pointed out that it was often involved in such negotiations, many of which did not come to

TRADE PROMOTIONS SER-VICES has been notified that EMAP has approached the British Jewellery and Giftware Federation to acquire its hold-ing of 1.47m shares (26 per cent) of Trade Promotion at 210p.

TR NATURAL RESOURCES: Brokers Wood Mackenzia yesterday made an open market purchase of 5.9m shares in TR (9.92 per cent) on the instruc-tions of investment clients, bidding 140p a share.

MOSS ADVERTISING yesterday announced that Mr Stephen Moss, the chairman, is stepping down and he and his family interests have sold 1.9m shares (50.25 per cent), mostly to institutional investors, retaining institutional investors, retaining 282,600 (7.44 per cent). Mir Moss who will remain a non-executive director, will be succeeded by Mr Stuart Pearson, the recently appointed finance director, who has increased his shareholding to 7.86 per cent. Mr Stephen Descriptor becomes wanging Daughtrey becomes managing director and Mr John Cooper, who has acquired a 6.97 per cent stake, joins the board,

WILLIAMS HOLDINGS' £58: agreed bid for London & Midland Industrials has been declared unconditional after gaining acceptances covering more than 50 per cent of the shares. The cash alternative closed yesterday, while the other offers remain open.

Logica advances 36% and Expanding poised for US expansion

to June 1988, against £5m previously which excluded discortinued ectivities. The period was marked by Logica'e withdrawal from its office antomatical excluding from the withdrawal

Extraordinary charges, mainly Extraordinary charges, mainly connected with this withdrawal, were £12.2m — £3.7m less than previously allowed for. After allowing for these charges, tax of £2.6m (£2.7m) and interest paid of £649.000 (£487.000 received), Logica reported a net loss of £7.9m, compared this year.

Mr Len Taylor, managing director, said sales were expected to grow by about 25 per cent net loss of £7.9m, compared this year.

Mr Zaylor said that sales to

(0.85p). business.
At the end of the year, net Logics's US operations,

This was due to new equity having suffered a loss of fa00,000 in the first half.

January, o positive operating cash flow and a not cash surplus resulting from the withdrawal from office automation.

This was due to new equity having suffered a loss of fa00,000 in the first half.

Mr Taylor said Logica was now poised to expand in the US, having returned to profit He added that the company's fauther had made. from office automation.
Turnover for the year was

net loss of £7.9m, compared with £3.5m last year.

Earnings per share were 10.07p on the expanded share to the financial sector (up from base created by the rights issue during the year, compared with £17m) had been particularly 6.95p last year. The directors are proposing a dividend of 1p (0.35p).

This year.

Mr Taylor said that sales to the financial sector (up from £13m to £17m) had been particularly good in the UK, which accounts for more than half of Logica'e husiness.

Logica, the computer soft- cash balances stood at £8.3m, which had incurred losses in ware company, yesterday compared with a net overdraft the previous two years, reported pre-tax profits up 36 of £11.9m at the start of the previous two years, recorded a profit of £80,000 for per cent to £6.8m for the year year.

Australian operations had made substantial profits on sales of £5m, after having incurred a The Netherlands operations, with revenues of £7m, had ochieved above average profits. New office expansion had taken place in the UK, the Netherlands, Belgium, West Germany, Sweden and Australia. New operations had been started in Denmark, Malaysia and Taiwan.

The shares were unchanged at 218p yesterday. See Lex

Currency factors hold back ABP

yesterday reported pre-tax profits of £2.21m for the first six (£180,000).

In the UK, turnover increased

mained constant, the company would have recorded e 24 per cent advance in pre-tax profits, but the weakening of the Canadian and Australian a cent advance in pre-tax profits, but the weakening of the Canadian and Australian currencies bed inhibited sales in these markets, and bad substantially reduced the sterling value of costs and a cyclical dip in its tions. With pre-tax profits for the full year forecast at about \$18.3m, and \$1.40 per cent tax level: currency was the main one, but the dull state of the UK market, reorganisation on a prospective p/e of 125 which is quite sufficient.

sociated Book Publishers prufits. Ganada produced £1.4m erday reported pre-tax (£1.47m) and Australia £438,000

vital law publishing operations (which provides over 60 per cent of profits) were others. In the circumstances, the figures months of 1986, up three percent on the £2.15m made at the interim stage last year, and blamed edverse currency factors for holding back growth.

However, it said that the second balf trading performance to date indicated that the company was on course for "the echievement of its plans for the year," and an increased interim dividend of 2.25p e share (2.1p) was, therefore, being declared.

If exchange rates bad re—

Listuatory.

In the UK, turnover increased in three with three are respectable enough, and with signs of an upturn in the UK general publishing market the second half trading profit was uncountered to attend that the company was on course for "the echievement of its plans for the year," and an increased interim dividend of 2.25p e share (2.1p) was, therefore, being declared.

If exchange rates bad re—

In the circumstances, the figures are respectable enough, and with signs of an upturn in the UK general publishing market the second half should be sub-etantially better, while 1987 should start showing the benefits of integrating the new equisitions and of a cyclical upswing in law. All this said, Associated's little was the familiar ring from this time tax charge was 44 per cent (47). bas yet to prove that it has the flair and drive to squeeze the most out of the new acquisitions. With pre-tax profits for the full year forecast at about

Harvey & Thompson jumps 75%

Harvey & Thompson, the USM quoted paymbroker, lifted pre-tax profits by 75 per cent from £178,000 to £312,000 for the year ended June 28 1986. The result reflected continued improve-ment in all aspects of the busi-

share well ahead from 8.5p to 15.05p, the dividend total is up 50 per cent to 6p (4p) net with a final of 4.25p.

The pledge book has edvanced from £2.74m to £3.41m, the com-pany said. This trend continued and two new branches would be opened in the next three months, in Stockport and North-

east London.

The company believed there was still plenty of scope for continued expansion in the pawn-broking husiness and it intended to persevere with the establishment of nationwide representa-

> LG. INDEX FT for October 1,269-1,276 Tel: 01-828 5699

Wold cuts interim loss

word, the USM quoted pro-ducer of frozen green vegetables, yesterday turned in its usual first-half decade a very peas, had been recognized. its usual first-half deficit, albeit at a lower level than in the

Harvey & Thompson, the USM quoted pawnbroker, lifted pretax profits by 75 per cent from £178,000 to £312,000 for the year ended June 28 1986. The result reflected continued improvement in all aspects of the business.

The company said the current year had got off to a very good start and it was bopeful of a further advance at the interim stage.

£465,000.

The cost of putting an end by the end of the year they had to construction operations in risen to £58m and £1.15m restricted in the first half 1986

The interim dividend is again vey, the Newton Abbey based building group,

tion to an anticipated trading loss of £295,000 in the Republic for the year as a whole, and for which provision had already been made.

In the comparable period of 1985 turnover came to £28m

peas, had been completed in better conditions than last year. Prespects for other major crops looked better than in 1985 and processing costs should be lower than last year as a result of higher, more concentrated,

McLaughlin & Harvey Irish loss

results of McLaughlin & Harvey, the Newton Abbey based chairman, said he was confi building group,

Profit before tax came to
£314,000 on a turnover of
£23.5m. However, there was a
below the line extraordinary
charge of £356,000 in running
down the operations, in addition to an anticipated trading

OXFORD INSTRUMENTS acquiring a minority equity interest in Hexland, an Oxon-based developer and maker of specialist accessories for electron microscopy, including and pre-tax profit to £704,000, cryogenic related products,

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Connells surges to £2m

CONNELLS ESTATE Agents, which earlier this year extended its coverage in the Brighton and Oxford areas, made strong progress in the first six months of 1986 with a profits rise from £760,600 to £2.05m pre-tax.

Commenting yesterday, Mr John Simson, the chairman, said the results reflected increased sales volumes without sacrificing margins.
Growth was boosted by selective expansion and favourable market conditions were

market conditions were experienced.

Income from the residential activities increased sharply from £2.7m to £4.83m and on the commercial side, income of £2.44m (£487,000) was much higher than had been expected.

In all, total income surged from £2.19m to £7.26m—just £707,000 short of the reported figure for 1985 as a whole.

Tax accounted for £758,000 (£215,000) and left net profits at £1.29m, compared with a previous £445,000.

Earnings worked through at 9.67p (3.66p) hasic or 8.99p (3.66p) adjusted for the bonus element of last May's £6.59m rights issue. The interim dividend is being doubled to 2p net en the enlarged capital.

Referring to recent takeover activity in the estate agency market, Mr Simson said: "We are already finding evidence that both the institutional and business effects.

ing evidence that both the individual and business client see advantages of dealing through a successful estate

through a successful escare agency."

He pointed out that the long-term advantages of the company's policy were increasingly recognised by potential associates in acquisition situations.

Ferranti orders climb by 30%

NEW ORDERS flowing to Ferranti in the first five months of its financial year were up 30 per cent on the same period last year, Mr Basil de Ferranti, the chairman, told Ferranti's annual meeting yesterday.

meeting yesterday.
Ferranti's order book now stood at £756m, he added.
Mr de Ferranti said that he now little hooe of an upturn in the worl. semi-conductor market until the middle of 1987, at the earliest.

1987, at the earliest.

However, the reduced contribution of Ferranti Electronics, whose main business is in semi-conductors, "is being countered by improvements in the remainder of the countered by improvements and the remainder of the counterpart and the counterpa the group where turnover and year," he said.

Hawtal rises 22% midway

Hawtal Whiting Holdings, which moved from the USM to a full listing in May, raised its profits for the first half of 1986 to £2.94m pre-tax an improvement of 22 per cent-The profits advance reflec-ted increased turnover from the design engineering sector.
During the first quarter, the group completed the purchase of a further 24 computer-aided design workshops, bringing the total available to

The directors said yester day that they believed the expanded computer-aided de-sign facilities, and the current level of design contracts. would make a strong contri-bution to profits in the second

In the second quarter a wholly-owned subsidiary was incorporated in Windsor, Ontario, close to the Detroit

Growth all round as Bank of Scotland climbs to £55m

WITH ALL three principal companies in the Bank of Scotland group making higher contributions, the first half of 1986 produced a 23.5 per cent lift in pre-tax profits—from £44.7m to £55.2m. The figure also represented a

9.3 per cent improvement over the record £50.5m echieved in the second half of last year, the directors said.

Charged to the profit were higher provisions for bad and donhtful debts, mainly because of the greater volumes of con-sumer finance business and an sumer finance business and an increase in the provisions already made in relation to certain overseas sovereign debts.

For the 1986 period, specific provision was £20.2m (£15.7m) and general £4.1m (£2.6m). In the second half of 1985 the figures were £21.7m and £1.2m.

Interest charges on sub-Interest charges on sub-ordinated loans were up to £13.4m (£9.2m) and provision for profit sharing £2.3m (£1.8m). Earnings for the period came to 26.9p (22.2p) and the interim dividend is stepped up to 6p net (5.5p).

The clearing bank lifted its profit by nearly 14 per cent, from £35m to £39.8m. Net interest earnings grew by 15 per cent, while average total assets increased by 12.8 per cent.

On the domestic front, everage sterling assets rose by 21.7 per cent as average Base Rate fell from 12.6 to 10.6 per traditional current account tinued to nar-balances while, in the area of competition.

new products, Home and Office
Banking deposits and Keycard
Deposit Accounts were growing steadily.

After tax £21.6m (£19.6m)
and minorities £100,000 (same), the group attributable profit for the first half was £23.5m (£25m).

Earnings from the Inter-national Division again repre-(£6.8m).

finance subsidiary, achieved a profit of £12.3m. After excluding a surplus of £1m on the sale of an investment, that gave an increase of 33 per cent over 1985. cent. With deposits the success of Money Market Cheque account continued unabated. Some growth was seen in average lending margins contraditional current account timed to narrow as a result of

Sir Thomas Risk, the Governor

completed, and there had been a steady flow of new HOBS users

stracted by the flexibility of the service. Longer opening hours at domestic hranches, introduced last November, were also begin-

ning to have beneficial effect. North West Securities, the

Charles Barker helped to £1.57m by acquisition

WITH THE addition of £114,000 future growth, the directors With the addition of 2112,000 tuting grown, the directors profit of Norman Broadbent International, equal to one They said some larger edvermonth since acquisition, the Charles Barker communication much as anticipated in the half group came up with e pre-tax profit of £1,569,000 for the first half of 1986, compared with £1,497,000 in 1985. However, the Electricity Coun-

profit of £1,568,000 for the first "somewhat lower" profits from half of 1986, compared with £1,497,000 in 1985.

The company's shares were offered for sale in May at 150n Mercedes. Benz, have asked the company to handle additional business which would be repromised 1p net. For the full year of least 3p had been integrated.

Second half had been busy for all parts of the company. for all parts of the company, the directors reported, and they were confident that the current year would be another success.

In the half year billings total-fully the first part of the company, further growth.

The half year earnings were 4.96p (4.16p) or 4.86p fully diluted. The tax charge was for the half year billings total-fully full the first parts of the company, further growth.

The half year earnings were 4.96p (4.16p) or 4.86p fully growth.

led £73.34m (£62.7m) and turn-over came through et £39.9m terday that it had set up a pub-(£38m). Operating income rose lic relations consultancy in from £9.84m to £11.5m but that Manchester. It is beaded by Mr was offset by additional expen-diture in personnel costs in Dent who had previously been building for the company's running their own consultancy.

Ascot boosts Moss Bros.

year.
The interim dividend, however, is being stepped up from 1.72p to 1.85p net from earnings of 7.15p,

DESPITE A slightly under budget turnover, strong disciplines in all areas of business and profits et the pre-tax level together with a good Royal Ascot race meeting enabled group is clothes retailer and formal wear birer.

10 per cent for the six months to July 26 1986.

Mr Monty Moss, the chairman, said yesterday that currently there appeared to be signs of an improvement but, as is usual, it was too early to forecast results for the full year. Premises were recently acquired in Epsom and Bath. Epsom was now open as the group's fifth Occasions shop specialising in men's formal wear. Bath will open shortly and will carry a full range of men's wear. men's wear.

Further downturn at Juliana's

Juliana's Holdings, the in-ternational discotheque group which experienced a near-54 per cent profits fall in 1985, suffered a further sharp downturn in the first six me

1986.

The directors said yesterday previous £345,000.

At the pre-tax level, profits that it was unlikely that Superfell from £582,000 to £229,000 sport would make an overall ordinary provision from a turnover 10 per cent profit in the second six months.

Knala Lumpur. Hot Gossip, in profitability in the second profit on a monthly basis but losses were continuing to be incurred at the Raffles Club in Hong Kong.

In profitability in the second half.

Group tax for the opening half year accounted for £30,000, down from £237,000. Net profits amounted to £139,000, against a

lower at £3.55m.

Earnings worked through 1.25p down at 0.84p and the interim dividend is being cut from 1.25p to 0.75p gross per division had been depressed due to expiry of a number of old contracts in the second half of 1985.

The share of losses of the During the period under reassociate, Supersport, fell by view, 15 new contracts became
over £100,000 to £196,000. The perational and it was anticiassociate has now disposed of pated that this division would
its interest in Hot Gossip, show a significant improvement.

Supersport less the reserves
which arose from the purchase
for cancellation of £300,000
nominal of the group's 7½ per
cent nusecured loan stock 2000its interest in Hot Gossip, show a significant improvement.

Below the line an extra-ordinary provision this time of £248,000 left an attributable loss of £107,000 (profit £344,000).

The extraordinary item represented the loss on the disposal of Hot Gossip, Kuala Lumpur, a nightclub previously owned by Supersport less the reserve which arose from the purchas

Betec midway improvement

Betec, manufacturer of fas-tenings and fastening systems, shares issued in respect of con-lifted turnover from f7.3m to version of preference shares. 27.48m and pre-tax profit from f476,000 to £560,000 in the first half of 1986.

That reflected better results

half of 1986. That reflected better results from the component companies and the continued reorganisation at the engineering machinery

578,897 preference shares. After tax £169,000 (£152,000) net profit for the period came companies, the directors to £391,000 (£324,000). Cost of claimed. the preference dividend was. The interim dividend is £19,000 (£41,000), and earnings raised to 0.65p net, from 0.5p, are 4.23p (3.63p), and 3p at a cost of £74,000 (£39,000). (2.53p) fully diluted. **Beauford Group**

Beauford Group, maker of heavy machine tools, lifted its pre-tax profit from £336,000 to £351,000 and its interim dividend from 0.875p to 1p net for the first half of 1986.

Although the dividend increase reflected confidence in the future, it was intended to reduce the discrepancy between payments, the directors said. Turnover came to £4.21m (£4.26m). After tax £130,000 £145,000) earnings through at 3.4p (Sp).

| Reed International finance director

Mr N. J. Stapleton has been appointed finance director of REED INTERNATIONAL. He succeds Mr K J. Morton, who left to join the Hill Samuel Group as an executive director in July this year. Mr Stapleton is vice president, finance, of Unilever United States Inc based in New York. He will be joining Reed International later this year.

Mr Terry Baker and Mr Celin Fisher have been appointed assistant general managers in the UK retail banking business unit UK retail banking business unit of LLOYDS BANK. Mr Baker, formerly regional director and general manager for Greater London (South), will have responsibility, for the branch banking division's operations in Loudon, Birmingham and the West Midlands, Eastern counties, the Thames Valley and South Midlands. Mr Fisher, previously senior project manager, strategic planning, will be responsible for market planning for small and medium sized businesses, including the development of Lloyds Bank Commercial Services.

sented a strong performance.

The extension of the television-based Home Banking system for corporate and professional business users had been Mr John Cuthbert has been appointed financial controller of the NORTH EASTERN CO-PERATIVE SOCIETY. He was formerly the financial controller of Associated Co-operative

Three oppointments have been made to the management team of RANK XEROX (UK). They are Mr Peter Blackwere, director strategic business development; Mr Paul Chapman, director business management systems; ur Les Jones, director personnel.

Mr B. M. Harrison has been appointed a director of RUDOLF WOLFF AND CO LID and Mr B. E. Bridges has been appointed a director of Rudolf Wolff K.K., its Tokyo subsidiary.

THE BRIGHTSIDE MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL
SERVICES GROUP, a whollywined subsidiary of George
Wimpey, has made Mr Roger
Antrobus its finance director.
He was formerly finance director of Crittal Tentropic

tor of Crittal Tectronic.

Mr N. J. Stapleton has been head its UK audit practice. Mr prointed finance director of Jenkins is the immediate past teled international. He president of the Institute of the Chartered Accountants in Eng. land and Wales.

At the BRITISH-SOVIET CHAMBER OF COMMERCE Mr Michael Wilson becomes executive director following the retirement of Mr Denis Crees on September 30.

THE LOUISIANA LAND AND THE LOUISIANA LAND AND EXPLORATION GO has elected Mr Eraest J. Leidner, Jr, as vice president. Mr Leidner will continue in his capacity as general manager of the Oklahome City exploration and production division.

Mr Peter Bryant, previously managing director of Eurosurvey UK, becomes managing director of TYZACK & PARTNERS (BRISTOL) on October 1.

GRIFFIS METALS is expanding its board after completion of its second stage development plan with the raising of £3m through a Schroder Ventures syndicate. Mr Charles Sherwood, a partner of Schroder Ventures, and Mr Walter Dickson, formerly president of Mars Europe, join Mr Roger Lamberth and Mr Sandy Smith as non-executive directors. Mr Gordon Davidson, who was previously with Unicoal Metals, becomes commercial

MGM ASSURANCE has appointed Mr John Telford Beasley e director. Mr Beasley has been managing director (buses) of the London Regional Transport Board since October 1984 and is currently chairman and managing director of London Buses, a position he took up in April 1985. April 1985.

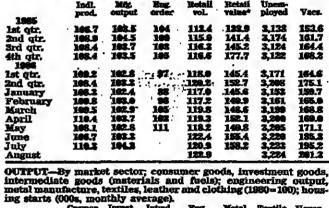
Ms Julie Woodbridge has been appointed to the board as mar-keting director of SARA LEE. She was head of marketing.

GIBBS AND DANDY, bas Antrobus its finance director.
He was formerly finance director.
Hichael Dandy becomes managing director, succeeding Mr.
Howard M. Jones, has become company secretary.

TANDINI

UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—Indices of Industrial production, manufacturing output (1980–100); engineering orders (1980–100); retail sales volume (1980–100); retail sales value (1980–100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavers) and unfilled vacancies (000s). All seasonally adjusted.



2nd qtr. 3rd qtr. 4th qtr. 1966 1st qtr. 2nd qtr. January

162.0 162.4 162.6 162.0 162.0 162.0 162.0 163.0 110.4 111.7 112.0 110.0 191.7 112.3 191.9 114.2 192.8 116.2 192.7 115.5 192.3 116.7 191.6 112.9 191.2 110.2 191.9 116.5 February March April May 119.0 109.0 112.0 114.0 EXTERNAL TRADE—Indices of export and, import volume (1980=100); viable balance; current balance (2m); oil balance (Em); terms of trade (1980=100); official reserves.

lst qtr. 2nd qtr. January February March April May June July 126.1 128.1 120.1 125.9 138.3 123.4 131.2 123.6 134.0 +1,922 +732 +949 +643 +369 +252 +201 +278 18.75 19.20 15.56 15.81 18.75 18.98 19.17 19.20 19.08 101.1 102.4 101.8 120.8 118.6 120.6 113.6 100.7 100.7 101.7 102.6

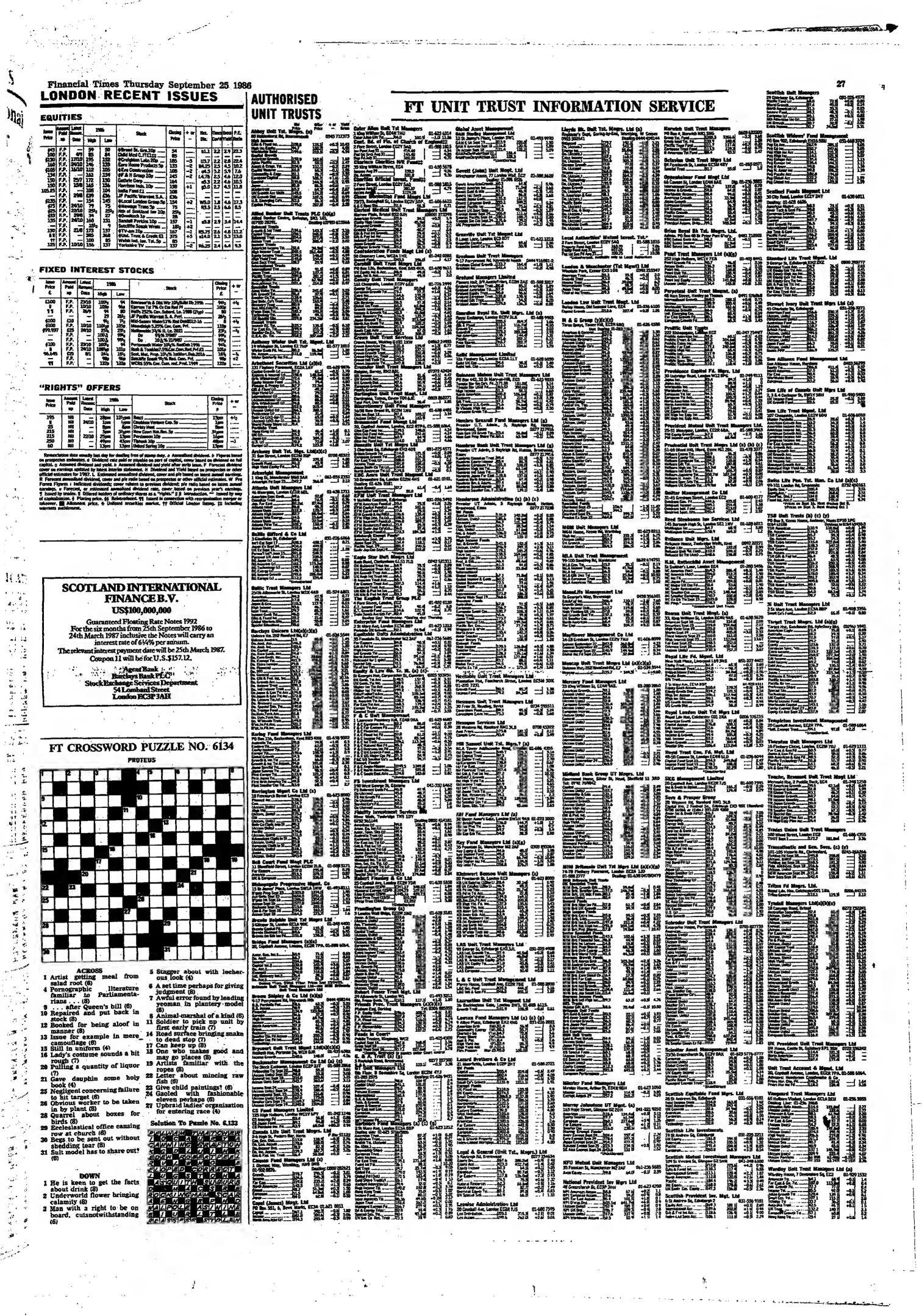
FINANCIAL—Money supply M0, M1 and sterling M3, bank advances in sterling to the private sector (three months' growth at annual rate); building societies' net inflow; HP†, new credit; all seesonally adjusted. Clearing Bank base rate (end period).

Bank BS HP Base advanced by M1 M2 advanced by M2 BS HP Base advanced by M3 BS M2 BS M2 BS M3 BS M4 BS 2nd qtr. 3rd qtr. 4th qtr. 1986 1,523 1,771 2,299 1st qtr. 2nd qtr. January February March 2,220 1,433 770 793 657 736 500 177 387 452 9.1 16.4 26.5 27.9 25.6 15.9 INFLATION—Indices of earnings (Jan 1980=100); basic materials and fuels, wholesale prices of manufactured products (1980=100); retail prices and food prices (Jan 1974=100); Reuters commodity index (Sept 1931-100); trade weighted value of sterling (1975=100).

RPI Foods 128.8 123.1 132.6 134.7 339.4 335.5 337.4 132.6 143.4 136.3 143.7 136.0 142.7 131.5 143.3 123.4 144.3 127.1 145.4 126.7 145.9 124.6 145.8 120.0 145.0 120.0 145.1 280.8 385.7 579.7 381.1 381.6 385.2 286.0 385.8 384.7 385.9 343.3 349.5 341.1 343.6 345.2 347.4 349.8 351.4 347.4 348.6 2nd qtr. January February March April May June July

* Not seasonally adjust † From January 1866 includes amounts outstanding on credit cards

Jeli in Mas



40.90 40.25 42.15 41.50 43.50 42.80 44.40 43.80 44.90 41.10 42.30 41.70 40.60 40.40 38.30 39.25 38.75 38.75

109.45 109.75

603.0 599.0 606.0 615.0 617.0 623.0

41.70

29.50

ORANGE JUICE 15,000 lbs, cents/lb

Close High Low 706.25 107.00 105.35 107.10 108.50 107.00 107.55 103.00 107.00 108.25 108.70 108.00 108.70 109.00 108.40 109.20 109.75

PLATINUM 80 troy oz, \$/troy os

BILVER 5,000 troy pz, conts/troy oz

687.3

CUR

BY ANDREW GOWERS IN LONDON AND DAVID OWEN IN CHICAGO

being planned to set up a gold futures market in London—this time in co-operation with the established futures market on New York's Commodity Exchange (Comex).

Mr Saxon Tote, chairman of the London Commodity Ex-change, is understood to have written to Comex floating the ides that the LCE—which currently trades coffee, sugar and cocoa futures—might introduca gold futures in conjunction with Comex'e plons to establish global trading links. This follows the failure of a previous effort to eet up an independent gold futures market in London

several years ago.

Comex Itself is launching o link io gold futures with the Sydney Futures Exchange on November 20. The SFE will trade a 100 troy ounce contract ideotical to that traded on the floor of Comex. The contract will be cleared in New York, with positions traded inter-

RENEWED EFFORTS are changeably between the two ex- in the UK on the basis of changes.

> Now the LCE is considering an attempt to set up a "third leg" for this arrangement. Mr Tate says gold is one of a number of possible new futures contracts under consideration at the LCE, but he declined to comment further yesterday on the possibility of a Comex link. Comex also refused official com-ment on the issue.

Mr Les Hosking, the SFE chief executive, said be bad not discussed the possibility of Loodon's joining in the global gold futures link with the LCE. But be added: "We had in mind 5 third leg in London when we set it np."

Comex once Britain's new regulatory structure becomes law. It is understood that con-sideration of the idea is at a very early stage, and thet Comex has not decided bow to

London's previous ettempt et a gold futures market — lounched in 1982 and finally closed last year — was dogged from the start by problems. It was launched against the back-ground of a dull bullion market; It was denominated in sterling, nnlike dollar-priced physical gold; it was competing with the established and highly liquid futures market in New

Brazil acts to ease beef shortage

BY IVO DAWNAY IN RIO DE JANEIRO

THE BRAZILIAN Government real disposable incomes, employ-has agreed drastic cuts in taxes ment rates and outflows from did not begin rapidly, punitive

opt for substantial reveoue losses rather than price rises will not be welcomed by ecoo-mists worried by Brazil's public sector deficit.

Government took similar action when it bowed to pressure from the tobacco iodustry for higher prices, by cutting its taxes on cigarettes. The doggedness with which Brasilia is battling to hold prices down is attributed by many onalysts as an impor-tant factor in the sbort supply

More tin mines close

W1U1 16.000

While inflation has been drastically reduced to about 5.73 per ceot over the part of the sabotage continues." teriog, maintains the price 5.73 per coot over the past five long-term implications for the freeze introduced by Mr Jose months, critics of the government sorney, Brazil's President, in meet's strategy claim that also ordered the immediate ban february. But the decision to immediate oction needs to be on all exports, including those opt for substantial reveoue taken to rein in public sector bound by supply cootracts.

black market in meet at prices well above the official ceiling has been attributed by the

has agreed drastic cuts in taxes on beef in an effort to relieve notionwide shortsges that bave enraged consumers and threateoed the odministration's electoral prospects.

The move, which involves a cut from 17 per cent to 1 per ceot in the rate paid at slaughtering maintains the price of t

meot's strategy claim that immediate oction needs to be taken to rein in public sector expenditure. This is widely expected to exceed the operating deficit of last year, which amounted to '3.9 per cent of gross domestic product.

In a country of meot-caters, persistent beef shortages over the past four months have proved the most visible, and politically sensitive, area of short supply. Blame for the shortfall and the growth of a black market in meet at prices pt for substantial reveoue taken to rein in public sector assess rather than price rises expenditure. This is widely rill not be welcomed by ecoopaists worried by Brazil's public actor deficit.

Earlier thie month, the gross domestic product.

tant factor in the sbort supply of numerous products from cars to food.

Sioce the lotroductioo of the onti-infistionary cruzado plan in February, marked rises in patience with the industry, and the industry this week, farmers will now receive some Cz 280 per 15 kilos with the additional cash coming from the reduction of the slaughter tax.

Hopes diminish for Soviet purchases of US wheat

THE low price of tin has forced WITH LESS than a week left soviet Union in the next week under a US offer to subsidise doubtful, trade analysts wheat sales to the Soviet Union, warned.

prospects for Soviet purchases are uncertain and clouded by economic, political and agricultural considerations.

Since August 1, the US has more mines to close in Malaysia: the world's top producer, the Kuala Lumpur government and tin industry say. At the end of June there were only about 175 mioes employ-

iog 12,500 workers in operation of January 1986, Reuters reports.

Malaysia had 460 mines with a increasingly tense political refused to take advantage of atmosphere between the US USDA's offer and have not purand the Soviet Union all make purchases of US grain by the wheet

Under the deal hammered ont

ever, that it was risky to make predictions. Since August 1, the US has Reuter from Washington.

Conflicts over contract terms, a reorganisation of Soviet prices. The subsidy offer is good trade agencies, a shortage of only until September 30,

EEC wary of grain plan

compared with nearly 250 mines

CONTROVERSIAL ideas for paying farmers on annual incentive to take land out of ccreals production bove beeo put forward io Brussels by Britain, currently holding the chair of the EEC presidency. Inteoded as a basis for discussion of next week's informed meeting of the Community's farm ministers in the Lake District area of north-financial savings (m Ecn) 850 to provoke heated debate among other EEC member states. Mr Ignaz Kiechle, the West German agriculture minister, for example, is known to favour the idee of set ssides in principle but his course. in principle, but his counterpart In Paris, Mr Francols Guillaum, is notably less eothusiastic. The Froch not only see such schemes (already applied with mixed results to the US) as an expensive aod inefficient means of limiting agricultural output. but fear that implementation of such an idea could be a first step down the unwanted road to cereals quotas.

Britaio, meanwhile, bas been pushiog hard for o measure other crops not which it sees as ooe effective the Community. meane of brioging the Com-mu-'ty's cereals supply back into better balonce with demand and reducing the spiralling costs of the EECe Common Agricultural Policy.
As It turns out, the poor har-

vest in many parts of Europe this summer has temporarily cased the crisis in the cereals sector, but with export markets under severe pressure and little prospect of any increase in

scheme currently stand of more than 15m tonnes but on the basis of present price support touses they could rise to almost evels they could rise to almost ecceptable consequences for the Community and acceptable consequences for the Community and actional budgets. Some observers in Bruscult feel away those gloomy call bonus over five years could relatively small in contract with sels feel even those gloomy clal bonus over five years could relatively small in contrast with estimates are outimistic.

The new British discussion document, designed to contribute to the growing debate abothe relationshin between structural and market measures to halt surpluses, goes into more detail than before on how an EEC "set aside" programme might work. It suggests such texts and interest to pay around the programme might work. It suggests such texts are paper concludes:

The paper c

Savings from cereals production avoided (assuming 1m hectares laid fallow) 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 Yield of diverted land assumed to be 80% of EEC average Production avoided (m tonnes) 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7

13.1 17.7 22.4 8.6 Yield of diverted land assumed to be 60% of EEC everage Froduction ovoided 3.3 3.4 3.4 3.5 16.8

of five years through the payment of an annual sum of cen put forward formal pro-Ecus 300 per bectare for wheat posals to the Council of

domestic consumption, the outlook over the next few years is bleak.

Stocks purchosed under the Stocks purchosed under the FEC's guaranteed price support scheme currently stand of more scheme currently stand of more scheme currently stand of more scheme for the scheme currently stand of more scheme currently stand of more scheme for the scheme for the scheme for the scheme, for this bas belied to strengthen this bas belied to opecate the scheme, for this bas belied to strengthen this bas belied to strengthen this bas belied to opecate the scheme, for this bas belied to opecate the scheme, for this bas belied to opecate the scheme that the s

exceed Ecus 10bn.

of five years through the payment of an annual sum of Ecus 300 per bectare for wheot where the land was to lie fallow, ood Ecus 60 per bectare where cooverelon was made to other crops not in surplus in the Community.

The British assumption is that as with other Commission as with other Commission the as with other Commission the commission that are contained to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour into Europe and the US as a foregone cooclusion, particularly as oil bas continued to pour betwen the Community's budget and national Governments.

The UK calculates that for farmers, ounounced in Brussels every 1m hectores fallowed or earlier this year.

used for non-agricultural pur-poses at an aid rate of Ecus 300 per bectsre, the net eaving that set asides could achieve after five years after reducting market orientated policies such these incentive payments could as the cereals coresponsibility rise to Ecus 4bn, of which Ecus levy, serious Commission doubts

Should the scheme, for example, be voluntary (as the

typical US farms?

MARKETS

plays oil guessing game

Market

By Max Wilkinson,

AS THE Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries approaches half time in its two months production pact, the thankets are showing a growing conviction that a new team spirit is being established.

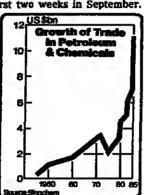
Oil companies and analysts generally confirm the evidence from Opec that production has been great from over 20m barrels.

been cut from over 20m barrels a day in August to less than the 16.8m b/d ceiling which It agreed at the end of its meeting in Geneva last month.

in Geneva last month.

As expected, the United Arab
Emirates appears to bave been
exceeding its quota, but this
seems to have been offset by restraint by Saudi Arabia and a reduction of exports by Iraq as e result of ottacks on tankers by Iran.

The consensus within the oil industry is that exports have been reduced to about 16.5m b/d or possibly less during the first two weeks in September.



So far this restraint has been clearly rewarded by the marwhen it seemed unlikely that Opec could agree any system of production restraint, spot oil prices plunged to about \$8.50 per barrel.

Fears that it might slide further helped to persuade the Opec countries to revive their

ing agreement for at least a temporary period. The immediate effect was a rise in oil prices which have hovered uneasily at about \$14 to \$15 per barrel.
This limited success is ex-

tremely important in the new and unstable game, which Opec is playing with the expectations of world oll markets.

The new game depends on uncertainty—on keeping the markets and the oil companies guessing and in manipulating the "psychology" of the world's traders into a belief that however distant the prospect, \$18 per barrel is the guarket's lodestar.

This is the figure which sheikh Ahmed Zaid Yamani, the Saudi Arabian oil minister.

has been steadily infiltrating into the world's consciousness for about a year. His difficulty is that unless Opec engineers an obvious shortage in the market there is no particular reason why oil prices should settle at \$18 per barrel rather than \$15 or \$10.

than \$15 or \$10.

So long as oil remained in excess supply, prices could be expected to be eroded by competitive forces to a level which would locrease demand and cut off supply by enough to creote s new market equilibrium. nobody knows what this price \$430.431.

would be, but it might well be GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Sept. 34 near \$5 per barrel in the short

term. However, Opec has set Its However, Opec has set its production of a level which aims neither at a shortage nor 5 surplus, but is intended as nearly as possible to match demand. The level of prices is therefore governed much less by fundamental economic forces, than by the markets gamble as to how Opec and other suppliers will respond to

lieves that stocks are now being built up of the rate of about 2m

b/d to 2.4m b/d compared with a "desired" rate of stockbuilding of only about 1m to 1.5m b/d. This suggests that, companies ore buying more oil than they need now because they expect it to become more expensive

the fragile morale of Opec at a crucial period. The increase in price has more than offset the group's sacrifice in terms of production volumes. In broad terms, the revenue from 16.8m b/d at \$14 per barrel is 12 per cent more than the revenue from 21m b/d et \$10 per berrel. Moreover, if Opec can hold the line for long enough to keep the price steady at \$15 per barrel, its total revenues would be about 20 per cent higher than in the worst period of

LONDON

THE COCOA futures market, which has been highly volstile in recent weeks: as a result of uncertainty about result of uncertainty about new season crops, leapt upwards again yesterday after two days of heavy losses. The key December position closed at £1.514.50 per tonne, up \$26 ou the day. Dealers said commission house buying and short-covering were the main features, and there was a general feeling that the market had previously become oversold. There was also renewed speculation over a possible sharp drop in Ivory Coast production. The raw sugar futures market fell by more than \$3 a tonne yesterday after a sharp rise in New York on Tuesday, following what appeared to be unfounded rumours of a large Soviet sugar purchase. Robusta coffee futures experienced some profit-taking to

LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading. ALUMINIUM

	Unpffici cicss (p. £ pe	High/Low	
Cash Smonths	858-60 816-7	+1 <u>0</u>	960/845 810/816,5
(853-4), 1	hree me	nthe \$15-	Cash 845-6 6 (818.5-8), Kerb close:

enced some profit-taking to close at the day's lows. November closed at £2,526.50 per tonne, down £1.

COPPE	R		
Grado A	Unoffic'i	+ or	Nigh/Low
Cash e months Official clo	ceing (su	n): Ca	925 950/944 eh 925-5.0
(928.5-9), (961-1.5), se Kerb class:	three rttlement 9 957-1.5.	225.0 (946.5-7 929) . Finel
Standard Cash e months	903-5 987-30	+1	901_
Official cl	asing (e	m): C	esh 901-2

LEAD Unofficial + or close (p.m.) -

Cash 977.58 |+0.5 978/277.5 5.months 281-0 |+0.16 283/981 Official closing (ere); Cash 277-7.5 (277.8), three months 281.5-2 (281.5-2), actilipment 277.5 (278). Final Kerb closs; 281-2. Tumoven 5,325 tonnes. US Spot: 23-24 cents per lb.

	Unofficial + or close (p.m.)	Nigh/Lov
cash months	8610-20 +56,5 8655-60 +42	2880/2888
Official ((2.588-90), settlement	three 2,632-3 2,580 (2,690). 1	i 2,575-80 (2,638-7), Final Kerb

TIN

KUALA LUMPUR TIN MARKET: Close 14.15 (14.19) ringgit per kg. Down 0.04 ringalt per ko.

High Brado	Unofficia close (p.r £ pe	tonne	High/Low
Cash e monthe	600,5-1 605-6	-0.25 +1	601,5 606,600
(600-600.5) sertiomern close: 605	. thm mo 601 (60 -6.	o.5). I	Hael Kerb US Prime
GOLD		e4731. A3	th on the

Gold rose \$1 to \$433\frac{1}{2}.434\frac{1}{2} on the London buillion restrict yesterday. Triding were relatively quiet, with the restrict rending to look towards the loreign exchanges, and the performance of the dollar for direction. The rectal opened at \$435\frac{1}{2}.436\frac{1}{2} and was fixed at \$434\frac{1}{2} in the recoming and \$431\frac{1}{2} in the starton, it touched a peak of \$438\frac{1}{2}.438\frac{1}{2} and a low of \$430.431.

Close \$4551₄ 4341₂ (£2991₅ 5001₄) Opening ... \$4551₄ 4361₂ (£2991₅ 3001₄) Mrng für. \$434.00 (£298.179) Aft'n'n fix \$431.50 (£298.518)

GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS

Silver was \$eed 2.05p an ounce lower for spot delivery in the London builton rearket yearstray at 409.55p. UC com equivalents of the \$xing levels warm: apot 594.75c, down 0.25c; three-month 603.75c, up 0.3c; six-month 611.7c, down 0.3c; and 12-month 650.15c, up 2.85c. The metal opened at 410.4112p (598-598c) and cicsed at 4092-411p (593-598c).

GILVER Sullion + or LM.E. + or p.m. trey oz Prico LNE-Tumover: 8 (39) lots of 10,000 oz. Cash high-low 408.5p, three months high-low 419-417.5, final curb \$18-20.

Live cettip prices remained under proseurs yesterday due to long liquidation. Pigraest prices size leil sharpty in active trading caused by weaker physical prices creating fresh trade selling, reports Eastern Capital CCST.

GSI.				
LIVE	CATTL	E	LIVE	PIGB
Month	Yiday's close	+or	Y/day's close	+or
opt ct ov pb pr	96.00 98,50		104.50 104.90 08.50 99.50	O EO
MEAT	COMM	ISSION	Avereg	e fe1-

hasAT Commission—Average representative prices at representative markets. GB—Cestle 81.24p per kg lw (-2.08). GB—Sheep 118.31p per kg est dew (-8.17). GB—Pigs 79.34p per kg lw (-0.28). AAPP 101.84p per kg dw.
Carte seles: 5 (5) lots of 5.000 kg.
Pig seles: 0 (11) lpts of 3.250 kg.

INDICES NEW YORK COFFEE futures suffered a setback in the re-

REUTERS Sept 32 Sept 24 M'th ago Year ago 1026.9 1545.6 1453.8 1702.2 (Bese: September 18 1931-100) DOW JONES

Dow | Sept | Sept | With Year Jones 82 | 23 | ago | ago

Spot 124.95 125.04 - 113.61 Fut 127.75 127.15 - 116.16 (Bess: December 31 1931-100) MAIN PRICE CHANGES

In tonnes			
METALS	Sept. 3 1986	4 + or	Month ago .
Auminium Free Market Copper	51665	- 1	\$1250/250
Cash Grade A e mthe Sold Troy oz Lend Cash	#951 #454 #277	25 75 +0.5	. 2894,25 \$585.25 £258
e mths	63e1.	6 -0.Ti	2869,69

nut (Phil) | \$857.52 |+ 12.5|8815 | Malayan | \$222.5r

Barley Fut. Jan. 210.5 +0.4 2107, at Maize 2154,00 2100,50 Wheat Put. Jan. 2111.0 2100, 20 No. 0 Hard Wint 2 200

‡ Unquoted. † Per 75-lb flack, c Cents pound. x Oct. * Cotton outlook. Nov. z Sept-Oct. w Oct-Nov. r Occ.

opened alightly casier, attracted very little interest throughout the day and olcased idle, reports Lewis and Peat. Closing prices (buyers) Spat 69.00p (65.00p), How 63.60p (64.00p), Dec 63.50p (64.00p), Dec 63.50p (64.00p). The Kuata Lumpur tob price (Melaysian eants a kilo): RSS No. 1 229.0 (230.5) and SMR 206.0 (206.5).

COCOA

No. 1 229.0 (230.5) and SMR 206.0 (206.5).
FUTURES—Index 649, Oct 636-849, Occ/Dec 639-648, Jen/Mach 649-656, April/June 660-665, July/Sept 667-670,

eles: 3,199 (6,338) lots of 10

New recent highs yet again in moderate volume reports Orexel Surnivare Larebott. Opening unchanged, price fixing and rester interest pushed lavels to new highs before eccountering profit taking. By early efformoon with a vulnarable "C" contract. London started to ease on further waves of prefit taking, trade support was swident at the lows. COFFEE Yesterday + pr Business Done

Beles: 5,124 (6,285) lots of C tonnes. ICO indicator prices (US cents per pound) for Septembor 23. Comp. delly 1979 198.38 (198.77); 15-day avemge 181.47 (190.88). SOYABEAN MEAL

Prices remained steady on good commercial buying against light pre-fessional selling. Wesker storling plus a Smer Chicago were the main factors, reports Mulrpace.

Sales: 168 (162)11 lots of 20 tonnes.

GRAINS

Wheet, in dull trading conditions asw values case on consules on house sailing before firming on renewed shipper short covering in apat poeltion with bariey always looking easier with shipper profit taking keeping values under pressure, reports T. G. Roddick. BARLEY Month | close |- Yest'rdy's|- or

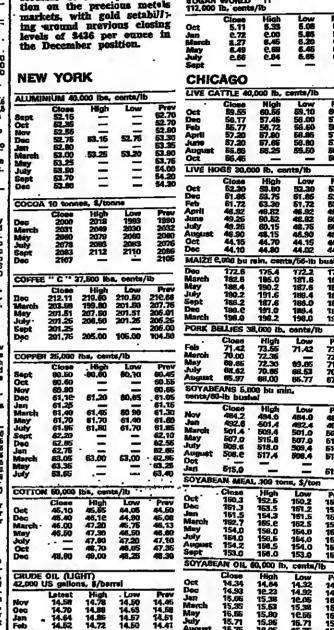
Susiness done: Wheat: Nov 108.187.60, Jan 110.50-0.00, March 112.85-2.40,
May 116.00 only, July 117.10-8.96,
Sales: 375 lots of 100 tonnes. Berfey:
Nov 108.40-8.30, Jen 111.00 pnly,
March 112.90 only, May 114.00 poly,
Sales: 23 late of 100 tonnes.
LONDON GRAINS—Wheet: US Dark
Northern Spring Np. 1, 16 per cent:
Oct 97.50, Nov 98.78, US No. 2 Saft
Red Winter: Ost 98.25, Nov 100.75.
French 112-12 per cont: 130.00. English
feed, fob: Oct/0ec 112.50, Jen/Merch
115.60 peld East Coest. Malze: US No. 3
Yellow / French. transhipment East
Cpest: Srst-hplf Oct 142.30. Berfey:
English feed, fob: Jen/Merch 117.00,
Oct/Oec 115.00 sellpre. Rest unquoted,
HGCA—Locational ex-ferm spot
prices. Feed barley: Eastern 105.00: E.
Mids. 107.10: N. East 108.00. Septiend
105.00. The UK repnetary co-prificient
lor the week beginning Monday
September 29 is expected to change
to 1.223.

POTATOES

Reduced yield extreetes filtering through to the market Irem growers continued to offer good support to uslues today. Prospect of cooler, waster weather conditions next week size ancouraged buying interest which was persistent throughout the day.

US MARKETS

cent strong uptrend, with prices for the December de-livery ending 4.5 cents down on the day to finish at 212.17 on the day to finish at 212.17 cents per pound, reports Heinold Commodities. No significant fundamental news was reported, but an early test of 220 cents, a medium-term objective both technically and psychologically, fell just half a cent short when nervousness about the possibility of a convincing push over this point led to considerable Commission House liquidation and the withliquidation and the with-drawal of recent trade sup-port. Several analysis never-theless regarded the close as still veering to the construc-tive, with values holding firm t newly-stiablished support tive, with values holding firm at newly-established support levels of 210 cents. On the sugar market a succession of neutral to negatively-construed European best crep estimates only upset nervous traders further, as the October delivery dropped 18 points to finish at 5.11 cents per nound. Volcker's compoints to finish at 5.11 cents per pound. Volcker's com-ments suggesting that the dol-lar had possibly found o com-fortable level inspired cau-tion on the precious metals markets, with gold setabil's-ing around previous closing levels of \$426 per ounce in



WHEAT 5.000 bu min. SPOT PRICES—Chicago loose 18.00 (14.00) cants per pound. (and Harman aliver buillon (993.00) canta per troy ounce. SUGAR

After unchanged start, prices quickly mn up through £180.00 basis April, bitting stope on the way to close £1.50 off highs, tone steady, reports Coley and Harper. The market became very sceptical of Tuesdey's rumeure in New York that the USSR had purchased a block recently and prices had fallen back some \$5 by 5 pre, reports Czernikow, London. No. 6 Con-ciose ciose Businese done

CRUIK OIL-FOB (8 por barret)-Oct. FREIGHT FUTURES

Arab Feety. 15.20 9.50 +0.50

Brent 8 lend 15.75-16.85 +0.50

W.T.L (Ipm est) 14.25-14.30 +0.11

Forcados (Nigeris)

Urals (off NWE) Petrolepm Argus, London

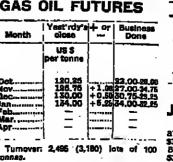
GOLD 100 troy oz, 8/troy oz

Cices High 431.5 431.0 435.0 434.2 438.0 439.4 439.7 444.0 443.2 446.3 446.9 449.8 454.8 457.5

437.6

436.1 439.0 443.7 -447.0 463.0

GAS OIL FUTURES



Very quist reerket with only light hadap pelling evident, reports Clark-son Wolff. Ciose | Nigh/Low | Prev. Turnover: 79 (166). | Glose | Nigh/Low | Prev.

MARKETS

PER TATES

WENTER MA

980/1000/ 1180/1140/ 1160/1180/ 1175/1200/ 1100/1120/ 1100/1120/ 982 Tumover: 15 (—). Tumover: 7 (14).

JUTE JUTE-July/August, c and I Oundes: 8TO \$350, BTO \$350, BWC \$350, BTD \$310, BWO \$310; c and f Antwerp: 8TC \$330, BWC \$330, BWD \$300, BTD

CURRENCIES, MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

JAPANESE YEN - Trading range against the dollar in 1286 is 262.70 to 152.35. August average 154.16. Exchange rate index 217.1 against 183.4 six menths

The yen traded nervously against the dollar in Tokyo, with the US currency closing at Y154.20, compared with Y184.75 overnight in New York. Tokyo was chosed on Tuesday for a public holiday. Desiers were reluctant to take out positions ahead of today's West German Bundetbank council meeting.

EFOREIGN EXCHANGES

Confusing comments from US

THE MARKET tried to digest a large amount of information a large amount of information yesterday and at the same time could see no point in committing itself ahead of today's Bundeshank council meeting and the gathering of ministers and bankers in Washington at the weekend, under the auspices of the International Monetary Fund. Mr Paul Volcker, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, told a Congressional committee that the dollar is reasonably close to an appropriate mittee that the dollar is reasonably close to an appropriate level, and that the US trade level quarter of the first quarter of next year. He added that a further decline in the value of the dollar may not be necessary. This contrasted with the comments made by Mr Malcolm Baldrige, US Commerce Secretary, on US television overnight, when he said that stagnant world growth and the US trade deficit will cause the dollar to continue to fall. The general confusion was not helped when Mr Henry Kaufman, of Salomon Brothers, forecast one or possibly two cuts in the US discount rate in the next few months.

£ IN NEW YORK					
Sept. 24	Latest	Prey. close			
I months Is months	1.4470-4460 0.46-0.46pm 1.52-1.40pm 5.86-5.75pm				
	sizes and di the US doi	scounts apply far			
1 4050 E					

six months age.

Sterling stabilised after the Bank of England intervened to support the pound against the dollar and the D.Mark. This followed very disappointing UK trade figures for August, which suddenly pushed the pound down shout I cent and 2½ pfennigs. The market had been looking for a visible trade deficit of about 2500m to 5700m, and a roughly first current account figure, but the wisible deficit was a record \$1.490m and the current account was estimated to be in deficit by a record 5586m. The pound was around \$1.4475 and DM 2.9550 when the authorities provided support, and although the currency then traded fairly steadily it finished weaker on the day, and declining to DM 2.9625 from DM 2.9725; to SFr 2.3976 from SFr 2.4050; to FFr 2.7025 from SFr 2.7025 from SFr 2.4050; to FFr 2.7025 from SFr 2.4050; to FFr 2.7025 from SFr

Ank of England figures ar's index was unchanged AS, 71/8 For Exchanges LING.—Trading range the dollar in 1986 is a 1.3766, August average	DM 2,9725; to SFT 2,3975 fro SFT 2,4050; to FFT 9,7025 fro FFT 9,72; and to Y223.50 fro Y224.00. D-MARK — Trading rang against the dallar in 1886 2,4716 to 1,9808. August avera
D SPOT-FORWAR	D AGAINST POUND
Devis	W. Three

Brother sibly the count months. The from D from S from S at FFr On I the doll at 110.7 33—3-5 STER gainst L5555 (s, forecast w ocuts in rate in th dollar fell t M 20510; t Fr 1.86; an 154.00, but w 6.7075. Sank of En ar's index w AS, 72/8 Fc the dollar the dollar s 1.3798. As	in 1986 i igust averag	was estimated as record a record the record that record a record that record a recor	ated to \$86m. 1.4475 authound akt traded wash to \$5; to \$5 and to \$5. 1.4908.	be in defi The poum and DM: arises pro- hough the if fairly steer on the DM 2.9825 Fr 2.3976 Fr 9.7025 9.7223.50 ding Tails August av	cit hy d was 2,9550 wided e cure adily day, 1,4470, from from from from from from from from	ahead of today Bundesbenk of and the gath bankers and fin Washington at comment made by Mr Malor Scortimed fall in added to the g to trade. Hope interest rates couraged by Mr More of the who told report monetary policies sufficiently CURRENCY	r's West council earing (ance mi the wes on US n Baldre etary, ab the doll eseneral r s of low were r s Satosh a Bank ers that ry had y cased,	meeting, of world insteed in kend. A television idge, US out a consister entitle entite entite entite entite entite entite ent
POUR Sept 24	Day's Spread 1.4425-1.4690	Close	One month	% p.s.	Three months	% 0.0 4.22	Sept. 24	Bank of England Index	Morgan Guaranty Change Z
Canada Nathind. Balgiem Denmark roland N. Ger. Portugal Spain zaly Norway Franca Sweden Lustria Switz- Switz- Switz- Sei	2.0029-2.07 2.327-3.389, 61.16-61.52 11.169-11.199, 1.0795-1.0846 2.951-2.98 211.91-214.84 194.30-196.28 20517-2061 10.48-10.704, 9.68-9,724, 10.034-740.054, 223-2249, 223-2249, 223-2494, (dian rate is fi	2.0085-2.0045 2.334-3.345, 91.30-67-40, 91.167-11.172, 1.0780-1.0790 2.955-2.963, 212.34-23.94, 194.30-194.83 20442-20483, 70.83-10.69, 223-224 20.82-20.86 2.394-2.404, p. conventible	0.35-0.26c pm 11-11-c pm 14-11c pm 14-11c pm 14-1-c dis 11-11-pt pm 76-140c dis 2-4 lire dis 2-4 lire dis 21-47-pre dis 11-11-c pm	1.77 4.44 -0.00 -0.99 5.32 -6.04 -2.47 -1.76 -4.33 1.46 E.03 4.43 61 franc	0.94-0.78pm #4-4pm 45-35pm -pm-1.01s 0.10-0.30die #4-4pm 230-380die 6-8die 104-17die 5-1-45pm 2-1-pm 32-3-pm 34-3-pm 34-3-pm 34-3-pm	1.67 4.94 2.74 -0.04 -0.74 5.57 -1.95 -1.47 -4.06 2.01 0.67 5.26 4.54 6.06	Sterling	110.7 77.2 151.5 96.5 86.5 160.2 166.3 120.8 69.7 47.6 017.1 changas	
			ARD AGAII				CURRENCY	Special	European

	Day's		One month	%	Thrus	1
MPC 24	spread	Close	One month	. p.a.	months .	P.s.
K.t	1.4425-1.4580	1,4460-1.4470	0.49-0.466 pm		1.55-1.50pm	
dendt	1,3390-1,3490	1.3410-1.3420	0.85-0.00c pm		2.30-1.80pm	0.10
TRACE	1.3020-1.3005	1.3876-7.3885	0.23-0.26c dia	-2.12	0.85-0.90dis	
thind.	2.2905-2.3165	2.3100-2,3110	0.17-0.14c pm		0.47-0.42003	0.77
mulek	42.10-42.46	42.36-42.46	4-60 dis	-1.42	12-77dis	1.42
Manna Ne	7.67-7.744	7.72-7.724	1.50-2.100re dis	-2.80	0.50-6-20dis	-3.04
Ger.	2.0320-2.0620	2.0470-2.0490	0.27-0.24pf pag	1.60	0.81-0.76pm	
rtugal	1473-148	1471-146	700-140c dis	-9.76	315-415dis	0.32
ain.	133.00-134.72	134.40-134.50	80-80c dia	-6.26	190-225dis	-6.18
ily	14031-1410	14134-14144	5-74 live dis		181-22dle	-6.74
TWEY	7.343-7.40	7.30 - 7.39	4.75-5.75ore die		14.80-15.20d	
hice	6.68-6.713		1.00-1.20c dia	-1.57	3.00-3.40dis	
weden	6.90 - 6.96	6.94 6.944	1,70-2.00ore 46s		5.70-4,10dle	-3.40
		354.45-154.55	0.15-0.10y page	0.37	0.47-0.42pm	7.15
	7.53, 65-704, 60					
PETE	183,85-154.86 14,302-14.41	14.39%-14.30%	1- agro pm		24-4pm 0.82-0.77pm	1.92

Bep. 24	4	*	DM	YEN	F Fr.	O Fr.	N FL	Line	. 08	B FT.
-	0.691	1,447	2.963 2,048		9,703 0,708	2,798 1,688	3,543 2,511	2048. 1414.	2,004 1,585	01.3 48.4
PEN	0.558 4.474	0,486 6,472	15,26		8.275 45,41	0.809 10.73	1.188 14.96		0.676 6.966	
F Fr.	1,081	1,491 0,603	3,053 1,256	93,98			3,445 1,394	0108. 855,1	2,065 0,856	65,2 25,5
H PL	0.200	0,438		68,87	2,905 4,744	0.717	1.684		0.600 0.980	16.3 30.0
O.F.	2,680		1,478		4,942 15,81	1,196 5,908	1,668	1021. 3334.	3.267	30.0 1,00

Sopt. 24	Short	7 Days	Mor.	Conths	Months	Year
Starling —— U.S. Dollar Can Dollar D Quider Sw. Franc Deutschinrk Fr. Franc Italian Lira	554-578 554-578 774 B 514-558 48-75 48-458 7-818 10-13	01e-93e 64-64 8-614 614-63e 91e-93e 41e-41e 75e-77e 101e-121e	9 8 5 ~ 0 6 1g 7 \$ 6 1 0 14 5 50 4 16 4 6 4 16 4 6 8 6 10 1 1 12 10 14	10 4-10-6- 018-5-6- 818-8-6- 014-5-6- 418-4-6- 8-8-6- 118-117-	10/4-10/6 0/6-5/4 8/4-5/4 6/4-5/4 4/4-5/4 4/4-5/4 7/6-8 11-11%	105-10 64-54 81-64 914-58 47-41 47-41 71-71 107-11
B.Fr.(Fin) B.Fr.(Con) Yen D. Krone Asien 8 (Sng)	64g-67g 04g-7 43g-47g 9 91g 57g-6	714-756 714-756 5-515 956-1014 5-6-5	714-714 714-714 514-514 914-1014 614-514	74-74 74-74 441-5 97-1036	714-714 714-754 413-478 919-1058 6-618	714-734 714-734 443-474 1014-10

FINANCIAL FUTURES Volatile trading

GILT FUTURES fell sharply in the London International Financial Futuress Exchange yesterday, following the announcement of a record UK trade deficit. Intervention by the Bank of England to support sterling provided the platform for a temporary recovery towards the close but sentiment remained hearigh. 2,0624. Exchange rate index 148.2 against 123.5 six meaths age.

The D-Mark was little changed against the dollar in Frankturt. against the dollar in Frankfurt, as dealers became increasingly rejuctant to take a view on future events, ahead of today's West German Bundesbenk council meeting, and the meeting in Washington at the weskend of the IMF, to be preceded by private talks among ministers from the Group of Five. The Bundesbank did not intervene at the Frankfurt fixing, when the dollar fell to DM 20450.

14 PANESE VEN Traffing

LIFFE LONG GILT FUTURES OPTIONS

The December long gilt opened at 113-31, strongly initially but lacking conviction. A low of 110-24 was touched after the trade figures were announced with stop loss selling triggered on more than one occasion. Attempts to rally met with a feeble response and although US bonds were better in the after-

•				
	LIFFE US TO	MEASURY BOND FU	TURES OPTIONS	
Putts—Left Mar June Sept 1.30 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Estimated volu	Calls—Last Mer June Sopt 7.14 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Dec Mar June 6.32 1.20 0.59 2.44 — 1.36 3.36 — 2.28 4.36 — 2.37 5.49 — 4.50 7.65 — 6.32 8.33 — 3.14 10.05 — 2.48 9 7, Pota 931	Ser
	LONDON SE £12,500 (cen	E/\$ OPTIONS ES per E1)		
Pots-Lest	Strike	Calls—Lest	Puts-Last	

	fees							
trike		Calle				Puts		
rice	Oct	Nov	Dec	Mar	Oct	Nov	Dec	
.30	_		14.73	14.70		_	0.24	1,66
.36	2.70	9.70	9.70	9.28	0.04	0.20	0.54	3.00
.40	4.80	4.86		6.32	0.44		2,19	
.45			2.88				4.56	
.00.			1.35		8.57			
-	0.03	0.12	0.53	177	10.58			
.00	0.00	0.02	0.18	1.02	15.85	16.18	15.76	19.22
					Pots 55			
					806, Pu			
100101	-	- ope		-			_	
							_	
THLAL	KELPHI	A 2/8	OPTH	OME				
12,600	(cent	ts per	21)					

Oct Mov Dec Mar Oct Nov Dec Mar Dec Ma 1.30 1.35 1.40 1.45 1.50 1.50 1.50 Presi

CHI	CAGO				LONE
US TR	EASURY 0 32mgs	BONDS of 1867	(CST)	4%	20-YEAR 32nds of
Duc March June Sept Duc March June Sept Dec March June	14-08 93-17 92-12 91-14 90-00	14gh 84-14 93-15 92-15 91-17	Low 85-23 92-24 91-27 90-39	93-30 93-30 93-30 92-01 91-04 90-09 80-16 46-26 90-09 87-20 87-20 87-04	Sept 1 Dec 1 March June Est volum Provious Basis que Treasury of near (32 nds.)
US TRE	of 100%	BILLS ((LANA) \$	1,91	10% NOT
Sept Dec March June Sept	14.77 94.70 94.86 94.46 94.18	High 84.79 94.71 94.86 94.47 94.16	84.74 94.86 94.82 94.44	94.74 94.89 94.83 94.43 94.13	Supt Dec Marols

an ay	June Sept Dec Herch June	94.46 94.18 93.90 93.44 93.00	94.16 93.90 93.44 93.00	M.44 =	94.1 93.7 93.4 93.6
10 5	100%	DEPOSIT	(HAN)	\$1m po	inte (
	Sapt Ded	Mariant 14.32	High 84,32	14.12	94.2 94.2
5	THEEL.	MONETH I	EURODO 100%	LLAR (I	MIMA)
19	Dec March June Sept Dec March June Sept	Latust 93.06 93.76 83.85 93.20 92.81 92.42 92.04 91.60	15gh 93.90 93.79 85.55 93.20 92.82 92.62 92.62 91.66	93.95 93.73 92.49 93.15 92.76 92.38 92.30 91.86	98.8 98.7 93.7 93.4 93.1 92.7 92.3 91.6

March 92.42 92.42 92.38 92. June 92.04 92.04 92.00 91 Rept 91.66 91.66 91.05 91
CURRENCY FUTURES
POUND (FOREIGN EXCHANGE)
Spot 1-mth, 3-mth. 6-mth. 12-m 1.446 1.446 1.4313 1.4362 1.3
MEA-STERLING So per E
Det 1,4340 1,4385 1,4300 1,4 Blacob 1,4340 1,4210 1,4340 1,4 Blacob 1,4340 1,4210 1,4340 1,4 June 1,4040 1,4100 1,4030 1,47
LIFFE-STERLING £25,000 \$ per £
Dec 1,4340 1,4463 9,4315 1,4340 1,4180

0.854519 0 1.20830

Arg'ting_ 1,5310-1,5365 1,0590-1,0690 Spot 1-mth, 3-mth. 6-mth. 12-m	
Aus alla 9.2950.9.3000 1.5870-1.5885 1.4405 1.4418 1.4313 1.4168 1.3	805
Srazil 10,90,30,08 15,77-13,84	-
Finland 7.1146-7.1340/4.9300-4.9350 MEA-STERLING So per £	
100 TO 100 001 74 00 TT 4T	_
THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE P	T
14340 1,4365 1,4	395
CED 110.00 70.90	200
KUWAIT IN ILL TANDOUT THE POPULATION OF ASSESS A SAME A SAME A SAME A SAME	
LIN DRIED DI SCOPLAG 48.00-48.40	
Melaysia 3,7865-3,8225/2,6195-2,6925	_
M2"land 8,9995-3,00952,0725-2,0790 LIFFE-STIRLING £25,000 \$ per £	_
	707
	300
O A4 (P-) E GOOD E SADEM COSE A DREE)	162
2.AT. (T.) 1.4040 1.4040	030
U.A.E. 5,3060-5,5120 5,0725-3,6735 Est volume 13 (100)	
Satting rate. Previous day's open int \$32 (\$23)	
در برای افغاز در برای در از در این از این از این از این از از این از در برای افغاز در این از ای	_
EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES	
Currency % change	_

	Ecer central retes	Currency amounts against four September 24	% change front operal rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergence limit %
signs Frances ships Krope on stract D-merk which Frances much Guilder ish Punt ish Punt	43,1136	43-3661	+0.56	+0.81	±1.536
	7,81701	7-86607	+1.01	+1.28	±1.840
	2,11063	2-06321	-0.03	-0.62	±1.112
	6,87316	8-85331	-0.29	-0.64	±1.366
	2,37833	2-36533	-0.55	-0.30	±1.506
	0,764676	0-782327	-0.35	-0.10	±1.600
	1476,36	1446-72	2.11	-2.11	±4.0734

MONEY MARKETS

UK rates reflect uneasy trend

NEW YORK RATES

INTEREST RATES were mixed in the London money market yesterday. Uncertainty about the pound's performance and the pound's performance and the morning of £434m through outside possibility of higher base rates tended to keep liquidity nearer the short dates. Overnight meney opened at \$\frac{1}{2}\$ per cent and band 2 £31m of eligible bank hills and £1m of cent and moved to a high of 10\frac{1}{2}\$ per cent and band 2 £31m of eligible bank hills and £1m of a per cent before slipping away to 7 per cent. Three-month money was quoted at 10\frac{1}{2}\$ 10\frac{1}{2}\$ per cent and band 4 £175m of eligible bank hills and £3m of eligible bank bills and

UK clearing bank base lending rate 19 per cent since May 22

chequer transactions a further \$72.

Chequer transactions a further \$73.

Chequer transactions a further \$74.

Synter tens atts \$75.

Fed funds at intervention \$74.

Treasary Bills & Sonds
One recent \$75.

The mooth \$15.

These promit \$15.

The mooth \$15.

The mooth \$15.

The promit \$1 (Lunchtime)

MONEY RATE					· .	
Sept. 94	OVT-nig't	One Month	Two Months	Three Months	Stx Months	Lom
aris	4.15-4.50	4.45-4.60 719-714	4.48-4.60 74-74	4,45-4.60 714-714	4,60-4,65 71 ₆ -71 ₄	5,
wich	75-11s 81-5-6 4-65585	0 4-5% 4-96075	Ξ	01.64 4.78125	Ξ.	

bend 1 at 9½ per cent, £124m in bend 2 at 9½ per cent and in bend 3 £127m of eligible bank bills, £29m of local anthority bills and £18m of Treasury bills all at 9½ per cent. In bend 4 it bought £104m of Treasury bills at 9½ per cent. Total help was £1,062m.

In Frankfurt call money was easier, reflecting increased in figuridity levels. The increase came despite a maturing sale and repurchase agreement of £30m which was not offset by the receipt of DM 4.8bm through £104m by the recei

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING (11,00 s.m. September 34) Three months US dellars Otter 6 la

The tixing rates are the erithments day. The braks are Rectamin Wester means, rounded to the nearest ensistement, of the bid and effected stress for \$10m quoted by the market to five Mangan Gueranty Truet. LONDON MONEY RATES Nonthe Months Year 9|| 9|| 9|| 9|| 10| 10| 10| 9 || 9 || 9 || 9 || 9 || 9 || 10|| 10|| 9 || 7-10% 9%-10 914-969 10 10 84-97 7-105e 10-101 1014 924 1014 911 10 104 101e 201g 101e 101e 10% 10%

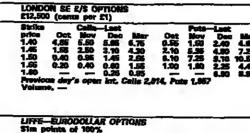
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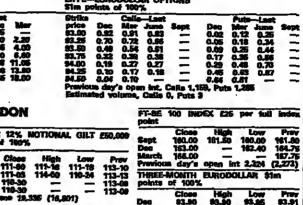
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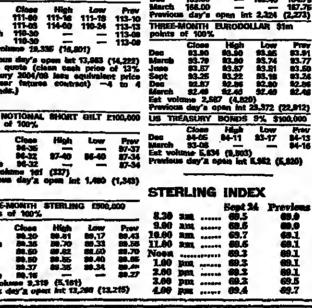
DR Linked Depos	= =	74.74 7	+74 74-74	718-71
Tressury Bills (sell): one tressery Bills (sell): one tressery Bills: Average sell beyon fixed. Ranco lenk Deposit Rates for arms of Tax Deposit Benegati Effect one certific pare certification.	nonth 30 security and Finance I to and Finance I tiguses Bata Re agms at heven (Seriaa 0): Dap -three months 9	discount 9,000 discount 9,000 discount 9,000 discount 9,000 discount 10 per cent days' notice 4,000 a le per cent tire	months 9"3-0" per cent. E trys' notice, of from Septemb 35-4-275 per 64 and over held and over held and over held	a per car CGD Fixe hers assort let 198 let Certi under or O per can
or-nine months 10% per cent from Sept	er cent place-12 ember 23. Depo	montos 10% pa Jebs held under	ercênt. UNG	K EIWU

noon, gift prices were more con-crited with the performance of sterling so that the December price closed at 111-03, down from 113-13 on Tuesday.

US Treasury bonds opened at 9409 for December delivery, down from 9413 on Tuesday, and traded between a high of 9411 and a low of 93-17 before closing at 9405.







There were no economic factors to influence trading but dealers were less than happy by a number of statements released by various US officials ahead of tomorrow's IMF meeting

The American Metal Market Forum

on "METAL TRADING IN TRANSITION" Experts will discuss the changes taking place on the LME and the changing facets in International trade LME and the changing facets in internal The London Hilton on Monday 6th October 1986 Pull details and tickets available from Fairchild Publications of New York 8 Bouverie Street, London EC4 Tel: 01-353 9123 Tickets £135 or \$200 per person

Understand Commodities!

The CEI Commodity Brokers' schools intensive five-day programme is designed for junior and middle management, as a lead up to the National Commodities Februss Evant, which can be taken in the UK. The course starts in London at the Great Eastern Hotel, on October 11th.

Hotel, on October 11th.

This is a personnel-intensive course, with experts from the US commodity markets as tutors. Course tee is £500, including all course notes. This is very economical when compared with the cost of sending personnel to America for training. Only a limited number of openings are available for this one-week school. Send the coupon by referr for Information pack to Brian Reidy & Associates, 7th Floor, Plantation House, Fenchurch Street, London EC3M 3AP or phone 01-626 1628 or 01-263 3617. Please yout me Information and availability on the Commodity Stretch? School 5-day Februs Market Course,

Contracts & Tenders

City of Wakefield Metropolitan District Council PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT

The Council in conjunction with the
West Yorkshire Waste Management Joint Committee
and with the support of the Department of the Environment
invites initial expressions of interest from parties wishing to
invest in land reclamation, waste disposal, landfill gas
in participation in

THE WELBECK RECLAMATION AND LANDFILL PROJECT

This is a major long-term deviopment involving the reclamation of one square mile of the Lower Calder Valley through the co-disposal of colliery spoil and controlled waste in a new land-form

For background information and submission proplets write by 10th October, 1986 to

CHIEF EXECUTIVE
Town Hall, Wakofold WF1 2000 Phone: 0924-370211 etz. 7084 Fax: 0024-370211 ext. 700

Company Notices

PIRELLI UK INTERNATIONAL FINANCE BY.

Cluba

EVE has shellved the others betting of a solicy of fair play and value for snooty. Suppor from 10-3.30 am. Discs and too musicism. glamatous bestess, untiling Sporthous, 189, Ragant St., Wf. 91-734 0557.

ONTARIO & QUEBEC RAHWAY

RS. SEINTURE STOCK

6% COMMON STOCK
properation for the permant of

FROM SEPTEMBER 25.

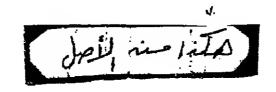
General Manager: Carlo Hauck Manager: Kiyoaki Naksjima Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd. Milan Representative Office Via Turati 25, 20121 Milan, Italy Telephone: (02) 6596351 (02) 6596595 Fectimile: (02) 6557246

Daiwa Securities, a leading merchant bank based in Tokyo with offices throughout the world, have long been doing business in Europe. Our Milan Representative Office, the first such outlet in Italy ever opened by a Japanese securities house, will provide investors and fund managers in this part of Europe with better access to financial expertise and services of

Daiwa. The new office, in the centre of Italy's growing securities market, brings to eight the number of our offices in Europe, if you're interested in smarter investment or attractive fund raising, call Carlo Hauck today.



32 BRITISH FUNDS AMERICANS—Cont. 1986 Price + or Yeld 1986 Price + or Shr Yell		Financial Times Thursday September 25 1986 INDUSTRIALS Continued I
"Shorts" (Lives up to Five Years) ### Low Stock £ - Grass EwiGr's #### Low Stock £ - Grass EwiGr's ####################################	BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS—Cost BRAPERY & STORES—Cost 200 156 Breat 1986 Head Birt Yeld 1986 Head B	Statck 70
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banks, English Trust continued to

turned towards fellow housebullders George Wimpey which report interim figures today and the shares advanced nn speculative

FT-A Index BUILDING MATERIALS

after 136p, following news of the proposed £12.1m rights issue and acquisition of German concern. Joachim Dyes Lackfabrik. ICI drifted 's lower to £10%, but revived speculates to 116th.

Leigh Interests 8 to 116p.

Oct 11 Oct 23 Oct 24 New 3

"Mew time" desiless may taken place from
330 am two basiness days sarder.

Appalling UK trade returns —
the deficit was a record £1.5bn in

of the lacrative sale of its life August — delivered a body blow to insurance businesses and the the Gilt-edged market yesterday. Inked unit trust operation to the The figures were way beyond the National Mutual Life Association worst expectations and soon after of Australia. Hill Samuel. the news was released the author-however, dropped 8 at 347p and ities moved to calm financial mar-Hercury International lost 15 et ket anxieties over sterling. For 305p,
the second successive day, the
Bank of England supported the
bound and the exchange rate fell 9 to 679p as did GRE at 784p,
index stabilised to only slightly while General Accident
cheanened 7 at 320m Among over et 69.4. cheapened 7 at 820p. Among
This latest event in a four-week Lloyds Brokers, Derek Bryant pro-

spell of confidence-draining vided an isolated firm feature at developments was received badly 225p, up 20. Housebuilder Barratt Developments provided the only excitement in the Building sector, soaring to a sew peak of 166p at one stage before closing 12 higher on balance at 158p in response to the much-better-than-expected preliminary figures. Investors later turned towards follow housebullnal operators whn had been heartened by Tuesday's good recovery, which coatinued during the early trade yesterday, immediately reverted to the bear tack. Poten-tial buyers ran for cover as the market begsa to experience revived selling pressure and the tone deteriorated throughout the

afternoon.

Longer-dated Gilts were hit hard and the early gains, which had exteaded to ½, were replaced by falls stretching to two points. The shorts sustained losses ranging to aearly a poiat, while index-linked issaea were similarly lower. Coatrasting views from sanior US officials oa the present level of the dollar added to the uncertainty, awalting today's meeting of the German Bundesbank. The chance of the council lowering interest rates was thought to be slim.

The expected oversubscription of the Trustee Savings Bank share issue consoled the equity sectors.

ders George Wimpey which report interim figures today and the shares advanced on speculative dearer on the session at 208p. Elsewhere, BPB Industries lost 8 at 475p as did Tarunec, at 452p, while Walter Lawrence gave up 4 more to 98p oa further consideration of the proposed rights issue and vendor placing to help finance the acquisition of Properties, a privately-owned househuilding coacern. Acquisition details left Redland a few peace easiar at 436p, while walter Lawrence gave up 4 more to 98p oa further consideration of the council lowering interest rates was thought to be slim.

sue consoled the equity sectors. Details of the enormous cash sums attracted by the flotation will be released on Monday and total receipts are likely to exceed those put np for British Telecom. Funds nvailable for market purchases were again short and at the end of the another drah trading sessinn most blue chips were a shade

News Items provided one or twn bright features but turnover overall was light. Grand Metropolitan managed an early flurry on news that, in response to market inquiries, it was confirming negatiations for the sale of US cigarette subsidiary, Liggett. The FT indices furthered Tuesday's downturn, the Ordinary share index closing 7.4 down at 1264.5.

Bank of Scotland Rise

Bank of Scotland Rise
Bank of Scotland celebrated the
better-thaa-expected 23 per cent
increase la first-half profits to
£55.2m with a gaia of 12 to 435p,
after 437p, Royal Bank of Scotland
hardened a coaple of pence to
342p in sympathy. Tha major
clearers drifted down for want of
support with NatWest, firm of late
following the application for a lissupport with Natwest, firm of late following the application for a listing on the New York Stock rise in bank base lending rates ting on the New York Stock rise in bank base lending rates Exchange, 4 easier at 543p. Mid-continued to put a dampar on land reliaquished a few pence at buslaess among leading Hetailers. 567p and Lloyds softened 2 at 443p. Most drifted lower throughout Elsewhere, Standard Chartered with Woolworks finally 10 off at edged forward 2 to 712p; the bank 630p. Losses of 8 were common to announced yesterday that it is Starehouse, 315p, and Dixons, seeking a listing on the Tokyo 354p, while Marks and Spencer stock exchange. Among merchant eased 4 to 197p. Coats Viyella,

Record trade deficit delivers blow to Gilt-edged

market and longer issues tumble

	Sept	Sept	Sept	Sept	Sept	year	19	86	Since Co	mpliation
	2	23	22	19	18		High	Low	High .	Low
Government Secs	83.35	84.51	83.98	84.28	84.12	83.79	94.51 (184)	80.39	127.A (9/1/35)	49.18
Fixed Interest	90.92	91.24	91.12	91.11	91,882	89.15	97.68 (7/7)	86.55 (23/1)	105,4 (28/11/47)	50.53
Ordinary 🛡	1,264.5	1,271.9	1,262.8	1,269.1	1,279.6	980.6	1,425.9	1,094.3	1,425.9 (3/4/86)	49.4
Gold Mines	339.1	344.8	357.8	331.2	317.2	306.3	357.8 (22/9)	185.7 (18/7)	734.7 (15/2/83)	43.5
Ord. Div. Yield	4.38	4,35	4.32	4.35	4.33	4.85		S.E. AC	TIVITY	
Earnings Yid.%(full)	10.07	10.01	9.94	10.02	9.972	11.89	In	fices	Sept. 23	Sept. 22
P/E Ratio (set) (*)	12.18	12.25	12:34	12.24	12.30	10.42	Gift Edged	Bargains		97.8
Total Bargains (Est)	21,034	18,041	18,289	17,149	18,734	21,223	Equity Barry		138.0	82.7
Equity Turnover Em	_	525.55	377.38	510.99	560.96	343.26	5-Day Aver		1062.3	762.8
Equity Bargains	_	21,304	12,760	16,190	16,746	16,454	Gilt Edged	Bargelies	120.3 109.1	118.0
Shares Traded (ml)	_	233.1	170.3	228.2	228.3	175.0	Equity Barg Equity Valu		1014.6	118.0 106.4 1018.4
	10 a.m.		a.m.	Noon		p.m.	2 p.m		p.m.	4 p.n
	1270.1	126	9.5	1269.1	. 1	267.A	1267.	6 1	266.8	1266

ing confirmation of its purchase of US D-I-Y retailers Builderama for 85m cash. Nervous offerings ahead of today's mid-term state-ments left Time Products a penny cheaper at 78p, and Superdrug 10

down at 460p.

Electricals provided several acteworthy movemeats. Ualted Scientific, hoosted recently by persistent talk of e bid from Pilkington Bros, reacted 8 to 160p on kingtoa Bros, reacted 8 to 160p oa the nawinding of speculative positions. NEL scheduled to reveal half-year results next Tuesday, gave up 5 to 91p, hut a revival of speculative huying left Sanleigh 1½ higher at 25½p, nfter 26½p.
Legica closed unaltered at 218p, ligget news also stimulated good after 222p, following satisfactory interim figures. Ferranti, np to 100p at ona stage, eased back after the chairman's statement at tha annual meeting to settle a coaple annual meeting to settle a coaple of peace dearer nn the day at 96p. Leading issues presented a rather drah appearance, with falls of 4 being recorded in GEC and Plessey at the comma price of 170p.

The Engineering sector remained a relative backwater.

Among the occasional movements, Cronice featured a rise of 15 at 65p na a burst of speculative demand. Carelo rose 10 to 455p and Hopkinsons a similar amount to 270p, but TI Group, 6 off at 434p, coatianed to drift lower. Babcock closed a penny easier at 169p following confirmation of Rainbow Corporation's stake of just over 5 per cent in the company. Leading issues were rarely altered, with Vickers steady at 406p awaiting today's half-year statement. na a burst of speculative demand. half-year statement.

The leading foods were generally steady to a sbade easier on tha day with the notable exception of Unigate, which moved up 3 more to 295p, and it was left to

of the interest.
Semporter attracted persistent speculative huying and improved throughout the session to close 13 higher et 230p, while Freshbake coatinned their recent good run and put on 4 to 100p. Elsewhere, J. E. England dipped 5 to 48p on further considerating of the management because of its Mosangel agemant huyout of its Mosspack subsidiary and the capital reor-

subsidiary and the capital reorganisation which leaves Mr P. D. Kempin with e aear 30 per cent stake in the company.

Grand Metropolitan made early progress and touched 412p nn aews that it is close to agreeing the sale of its US cigarettes and tobacco subsidiary Liggett, but later eased back to close

Siebe fall afresh

Siebe remained a depressed market, falling 25 further to 770p market, falling 25 further to 770p making a loss 115p since anaounce in cing a 2225m rights issue to partly fund the proposed acquisition of Robertshaw Controls of the US. Robertshaw Controls of the US. Elsewhre in the miscellaneous industrial sector, Steetley, reflecting comment on the half-year figures, reacted 10 to 483p. Disappointing laterim results prompted a fall of 12 to 135p in James Wilkes, while MacCarlane gave up 7 to 131p for a similar reason. Wellcome, the subject of persistent buying over the past week or so on the prospects of is anti-Aids vacciae, encountered profit-taking and fell to 200p, bat Nask Industries featured a rise of 23 to 63p, after featured a rise of 24 to 65p, after featured a rise of 25 to 63p, after for its 26 per cept that it had received an approach from EMAP A closed a featured a rise of 23 to 63p, after for its 26 per cept that it had received an approach from EMAP A closed a featured a rise of 25 to 63p, after for its 26 per cept that it had received an approach featured a rise of 25 to 63p, after for its 26 per cept that it had received an approach featured a rise of 25 to 63p, after for its 26 per cept that it had received an approach featured a rise of 25 to 63p, after for its 26 per cept that it had received an approach featured a rise of 25 to 63p, after for its 26 per cept that it had received an approach featured a rise of 25 to 63p, after for its 26 per cept that it had received an approach featured a rise of 25 to 63p, after for its and a secciated a rise of 25 to 63p, after for its and associated for or a similar reason. Wellower, provided a number of a fall of 12 to 135p in

however, bardeaed a coapla of secondary issues to provide most on hid hopes, reacted 4 to 104p. penca to 490p following interim of the interest.

Semporter attracted persistent late, eased a few pence to 128p, speculative huying and improved following the company's confirmafollowing the company's confirma-tion of acquisition talks with a private cleasing group. Hawtal Whiting eased 5 to 465p after the interim results, but Reberises Research were acteworthy for e

Research were acteworthy for e rise of 8 at 103p. Leading issues anded on a dull acte. Glams settled 13 lower at 952p, while Beeckam gave up 4 to 401p and Beets finished 3 lower et 218p.

Julianas fell 3 to 47p following the disappointing results, but GRA attracted renewed speculative support ead closed a couple of pence better at 51p. Elsewhare in the Leisure sector, Finespale moved up 5 more to 65p. moved up 5 more to 65p.

The withdrawal of US support left Jaguar 10 cheaper at 523p; the shares had also attracted domestic interest recently following favourable comment ahead of the

impending launch of the new XJ saloon. Ever eased a coaple of pence to 30p awaiting today's halfterm statement. Components also trended lower with Lucas 7 off at 498p. Jones Woodhead eased 2 to

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

ctors' share sales left Cariton Coun-munications 20 off et 890p. Mess Advertising were unchanged at 80p as the chairman sold just over

30p as the chairman sold just over 50 per cent of the equity to various institutions. Paper/Frintings again highlighted McCorquodale which advanced another 13 to 258p, after 280p, following news that the Monopolies Commission had cleared the bid from Newton Opax; the latter were unchanged

higher is thin trading with MEPC closing 8 dearer at 323p in response to Press comment, while Land Securities hardened a couple of pence at 316p. Elsewhere, Southend Stadium continued to reflect development prospects with a fresh gain of 3 to 171p. Trafferd Park firmed 5 to 235p in reply to the preliminary results and Country and New Town put on 2 to 111p following US acquisiting details. Warnford Investments appreciated 15 et 655p after demand in n thin market. Connells

demand in n thin market. Connells Estate Agents eased a couple of pence to 285p despite the doubled interim dividand payment and higher first-half profits.

Textiles continued to respond to selective tekeover speculation. The session's major recipient proved to be Lister which advanced 9 to 119p amid fresh chatter that ICI's sizeable holding in tha company may be up for sale. Buyers also returned for Esbert H. Lewe. 12 up at 162p.

Lewe, 12 up at 162p.

Although the Tokyo market was closed on Tuesday for the Autumnal Equinox holiday, Far Eastern oriented issues continued to make the running among Investment Trusts. Fleming Japanese improved 12 more to 707p. while Baillie Gifferd Japan, 404p, and Drayten Japan, 709p, advanced 8 and 9 respectively. TR Natural Resources rose 8 to 133p ns Wood Mackenzie, ecting on behalf of various investment clients, bid 140p per share for 5.9m shares, representing just under 10 per cent of the equity;

Lasmo Better

Renewed arbitrage buying and a firm trend in oil prices following a decline in US crude stocks figures helped the oil majors register further gains, albeit in rather thin trading. BP and Shell moved by 7 migrate to 677n and

issue and acquisition of America's Apollo Energy, a private US oil and gas company, for 26m new ordinary Petranol shares and \$228.000 in cath.

\$228,000 in each.

Mining markets suffered another general setback as the bullion price failed to make any substantial progress after Tuesday's decline. The latter opened around \$436 but gradually drifted back to \$432 before steadying to close little changed on balance at \$434. Platinum held relatively steady all day around the \$606 level.

Gold shares opened on a quietly mixed note but came under increasing pressure as the day wore on. A static Financial Rand choked off any substantial Johannesburg support, while renewed profit-taking was reported from London and Continental operstors. Late in the day dealers reported modest American interest but this proved insuffiinterest but this proved insufficient to produce any major recovery trends in the leading issues which closed at, or around their lowest levels. The Gold Mines index retreated 5.7 more to 339.1, e two-day decline of 18.7 South African Financials also gave ground with "Amesal" finally 10 cheaper at 565p and De Beers 7 lower et 525p.

UK-domiciled Financials did little more than drift easier in line

little more than drift easier in line with bullion and the trend la domestic equities. Consolidated Gold Fields and Rie Tinto-Zinc lost

Traded Options
Traded Options attracted 18,723
contracts—12,239 calls and 6,454 puts. The expiry of the September puts. The expiry of the September series gave the usual boost to business, notably in Hansen Trust which recorded 3,180 calls, 1,729 of which were transacted in the September 180's. Hanson December 200 calls were also wanted and attracted 593 trades. A lively and evenly-balanced business developed for Boots which recorded 1,794 calls and 1,573 puts, while Jaguar accounted for puts, while Jaguar account, 1,017 calls and 306 puts.

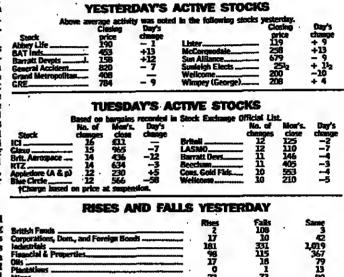
Traditional Options

- First Bealings Sept 22 Oct 6 Oct 28 Last Bealings Oct 3 Oct 17 Oct 31
- Dec 18 Jan 8 Jan 22

For Settlement Dec 29 Jan 19 Feb 2

Unit Trust Service

Call options were taken out Call options were taken out in European Ferries, Hanses Trust, Glanfield Lawrence, Pentiand, M.Y. Heldings, Iceland Frazen Feeds, Arenson, Sound Diffusion, Buckleys Brewery, Parhiale, Richardson Westgarth, Laume, Belam. Brewery, Parmaie, Richardson Westgarth, Laume, Bejam, Chuff Oil, British Syphon, Burns-Anderson, North Kalguril and Cronite. No puts were reported, but a double option was transacted in North Kalguril.



NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1986 AMERICARS (3) Aundahi, Cous Frieghtways,
BULLIMINGS (3) Barratt Developments, Calciurcal
Rabey A, Wiggins Group, STORES (1) Lades Pride.
BELECTRICALS (1) NeC Corp. ERIGHEERING (1)
Cardo Eng. Friends (2) Freshake Foods, Sontportor, ABUSTRIALS (3) Nec Corp. ERIGHEERING (1)
Cardo Eng. Friends (2) Hassi Inds, BROTORS (2)
Cardo Eng. Friends (2) Hassi Inds, BROTORS (2)
Control Eng. Friends (2) Hassi Inds, BROTORS (2)
Control Eng. Friends (2) Hassi Inds, Spec.
Control Eng. Friends (2) Hassi Inds, Spec.
Control Eng. Friends (2) Hassi Inds, Spec.
Control (3) Hassi Inds, Spec.
ENTILES (3) Love (Robert I),
TRUSTS (3) First Charlotte Assets, General Funds.
Industry (3) First Charlotte Assets, General Funds.
Industry (4) First Charlotte Assets, General Funds.
Industry (4) First Charlotte Assets, Trust, TR. Natural
Resources, Harvey & Thompson, Sverkeas, Specific
Resources, Harvey & Thompson, Sverkeas, Marcar
Resources, Harvey & Thompson, Sverkeas, Specific
Resource

-	EQUITY		_	itute of			_				Tues	Mon	fri	Year
& SUB-SECTIONS					Wednesday September 24 1986							Sept. 22	Sept 19	(Sbb.or')
1	gures in parenthes stocks per		number	of Index No.	Day Char	's Yield 'ge (Max	975 19%	Gross Div. Yield% (ACT at 29%)	Est. P/E Ratio INet)	nd adj. 1986 to date	ludex No.	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.
	CAPITAL COODS	S (212)		671.7	4 ~0.	7 9.	19	3.64	13.63	13.26	676.31	679.66		510.36
	Contracting, Cons	\$ (26) truction (31)	787.6 1204.0				3.70 3.85	13.93	23.47	794.11	793.74 1197.62		540.04 820.24
	Electricah (12) Electronics (38).			1757.	7 -1	3 8.	79	4.41	14.84	38.58	1780.93	1790.16	1785.43	1430.28
	Mechanical Engli	vering to		1443.3 367.5				2.97 4.52	13.16	8,99	369.19	1474.39 373.65		
	Metak and Metal	Forming	(7)	345.4	7 -0.	7 9.3		4.05	13.48	7.17	347.93	348.24		
	Motors (26)			Z7Z-1	4 -0.		68	3.72	12.31		275.34			
	Motors (16) Other (pdustrial & CONSUMER GR	CALCULATS DISP (TRI	(22)	922.6	6 -0.			4.35 3.26	16.09 15.79	19.62 15.75	1244.36 926.47		1237.84 925.75	924.80 676.78
	Brewers and Oist	llers (22)		908.8	0 -0.	1 9.		3.53	12.71	14.81	909.98	917.62	911.17	698.54
	Food Manufacturi Food Retailing (1)	ing (22)		691.2	4 -0.			3.88	13.55	14.08	692.75	690.31	687.82	484.89
	Food Retailing (1) Health and House) bold D	hrt CC	1930.2				2.69	22.35 20.98			1942.64 1541.80		
	Laicura (28)			906.5	5 -0.			4.01	16.86	24.58				
	Publishing & Prin Packaging and Pa	ting (14)		2621.	6 +0.	8 7.	45	3.98	17.35	49.49	2601.47	2654.31	2592.76	1892.76
	Packaging and Pa	фer (15).		465.6 858.5				3.55 2.97	18.16	9.94	466.02 871.89		459.80 871.30	
	Stores (38) Textiles (17)			538.5	i +0			3.61	12.15		537.88		538.01	329.60
	Tobaccos (2)			1257.2	0 +2.	9 133	ا گا	361 411	8.35	36.99	1221.20	1222.03	1227.72	714.93
	OTHER GROUPS Chemicals (20)	(86)		757.6 977.6	2 -0. 6 -0.			4.19 4.25	14.37 13.52	16.54 27.96	760.19 983.41		758.23	678.55 649.62
	Office Egylpment	(4)		234.8	1 -1			451	15.28		237.23		234.08	202.96
	Shipping and Trau	sport (1	37	1462.6	4 -0.	5 82	26	4.47	15.30	31.87	1469.42	1475.77	1475.40	1383.74
	Office Equipment Shipping and Trau Telephone Netwo Miscellaneous (4 th INDUSTRIAL SI	rics (2)		_ 746.8	5 - D.	114		4.92	11.90	16.67	746.85	753.14	739.50	899.13
	Miscellaneous (4)	77	3\	929.7	3 -0.			3.30	10.78	15.52		3056.06 832.03		818.11 640.35
	Oil & Gas (17)	TOTAL (40	31. a.u	7366	2 +0,		_	6.55	10.30			1350.77		
	500 SHARE (NO	EX(500).	************	_ 869.6	7 -0.			3.97	14.17			876.19		
	FUNANCIAL GRO	3UP (112	0	594.4				4.72	_	14.57			592.32	
	Banks (7)			663.4			t9	5.48	7.13		664.95	662.52		
	Banks (7)	9)		_ 832.6 _ 460.6	7 -1. 0 -0.		: 1	4.66		18.37 9.55	842.84 464.42		835.90 464.08	
	Locursore Restrict	res (9)		177964	5 -0.		2	4.33	15.91			1184.60		
	Merchant Banks (Property (49), Other Financial C	12)		329.5	7 -1.			4.34	22.32	5.37	333.65			
	Property (49),	24)		752.5	3 +0. 7 -0.			3.71	13.45	12.71 7.05	750.37	751.66 342.15	747.56	
	Investment Trusts	(101)		776.8	6 —		-	2.97			776.A3	_		
	Mining Floance G	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		_ 278.3	2 - O.			5.38	10.90	6.11	296.93	300.61	294.51	249.08
	Overseas Traders						_	4.08	10.60	24.15	676.06	669.51 796.77	663.17	
	ALL-SHARE INC	PER 1/34	/		_		-			_	794.39		790.73	619.89
				No.	Cha	nge Hik	gh	Day's Low	Sept 23	Sept 22	Sept 19	Sept 18	Sept 17	Year ago
	FT-SE 100 SHAR	E INDE	<u> </u>	_ / 1603.	41 -6.	6 11608	.5 13/	603.4	1620.0	1617.1	1600.4			
	FI)	(EB !	INTE	REST			WATERNET SERVICE					Wed Sept 24	Tues Sept 23	(approx.)
	PRICE	Wed	Day's	Tues	क्रां क्यां.	표 4세	1	Britis	h Govern	wars		9.45	9.27	9.90
	(NOICES	Sept 24	change %	Sept 23.	today	1986 to date	2		s !	years		10.21	9.99	10.11
	British Covernment		 -				3			years		13.08	10.81 10.77	10.12 10.65
		119.63	-0.39	119.49		8.78	5	Couper				10.55	1031	10.44
	5-15 years	131.04	-1.51	133.05	_	9.79	6		25			19.19	10.00	10.13
	Over 15 years	137.11	-1.68	139.45	_	10.05	7 8		s 19			11.16	10.85 10.53	10.73 10.57
	(rredeemables	151.37	-1.59	153.82	_	8.90	9	1	2			10.29	10.33	19.27 19.27
	All stocks	129.17	-1.19	130.72	_	9.54	10	Irrede	mables		tl	10.03	9.86	9.73
			9167	274.12		7.54			Linked		. Ţ.			
	ladex-Lisked	***	-0.35	111.85					rate 5%		yrs	4.60 3.65	441	6.0
	5 years	111.45			_	2.00	13		rate 5% rate 109		5 yrs	321	3.60 3.02	0.9 0.0
	Over 5 years	112.52	-0.80	113.43	_	2.53	14		rate 107			349	3.43	0.0
	All stocks	112.28	-0.73	113.11		2.43	15			5 years.		10.88	10.83	11.29
	Debentures & Loans	113.63	+0.27	113.33	_	7.51	36 17	Loans		15 years 25 years		11.20 11.27	11.24 11.30	11.24
	Preference	83.44	-0.28	83.68	_	4.66		Prefer		<u>,çar</u>).		11.02	10.99	- 11-17 12.07

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AH C F1.90 161 65 2.90

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HEIN C F1.20 137 2.60

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AATH C F1.80 121 4.10

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PHIL 32 15 10 11 13 8.30 3.60 5.70 5.70 13.80 2.70 2.50 17.80 82739 | 25569 | 143 | 1552 | 1475 | 1552 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1513 | 1 270 1 280 42 1 1 4 1 1 1 185 1 1 1 1525287711 FL300.50 FL94.60 FL149.80 FL76.60 Fl.96.20 FL49.20 FL]78 C → Call BASE LENDING RATES

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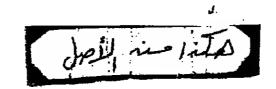
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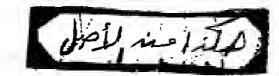
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MONTREAL Closing prices September 24



WORLD STOCK MARKETS

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LUSTRIA	GERMANY	HORWAY	AUSTRALIA (continued)	JAPAN (continued)	
Sept. 24 Price + or Sch	Sept. 94 Price +	er Sept. 24 Kroner -	Sept. 24 Aust. 8 —	Sept. 24 Price + or	C
redit nst it pp 2,290 -10	Aillanz Vers 2 320	Bergens Bank 171,5 +0, 2,5 Borregaard 355 45 Christiana Bank 199,5		Mitsul Bank	Sales
nterunfeil	Bayer	1 DenNorska Cred. 174	Herald WyTimes 6.9 +0.2	Mitsul Es 1e1,900 +20 Mitsul Toetsu	1
erimooser 620	Bayer-Varein 639 BHF Bank 690	18 Kyaerner 183 +0.	I Industrial Equitor 7 96 0 0	Hikko Sec	66230
eltscher Mag 10,100;	Brown Boveri 306	Norsk Hydro 152 , +0.	Kidston Gold 8,0 -0,8	Hippon Denso 1,810 +40 Nippon Elect 2,090 +30 Nippon Express 1,250 -20	211880 24830
ELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG Sept. 24 Price + or	Cont'l Cummi 692		Mayne Nickless 3,05 Nat. Aust. Bank. 5,1 28,2 +0,3	Hippon Gakk	70968 18900 10572
Fn. (—	_ { Dische Babcook 194 4		Nichelas Kiwi 3.60	Nippon Selko 487 -13	400 4600 15545
ang. Gen. Libt	- Oresdner Bank 420 Feld-Muchie Nbi 305.1;			Nippon Steel 213 +10 Nippon Sulsan 465 +1	1400 25900 356
ment CBR 0,940 +12 ockerii 132 o;haize 2,150	- Hoechst	6 Boo Central 825 5 0.7 Boo Exterior 400	Placer Pacific 2,78 -0.0	Hissbin Flour 885 +26	2000 16257
BES 4,690 60 lectrobel,14,925	Hotzmann (P) 573 + 1	Boo Santander 1,32025 Boo Santander 8345	Queensland Coal 1,72 +0,9 Reckitt & Colman 6,6	Nomura	43345 208367 86154
abrique Nat 2,115 —25 5 Inno SM 7,800 BL (Brux) 5,600 enerale Bank 6,070 +20	Kauthut 499	9 Oragados 3431	8 Santos	Orient Leasing 2,740 +40	20250 4482 8402
evaert	Kloeckner 75.1	2.9 Telefonica 175 -3	TOOTH 5,05	Ricoh	26300 31918
evaert	MAN	4.5 0.9 STATES	Vangas	Sapporo	56000 23360 10550
etrofina	Mercedes Hid 1,113 +1		Woodside Petrot. 0,97	Seven Fleven 796 10	31525 200
ofina	Hixdorf	AGA 186 -5	HONG KONG	Shiseldo	57970 1400 2400 6340
7actional 6,870 —50 68 5,750 — 5,750 — 3,850 +10	Rosenthal	AREA (Eron) 340	- Sept. 24 Price + or	Sony	119100 32800
	Schering B1B	0.5 Betler A B		8'tomo Corp 400 8'tomo Corp 990 -10 8'tomo Elect1,710 +40	17847 686 150
DENMARK	Verta	Ericacon B 355 : +2	Cheung Kong 20.9 +0.9 +0.1	3'tomo Metal 175 +3 Talsal Corp 385 Talsab Marine 1,000 +50	412 16851 1600
Sept. 24 Price + er	Verein-West 475 Volkswagen 490.2 —	Mo och Domejo 300	- Nang seng Bank (33,75) - 0,2 Nanderson Land 2,9 +0,6 HK Chine Gas 15,8 +0,1	Talyo Kobe Bank 691	1755 38700 700
ndelsbanken 323 +3 altica Skand 620 +10 op Handels'nk 262 +2	ITALY	SaabScania Free 705 Sandvik	NK Electric 10.4 +0.4 HK Kowloon Wh. 7.75 +0.1	Tellin	132025
282 +2 b Danske Luft, 1,840 +20	Price :-		HK Land	Tokyo Ges	4553 131110 39963
ast Asiatic	Banco Com'le 25,950	Volvo B (Free) 678 +1	Nutchison Wps 35,75 +0,28 Jardine Meth 15,7 New World Dev_ 7,7 +0,1	Tokyu Corp 1,300 +20 Toppen Print 1,550 +120	5160 701255 1700
NT Hid	C.J.R. 8,495 —	SWITZERLAND	Swire Pac A 14.4	Toshiba Elect 745 +27	50 68050 27650
rske Bank	General Assicur_ 114,006	Sept. 24 Frs	TV D 0 28 .07	Toyota Motor 1,970 +60 UBE Inds	3500 12000 82400
rovinsbanken: 354 : +B	Montedison 3.4801 +:	288 Adla intl		Yamaha	6250 5800
ophus Berend 790 +5 uperfot	Olivetti	105 Olba Celgy 3,880; +8	Sept. 24 Price + or	Yamazeki	95863 2000 4787
RANCE	\$alpem	110 Elektrowatt 3,375 +15	Yen -	SINGAPORE	2308 930
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norunt 4,% 18761,764 —9		Jacobs Suchard . 7,900 50 leimoil	Asshi Glass 1,970 -10 Bank Tokyo B12	Boustead Hidgs. 1.17	İ
- 5.6	Fis Fis	Oer Buehrie 1,370; —96	Brother Inds 563 -7	Genting 7.95 +0.06 4.88 +0.02 Haw Par, Bros. 5.05 +0.08	NE
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In Liquida	Ahold	7,425 +50	Dai Hippon Ink 498 +85	Malay Banking 5,96 +0,62 Malay Utd. Inci 1,390,51 Multi Purpose. 0,46	Indostr
ie Banczira	AMEV 76.6 +0 AMRO 96.7 -1 Bredero Cort 248 -9	3 Swiss Bank		OCBC	Transp
arty	Boe Katis Westm. 14.2 + 0 Buefirmann Tet. 204.6 - 0 Calland Nigs. 19.6	3.3 Union Bank 6,700 — 20	Fuji Bank	Sime Darby	
nik (Cie Gen) 1,375 -6 I Aquitane	Contische Pet'm 196.5 +0 Elsevier-NDU 284 +1	.7 Zurich Ins	0 Fuji Film	Straits Trilg 6.4 +0.06 Tat Lee Bk 2.81 +0.01 UOB 3.98 +0.02	Color
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oreai	Hoogevene 58.2 -2 	Bept, 24 Aust, 5	Hitachi	Sept. 24 Price + or	and Div
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rd Est	Jose Grinten 543 57.1 +0.	ust. Guarantee. 3.1 +0.8	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Anglo Am, Corp., 67.50 —1.76 Anglo Am, Gold., 550 —10 Barclays Bank., 34.28 —0.26 Barlow Rand., 20.9 —0.10	Industri
geot & A 1,155	*hitips	*- Jand Corp Hidgs 3.05 +0.1	Gawasaki Steel 246 +18	Suffeis 100 2.90 -0.19 Currie Finance 5.0	
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meg	Inliewer	ilP	(umana) 440 46	Sold Fields 8.A., 61,5 +1 dighvelp Steel 5,75,	
emec Elect 2,864 35 emson (CSF)** 1,580 +23 eq	/ NU	*A	**************************************	Walcor	led dir
		premont Pet 0,880,0	Selia Selica 881 -3	temprandt	Long G
NOTES Prices on this per	ge are an quoted pe the individe I prices, \$ Deslings suspende se, ar Ex rights, an Ex all, * Pro-		#15	39.75 +0.05 3A Brews 15.00 -0.75 3mith (CG) 30.0	H.Y.S.I
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	COT IN WATER			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	138,00
VER-THE	-COUNTER	Nasdaq national market,	closing prices		_
Sales High Low Las Glads)	t Chang Stock Salar (Hode) -	High Law Last Clarg Stock	Sales High Low Lant Ching Stock	Sales High Low Last Ching (Hinds)	
ntinued from Page	37 RoytRs 41 96 :	27 ₆ 27 ₄ 27 ₆ Stelling 72 1 51 ₄ 6 6 - 1 Stelling 72 1	67 331, 33 381, + 1, US Ca 13 21, 201, 201, USDsgr	p 10 17 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Cartary ATT
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EX.10) 2790 39 3	314 + 14 SPE 100	6 75 16 Cinder 3	401 3914 3812 3914 + 34 UVBDE	.92 19 49 28% 28% 28% + % 16 512 28% 26% 28%	ŀΥ
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	(Finds)	(Hade)			(Irinda)			(Hinds)	
Continu	ned from Page 37	RoytRs 41 96 FixetPel 92	27 ₆ 29 ₄ 27 ₆ 51 ₄ 8 6 - 1 ₄	Stanha .72	14 67 38% 33 16 13 21 208	204	US Cap USDsgn	10 17 ₈ 15 ₈ 53 15 ₈ 15 ₈ 15589 145 14	13g - 1g
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Penter 66	6 5 37½ 37 37 11 285 25% 24% 25% +1	SEI 24 275	1634 1614 1634	Stife! Stratus	9 16 874 85	2314 + 14	UState .24 13 UnTelev 31	54 341 ₄ 131 ₄	2412 + 10
PeopEx.10	2790 3% 3 3% + 14	SHLSy 26	16 '76 16	StrwbCL84b Stryker	30 1950 23Pg 23 16 401 39Rg 38Pg 28 165 34Pg 33Pg	394 + 3	UVaBe .92 19 UnvFrn 16		2614 + 16 2674
Phryoca	1228 12 107, 174 + 15	Salecte _24 28 x 1209 : Salecte 1.70 9 x 351		Subarus 28	12 3505 2514 2254	23 + 4	Unville 13		184 - 4
Phirms 11e PhirGl .60e	25 310 192 193 197 + 1 15 1419 233 233 233 + 1	Sulfitte 16 76 StJude 23 1206	58 57 574 + 12 54 59 54 + 14 2912 2712 28	Summa Summili ,12	23 677 6% 54	6 + 14	Uecaf .36 12	161 89 84	1314 + 12 612 - 18
PhrixAm PicSaus	17 1 30 35 35 35 + 14 19 921 203 186 197 - 19	StPauls 1.50 15 x 1783	191 287 29 - 1	SunCat SunMed	25 3654 47 ₂ 47 ₄ 24 105 117 ₈ 11	45-18 + 1-18		VV	
PicCats 48 PionHI 1.04	17 16 22 215 215 " 4	SMICHT IV	6 6 6	Surveis 1 SupSkys	11 139 324 51 21 55 144 13	32 +15 14 + 5	VU.	350 43 4 219 93 91	4 - 1 ₂
PionSt .12	8 7 7 7 + 1 ₂ 36 44 4 454	SavnFs.86a 11 1 ScanOp 15 87	25 25 25 Pa 17 6 - 4	Suprtex	7 178 17	170 12	VMX VSE _20 6	403 33 34	31 ₂ 131 ₄ + 1 ₄
PoFolk PicyMg	20 417 164 T6 T6 - 4	ScanTra 21 74	1714 1634 1714 + 14 1714 1634 17 - 18	SymbT Syncor	633 874 73	6 - 5	ValidLp . 37	5413 334 359	574
Porex Powell	38 413 31 301 ₄ 301 ₂ 17 2 17 ₈ 9		3612 3514 3514 - 12	Syntach Syntack	20 112 33 31	175 – 19 1 314	ValFSL 1 7 ValNBs1.20 15	30 49 48	24 + 14 4712 - 112 4214 + 38
Precet .12	14 13 16 PF 10 + 14 17 27 254 244 25 - 4	Schex - 228	5% 5 5¼ 3% 2% 3% + ¼	Syscons .20 Syssoc	13 34 134 134 525 74 7	1312 + 4	ValNo 1.32 6		421g + 3g 1634 14 43g 1g
ProdLg Prizm	17 27 254 244 25 - 4 02 20 114 11 11 - 16 458 34 3 316 - 16	SanGai 60	821 ₂ 81 821 ₂ + 1 ₄ 27 ₈ 21 ₈ 27 ₈ + 1 ₉ 15 142 ₈ 147 ₈ + 1 ₂	Systin Sysints	13 84 134 134 525 714 71 7 152 978 63 16 98 1074 95	84 - 4	Ventrex Vicorp .12e	265 49 4 1513 144 14	1430 + 30
PriceCs	28 1624 304 324 34 +1		15 143 147 + 12 25 35 36 +1	System .08	16 112 154 16	951 - 12 154	ViedeFr-22e 11 Viking 18	45 54 52	5½ 174 60½ – ½
Princiald Privons	37 1214 12 1214	SecTag 96 1 SEEQ 396 1	9-16 13, 13, 10		TT		Viratits	860 65 5812	6012 - 12
ProgCe 08 ProgCt1.20	16 37 3514 3434 35 11 18 1034 1039 1079 14 12 263 23 2272 2234 - 14	Seibel .60 6 2	1512 1404 1404	TCAs .16	28 61 161 ₄ 16 45 1419 191 ₄ 16	18 ¹ 4 18 ¹ 2 — 3 ₄	Votavi 15 Voltini	220 5 478 71 19 1834	19
ProtLie 70 Prvide 84	6 1946 945, 237, 245a + 17a	Semice 16	678 3 57 <u>8</u>	TacViv	10 2 9	3476 - 78		w w	
Purities .20	26 37 245 235 245+1 11 350 114 115 176	Sensor .05 806 SvcMer .08 4062	10'2 Nº8 20'4	Tandon TcCom	6881 3 25	26 - 4	WD 40 1.12 16 Walbro .32 14	16 24 231 ₂ x287 201 ₉ 20	2014 - 14
Ovedra	297 83 914 914 - 16	Swinger .60 21 712 Swiffred 6	214 214 215 + 4	Tecuma 20s	12 21 11612 11612	15 ² 2 116 ² 2 +2	WikrTel 45 WahE 1.84 13	205 5 94	2014 - 14 574 + 14 2674 + 34
Cushich .42 Cushim	9 298 174 17 174	SvOaks .16 17 230	163. 151. 163. + la	Telco TiomAs	71 1184 64 6 30 2681 24% 23%	24 + 1	WFSL .80 2	54 354 35	2676 + 34 30 - 5 1834 - 3
Questil Quixtes	00 148 4 578 4 + 18 39 171 100, 1004 1002 + 14	Shwmt 1.84 6 490	4372 4574 4674 + 173	Telecro .36	479 79 7 38 345 44 474		WMSBs .40 7 Wavetk	170 7 7	7
	RR	Sheldi 6 51	71s 50s 7hs + 3s	Teivid Telaba	122 27 25 20 98 97 95	27g + 1g	Webb .40 24 WestFn 12		187 ₄ + 7 ₈
RAX .91e RPM 62	139 578 559 578 + 14	Shoneys .14 27 1263 ShonSo 13 60	2512 240, 20 - 12 1312 1313 1314 + 12 3112 303, 3112 + 12	Tebtons	90 92D 24L 24	7434 + 1e	WatFSL 6	24 17 16% 5 12 8% 6%	167s
RadSys	19 277 918 578 6	Sigmas .24 14 627 . Silicon 265	312 - 303 - 315 + 15 31 - 32 - 16	TermOt TherPr	20 24 24 150 54 27	249 + 1-16 279 - 14	WatnPb WiTIA 11	1162 1374 1314	1350 + 14
RadinT Radion	18 10 854 854 854	SuitonS 12	113 111 111 11 163 103 - 5	Thermd ThrdNt ,78	20 24 24 150 54 27 60 234 235 12 233 344 342	225 - 1 340 + 4	WittorC .60 7	116 \$112 21	2139 + 5
Regen Reiner 1.03	10 328 33% 33% 33% + 4	Salacases 16 80	13 1212 1279 + 39	ThouTr	242 314 6 13 25 3-18 1	34 + 14	Wettra 1,04 14	74 40% 40%	40%
RayEn 24 RediCr	15 1055 4302 25 30 7 2 200 1 13-16 15 1 13-16 + 4	Sittee 107 Simples 56 10 219	7 614 7 + 14 145 ₉ 141 ₂ 141 ₂ - 1 ₉	Totilly Totilly TraikAu	74 14 23 2115 621 32 15% 15%		Wicat Witimbs 1.03 11	618 319 3 1224 4112 4014	3 ¹ 8
Reading	20 24 2314 23 2314 + 14 14 83 9 81 ₂ 81 ₂ - 14	Brziers 16 261	145 ₉ 141 ₂ 141 ₂ - 1 ₉ 121 ₄ 111 ₂ 111 ₂ - 1 ₉ 141 ₄ 131 ₄ 141 ₄ + 1 ₄	TriSter TriadSy	157 1105 113 ₈ .11 60 293 64 9	11 + 8 91 ₈	WEIAL 29 WorkSa 31		255 - 19
Recom Recket_20b	18 7 211, 214 2112 + 4 15 3652 24 221, 224 -1	Skipper .60 2 SmithL 27 530	3 9 13-16 6 + 1-16	20Cnlns .25	253 183 183	181 — 1 253 — 1	WilmTr1.20 12 WilenF		4417
Reboks Reeves	24 925 - 93, 80, 93, + 7	Society 1.92 9 632 Sociyan 19 68	584 58 581 ₂ + 1 ₂ 21 201 ₂ 21	Tysons .04		294 - 4	Window WisserO 40	70 64 6 6 154 154	154.
Regiss .16	16 14 1312 1314 1312 - 14	Softech 10	Silva Riba Riba	USLIC 40	- U U	254 - 14	Woodhd .80 24	15 11 d10%	104 - 1
Reliab RoAuto D4	129 87 8 6 - 4	SonocP 80 60	381- 381. 381. + G	UTL Ungmn	16 229 171 ₂ 177 ₄ 2606 83 ₈ 77 ₁	174 - 4	Worthge .48 16 Writer .15e 22	2 64 642	52 + 4
Reuterl. 15e	150 2 1612 1612 1612 + 14 946 434 4312 + 14	SOMOSD 25 22	16 ¹ 2 45 45 ¹ 2 + 1 3 ¹ 2 3 ¹ 3 3 ¹ - 1	Unitis	12 204 1314 13	16 - 1	Wyrcan .80	2503 194, 19 X Y Z	1924 + 79
Restrict .40e Restrict 70	13 2043 334, 324, 334 + 4	(StateFn	15 ¹ 2 1614 1514 225a 2214 2214 — 1a	UnNati 1,14 UnPletr	13 129 36 351 ₂ 16 278 30 351 ₄	364 - 12	Xebec	28 2 1-16 1 15-16	1 15-16
Rhodes 32 Ribdm	491 814 654 670 4	Sovran 1.36 10 360	224 221 221 - 19 76 74 .73 . 164 354 36 18 154 157 - 19	UACMS .04 UBAnz .72	34 1949 161 ₂ 16 15 x 141 32 317 ₈	16% 31% — 19 55g + 3g	Xicor	130 5½ 5¼ 2047 16¼ 16	51s - 12
RichEl Rigidals 1 16	11 -200 221. 20% 324 +1	Scientific 21 296	B 154 157 - 13	UBAtsk 1 UBCol 1.08	3 54 5 6 371 26 274	53g + 3g 275g + 3g	YlowFs ,62 16	2708 30 372	10 - 16 361g + 5g
RoadSv1.16 RobNug 08	17 1104 3334 3314 3352 - 4	SpecCti .07 20 87	114 11 114+ 4	UFnGrp	10 28 54 6	35₄	Ziegier .48e 6	16 17% 17	17
RobVen	243 5% 4% 5% + 1	Shrisur 225 498	074 274 1074 979 9 9 - 19	UFSEG .20 UGrdn 1.64	11 502 3474 33 69 83 512 514	3414 + 11g 519	ZionUt 1.44 11 Zitel	4 25 25	473g + 1g 25g + 1g 31g - 1g
RgrCm8 RossStr	3236 75 77 79 7	Standy 1.06 13 13	Art 24 04 - 15	UPresd US Ant	11 90 184 157 ₃ 73 23 ₆ 24	15% + % 25-16 - 1-18	Ziyed Zondyn 86	321 312 d 374 3 122 22% 22	22 - %
Rouses 60	78 19 2912 2914 2912 5 428 5% 5% 5½ - 1		100 400 400 - 5 174 11 11 - 5	US Bes .80		224 - 18	Zvrnos	87 2 17 ₈	118 - 18
		<u> </u>							

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GERMANY & AUSTRIA

NADA

29es	Stock	High	LOW	Cient	Charg	Sales	Stock	High	Low			Sales	Stock	High		Close	•	Sales 14552	Stock Seans Can	Hig S1 13
	TO	RON	ITO)		6180 1300	CDistb B 1 Cons Gas	\$6% \$27%	614 273 ₈	64 274	+4	5720 53130	Laidiaw A Laidiw B 1	\$151 ₂ 6141 ₂	151g 141 ₄		+ 1a + 1a	41200	Selidirk A 1 Shell Can	524
-	losing pri				24	100 9120	Con Glass CTL Bank	\$231 ₂ 6 1034	231 ₂ 101 ₂	231 ₂ 105 ₄	+ 5	10200 BB2	Leigh Inst Lobiew Co	\$51 ₄ " \$115 ₈	51 11 7	51, 115	+16 -16	2958	Sherritt	\$227 \$64
86230	AMCA Int	5144	14%	143.		13840	Commit B	\$84	84	514	+14	39750 65900	Lumenica	\$7112	912	111/4	+ 114	308 25000	Sigma Southm	\$143 \$221
1180	Abitabl Pr	\$233 ₄ \$341 ₂	2314	233,	+34	550 1670	Corby C Falcon C	\$20°2 \$17° ₈	201 ₂ 17	20 ¹ 2	- i.	200	MICC MSR Ex	\$65 ₉ 245	87 245	81 ₂	+1a +5	1200	Spar Aero	1 \$247
1830 1988	Agnico E Atbria En	\$34% \$11%	33 115	33 17%	- 11g	1200	Coseks R	525L	89	89	+8	20755	Motan H X Mota HY 1	\$ 18%	181-	1812	-14	7033	Steinby A 1 Stelco A	i \$364 \$217
800	Albria N	\$13% \$45%	t8√ 45	134 45	+36	3100 13941	Growns A 1	\$111	254 11	254 114	-16 +14	8826	Macmilian	\$171 ₂ \$364	36	171 ₂ 361 ₄	3 ₈	3160	Suiptro Tesk B 1	50 \$261
))	Algo Cent	\$20%	20	20	+16	1450 2288	Czar Res Desison A (140	135 6	140 6%	+5	59400 5616	Magna A 1 Maritime 1	\$20°g \$15%	291 151	220, 153,	+14	35681	Terre Min	235
00 545	Asamera Alco I f	\$84 ₄	94 834	94	+4	3088	Danison B 1	\$6	57g 365	В	•	350	Mc Intyre	\$3512	351	3612	74	7939 17425	Texaco Car Thom N A	\$291; \$274
30	BC Sugar /	52P	21	2114		3800 78325	Develoon Dicknen A 1	365 \$101 ₂	365 101	395 101 ₂	+40 +1a	7350 280515	Mind Res Mitel Corp	325 ` \$7	320	325 7	+5	86315	Tor Dm Bk	\$23
900 6	BP Canada	595 ₈	33	95 ₃	-4	B200	Dicionan B	\$100 ₀ \$233	101 ₄ 101 ₄ 233 ₈	101 ₆ 231 ₂	+4	31341 3100	Molson A I	\$254 \$124	5,	2514	_	80 50856	Tor Sun Torster B 1	\$314 \$28
10	Benister C	550-8	265	84 270	- % - 5	10/966 58524	Dorasco Dome Mine	\$10th	97 ₀	9% 109	-% +4	89790	Moore	\$30	12 294	121 ₈	+ 18 - 14	7000	Total Pet	1235
257 145	Bk BCol Bk Monti	275 8324	314	32	+12	57333 6160	Dome Pete O Textie	109 T	105 171 ₈	109 171 ₂	+4	700 75728	Murphy Nat Bk Cer	\$20 \$275	191 ₂	296 197		2110 1741	Traders A 1 TrCan R A	1 \$445. 187
1361 154	Bk NScot Ball Car	\$154	1514 371 ₂	32 153, 375, 285	+4	42494	Donatar .	\$329	321 277	321 ₂ 277 ₈	+36	25634	NI VO TICO		25	271 ₄ 231 ₄	+74	215	Trna Mt TrnAba UA	\$144
30	Bluesky	200	285	225	-6	160	Donotsue Du Pont A	\$26 \$333	333.	334	+%	1500 4700	NIT CapA I	\$85, \$187,	6 183	85 ₂ 183 ₄	+6	42920	TrCan PL	\$17
2	Bonsniza R Bow Valy	170 \$113	160 114	160 11%	-5 -%	30600	Dylex A	\$ 151	1512	15%	+16	15740	Noranda Norean	32 14	21	2118	-14	21905 1914	Trilon A Trimac	\$301
80	Braiorne Bramaica	145	140	140	-	600 58195	E-L Fit Echo Bay	\$59 \$31	55 30%	50 305	-12	1561	Norch and 1	\$145 6135	14) 131	145g 131g	+14	25200	Trivity Res	58
18	Braccan A	\$214 \$25%	21 26½	21	ts	400	Emco	\$14,	147-	30% 147 ₈		538 16580	NC Oils Nor Tel	\$114 \$394	11 30%	367	-5	2786 2354	Trizec A 1 Trizec B	\$26 \$26
00	Bricwater SC ForP	\$51212	5 121 ₂	5 121 ₂	+14	32750 21250	Equity Svr FCA inti	\$73 ₀ \$167 ₀	74 184	71 ₄ 187 ₂	1g	4900	Northget	\$6	578	6	1	14146 8578	Likter P U Entorice	145 \$114
30 35	BC Res	125	125	125	7.4	120012 24832	Flenbrdg Fed Ind A	\$190 ₂ \$17%	194 174	191 ₂	+14	1674	Nowaco W	\$51 ₄ \$127 ₆	5 123 ₈	57. 123.	10	44300	U Caneo	56
25	90 Phone Brunswk	\$27% \$131 ₂	271 ₈	1312	-1	1000	Fed Pion	230	30	30		2194 7500	Nu West Numes	32 391 ₂	31	31	•	100 5414	Un Corp Versti A f	\$44 120
0	COL B 1	\$10% \$16%	10% 15%	131 ₂ 101 ₈ 153	+14	100	FCity Fin Ford Cnds	\$135 \$140	13 140	16 140		5920	Oakwood	230	95 ₈ 225	91 ₂ 230		4700 2200	Versti B Vestoron	120
ě	CfL	\$26	251 ₂	2572		9200 1200	Gandalf Gasc Comp	\$75	71.	73g 53g 16	12	720 1300	Octob B 1	125 315	120 315	125 315	+5	سمع	Addition	80
M	Cad Frv Cambridg	\$30% \$24	2314	303 ₄	+36	150	Gendis A	\$16	554 115	16	14	000 28316	Omega Hyd	440	440	440	+ 16	1-No	voting rights	
,	Cambridg Camp RLk Camp Res	\$291 ₈ 160	287 ₄ 287 ₄ 156	24 283, 156 301, 271, 131,	+9	1281 2050	Glant Yk Gibritar	\$211 ₂	204	205	-10	138700	PacW Airt	\$1514	185 ₈ 173 ₄	184 181 ₈	+14	rights.		-
•	Camp Soop	\$300.	3042	30'2	Τ'	20722 17400	Goldcorp 1 Grafton A 1	200	8 17 25 17 13 27 1	84 177	-13	10225	Pgorin A 1 Pamour	\$131 ₄ 2133 ₄	127 ₀	13 133	- 14 - 14	l		
	Composu 1 CCom ex p	\$1314	27/2	27/2 13/4		1706	GL Forest	\$25L	251	251.	-14	200	PenCan P Pegneus	\$26 2125	26 -	28	+ 14	I —		
51	COC 1	364 \$174	1714	1714		266 8900	Greyfind GunrPA 1	\$253	25% 12%	25° 12° 13° 27°	+16	200	Pine Point	\$93, \$335	12's 12's 32'4	121 ₈ 92 ₄ 323 ₈	-3	1		
5	C Nor West	\$153	15	15 ³ e	+14	59901 48015	Gulf Can Hawker	3134 5273	134	137	+ 16		Placer O Poco Pet	\$00%			+4	۱ ـ	MON	
30	C Packra Can Trust	\$16 \$484	1512	1534	-14	2693	Hayes O	5131	1212	13%	+2	352488	Powr Cor I	2184	91 ₄ 16	94 154	+ 1	C	osing pric	es Se
	CI Bk Com	\$177.	174	174	+3	8020 230	Hees Inti H BayMn e	\$31A	214	316	+ 4		Precemb Provigo	355 \$171 ₂	390	355				
2	C Marconi C Occental	\$26	254 91	174, 254, 211,	+4	2434	N Bay Co	5257	261	61 ₂	-16	4800	Que Sturp	555 550	512	512	16	38506 560	Benk Mont Bombrara	\$3214
	CP LM CTire A 1	\$164 \$137	15%	157.	14	2434 24068 26851	Husky Oil	\$311	51 ₆ 251 ₂ 301 ₂ 451 ₄	314	+14.	8236	Ranger Rayrock f	207 207	512 513 614 225	512 514 64 245 275	+4	9015	BombrdrB	\$267 \$267
0	GUH A I	\$191g	16	135 ₆		78282 51482	Imp Oli A	\$474 ₆	1834	18	+6		Redpeth Regioni R	\$26°8 275	285	200	+5		CB Pak Cancades	32014 3157
255	Cuttor .	\$19\ \$13%	183 ₄	1634	10	5500	Inde:	\$146	14	14%	-4	17800	Rio Algom	\$213 ₈	51	2TI4	+5	400	ConSath DomTxtA	\$244 5175
	Cerson A	\$167	1878	267	-14	6380 8200	Intend Gas Innoped	\$ 13\ 215\	19 154	131/2	+ 14	138820	Rogers A Rogers B 1	\$203 ₀	201 ₄	20% 20%	+ 17g + 12g	8750	MntTrst	\$19
50 50	Cars A 1	\$50'- \$50'- \$120-	6	94 64 121 ₂	Ŧ4	8400	Inter City	\$151	143 _e	14%	-14	100	Roman	\$95 ₆	95 ₂	95	+24		Nettik Oda Noverco	\$27% \$12%
10 100	Carl OK Carma A	\$12% 16	12½ 15	12½ 16		14445	Inter Pipe	\$115 \$417	41	415	+36	649165	Rothman Royal Bak	\$317 ₈	20.5	517e	+%	190036	Power Corp	\$1814
100	Colemans	\$1374	1374	T394	. 1	1750 5000	Ipaco Ivaco A 1	\$204	8	2012	+36		RyTrco A Royex	360 360	355	303 ₈ 380	+16		Provigo RollandA	\$171 ₂ \$141 ₃
0	Centifd A Chieften	\$7 \$91 ₂	87 ₄ 87 ₇ 133 ₄	62 ₀ 91 ₂ 137 ₈	+70	19250	Jannock	\$2614	201 ₂ 255 ₈ 165 ₈	264	+3,	210	SHL Syst	\$22	22	22		4000	RotandB Royal Bank	\$15 \$317
63	Computog	\$144 450	130 ₄	137 ₈	-25	700	Kerr Add Klens Gld	\$184 ₈	163g	1658			BIL CemA 1 Sceptre	216 275	252	177 ₈	+14	1232	RoyTratco	\$30
7	Comput In .	290	261	281	+1	26055	Lebett	\$231	264	2314	+1	1135	Scot Paper	21612	18%	1612	-	2200	SteinbrgA	2387
8	Contern Con Bath A	124 \$247	122	124 243	+2	36449 5500	LL Lac	\$285 \$11	2614 107e	26% 10%	%		Scotts 1 Seegram	2113 ₈ \$835 ₈	113 ₈	113g 8314	-14	Sploy	6629.875 sh	EFRE.

		Ή.						198	5/88	Stocs Co	mpiletten.		Bept.	Sept.	Sept.	Sept.		86
	24 24	1,	23 23	22	Sept 18	Sept 18	Sapt 17	High	Low	High	Low		24	88	22	19	Nigh	Low
riek	1,863.2	117	767.E1	1,793.45	1,762,66	1,793.45	1,780.48	1819.71 (L/9/86	1582.21 72/1/8	1919.71 (VS/86)	41.22	AUSTRALIA All Ord. (1/1/85) Metale & Mnis. (1:1/85)	1785.8 534.4	1254.1 640.0	1225.8 951.4	1216.9 888.5	1247.0 (7/6) 840.0 (28/8)	1010.8 (2/1) 401.7 (20/6)
port	792.1	3 1.7	794.38	781.84	780.13	784.83	747.26	838.84 (31/3/86)	686.97 (5/1/86)	836.94 (31/3/86)	12.32 (8/7/32)	AUSTRIA Creditbk Aktien(50/12/84	238,59	288.55 (288.52	288,07	288,84 (28/4)	226,50 (6/8)
ies	29L1	8 2	203.23	282.84	201.00	282.84	200,85			219.15 (26/6/86)	18.5 (8/4/34)	BELGIUM Brussel SE (1/1/84)	6886,42	\$884,29	5852,17	3835,28	4854,55 (9/9)	2788,91 (15/1
9 4		2	25.57	-	151. 36 a	132.26s	141.04a	-	-	-	-	DENMARK Copenhagen SE (6/1/85)	200,87	198,70	187,48	189.71	250,70 (18/4)	19 3. E9 (5/9)
Yiek	46			E	3.97	_	pt 5	Aug 7 3.59	_	Year Ago (4.71		FRANCE CAC General ((51/12/82) Ind Tendance (51/12/82)	787.8 147.0	588.6 146,5	880.1 146.7	890,2 147,0	412,5 (1/8) 156,0 (29/8)	267,8 (2)1) 161,6 (2)1)
<u> </u>	AME PO	T		_				198	8	Since Co.	aplation	GERMANY FAZ Aktien (51/12/58) Commerzbank (1/12/58)	672,74 2815,6	878.87 2019,4	861.63 1960,4	685.74 7964,6	753.88 (17/4) 2278,8 (17/4)	588,92 (22/) 1782,4 (22/)
	24	_	23	22	13	18		High	Low	}figh	Low	HONG KONG Nang Seng Bank(51/7/64)	2006,30	1992,60	1965,60	(0)	2006,35 (24/9)	1559.84 (19/
iels 	261.3		54.84	259,17	1			2(7)	122/1)	202.24	3,52 30/6/32	ITALY Sanca Comm Ital. (1872)	764,96	785,88	741,72	744.11	905,20 (20/5)	454.57 (24)
	236.2	1	25.07	234,13	292	22.31		27/8	(22/1) ·	263.3 (23/8)	4,48 (1/5/32)	JAPAN**** Hitkel (18/5/48) Tokyo SE New (4/1/88)	17955 9 1481,27	(a) (c)	17788.5 1468.51		18856,2 (20/8) 1585,35 (20/8)	
·					Sept 19		94 3	26	_	Year Ago (-	HETHERLANDS ANP.CPS General (1870)	287.8	289.4	281,0	200_4	801,8 (5/9)	240,4 (5/5)
yioti E Ru				-	2.59 17.78		.94 .38	2.95		12.4		ANP,CBS Indust (1970)	287,9	286,1	265_2	286,9	303,9 (19/8)	254,0 (5/8)
w Be	ad Yiak			_	7.45		31	7.17		10.6	•	NORWAY Onle SE (4/1/85)	(u)	872,79	572.7 6	671,99	402.91 (16/1)	551,51 (4/6)
E AL	L COMM	ON .	- 1 -		206				ANE SA	Sept.	Sept	SINGAPORE Straits Times (50/12/66)	828.76	819,82	510,20	816,92	855.78 (1/8)	565,54 (28/4
3	3 2		Sept 18	High	Low	_ less	es tradel		1\$,575	15	2,015	SOUTH AFRICA JSE Gold (28/9/78)	_	1966,D	1996,0 1585,0	2061,0 1386,0	2061,0 (19/8)	1109,1 (21/4
23	5,68 136	.06 T	33.48	\$46, \$6 (26/8)	117.31 (22/1)		·		845 838 400	774 642 383	403 1,343 273	JSE Indust (28/9/78) SPAIN	400-0				1346,0 (19/9)	1919,3 (2/1)
_		+		ryse_c	ange K	fetal 1	500 Ac	tives	1	443		Medrid SE (54) 12/85) SWEDEN	188,19	181.37	192,50		204.25 (4/8)	100.93 (5/1)
				3.800					de	3.00p.m.	Change	Jacobson & P (31/12/68)	2460.97	2445,18	2440.55	2470,60	2620,82 (12/8)	1729,57 (20)1
P	3,0	Traded 172,90		Price 23	on Be	Byen		Tra 1,39	ded 1,400	Price 491/a	- 74	SWITZERLANO SwissBankCpn (61/12/68)	546,8	546,6	54E.6	540,5	625_5 (8/1)	497,2 (4/8
	23	133,41 136,91		48% 23%	47		w Ed		1,180 mi	32	1 + 134	WORLD M & Capital Intl.(1:1/70)	_ !	540.9 I	841,0	340.8	380.0 (1/9)	 245,8 (25/1

- Saturday September 20: Japan Hikkel (c). TSE (c).

Base values of all indices are 100 except Brussele S5--1,000. JSE Gold--253.7. JSE Industrial--284.3. and Australia. All Ordinary and Matala--500, NYSE All Common--50; Standard and Poore--10; and Toronto Composite and Matala--1,000. Termito Indices based 1975 and Montreal Portfolio 4/1/53. † Excluding bonds. ‡ 400 Industriets plus 40 Utilities. 40 Financials and 20 Transports. c Closed. u Unavailable.

Chief price changes ONDON (in pence unless otherwise indicated)

Sept Sept Sept 23 22 19

RISES			FALLS			
BAT Inds	453	+13	Tr 11% 1991 £	102%	-£%	5
Bank of Scotland _	435	+12	Tr 13% '00-03 £		-£2	
Barratt Dev	158	+12	Tr 2% IL 16 A	C941/2	£1	
Cronite	65	+15	Barker (Charles)	133	- 7	
Gates (Frank GD).	96	+ 6	Brent Chemicals	139	7	
Lister	119	+ 9	Glazo	952	-13	٦
MEPC	323	+ 6	NEI	91	5	
McCorquodale	258	+13	Petranol	32	8	
Nash Inds	63	+23	Siebe	770	-25	
Somportex	230	+13	Steetley	483	10	4
TR Matural Res	133	+ 8	United Scientific	160	- 6	
Trade Prom Serv	210	+49	Wellcome	200	10	
Wimpey (Geo)	208	+ 4	Wilkes (J)	135	12	

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

YAMAICHI SECURITIES COMPANY, LIMITED

Warrants to Subscribe Shares of Common Stock of Yamaichi Securities Company, Limited Loued in Conjunction with an Issue 220,000,000 3½ per cent. Notes due 1991

Pursuant to Clause 3 of the instrument dated 30th June, 1966 under which the above war-rants were issued, notice is hereby given as follows: follows:

1. On 12th September, 1996 the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to make a free distribution of shares of its common stock to shareholders of record as of 30th September, 1995, Lapan time, at the rate of 0,03 new shares for each sharehold. The date of issue of such new shares is 14th November, 1995.

1988.

As a result of such free distribution the sobseription brice will be adjusted from Yen 1,158 pershare to Yen 1,125.20 pershare, effective as from 1st October, 1986, Japan

YAMAKIN SECURITIES COMPANY, LIMITED By: The Bank of Tokyo Trust Company us, Disbursement Agent NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

High

2,277,00 2,278,20 2,277,7 2,298.1 2,442.85 (21/3) 1,917.4 (5/8) 3,017.30 3,006.00 3,019.11 2,008.4 3,129.11 (18/4) 2,2764.9 (17/2) 1,518.10 1,514.12 1,518.52 1,514.12 1,823.33 (16/4) 1,386.6 (22/1)

Low

YAMAICHI SECURITIES COMPANY, LIMITED Warrants to Subscribe Shares of Common Stock of Yamaichi Securities Company, Limited much in Canjunction with an Issue

of U.S. \$30,090,000 3% per cent. Bonds due 1993 Pursuant to Clause 3 of the instrument dated 20th June, 1986 moder which the above warrants were issued, notice is hereby given as follows:

1. On 12th September, 1986 the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to make a free distribution of shares of its common mack to shareholders of record as of 30th September, 1986, Japan time, at the rate of 415 new shares for each share held. The date of issue of such new shares is 14th November, 1988.

2. As a wamit of such free distribution

As a result of such free distribution the subscription price will be adjusted from Yan 1,159 per share to Yen 1,125,20 per share, effective as from 1st October, 1986, Japan time.

YAMRICH SECURITIES
COMPANY, LIMITED
By: The Bank of Tokyo Trust
Company
as Dioburremest Agent

FINANCIAL TIMES

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

London, Frankfurt, New York

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CONFIRMATION OF 1986 RESULTS

Unfounded information concerning Société HACHETTE S.A. has recently resulted in publicly-made comments: the General Management of the Group therefore wishes to maiotain and confirm the estimates of results which had been announced during the last General Assembly, i.e. ever 200 million francs not including appreciations and depreciations. To this figure approximately 200 million francs of appreciations should be added for the fiscal year 1986.

It is underlined that these figures take into account the estimated results of "Europe 1 Communication."

The General Management of the Group wishes to stress the very positive aspect, from the start of the 1986 fiscal year, of the recent purchase of CURTIS CIRCULATION COMPANY. This makes HACHETTE the first world press distributor and reinforces its establishment in the American market, where the success of "ELLE-USA" exceeds all estimates of sales and of advartising revenue.

revenue.
A more detailed communiqué will be published after the Board Meeting of HACHETTE which will take place on 30 September 1986, 10 close the half-yearly accounts.

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Ha 《以《想到梦年成代的影响作为我作为的感觉说》《这样的话题,可以说明明我们也没有我们,也所被说到女子的人,我们也没有什么。 《以《想到梦年成代的影响作为我作为的感觉说》《这样的话题》和"我们的"我们,我们也是有一种的"我们",也是我们的"我们",我们是我们是一个"我们",我们是我们是 Cellitin Calastr County Cooper Compost Cooper Coope NCA Co
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FINANCIAL TIMES WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WALL STREET

Cautious approach prevails

WITH HELP from the bond market and stock futures, Wall Street share prices tried to extend their modest pickup into a third day although trading remained cautious and light, writes Roderick

Oram in New York.

"It's a technical bounce from the midmonth losses." said Mr Newton Zinder
of E. F. Hutton. "There's somewhat more
to go but there's no change in sentiment

(among investors).

Stock index futures were trading at a slight premium to the underlying shares indicating that the advance could contin-

From the opening, the Dow Jones industrial index was above the 1,800 level for the first time in two weeks although the advance was led by second tier shares rather than blue chips. But around midsession it dipped below 1,800 before again pulling above the breakeven level by early afternoon.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 5.48 points at 1,803.29 while the all share New York Composite Index was up 0.46 points at 136.06. Trading volume was 134.57m shares, the best so far

1982

STOCK MARKET INDICES

Sept. 24

792.13

17,955.76

634.4

1.803.29 1,793.45

236.28 234.93

1,264.5 1,271.9 1,603.4 1,610.0 791.89 796.77

MEW YORK

DJ Industrials

DJ Transport

DJ Utilities S&P Compos

LONDON

TOKYO

Tokyo SE AUSTRALIA

All Ord.

AUSTRIA Credit Aktier

BELCIÚM

CANAD/

Belgian SE

Portfolio

DENMARK

FRANCE

CAC Gen

FAZ-Aktie

HONG KONG Hang Seng

Banca Comm

NETHERLANDS

ANP-CBS Ger

ANP-CBS Ind

ITALY

NORWAY

Oslo SE

Straits Times

SOUTH AFRICA

JSE Golds JSE industrials

Madrid SE

SWITZERLAND

Swiss Bank Ind

MS Capital Int'l

Silver (spot fixing)

Copper (cash)

Oil (Brent blend

SWEDEN

JEP

WORLD

(London)

London

Zürich

Paris (fixing)

Luxembourg

Ind. Tendance

WEST GERMAN

Toronto Metels & Minis

Metals & Mins

FT Ord FT-SE 100

FT-A All-share

FT Gold mines

FT-A Long gift

Tokyo

Jan 4,1988-100

1983

784.63

344.8

640

3,896.42 3,889.29 2,467.86

238.38 238.53

2,217.8 2,247.7 3,017.3 3,019.1

147.80

1,518.10 1,519.52

10.13

closed 12,755.60 closed 1,017.52

1984

1321,12

650.18

152.60

182.62

982.70

1,280.10 819,89

310.90

10.27

129.43

79.09

198.70 215.74

146.50

672.74 673.37 517.05

2,013.00 2,019,40 1,523,70

2,008.30 1,992.60 1,553.24

764.95 765.68 369.96

287.30 286.40 218.10 287.00 286.10 191.90

> 1,996.00 1,380.00

2,460.97 2,445.19 1,387.81

546.60

Sep 24

£2,526.50 £2,527.50

409.85p

£928.50

\$13.80

Sep 2 \$434

\$432.50

\$427.57

\$436.50

340.90 218.30

411.90p

£929.00

\$13.50

\$434.50

\$434.50

\$425.69

\$435.75

819.82 782.30

1,111.2 960.4

373.73 372.79

189.19 191.37

546.60

COMMODITIES

GOLD (per ounce)

1985

Ura

(offered rate)

US Fed Fun

1993

Source: Harris Trust Savings Bank

Indep

154.74

148.45

150.93

177.39

Price

Frankfurt

Dec 1, 1953-100

Source: Merrill Lynch

SCST South Centra 10% Jan 1993 10

S April 1996

8% March 1996

9% March 2016

General Motors

6% April 2016

2000

1900

1800

1700

3-month US\$ 6-month US\$

1986

2.0475

154.50 6.7075

KEY MARKET MONITORS

Although some blue chips rose such as Eastman Kodak up \$\% at \$54\%, General Electric up \$1\% to \$73\% and Exxon up \$\% to \$66\%, many others were lower. IBM was off \$1\% at \$137\%, Alcoa was down \$\% to \$37\%, Sears Roebuck eased \$\% to \$41\% and USX was down \$\% at \$22\% following the sale of a stake by Mr T. Boone Pickens the corporate raider.

Among the most active, Caterpillar tumbled \$5% to \$40% on news late Monday that it expected a third quarter loss. Pessimism spread to other groups in the farm and construction equipment industry. Deere was off \$% at \$23% and Navistar was down \$% to \$8.

TWA's forecast of "a substantial furth quarter profit" lifted its share price \$\% to \$25\%. Airlines and road haulage companies have fared well recently as reflected in the Dow Jones Transportation index which set a record Tuesday after gaining 55 points in five sessions. It eased back yesterday, however, showing a loss of 2.25 points to 792.13 at the

Plans by Texas Air, up \$\% to \$32\% yesterday, to takeover Eastern Air Lines and People Express raise hopes of greater airline profitability through consolidation. Union Pacific's recent hid for Overnite Transport has focused attention on trucking companies. Yellow Freight System, for example, was up \$\%\$

to \$38% yesterday.

Drug companies attracted attention after three major brokerage houses yesterday recommended buying their shares. Squibb put on \$3% to \$105, Merck gained \$2% to \$102% and Upjohn rose \$1% to \$88.

ose \$1% to \$88.

On the takeover scene, Allied Stores

Aug 1986 Sep

STERLING

1,449 2,9725

224 9.72 2.4050

2.050

Sep 24 Previou

2.004 2.0115

99% 6.460

Day's

-0.04

-- 0.05

-0.04

9844

7.23

8.43 7.10 8.36

95% 7.665 94% 7.766

1,4465 2,9625

223.50 9.7025

US DOLLAR

2015

154.6 6.7075

2.319

US BONDS

7.294

7.488

Sep 24 Day's change

+0.29

1.415 2.045.25

Seo 24 Previous

1.388 1.3875

1900

1850

rejected the \$58 a share bid from Campeau, boosting Allied's shares by \$% to \$60% in anticipation of a higher bid. It also said it was considering recapitalisation and other restructuring moves,

Credit markets opened slightly lower as they waited for testimony to Congress by Mr Paul Volcker, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board. He said more time was needed for the lower dollar to help reduce the trade deficit but he did not expect the currency to fall at the rate it had over the past year.

Dr Henry Kaufman, of Salomon Brothers, repeated yesterday that the recent firming of interest rates is temporary and that he expects the Fed to make one more cut in the discount rate

before the end of the year.

Bond prices picked up slowly during the morning with the greatest gains coming again at the long end. The price of the Treasury's beliwether 7.25 per cent issue due 2016 rose almost a full point to 95% at which it yielded 7.62 per

Treasury bill yields rose at the short end and declined at the long. Three month bills gained one basis point to yield 5.25 per cent while six month and 12 month bills both eased by two basis points to 5.36 and 5.45 per cent respec-

The Treasury auction of four year notes was disappointing after the success on Tuesday of the two-year auction. Yesterday's sale attracted only \$16.77bn of bids with a poor response from outside New York. The average yield on the \$7.52bn of notes sold was 6.87 per cent down from 7.26 per cent at the previous auction of four-year notes on June 24.

HONG KONG

STRONG local and foreign demand spurred Hong Kong into record territory taking the Hang Seng index above the 2,000 level for the first time. The index added 15.70 to 1,006.30 compared with the previous peak of 1,997.92 set on September 11.

Turnover was at its highest for seven weeks at HK\$771.45m, compared with Tuesday's 560.58m.

The advance was led by the blue chip sector. Cheung Kong rose 90 cents to HK\$26.90, Sun Hung Kai 30 cents to HK\$16.60 and Hong Kong Land 40 cents to HK\$10.40.

Jardine Matheson and Hutchison Whampoa both marked time, unchanged at HK\$16.70 and HK\$35.75, respectively.

LONDON

THE ANNOUNCEMENT of a record £1.5bn (\$2.17bn) August trade deficit delivered a body blow to the London giltedged market.

Looger-dated gilts ended with falls stretching to two points while shorts sustained losses ranging to nearly a point, and index-linked issues were similarly lower.

The expected oversubscription of the

Trustee Savings Bank share issue consoled the equity sectors, where turnover was light. The FT ordinary index closed 7.4 down at 1,264.5.

7.4 down at 1,264.5.

Chief price changes, Page 35; Details, Page 34; Share information service, Pages 32–33.

SOUTH AFRICA

THE RETREAT in gold shares continued in Johannesburg for a third day amid modest but persistent profit-taking and the market now seems to be waiting for a fresh lead from the bullion price.

Among top gold issues, Orange Free State Investments shed R3.50 to R148.50

while in the cheaper range Beatrix lost 75 cents to R14.75.

Mining houses and holding comipanies reflected the fall on the gold board, with Anglo American falling R1.75 to

ies reflected the fall on the gold board, with Anglo American falling R1.75 to R67.50. Diamond stock De Beers also eased 25 cents to R33.25 and Impala Platinum was off 75 cents to R47.25. Industrials finished narrowly mixed in thin trading.

SINGAPORE

BARGAIN HUNTING and short covering underpinned a broad Singapore advance which took the Straits Times industrial index up 8.94 to 828.76, despite some late profit-taking.

An assurance by the Malaysian Prime Minister that the ringgit would not be devalued, after recent persistent rumours, helped the mood.

Among actively traded issues, Chuan

Hup put on 8 cents to \$\$1.59.

Cold Storage was 6 cents ahead at \$\$3.90 after announcing higher interim profits. Public Bank traded unchanged at \$\$1.05 after announcing improved profits.

AUSTRALIA

EARLY PROFIT-TAKING gave way to selective demand for leading industrials in Sydney, taking the All Ordinaries index up 1.5 to close at 1,235.8.

Herald and Weekly Times was again beavily traded, ending 20 cents higher at A\$6.90, for a three day rise of 70 cents. IEL, which has confirmed it holds 11.83 per cent of Herald's issued capital, eased 4 cents to A\$7.24.

CANADA

A BROADLY HIGHER trend was seen in Toronto, bolstered by a stronger showing by gold sbares. Placer Development traded CS% higher at C\$32% and Campbell Red Lake CS% at C\$29.

Shell Canada edged CS% firmer to

C\$22% after announcing it was suspending drilling off Canada's east coast.

Among active issues, Power Corp beld unchanged at C\$16% while Pagurian shed C\$% to C\$12% and Abitibi-Price rose C\$% to C\$23%.

TOKYO

Demand for blue chips revives

LEADING investment trust companies' heavy purchases of large-capital and blue-chip stocks revived buying in To-kyo and drove share prices sharply higher, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei market average, which regained the 16,000 level at one stage, ended a net 249.46 higher at 17,955.76. Volume swelled to 779.56m shares from Monday's 300.66m. Advances outnumbered declines by 525 to 304, with 139 issues unchanged.

The mood was brightened by the continued steady undertone on Wall Street and expectations that the Bundesbank would lower its official discount rate shortly. Institutional investors are also expected to be active purchasers once trading for delivery in October starts on Friday.

Investment trusts were heavy buyers of blue-chips and issues related to the Government's fiscal investment and loan programme, buoying sentiment

Hitachi jumped Y35 to Y1,000, Toshiba Y27 to Y746, NEC Y50 to Y2,090 and Matsushita Electric Industrial Y30 to Y1,670. Construction issues attracted strong buying interest, with Kumagai Gumi advancing Y40 to Y1,120 and Hasegawa

Komuten Y20 to Y1,290.

Among other issues expected to benefit from domestic demand expansion, Mitsubishi Estate rose Y100 to Y2,300 and Mitsubishi Warehouse Y30 to

Nippon Kokan topped the active list, with 200.23m shares traded and added Y22 to Y312, while Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy Industries, second with 81.11m shares, ended Y21 higher at Y509. Tokyo Gas reached Y1,020 up Y41. These issues were bolstered by redevelopment projects in the Tokyo Bay area.

Their brisk showing triggered rises in large-capital stocks. Kawasaki Steel gained Y16 to Y245 and Nippon Steel Y10 to Y213. Tokyo Electric Power rose Y160 to Y6.560.

Last weekend the "big four" securities houses held separate meetings to discuss strategy for the business year starting on October 1. There are market rumours that they have opted for large-

capital stocks, domestic bond related issues and high-technology stocks related to Nippon Telegraph and Telephone for

recommendation to customers.

Bond trading was lacklustre, with institutional investors remaining on the

In the morning, the Bank of Japan offered to buy three issues of government bonds worth Y50bn, including the benchmark 6.2 per cent bond maturing in July 1995, from six banks and four securities

As a result, the price of the benchmark issue rose sharply and its yield fell to 4.630 at one stage. Another positive factor behind the early price rise was the sharp overnight gain in New York bond prices caused by the rumours of the West German Bundesbank cutting its discount rate.

Later, however, selling increased gradually, taking the yield to 4.645 per cent compared with 4.685 per cent at Monday's close.

EUROPE

Fiat remains at centre of attention

A WAVE of profit-taking saw key European bourses close mixed or lower following Tuesday's rally, while trading was generally thinner as investors awaited the outcome of finance ministers' talks in Washington this weekend.

The proposed sale of Libya's 15 per cent stake in Fiat, the Italian carmaker, continued at the centre of attention, In Frankfurt shares in Deutsche Bank, which is placing two-thirds of the shareholding, fell back after a fresh rally early in the day to end DM 12.50 lower at DM 793. Speculative buyers took profits, while some investors indicated they did not share the wider optimism about the success of the placement.

Other banks were hit amid expecta-

Other banks were hit amid expectations that the Bundesbank was now unlikely to cut interest rates at its council meeting today. Commerzbank was off DM 6.50 at DM 332 and Dresdner closed DM 5 down at DM 420. Among carmakers, VW lost ground after performing strongly recently, finishing DM 6.30 lower at DM 490.20, while Porsche ended DM 8 down at DM 1,030 after announcing higher sales and satisfactory profits

but warning that exports had become more difficut.

Bonds ended a quiet session mixed to easier as foreign and domestic investors stayed on the sidelines shead of the

stayed on the sidelines ahead of the Bundesbank and Washington finance meetings. The Bank sold only DM 20.4m of domestic paper after DM 100.9m on Tuesday.

In Milan, activity again centred on Fi-

In Milan, activity again centred on Fiat and Montedison, as well as insurances and some banking stocks, and prices closed mixed. Profit-taking depressed Fiat shares by L50 to L16,450 and IFI, its parent company, fell back L680 to L31,850. However, Montedison, the chemical group, improved by L170 to L3,430 on continuing speculation about changes in its shareholder makeup.

L3,430 on continuing speculation about changes in its shareholder makeup.
Insurances closed generally higher, while the banking sector saw Mediobanca, which will receive some of the Fiat shares, rise L2,500 to L262,500.

Paris began mixed to weaker in reac-

tion to Tuesday's strong, but prices picked up partially in later business.

Construction issues were again firmer, with Bouygues jumping FFr 75.

er, with Bouygues jumping FFr 75 to
FFr 1,420 for a two-day rise of FFr 150,
and Beghin Say up FFr 23 to FFr 525.
Among losing blue chips L'Oreal was
down FFr 56 to FFr 3,614, Moet FFr 29 to
FFr 2,172, Carrefour FFr 35 to FFr 3,390
and Galeries Lafayette FFr 50 to FFr

1,135.

A hesitant mood emerged in Zurich with investors reluctant to embark on new strategies ahead of the IMF's annual meeting in Washington at the week-

new strategies anead of the IMF's annual meeting in Washington at the weekend.

Among the internationals, Hoogovens fell Fl 160 to Fl 63 while Boyal Dutch

Among the internationals, Hoogovens fell Fl 1.60 to Fl 63, while Royal Dutch managed a 60 cent rise to Fl 207.50.

Bond prices were little changed in dull low volume trading.

A mixed to firmer trend was seen in

Brussels. Market leader Petrofina held onto an early gain to finish BFr 220 higher at BFr 9,400; while among firmer holding companies, Sidro added BFr 50 to BFr 2,130.

Continuing worries about threatened

Continuing worries about threatened public sector industrial unrest again dampened trading in Stockholm although volume picked up marginally from the very low levels seen earlier in the week.

In the blue chip sector, SKF found some demand putting on SKr 7 to SKr 345. However, Volvo and Electrolux were both unchanged at SKr 372 and SKr 297 respectively, while Aga weakened SKr 3 to SKr 186.

Madrid was easier in quiet trading, while investors also failed to find inspiration in Oslo leaving the market to close unchanged.

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